

112/15-א

# מדינת ישראל

משרדי הממשלה

משרד  
רפ"מ

לשכת רה"מ - רבין  
בין רה"מ : רבין, בלד"מ

3.12.1975 - 5.2.1976

מדינת ישראל  
ארכיון המדינה



שם תיק: לשכת ראש-הממשלה יצחק רבין - ביקור רה"מ  
יצחק רבין בארצות-הברית ינואר פברואר 1976 -

מזהה פנימי: 112/15-א

מזהה פריט: 000w41i

21/06/2016

תאריך הדפסה

כתובת: 2-111-1-1-9

מחלקה

תיק מס' 112/15-א

To: Eli Mizrachi  
Dan Patir

From: Zvi Raflach

3-11-11  
לנד מדינת ישראל  
9.2.16.  
8

Senator Joe Biden, a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, today issued the following statement following the address to a joint session of Congress by Israel's Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin.

The Prime Minister delivered what can only be termed a strong and courageous presentation of Israel's case for continued close America-Israeli ties. I support the closeness of these ties.

I was especially pleased that the Prime Minister spelled out Israel's desire for peace in the Middle East, and its willingness - in Prime Minister Rabin's words - "give up much and compromise much on territory" and to "go more than half way" to assure successful negotiations with Israel's neighbors. Those were words of peace and I welcome them.



כל המוסר חוכן מסמך זה. בולו  
או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לכך - עובר על החוק לחיקון  
דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה  
יחסי-חוק וסודות רשמיים).  
תשי"ז - 1957.

## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס - מסווג

שחור

אל: המשרד

מאת: וושינגטון

100 מס' 100

נשלח: 051445 פבר 76

מז ויקט  
נח

בבון. העתק ארגוב. פתיר רבון.

ביקור רהמ.

בגלוי מבריקים טור של ניק סימס על תוצאות ביקור רהמ שהתפרסם ברחבי ארהב.  
בעתונות הישראלית הופיעו בימים האחרונים השוואות עם ביקור טאדאח. כדאי  
להפנות תשומת לבם של מטפרי כתבים למאמרו של פרשן רציני זה הקובע שביקורו  
של רהמ והופעתו בפני הקונגרס היו מוצלחים ושהכסוי של אמצעי התקשורת היה יותר  
טוב ויותר חיובי מאשר בביקורו של טאדאח.

פגור.

שהח רהמ מנכל משנה למנכל טמנכל מצמא מעח הסברה רנזן

מב/אח



אל : ניו יורק

מאת: המשרד

מס. 154

נשלח 051430 פבר 76

בהול/מ י י ד י

פתיר.

## דו"ח תקשורת שני לרוהים

דו"ח זה כולל עיתוני צרפתיים ובחצי היום.  
 ידיעות אחרונות עמ' 1: מקורות בפמלית רוהים: הסחישו ידיעה כאילו נטל רבין על עצמו את האחריות לרשימות הדש המיוחדות שהוגשות לאהיב. רבין אינו מוציא עצמו מסל הביקורת בנושא זה. הוא אינו נוטל על עצמו את האחריות למישגים - אם כי בתדיר של ייחמקור הבכירי לא היתה כוונה לתפנות את האשמה כלפי גורם מסויים.  
 ידיעות אחרונות (פניתי מאהיב בכתבת ראשית) עמ' 1: דובר רוהים, דן פזיר, הסחיש הבוקר בתוקף, משם רבין, את הידיעה שהתפרסמה בכמה עתוני בוקר, כאילו נוטה רוהים לוותר על נוכחות האכנאים האמריקניים בסיני. רוהים סבור כי הסכם הביניים מתבצע ככתבו וכלשונו. הידיעה בנושא זה היא מפי מקורות בפמלית רוהים. לדבריהם הסכים רבין בזמנו להצבת האכנאים משש ששהביט יסכל את הסכם הביניים. מאותה סיבה, אמרו, אישר רוהים פריטים מסוימים ברשימת הדש המקורית, שכללה את מילי ייחפשינגיי. נודע כי להבא ידאג רוהים שכל בקשת רש תוגש לאישורו האישי. משקיפים אמריקניים: ציינו את ייחנימה היהודית החמה בחלק הרציני גאומו של קיטינגיר בזוליבוד.

ידיעות אחרונות (נסימון) עמ' 1: פרופי יובל גאמ בתגובה לידיעה ביידיש על האחריות לרשימות הדש: רשימות הדש הוכנו עיי הדמטכיל עוד לפני כניחתו לתפקידו כיועץ שהביט. השתתף, בתוקף תפקידו בדיונים בנושאים אלה, בהתאם להנחיות שהביט. יש לו מה לומר על חלקו של רוהים במימ על השגת הנשק ועוד יאמר זאת. יימשאדע פתויים נוספים ומי אמר מה בקשר לחלקי, אשקול אפשרות של תביעת דיבה נגד מוציאיהי רשימות הדש שאחיל הגיש, הנ ייטובות, יעילות והוכיחו על מקצועיות מעולהי.



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מַעֲרִיב (סופר העיתון הנלוות לרוהים) עמ' 1: פקידים אמריקניים וישראלים יפגשו בשבוע הבא בווישינגטון כדי לדון במהלכים הדרושים למימוש אספקת הנשק. מקורות בלוס-אנג'לס: בעקבות פגישתם האחרונה של רוהים וקיסינג'יר הובטח לרבינ' לקצר את מועדי ההספקה לגבי כמה פריטי ציוד, אולם ביחס לפריטים אחרים אי אפשר היה להיענות לבקשה הישראלית, בגלל קשיי ייצור בארצם.

מַעֲרִיב (במדר' יאנשימ ומעשימ'י) עמ' 2: עוד לפני שובו של רוהים לארצ, מחמד יוחד ויוחד כי בחודש גובמס יהיו בחירות לא רק לנשיאות ארצם אלא גם לכנסת בישראל. פורד יוכל להיענות מאוד אם גם רבינ' יהיה טרוד במערכת בחירות, זה יצטרך להציג את השגיו בהבטחת החמיכה של הממשל האמריקני. מבחינה מדינית וצבאית, הבחירות לכנסת, שישראל תצטרך להקדישם לגובמס, יהיו את ייתכנועיה והעדר הקפאון, אשר פורד מדבר עליהם כל הזמן.

- רוהים נקרא להתייצב כבר ביום בי לשיבה של סיעת המערך בכנסת, כדי לחטביר את החבטאותיות ייהמקור הבכירי. בין ישיבת סיעת המערך לשיבת הכנסת, יעלו חשרים על קברו של לוי אשכול ז"ל. ואפ' יזכרו, שיש מקרים שהחטיקה וההיסטוס עדיפים על להיטות הדיבור החופשי.

מַעֲרִיב (סופר העיתון מארצ'יב) עמ' 1: ארצם תפעל בשבועות הקרובים בשני כיווני פעולה מקבילים: בלימת ברהים וסוריה במזהית ובמקביל הושטת סיוע סלכי מוגבר למצרים וירדן בתקווה להחליש את זיקתם של מדינות ערביות מנוגות למתנה הערבי הקיצוני. ארצם מקווה להחטייע במגמה מקבילה זו בסרב הסעודית - סיכום זה הושג כנראה בשיחות בין רוהים לקיסינג'יר. ידענות אחרונות (מאמר מערכת): מדבריו האחרונים של רוהים מחדשמים כי גם הוא מרגיש עזה שלא היה זהיר דיו בפרשת ייהפקיד הבכירי והוא מוכן

עזה לדחום להדגעת האוירה עיי מתב פרוש מסויג יוחד. הואיל וכך אפשר להניח כי הסעה התעוררה תישכב. היה נכון לוא גם חיכ להדאו, סרבינ ופרס, לא היה נחפז כל כך עם הגעת הצעת אי האמון שלו.

מַעֲרִיב (שגב מלוס אנג'לס) עמ' 3: שלא כדבריו ושנונים של קיסינג'יר בסעודה בהוליבוד השיב רוהים בנאום פוליטי ייכבדיי שלא הלם אוירה הערב. בשל חדרגשותו, היחה השפה האנגלית שבפיו דלה מע הדגיל אצלו ומחשבותיו היו רציניות מדי לאותו ערב. אך הוא עשה צדק עם קיסינג'יר בהודאתו בפומבי כי הדבר הוסדר במאמציו האישיים של שהיח האמריקני.



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זריעות אסירות (עיונית מלוס אנג'לס) עמ' 5: נאומו של קיסטינג'יר היה נאום שנון ומבדק אשר כולקו הרציני הביע קיסטינג'יר לראשונה מעין הזהירות עם מוצאו ועם אושיות היהדות. נאומו של רבינ היה נאום יהודי וישראלי גא שהבטיח ייהדך לשלום ארוכה ומלאה חתחית, אכ אנו נתגבריי.

### שאלת המוים עם ירדן

בוצי היום (עיסל) 5/2: מקורות בירושלים: ישראל לא תפריע לכינוס הפרלמנט הירדני, ומצפה לכך שירדן לא תפריע לקיום הבחירות בגדה. מוקדם לדבר עדין על מוים. פרשנים ישראליים: הכרזת תמיסה באשיפ כוונתה להדיש שחוסיינ הוא המופקד על עניני הפלשתינאים בירדן שהיו חזת שלטונה עד 67. אשיפ יכול לייצג את בעית הפליטים. ירדן תצא לחזק את מעמדה בגדה ערב הבחירות ואת הנטייה שגרמזה מאדויב כי חוסין הוא הפרטנר הרציני ביותר למוים. מעיב (האמר מערכת): חוסיינ ממשיך בזהירות רבה את הקרקע לשובו אל הזירה הפוליטית שועע לבעלות על יוש. גם אם כוונתו הסופית אינה סיוה עדיין ואין לדעת אם אין כאן נסיון לקבל את הגדה משכיל אשיפ, סור שיש באעדיו כדי להחיות סקטור רדום בקווי העימות ולפתוח מרחב חדון חדש בפני כל הצדדים תועורכיה בסכסוך.

### צפת והסירור בסומאלי

מעריב (האמר מערכת): צפת צריכה להבין כי מה שעשו האורדיסטים הסומאליים הוא המשכ ישיר למה שישו האורדיסטים הפלשתינאים בכמה וכמה הזדמנויות בעבר: מבחינה מוסרית אין כל תבדל ומי שמעניק פרסום ביגיל למחבלי אשיפ, מעודד בדרכ זו מחבלים אחרים.

### נושאי פנימ

מעריב (וונשטיין חזת הכותרת ייאב, זאב. יי) עמ' 5: בוודאי אין לקבל את הטעון המושמע עיי שר האוצר שאלמלא המדיניות שנקט בה היה המצב גרוע יותר. גרוע מזהו מכך שקופת הדברות עומדת להחזיקן ושמילוויה מחדש אפשרי רק באמצעות קבלת מלוות מחויל יישאין נוטים לחיות לנו כבעבריי, לדברי מקור בכיר באוצר. השאלה מי יגרש את הזאב האמיתי מפתחו של המשק ולא מי קרב אותו, ראוייה שתורידנו, כי הסכנה מוחשית והזמן שנוחר אינו רב.

THE FIRST PART OF THE  
BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE  
CITY OF NEW YORK FROM  
THE FIRST SETTLEMENT  
TO THE PRESENT TIME.

THE SECOND PART OF THE  
BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE  
CITY OF NEW YORK FROM  
THE FIRST SETTLEMENT  
TO THE PRESENT TIME.

THE THIRD PART OF THE  
BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE  
CITY OF NEW YORK FROM  
THE FIRST SETTLEMENT  
TO THE PRESENT TIME.

THE FOURTH PART OF THE  
BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE  
CITY OF NEW YORK FROM  
THE FIRST SETTLEMENT  
TO THE PRESENT TIME.

THE FIFTH PART OF THE  
BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE  
CITY OF NEW YORK FROM  
THE FIRST SETTLEMENT  
TO THE PRESENT TIME.



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מערב (מקל) עמ' 7: שר האוצר שוקל להודיע לממשלה שלא תיחבן הפעלת מס  
 ערכ מוספ ב-1 לאפריל כי מצב ההכנות למס אינו מאפשר זאת.  
 מצוי היום (פרנקל) 5/2: השר צדוק: על שיחופ לשיטת המפלגה נידון להחגבר  
 על ידי וזה פחה או צדופ של חברים נוספים אליה. בעתיד ינקטו צעדים חריפים  
 כנגד חדלפות והפרות חוק. לשר אין רשות לתשאר בממשלה אם הוא מסתייג  
 בתומכי מהחלטה שקבלה.

עד כאן.

מ ע ק ב.

רהמ רנון

מב/מנ

אל: ביר-יורק

מאת: המשרד

מס. 142

בשלה: 050900 פבר 76

בהול-סיידי

פתיר.

דו"ח והקצרות ראשון

=====

דו"ח זה כולל עתוני הבוקר. יומן גלייץ (23.45) ומדורות חדשות  
(2400) 4.2- : חדשות הבוקר. ייחבוקר הזהיי. יומן גלייץ (0800)

דיקור רהיימ

=====

חדר) ברנע מאדוב בכוחות ראשית): מקורות בפמליית רהיימ :  
רוחם נוטה לתמוך בסיועם תפקידם של הטכנאים האמריקניים בסיוע אם הנסיבות  
יאפשרו זאת, משום שהנזק העלול להגרם כתוצאה מתמשך פעילותם  
אינו מצדיק את היתרונות והקשורים בכך. יחד עם זאת החלטתו אינה  
עדין משלב קונקרטי. והוכחתו להצבת הטכנאים נבעה במידה רבה מחששו  
מחשג דות שהביאו להחמם והפחדה. הכחישו ידיעה לפיה הוא נומל  
על עצמו אחריות לחשימות היסודיות. נראה שעם בואו של רבינ  
לארץ ייעשה נסיון לקבוע ייאחריות קולקטיבית יי לתרשה, במאמצ להרגיע את  
הדיווחות.

חוגים בפמליית רהיימ: מייחסים את האחריות להוטפת פריטים שחלקם  
רם פותחו טופית וטרם נוסו בצבא האמריקני לפרופ י יובל נאמן נראה  
שהמלצותיו לא נשקלו מספיק מהחבינה המדינית והמזפית וקיסניגר הגיב  
עליהם בייחודהיי.

חדשות רדיו (0800, רונג) 5.2: מר רבינ קבל מקיסניגר תשובה  
מגישה רצון בדבר אספקת הנשק. בשאלת הפלשתינאים מקווה רהיימ לסיים את  
הויכוח בארץ בשומו.

יומן גלייץ (23.45, קוית) 4.2: בנאומו בסעודת אחרים מעמם ארגון  
הסיבונדסיי הגיש רהיימ טקירה ביירה וקולחת של עמדות ישראל לגבי ההתקדמות  
המדינית, אשיית ולבנון ושומעיו-החדשמו משיעוניו הבהירימ.  
הבוקר הזה ( רונג מלוס אנגלס) 5.2: מנכל ומשרד רהיימ הכחיש את הידיעות  
סאילו מתכוון רהיימ לבוא את הצב ז והטכנאים שהם חלק בלתי נפרד מהסכמ  
הנייניים. 'נחום ברנע שהעביר את הידיעה עומד על דעתו כי  
איננו אורח מכמה צדדים ומקורותיו והיימנים.





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יומן גלייץ (0600 קוייזי מלוט אנגלס) 5.2: סיור רחיים היה מוצלח ביותר בכל יעדי, אך הוא עומד בסימור כמו שהי'לנו, בזימן של הדלפות, הסמיות ואי נעימויות וחבל. על המשמר עם 1: בזוגי הליכוד הושעה ביקורת בלתי רשמית כנגד חייב לנצחו שהעלה את הצעת אי-האמון משום שהאבשה כזו עשויה ללכד את הקואליציה סייב רבינ במקום לתת לחברי המערך להחזיקו בו כינמ לבין עצמם. על המשמר (מאמר מערכת): דברי קייסינגר כי אהייב אינה מתכוונת לחוצ על ישראל להכיר באיפ אינן יכולים להחשב כסמשה במישרינ. הצלחה של סוריה ועקב כך ירידת מעמדה של מצרים, מציבות כי ישראל תודיע על נכונותה לשבת עם כל גורמ פלשתינאי המוכן לשלום. החלפת חוסיין לכנס את הפרלמנט הירדני שנשמעוה חזות ירדן לזירה. דורשה עמדה מחזיקת ראות מצד ישראלים המעוררת ומקדמת את ואיכוי להחדר עם ירדן תוכי ישוב הבטיח הפלשתינאית, אינ מנוס מהסכמה מוקדם ככל האפשר. התירה להתאכז שלום עם ירדן הכולל גם ישוב הבטיח הפלשתינאית. הוא קו מנהה. חזר (מאמר מערכת): בהעדר אישור מקייסינגר לדברי סאדאת מוכנה הגובת חויים, אולם יהיה זה נשגה לבטל באורח סתמי את הדברים שנקר פוליטי לדרכי הרגע. אינ זה המקרה הראשון שבו ניתנו הנאחות סודיות לערבים וגם העמדות הפומביות של וושינגטון, למרות הוטו במועביט, אינ סוג כדי לשפיר כלייל את דברי סאדאת. יש, לכנ, לדרוש הבטחה נארהייב כדי למנוע הוצאותו של משבר אמינות מיותר לחלוטין. גירוסלה פוגמו (מאמר מערכת): אינ להמעיט בערכם של דברי סאדאת והמסקנה החתבאשת אינה שהתאכז תבינייה היה טעות אלא שיש למנוע והקנה מדינה פלשתינאית ולהחזיר את הבטיח הפלשתינאית בדרכ אחרת. החלפת חוסיין מצביעה על זדכ כזו. אשר גם רבינ הביע את נכונותו לבדוק אותה. לשירות הסיכונים הסיכונים בכך, התכנות בטרוכ ולסת בה גדולות יותר.

### הנשא המדיני - שונות

דבר, עם 1: אשר האוזנר במפגש האיגוד לשתוף יהודי- עריב, קיימ סיכוי למלא והנה עם ממלכת ירדן, אמ זו תנהג בחכמה, ישראל יכולה לתת למלכ חוסיין במסגרת הסכם גם מעמד של פיקוח מוסלמי על התקומות הקדושים. דבר (כנרתי) עם 2: תקוע שיגר הזכיר לחייה רבנ הוא מציע להקדים את החירות לכנסת ולקיימן עוד השנה כדי לקבל יפוי כוח למחלכ מדיני עם ירדן. סבור כי המשטלה, בדרכה הנוכחי, לא תוכל לעשות מהלכ כזה בלא יפוי כוח במחירות, יש להקדימן, גם משום שלא יהיה



קפאונ בחנופה המדינית, על אף שנת הבחירות בארצות.  
 חששות רדיו (2400) 4.2: בירדן עומדת לקום ממעלה חדשה ושמונה מתוכ  
 שריה יהיו פלשתינאים.  
 הבוקר הזה (פינסקר לונדון) 5.2: טרפאת בדאיון לבי. בי. טי: מאבקם  
 של הפלשתינאים ולא הדיון במועבייט הוא המקור אותם לגאולתם.  
 מדינות המערב, בעיקר בריטניה וארה"ב, רואות את הבעיה  
 מנקודת ראות ישראלית, הפלשתינאים ווטורים הם שמנעו את היחידות  
 הנאורעות בלבנון למלחמה אזרחית.  
 הארצ) ליטני חתם הכוחות: יי דריה על המקום במדיניות השטחים יי:  
 עם 9- למעשה, מאז כניסתו לתפקיד באפריל 74, השמיע שמעון פרס רק הצהרות.  
 הצעתו למנהל עצמי בשטחים היא החזמקות מהסדרה בין שליון ישראלי מלא  
 משטחים לבין ויחור עליהם. הסדרה אשר נצורכ לעמוד בפניה.  
 רבין נוטים לשכוח כי הפלשתינאים שאת בעייתם יש לפתור: יושבים  
 היום ביו"ש ובצועה, וראשית הטיפול בבעיה גיוס להעישות על ידי ישראל,  
 ועכשיו.

עד כאן - מעקב==

משרד רוה"מ

לש. רוה"מ רבון.  
 רע/שש



# news report

FEBRUARY 5, 1976

## ISRAELI PRIME MINISTER CONCLUDES CALIFORNIA VISIT

BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA, FEBRUARY 4 -- PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN AND HIS PARTY LEAVE WEDNESDAY FOR NEW YORK CITY, EN ROUTE TO ISRAEL AFTER BEING HONORED TUESDAY NIGHT BY THE WORLD OF ENTERTAINMENT AT A DINNER GALA HERE.

AT THAT EVENT HE EXCHANGED REPARTEE WITH SECRETARY OF STATE KISSINGER. HE SANG WITH SINGER DIANA ROSS "REACH OUT AND TOUCH SOMEBODY'S HAND AND MAKE THIS A BETTER PLACE IF YOU CAN."

HE HEARD SINGER JOHN DENVER AND THE ENTIRE AUDIENCE OF 1200 TENDERLY SING "AMERICA." HE SPOKE MOVINGLY OF ISRAEL, ITS HERITAGE, ITS FAITH, ITS STRUGGLE AND ITS DETERMINATION TO SURVIVE.

THE GALA, IN HONOR OF THE PRIME MINISTER, INCLUDED ALMOST EVERY MAJOR MOTION PICTURE STAR AND ENTERTAINMENT EXECUTIVE IN THE INDUSTRY, AND WAS OF THE SAME MAGNITUDE AS AN ACADEMY AWARDS PRESENTATION.

IN REMARKS TO THE GATHERING SECRETARY KISSINGER SAID: "THE PRIME MINISTER AND I ARE CLOSE PERSONAL FRIENDS. OUR DISCUSSIONS DURING THE PAST WEEK HAVE REFLECTED OUR MUTUAL AND SOMETIMES SILENT UNDERSTANDING, ALWAYS CONDUCTED IN A SPIRIT OF TRUST. NO PEOPLE HAVE EARNED IT MORE THAN THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL WHO HAVE NEVER KNOWN A DAY'S PEACE IN THEIR HISTORY. ISRAEL IS A COUNTRY OF GREAT COURAGE, SPIRIT AND UNITY. ISRAEL IS A LIVING EXAMPLE OF A HISTORICAL TRUTH THAT ALL GREAT ACHIEVEMENTS START OUT AS DREAMS, THAT THE WISEST OF REALITIES ARE THOSE WHO REMEMBER THAT ONLY MEN OF FAITH SHAPE REALITY."

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THE SECRETARY EXPRESSED THE HOPE THAT THE VISIT OF PRIME MINISTER RABIN "BE REMEMBERED AS A LASTING STEP TOWARD THE GOAL OF TRUTH, JUSTICE AND PEACE."

PRIME MINISTER RABIN THANKED DR. KISSINGER FOR HIS UNDERSTANDING OF ISRAEL AND HIS EFFORTS FOR PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST. HE SAID:

"JOHN DENVER'S SONGS REMINDED ME OF SOMETHING I HAVE IN MIND ALL THE TIME, OF QUESTIONS EACH MAN SHOULD PUT TO HIMSELF: 'WHERE DO I COME FROM ? WHERE DO I STAND ? WHERE AM I GOING ? '. I COME FROM JERUSALEM, NOT BECAUSE IT IS THE CAPITAL OF ISRAEL, NOT BECAUSE I WAS BORN THERE, BUT BECAUSE ALL THAT ISRAEL REPRESENTS HAS ITS ROOTS THERE: THE UNIQUENESS OF THE VALUES OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE, THE BOOK THAT HAS BECOME OUR INSTRUCTOR, THE BIBLE, AND ALL THAT HAS PROCEEDED FROM IT. THIS IS WHERE I COME FROM.

"WHERE DO I STAND ? I STAND FOR SOMETHING WITHOUT PRECEDENT; A DEEP FAITH IN OUR VALUES, OUR HERITAGE AND OUR DESTINY. THESE HAVE CARRIED US THROUGH SUFFERING AND PERSECUTION. OUR BELIEF HAS NEVER BEEN SHAKEN, WE HAVE MAINTAINED OUR IDENTITY. WE HAVE ACHIEVED THE REBIRTH OF OUR NATIONHOOD IN THE PLACE WHERE OUR PEOPLE WERE BORN 4,000 YEARS AGO.

"I BELIEVE THE COURAGE, DEVOTION AND VALUES UNIQUE TO US HAVE 'MADE THIS POSSIBLE.' 'WHERE DO WE GO FROM HERE ?' WE GO ALONG THE PATH THAT OUR HISTORY AND HERITAGE GUIDE US ON: TO BELIEVE IN FREEDOM AND JUSTICE, IN THE VALIDITY AND IMPORTANCE OF EVERY INDIVIDUAL. WE SHALL ACHIEVE WHAT WE HAVE ASPIRED TO DO FOR THOUSANDS OF YEARS: THE CAPABILITY 'TO LIVE OUR OWN LIVES AND IN OUR OWN LAND.'

"WHERE AM I TODAY ? I AM IN AMERICA, A COUNTRY THAT HAS BECOME A SOURCE OF GREAT FAITH FOR ALL DEMOCRACIES. HISTORY HAS BESTOWED ON YOU A UNIQUE ROLE IN A MOST DIFFICULT PERIOD, TO BE A LEADING POWER AND TO SUSTAIN ALL THE GREAT VALUES FREE PEOPLE CHERISH. IN THIS YOUR BICENTENNIAL YEAR ALLOW ME TO SAY THAT TO THE LARGEST DEMOCRATIC COUNTRY FROM A SMALL DEMOCRATIC COUNTRY: I AM THANKFUL TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR INVITING ME TO AMERICA AS HIS GUEST. I AM GRATEFUL FOR THE UNDERSTANDING AND SYMPATHY THAT HAS PREVAILED BETWEEN YOUR GREAT COUNTRY AND OUR SMALL YOUNG COUNTRY."

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# news report

FEBRUARY 4, 1976

WRAPUP: PRIME MINISTER RABIN'S WEEKEND VISIT TO NEW YORK:

PRIME MINISTER RABIN SAYS HE'S ENCOURAGED BY VISIT TO WASHINGTON.

NEW YORK, FEB. 2 -- ISRAELI PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN, CURRENTLY ON A 12-DAY OFFICIAL VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES, IS "ENCOURAGED" AND "SATISFIED" THAT THERE WILL BE CONTINUED AMERICAN AID TO HELP HIS COUNTRY PURCHASE ADEQUATE DEFENSE WEAPONS.

IN NEW YORK AFTER MEETING WITH PRESIDENT FORD AND SECRETARY KISSINGER AND ADDRESSING A JOINT SESSION OF THE CONGRESS IN WASHINGTON, THE PRIME MINISTER TOLD THE JEWISH COMMUNITY HERE SATURDAY NIGHT (JANUARY 31), "I FOUND UNDERSTANDING, SYMPATHY FOR ISRAEL. I FOUND UNDERSTANDING FOR THE COMPLEX PROBLEMS THAT WE FACE IN THE EFFORT TO MAKE PEACE IN OUR AREA."

MR. RABIN SAID HE CONCLUDES FROM HIS TALKS WITH U.S. ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS THAT THERE IS GENERAL AGREEMENT WITH ISRAEL ON THE GOALS AND MEANS OF ACHIEVING PEACE. "I HAVE NOT FOUND ANY DIFFERENCE IN WHAT OUR TWO GOVERNMENTS BELIEVE MUST BE ACHIEVED AND THE WAYS TO PURSUE TO ACHIEVE IT."

MR. RABIN ADDRESSED A DINNER HOSTED BY THE UNITED JEWISH APPEAL AND ATTENDED BY OVER 1,500 PERSONS. HE SAID ON THE QUESTION OF OBTAINING U.S. MILITARY SUPPLIES HE COMES FROM WASHINGTON "SATISFIED." AND "I'M TALKING ABOUT PRACTICAL RESULTS... THE NEED TO GET THE KIND OF FINANCIAL AID TO ISRAEL TO ALLOW US TO PURCHASE ARMS AND TO CARRY THE BURDEN, THE HEAVY BURDEN OF DEFENSE BECAUSE OF THE INFLUX OF RUSSIAN ARMS TO OUR NEIGHBORING COUNTRIES.

"ABOVE ALL, TO SUM UP MY VISIT TO WASHINGTON I COME BACK ENCOURAGED BECAUSE I BELIEVE THAT THERE IS AN UNDERSTANDING AND THERE IS A READINESS TO CONTINUE TO SUPPORT THE CAUSE OF PEACE IN ISRAEL AND THE STRENGTHENING OF ISRAEL."

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UNITED STATES INFORMATION SERVICE

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THE PRIME MINISTER DISCOUNTED REPORTS HE HAD HEARD BEFORE COMING TO THE UNITED STATES "ABOUT THE EROSION OF SYMPATHY AND SUPPORT OF ISRAEL AMONG THE VARIOUS PARTS OF THE AMERICAN PUBLIC. AFTER A FEW DAYS OF TALKING I BELIEVE THAT ALL THESE RUMORS HAVE NO BASIS WHATSOEVER."

BEFORE APPEARING BEFORE THE UNITED JEWISH APPEAL FUNCTION MR. RABIN RECEIVED A CALL FROM ABRAHAM BEAME, THE MAYOR OF NEW YORK, IN HIS WALDORF-TOWERS SUITE AND LATER ATTENDED A RECEPTION IN HIS HONOR BY THE GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK STATE HUGH CAREY.

ON SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 1, THE PRIME MINISTER WAS INTERVIEWED ON "MEET THE PRESS," A NATIONALLY TELEVISED PROGRAM, AND REITERATED HIS CONFIDENCE THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL CONTRIBUTE FINANCIAL SUPPORT TO THE DEFENSE NEEDS OF ISRAEL.

SUNDAY HE MET WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE CONFERENCE OF PRESIDENTS OF MAJOR JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS. THE ISRAELI BOND ORGANIZATIONS AND THE NEW YORK TIMES HOSTED RECEPTIONS IN HIS HONOR. THE PRIME MINISTER WHO ARRIVED IN NEW YORK LATE FRIDAY WAS SCHEDULED TO VISIT CHICAGO, LOS ANGELES, SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA AND RETURN TO NEW YORK CITY FOR A LUNCHEON MEETING WITH PROFESSORS AND INTELLECTUALS BEFORE HE DEPARTS FROM THE UNITED STATES ON FEBRUARY 5.  
(END TEXT)

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2:30 pm

# news report

FEBRUARY 4, 1976

## PRIME MINISTER RABIN IN LOS ANGELES

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, FEB. 3 --ISRAELI PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN TUESDAY CITED THE INTERIM AGREEMENT BETWEEN HIS COUNTRY AND EGYPT AS A HOPEFUL SIGN THAT "WE MIGHT COME AT LEAST TO THE BEGINNING OF A CHANGE OF HEART AND MIND."

IN AN ADDRESS TO 1500 LOS ANGELES BUSINESS LEADERS AT A WORLD AFFAIRS COUNCIL LUNCHEON, MR. RABIN SAID:

"I BELIEVE THAT IN OUR DESIRE, AND IN EGYPT'S DESIRE, TO TAKE A SMALL STEP TO NEGOTIATE AN INTERIM AGREEMENT, WE MIGHT COME AT LEAST TO THE BEGINNING OF A CHANGE OF HEART AND MIND."

MR. RABIN SAID HE HOPED FOR A POSITIVE RESPONSE TO A RE-CONVENING OF THE GENEVA PEACE CONFERENCE AND FACE-TO-FACE DISCUSSION.

"WHAT WE OFFER IS THAT THE ISSUE OF THE PALESTINIANS BE SOLVED IN THE CONTEXT OF A PEACE AGREEMENT BETWEEN JORDAN AND ISRAEL."

WE BELIEVE THAT BY HAVING PEACE BETWEEN A JORDANIAN PALESTINE STATE AND HAVING TWO STATES --JEWISH AND JORDANIAN--IN THE ORIGINAL PALESTINE, PEACE CAN BE ACHIEVED."

RABIN SAID THAT FOR SEVEN YEARS THIS HAD BEEN THE JORDANIAN POSITION AND THAT, THEREFORE, IT IS NOT A NEW POSITION THAT ISRAEL IS ADVANCING.

MR. RABIN REJECTED THE IDEA THAT ALLEGED ISRAELI EXPANSIONISM OR THE PALESTINE LIBERATION QUESTION WAS AN OBSTACLE TO PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

HE SAID THE ESSENCE OF THE CONFLICT WAS THAT ISRAEL IS DETERMINED THAT IT HAS THE RIGHT TO HAVE A COUNTRY OF ITS OWN IN THE PLACE WHERE ITS PEOPLE LIVED ONE THOUSAND YEARS AGO.

"WE WANT THIS RIGHT ACCEPTED BY OUR NEIGHBORS," HE SAID. "WITHOUT THEIR RECONCILIATION THERE WILL BE NO PEACE. THERE WILL BE NO SOLUTION WITHOUT A JEWISH STATE."

MR. RABIN DENIED ACCUSATIONS THAT ISRAEL IS EXPANSIONIST CITING BOTH ITS RELATIVE SIZE AND POPULATION.

"THE ISSUE WAS NOT THE SIZE OF THE COUNTRY BUT THE VERY RIGHT OF ISRAEL TO EXIST," HE SAID.

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"ISRAEL," HE EMPHASIZED, "HAS NEVER CONSIDERED NATIONAL SUICIDE AS AN INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATION."

ON THE SUBJECT OF THE PLO, MR. RABIN SAID:

"WE DO NOT SEE THE PLO AS REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ORIGINAL PALESTINIANS."

MR. RABIN SAID IT WAS NECESSARY TO EXAMINE THE PHILOSOPHY AND POLICIES OF THE PLO. HE READ FOUR ARTICLES FROM "THE PALESTINE COVENANT." THE FOUR POINTS DISPUTED THE JEWISH RIGHT TO HAVE THE STATE OF ISRAEL, DECLARING ISRAEL ITSELF TO BE ILLEGAL.

"WITH SUCH A PHILOSOPHY AND POLICY," RABIN STATED, "THERE IS NOTHING TO NEGOTIATE. THEIR PURPOSE IS NOT ONLY NOT TO RECOGNIZE THE ESSENCE OF OUR EXISTENCE BUT ALSO TO DESTROY US. ALLOW ME TO REMIND YOU OF THE KIND OF ATROCITIES THEY HAVE PERPETRATED AGAINST INNOCENT WOMEN AND CHILDREN AND OF THEIR ROLE IN TRYING TO FORCE THE ISLAMIZATION OF THE CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY OF LEBANON."

RABIN CONCLUDED BY EMPHASIZING THE READINESS OF ISRAEL TO STRIVE FOR PEACE IN "IN OUR TIME AND IN OUR GENERATION."

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*2.11.76*  
*למנוחה*

FEBRUARY 4, 1976

#### RABIN GETS WARM RECEPTION IN CHICAGO

OFFICIALS AND LEADERS OF THE CITY OF CHICAGO MONDAY EXTENDED ONE OF THE WARMEST WELCOMES GIVEN A HEAD OF STATE TO ISRAEL'S PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN.

MAYOR RICHARD J. DALEY AND HIS WIFE LED A DELEGATION OF DIGNITARIES WHO MET THE PRIME MINISTER AT THE AIRPORT AND ESCORTED HIM INTO THE CITY.

A FEW HOURS LATER, RABIN HELD A SEMI-PRIVATE MEETING WITH CHICAGO OFFICIALS OF THE JEWISH UNITED FUND AND LEADERS OF THE STATE OF ISRAEL BOND DRIVE, FOLLOWED BY A MASS MEETING ATTENDED BY MORE THAN 4,000 MEMBERS OF THE CHICAGO JEWISH COMMUNITY.

MAYOR DALEY PERSONALLY HOSTED A GALA DINNER FOR THE PRIME MINISTER THE SAME EVENING.

IN A WIDE-RANGING, SOMETIMES PENSIVE AND LARGELY NON-POLITICAL SPEECH, PRIME MINISTER RABIN TOLD THE DINNER GATHERING THAT THIS FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL CENTER HOLDS A SPECIAL PLACE IN HIS HEART.

"IT WAS HERE," RABIN SAID, "EXACTLY 70 YEARS AGO THAT A POOR YOUNG JEWISH IMMIGRANT CAME TO THIS COUNTRY AND TO THIS CITY FROM RUSSIA. IT WAS IN THIS CITY THAT HE LEARNED THE MEANING OF FREEDOM AND DEMOCRACY. TWELVE YEARS LATER, HE JOINED THE JEWISH LEGION IN PALESTINE TO BRING THESE PRINCIPLES TO A VERY NEW AND A VERY OLD LAND. THAT MAN WAS MY FATHER."

AMONG THOSE WHO JOINED RABIN AND DALEY AT THE HEAD TABLE WERE DANIEL WALKER, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS; CHARLES H. PERCY, U.S. SENATOR FROM THE STATE OF ILLINOIS; NEIL HARTIGAN, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS; MALCOLM TOON, U.S. AMBASSADOR TO ISRAEL; PHILIP KLUTZNICK, FORMER AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED NATIONS; AND PHILIPPE OLIVIER, CONSUL GENERAL OF FRANCE AND DEAN OF THE CHICAGO CONSULAR CORPS. ALSO JOSEPH J. SISCO, UNDER-SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE U.S.; SIMCHA DINITZ, AMBASSADOR OF ISRAEL TO THE U.S.; DONALD ERICKSON, PRESIDENT OF THE

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CHICAGO ASSOCIATION OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY; WILSON FROST, PRESIDENT PRO TEM OF THE CHICAGO CITY COUNCIL; WILLIAM SCOTT, ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS; AND HIS EMINENCE JOHN CARDINAL CODY, ARCHBISHOP OF CHICAGO.

OTHERS INCLUDED MICHAEL HOWLETT, SECRETARY OF STATE OF ILLINOIS; CICIL A. PARTEE, PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE, AND VARIOUS U.S. AND CHICAGO ISRAEL CONSULAR OFFICIALS.

AFTER AN EXCHANGE OF TOASTS BETWEEN THE MAYOR AND THE PRIME MINISTER, MAYOR DALEY GREETED RABIN WARMLY ON BEHALF OF THE CITY OF CHICAGO AND PAID TRIBUTE TO THE MANY PROMINENT JEWS WHO HAD PROVIDED LEADERSHIP IN GOVERNMENT AND BUSINESS THROUGH OUT THE HISTORY OF THE CITY. MAYOR DALEY RECALLED THAT IT WAS THIS SAME AREA OF THE UNITED STATES, THE NEARBY CITY OF MILWAUKEE, THAT GAVE GOLDA MEIR TO THE CAUSE OF ZIONISM. OF ISRAEL ITSELF, THE MAYOR SAID: "MAY IT LIVE FOREVER AND MAY THERE ALWAYS BE AN ISRAEL."

GUESTS OF THE DINNER WERE ENTERTAINED BY MEMBERS OF THE CHICAGO SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA, BY A CONCERT BY THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS CONCERT CHOIR, AND BY THE UNITED STATES ARMY STRINGS, A STROLLING ORCHESTRAL GROUP WHO FLEW IN FROM WASHINGTON D.C. ESPECIALLY FOR THE OCCASION.

(END TEXT)

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FEBRUARY 4, 1976

**RABIN SAYS ISRAEL WILL TAKE RISKS TO BRING ABOUT PEACE**

PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN OF ISRAEL SAYS HIS COUNTRY WILL NOT HESITATE "TO TAKE THE KIND OF RISKS THAT ARE THE COST OF PEACE."

IN AN ADDRESS TO 700 CHICAGO-AREA CIVIC LEADERS MONDAY NIGHT THE ISRAELI LEADER RELATED THAT IN HIS TALKS WITH PRESIDENT FORD AND OTHERS IN WASHINGTON HE HAD TRIED TO FIND OUT "WHAT WILL BE THE BEST WAY TO WORK FOR PEACE."

"WE ARE NOT INTERESTED JUST IN STATEMENTS OF INTENTION," HE ADDED. "WE ARE INTERESTED IN MOVEMENT IN THE DIRECTION OF PEACE."

THE PRIME MINISTER SPOKE AT A DINNER GIVEN IN HIS HONOR BY MAYOR RICHARD DALEY.

FOLLOWING ARE EXCERPTS OF HIS REMARKS:

(BEGIN EXCERPTS)

THIS YEAR, WHEN YOU CELEBRATE 200 YEARS OF YOUR INDEPENDENCE, YOU HAVE TO BEAR IN MIND THAT OTHER DEMOCRATIC COUNTRIES ARE STRUGGLING TO MAINTAIN THEIR FAITH. WE, IN ISRAEL, HAVE ACHIEVED WHAT WE CONSIDER TO BE A UNIQUE PHENOMENA. WE CONSIDER OURSELVES TO BE THE OLDEST NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENT. IT IS AS OLD AS THE YEARS, THE CENTURIES SINCE THE DESTRUCTION OF THE SECOND TEMPLE. IT WAS THE JEWISH STATE THEN, IT WAS WHERE THE JEWISH PEOPLE WERE BORN AND FROM WHERE THEY WERE EXPELLED AND WENT INTO EXILE 1900 YEARS AGO.

AND SINCE THEN, EVERY JEWISH COMMUNITY, EVERY JEW, THROUGHOUT THESE CENTURIES HAS THOUGHT THAT AT SOME TIME THE JEWISH PEOPLE WOULD BE ABLE TO RESTORE THEIR FREEDOM AND INDEPENDENCE IN THE ONLY COUNTRY THAT COULD POSSIBLY

SERVE AS THEIR OWN COUNTRY. NINETEEN CENTURIES HAVE PASSED AND THE LAST PHASE OF OUR NATIONAL LIBERATION MOVEMENT, THE ZIONIST MOVEMENT, HAS COME INTO BEING.

WE GREW, AS DID YOUR COUNTRY, THROUGH IMMIGRATION. IN 28 YEARS WE HAVE INCREASED OUR POPULATION FIVE TIMES MORE THAN WE WERE WHEN WE HAD OUR WAR OF INDEPENDENCE. SINCE THEN THERE WAS NO ONE DAY THAT WE DID NOT TRY, WANT, AND SOMETIMES PLEADED WITH OUR NEIGHBORS FOR PEACE, A PEACE THAT MEANS THE RIGHT TO LIVE THE WAY WE WANT TO IN OUR OWN COUNTRY AND WITH SECURITY.

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UNFORTUNATELY, EVEN UNTIL TODAY WE HAVE NOT ENTERTAINED ONE DAY OF PEACE. WE HAVE FOUGHT FOUR MAJOR WARS, AND THERE WAS NO ONE DAY OF TRANQUILITY BETWEEN THEM. WE ARE PREPARED TO DO EVERYTHING THAT IS POSSIBLE TO ADVANCE THE CAUSE OF PEACE. BUT WE ARE DETERMINED TO MAKE SURE THAT OUR STRENGTH WILL ALLOW US TO DEFEND OURSELVES IF WAR IS FORCED UPON US.

I BELIEVE THAT LAST YEAR WE MADE SOME MOVES TOWARD PEACE. IT MIGHT BE THAT IT WAS A SMALL STEP, BUT, AS THE SAYING GOES, EVEN A THOUSAND-MILE JOURNEY BEGINS WITH A SINGLE STEP. I BELIEVE THAT THROUGH THE AGREEMENT MADE WITH OUR SOVEREIGN NEIGHBOR EGYPT, WE HAVE TAKEN UPON OURSELVES CERTAIN RISKS. WE HAVE, BY GIVING BACK SOMETHING SUBSTANTIAL -- TERRITORY, OIL FIELDS -- SHOWN A READINESS TO DO SOMETHING.

I HOPE THAT IN THE DECISION OF THESE TWO COUNTRIES TO BECOME ENGAGED IN THESE NEGOTIATIONS, THE ENCOURAGEMENT AND SUPPORT THAT THE TWO COUNTRIES GOT FROM THE UNITED STATES IN THIS EFFORT, THE TIRELESS EFFORTS OF THE PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY OF STATE AND OTHERS IN OFFERING THEIR GOOD OFFICES TO THESE NEGOTIATIONS, WILL PREVAIL...

I HOPE THAT REGARDLESS OF CERTAIN ACTIONS BY CERTAIN EXTREMERADICAL ELEMENTS AND THEIR EFFORTS TO UNDERMINE NEGOTIATIONS, TO BLOCK THE TRENDS THAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED, LOGIC WILL PREVAIL, AND WE, WHO ARE INTERESTED IN ADVANCING EVERY EFFORT TO BRING ABOUT PEACE OR ANY ADDITIONAL MOVE TOWARD PEACE WILL MANAGE TO FIND WAYS TO COOPERATE BETWEEN OURSELVES AND TO DO WHAT I BELIEVE ALL OF THE PEOPLE OF THE AREA REALLY WANT TO ACHIEVE.

WE, IN OUR TALKS WITH THE PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY OF STATE AND MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, HAVE TRIED TO FIND OUT WHAT WILL BE THE BEST WAY TO WORK TOWARD PEACE. WE ARE NOT INTERESTED JUST IN STATEMENTS OF INTENTION.

WE ARE INTERESTED IN MOVEMENT IN THE DIRECTION OF PEACE. WE CAN ASSURE YOU THAT WE WILL NOT HESITATE TO TAKE RISKS, TO TAKE THE KIND OF RISKS THAT ARE THE COST OF PEACE. IN THAT REGARD, I CAN ASSURE YOU THAT ISRAEL WILL STRENGTHEN HER EFFORT.

FINALLY, WE WOULD LIKE TO THANK THE AMERICAN PEOPLE FOR THEIR UNDERSTANDING AND THEIR SUPPORT THAT WE HAVE BEEN GIVEN SO GENEROUSLY BY YOU THROUGH THE YEARS SINCE ISRAEL ACHIEVED ITS INDEPENDENCE ... (END EXCERPTS)

\* \* \* \* \*

N3



אל : המשרד

מאת : וושינגטון

נס. 68

מבטל 4 סבר 76

סקירת עתונות ליום 4/2/76

1. בכל העיתונים מאמרי מירכז כתבות וידיעות מסוכנויות על התמטרות מוינייה.

2. בקור רחיים.

מכריסציאנ סיינס- מוניטור אל 3/2 טור של גיוזפ הדש. בקור דה מסמל את החלות הכלכלית והצבאית של ישראל בארציה. תלות זו היא משלב האחרון בהדרדרות יחסי החוץ של ישראל.

א. בין 67-48 ישראל הייתה סלפ ספיישיינט ויכלה לרכוש נשק בכל מקום בעולם מקורותיה היא.

ב. בין 73-67 המקורות להשגת הסיוע הצבאי והכלכלי הצטמצמו

ג. מאז 73 ישראל הוליה באופן בלעדי בסיוע הצבאי והכלכלי של ארציה.

ד. ערב ביקורו של רחיים בארציה הממשל האמריקני החליט לאמצא את תקציב הסיוע לישראל.

בלי סיוע אמריני ישראל לא תוכל להתקיים. חלפו הזמנים בהם ישראל חשיגה כל מבושה בקלות. וושינגטון מאמינה כי באמצעות הסיוע תוכל לחוש מישור הכרה בתנועה הפלסטינית.

בפילדלפיה וינגייר- מה-3/2 כתבה של גיימס מקארטני. ועדת החוץ של הסנט זזה בתיקון תקציב הסיוע לישראל והצביעה בדלתיים סגורות לחוסיפ ווא מיליון דולר בסיוע הצבאי והכלכלי לישראל. מתוך ניהל מסע לויינג למניעת קבלת החלטה כזאת בסנט.

3. מנייט.

בבלייטור סאנ- טור של צארלס יוסט. מובט לא סיישה לקידום הסיכויים לארץ במזת. ארצות ערב ניסו לקדם את הנושא הפלסטיני למרכז הדיונים על ונת לחקן את נוסח החלטה מיושנת כמו 242.

1. לבנון.

ויושפוטט של ה-3/2 כתבה של גונתג רנדל מביירות. ארצות תומכת בתקפיד סוריה ממלאה במשבר לבנון. ארציה הודיעה באופן ישיר למנהיגי הצארים בלבנון כי יאשרכו לשתף פעולה עם סוריה כדי להציל את הסדינה



והקהילה הנוצרית. פקיד במחמד אמר כי ארזב לא שלחה שדר מיוחד לנוצרים בלבנון  
בפילדלפיה אינקווייר של 3/2 מסוכנויות. שני הצדדים הלוחמים בלבנון  
מנבאים חידוש הקרבות.

בכריסציאן סיינס- מוניטור של 3/2 כתבה של ג'וזף פישט מביירות. לבנון  
נעה בלונדון הקמת משטר אוטוקרטי.

בושפוסט של 4/2 טור של קלר סטרלינג מרומא. היכן היה הוותיקן  
משבר לבנון? כאשר הוותיקן התערב פעם אחת במשבר הוא לא עשה זאת מתוך  
אהבה לנוצרים אלא מתוך רצון לתווך בין הצדדים הלוחמים. אולם הכשלון  
המוחלט שהוותיקן נחל במזאת מסמל את ההתחלשות בסמכות המוסרית  
של מוסד זה.

בכריסציאן סיינס מוניטור כתבה של ג'ייסון מוריס מישראל. בהעדר הצבא  
הלבנוני, דרום לבנון הפך לואקום מסוכן המתמלא במהלים פלסטינאים. אין  
שפק שבטחון ישראל נפגע מתמצ העלמות הצבא הלבנוני.

בושפוסט כתבה של דו קוראצן מירושלים- שהבט טוען כי הנוצרים והמוסלמים  
חומשים עצמם לקראת קרבות הרסניים יותר מבעבר אשר יעמידו את בטחון  
ישראל בסכנה. ישראל מאמינה כי סוריה מעוניינת בספוח לבנון.  
עמדתו של שהבט בנושא אשף נוקשה יותר מזו של רה"מ.

לדעתו של שהבט הסיכוי להתקדמות לשלום תלוי בויתור סורי  
לשחזפות אשף בוועידת ג'נבה.

5. אונסקו.

בושפוסט של 3/2 כתבה של וולטר שוורצ מפריס. פקידים בכירים באונסקו  
החלו במרונים לסיום המחלוקת בנושא ישראל בגלל הנזק עצום והחרומה  
הספית האמריקנית גורמת לאבדון. אם המאמצים יצליחו הרי שישראל  
תכלל ברשימה האירופית.

6. משבר סחה.

בושפוסט- כתבה של ג'ים הוקלנד מפריס. עד כה יזה של מרוקו על  
העליונה, אולם בגלל קשיים לוגיסטיים והעובדה שספרד לא הכריזה  
רשמית על עצמאות האיזור מרוקו ואלג'יר אינן יכולות לפתוח  
במיתקפה רבתית.

עיתונות==

שהח רוהם מנכל שהבט ממנכל סמנכל הסברה מעת מצפא מאוט אב מזחית חקר כנסיות אירופה אבג

מקצב רס אמן העוד אילסר מעת מבקרים רבון רבון

אב/מ



אל : המשרד

מאת: ניו יורק

מס' 56

בשלח: 031600 פבר 76

מ י י י י

מעיינת, דו"צ, פתור, רגוב, העסק וואשינגטון. (ה/א/ר)  
סקירת אמצעי התקשורת ליום 3.2.76.  
ראש המהדורות התפטרותו של מונהאן, עניני פנים, התקפת האש בלבנון  
ומלחמת אנגולה.  
ביקור רוהיים:

1. כל שידורי הרדיו דווחים בקביעות על מסעו של רוהיים.
2. ברשת וסטינגהאוז ציטוט מדברי רוהיים שישראל מוכנה ליישוב הסכסוך עם מדינות ערב. ישראל מוכנה לפעולה צבאית במידה ותצטרך לחלום. בנאומו בשיקאגו האשים רוהיים את מדינות ערב המחבלות במאמצי השלום. האשיל בשימוש בארגוני טרור ובהכחשת אש"פ לזועבייט כדי לחסום כל אפשרות להשגת שלום, מעתה ואילך תלויה מהלכי השלום בידי הערבים.

3. בנשיימס כתבת טרנס סמית מירושלים:

REMARKS BY RABIN IN U.S. REIGNITES RIVALRY

WITH DEFENSE CHIEF.

- המסקנה היחידה שהסיקו פקידים רשמיים, פוליטיקאים וכותבי מאמר מערכת היא שבהערות רוהיים על רשימת הרכש הצבאי יש התקפה על משרד הבטחון בכללו והתקפה אישית על שהבי"ט.
- כל זאת לאור העובדה שכל בקשה לציד צבאי מקבלת אישור משרד רוהיים לפני הצגתה בוואשינגטון. מאמר מערכת בידבריי מגלה פליאה לזמן ולמקום בהשמעת הערות רוהיים. עוד מתלונן המאמר שחירות אלו הוסיפו לייסדותם של מנהיגי ישראל המדברים בכמה קולות.
- עתון הארץ מציין שאין זה חדש לראות עקיצת שהבי"ט על ידי רוהיים אכ מעולם לא הפנה רוהיים ביקורת חסנית כמו זו בציבור ובפרט בחו"ל. העתון מוסיף: "זו לא הדרכ שבה רוהיים ינהל יחסי המדינהיים עוד בכתבה על החיכוכים האישיים בין שהבי"ט ורוהיים והעבודה המשותפת ביניהם על אפ המריבות האישיות.
4. בנשיימס כתבת ברנרד גבירצמן מוואשינגטון: "פורד מתכנן ללחוצ למען שיחות ישראל ירדניים, הכתבה במלואה בסופ הסקירה.
5. בנפוסט כתבת אי.פי. משיקאגו-רוהיים עשה השוואה בין מלחמת ישראל לקיום ומלחמת המהפכה האמריקנית- מלחמה לחופש ולזכות היחיד.



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לבנון:

1. כל אמצעי התקשורת מדווחים על השקט בבירות והפתח של מוסדות הלימוד.
2. ברשת וסטינגהאוז כתבו ג'ו קמליק ובניטיימס כתבת הנרי טאנר מבירות על נגיעת נשיא לבנון לפגוש נשיא סוריה כדי לסכם תנאי הסכם השלום. כארמי ימסור לאומה את פרטי החוקה החדשה כשישוב נשיא לבנון לארצו. המוסלמים מקווים לזכות במעמד חזק מבעבר.

3. בניטיימס מכתב למערכת על ידי חבר הקונגרס ג'יימס שוויר תחת

LEBANON, WHAT THE PLO HAS BROUGHT

הכוונתו:

- הנעשה בלבנון היא טרגדיה אנושית נוספת שאיפה אחראי לה במזימת לאור הפסד במצרים ובירדן עבר אשמה ללבנון וקצר הייתה של 10,000 נוצרים ומוסלמים. יוצא כנגד הסנשור ג'יימס אבורזק אשר במכתבו בוואשפוסט (28 בספטמבר) לא ביקר הרצח הברוטלי של הנוצרים על ידי אשמה בלבנון אלא רק ראה את הצורך להביא אשמה (עם הרקע של רוצח ומחבל) לשיחות עם ישראל. מדוע שום מדינה נוצרית או הוטיקן, או מועבייט לא השמיעו קולם בזמן הקרבות בלבנון.
4. ברשת הטלוויזיה הארצית של א.ב.י.סי. כתבת דוד ברינגסטון. עד היום היה קיים שיתוף פעולה בין כוחות לבנון וישראל נגד יחידות המחבלים הפלשתינאים בגבול ישראל-לבנון. ראיון חברי הפרלמנט אשר הצביעו כי כעת לבנון יותר פרו-ערבית ויותר אנטי-ישראלית. אשמה רוצח הכזה בארגונו ושואף לשיחות שיישיבו אנשיו לפלשתינה עוד בכתבה שהשעור הנלמד ממלחמת לבנון הוא שאשמה לא יחיה בשלום עם יהודים. טאנר טאונס חבר הפרלמנט טען שישראל הפיקה תועלת מהנעשה בלבנון. ציטט מדברי אלון שלבנון דמוקרטית חילונית אינה הפתרון עבור הפלשתינאים. בכתבה גם קטעים מצולמים של כוחות צהל הסורקים תגבול ודיווחים על הגברת המשמרות בגבולות.
  5. בניו דיי כתבה מבירות- ממארהייב הודיע למנהיגי הנוצרים בלבנון שחשוב ביותר לאינטרסים שלהם יהיה שיתוף פעולה עם הנוכחות הסורית.

ישראל:

1. ברשת הטלוויזיה סי.בי.אס. כתבת דייב מאריש מקיבוץ כפר בלום. ראיון עם חברי המקום שאותו מחם אמרה שהיא מרגישה צער למותם של הנוצרים בלבנון. המתיישבים האמריקאים שם ציינו שאינם מרגישים בזה כואב נמצאים במקום- מרחוק המצב נראה חמור יותר. עוד בכתבה שהמצב בגבול רעוע וחירות מתוכ הכפרים הלבנונים



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נשמעים בברור. ציטוט דברי רוחיים שהמצב בגבול מצרים  
... כמעט מצב שלומיים.

2. ברשת וסטינגהאוז כוזבת בושינסקי מתיימרת - הספקת הנשק לאנגולה, אלג'יריה  
ולוב באו כהפתעה לשרותי הרגול המערביים. בריהיים מנסה להגדיל  
השפעה באלג'יריה, וכנראה תגדיל הספקת הנשק למצרים וסוריה.
3. בביטימס ידיעת רויטרס מתיימרת - בצורה משמיינת יכולי הכותנה  
בדרום תאיר.

ישראל - ארה"ב - מזימת

1. בביפוטס ידיעת רויטרס מקהיר - סאדאת בראיון לשבועון לבנוני אמר  
שיש לו הסכם המובן לשני הצדדים להכרה באש"פ. עוד ראיון  
מדברי סאדאת ש: יש לו יותר מאשר הבטחה מארה"ב להכיר  
באש"פ אך הוא לא במצב שיכול לגלות זאת.
2. בניו זדזי מסוב למערכת הקורא לתת זמן שווה לאש"פ להציג עמדתו  
באום. מאשים אמצעי התקשורת על היות לאש"פ.
3. בדיילי ניוז מסוב למערכת התקיפה את העתונות הכורגנית התוקפת  
את אש"פ. הטרוריסטים האמיתיים בעולם, ארה"ב ובני בריתם ממזימת  
ישראל הציונית.

מוניחאנ:

1. בכל אמצעי התקשורת כתבות נרחבות על התפטרותו של מוניחאנ.  
קטעים מראיון עמו בו ציינ שיבתו ללמד ושאינו סוגר האפשרות לחזור  
לחיים הפוליטיים. התפטרות מוניחאנ צעד שהבית הלבן לא ציפה לה.  
עתוני היום - על אפשרות הצגת מועמדות מוניחאנ למשרת סנטור מטעם  
מדינת ניו יורק. ברשת הטלוויזיה הארצית של סי. בי. אם. בשדורי הבוקר  
ראיון עם מוניחאנ אשר התחמק מלהחליט לצעד כזה ועמד על כך שהוא  
שב ללמד.

אופק:

1. בביטימס כתבת אדווין דייל מוואשינגטון. לאור הישובים של משרד  
האוצר תהיה בשנת 1976 עליה ברווחי השקעות של מדינות אופק.

אנגול:

1. בכל שידורי התקשורת דיווחים על 1000 שכירי חרב מבריטניה האמורים  
להלחם כנגד הכוחות הקומוניסטיים באנגולה. הבית הלבן ומרמייד  
פרסמו הודעת הכחשה לדיווחים שארה"ב ממנת הוצאות שכירי החרב.



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בריחיים:

1. בניטימס כתבו בוריס שומילין עוזר שר הפנים בבריחיים תחת הכותרת:  
השקפה סובייטית על הגירה, מלואו בדיף הקרוב.

שונות:

1. בניטימס מודעות מטעם בנק לאומי ובנק דיסקונט ומביאות ייחודיות  
מצביי עד ה-31 בדצמבר 75.

2. בניפוסט כתבו רוברט גרט-100 מהגרים סובייטים סיימו לימודים  
אוניברסיטאים וקבלו תואריהם בניו יורק.

סלזן מאמר גבירצמן ב-ניו-יורק טיימס מהיום:-

FORD SAID TO PLAN TO PUSH FOR ISRAELI-JORDANIAN TALKS.  
PRESIDENT FORD LOOKING FOR WAYS OF KEEPING MIDDLE EAST DIPLOMACY  
ALIVE HAS AGREED TO PURSUE A SUGGESTION MADE BY PRIME MINISTER  
YITZHAK RABIN AND SEE IF IT WOULD BE POSSIBLE TO ARRANGE  
NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN ISRAEL AND JORDAN. FOR AN ACCORD ON THE  
WEST BANK OF THE JORDAN RIVER, AMERICAN AND ISRAELI OFFICIALS  
SAID TODAY.  
THIS WAS REPORTEDLY ONE OF THE SIGNIFICANT RESULTS TO EMERGE  
FROM THE ISRAELI LEADER'S TALKS AT THE WHITE HOUSE LAST WEEK.  
BUT BECAUSE OF THE COMPLEXITIES INVOLVED BOTH AMERICANS AND  
ISRAELIS STRESSED THAT THE CHANCES FOR SUCCESS WERE VERY UNCERTAIN.  
DURING THEIR DISCUSSIONS, MR. FORD REPEATEDLY EMPHASIZED HIS  
DESIRE TO KEEP SOME MOMENTUM IN THE MIDDLE EAST DIPLOMACY IN THE  
1976 POLITICAL YEAR AND TO PREVENT A WORSENING OF TENSIONS.  
FORD MAY VISIT MIDEAST.  
MOREOVER, MR. FORD WOULD LIKE TO VISIT THE MIDDLE EAST IN THE  
SPRING AND WOULD LIKE TO HAVE SOME IDEA BY THEN ON WHAT IT WOULD  
BE POSSIBLE TO ACHIEVE.  
ISRAELI OFFICIALS SAID THAT MR. FORD HAD AGREED TO EXERCISE  
THE UNITED STATES' GOOD OFFICES TO SEE WHETHER KING HUSSEIN OF  
JORDAN HAD AN INTEREST IN NEGOTIATING WITH ISRAEL.  
PUBLICLY, BECAUSE OF A DECISION MADE AT A MEETING OF ARAB HEADS  
OF GOVERNMENT IN RABAT, MAROCCO, IN NOVEMBER 1974, JORDAN HAS  
YIELDED TO THE PLO THE RIGHT TO NEGOTIATE FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF  
ISRAELI FORCES FROM THE WEST BANK. JORDAN POSSESSED THE WEST  
BANK FROM 1948 UNTIL IT LOST IT TO ISRAEL IN THE MIDDLE EAST  
WAR OF JUNE 1967.  
MR. RABIN, WHOSE GOVERNMENT REFUSES TO DEAL WITH THE PLO HAS  
SAID THAT ISRAEL WAS WILLING TO NEGOTIATE WITH JORDAN ON WHAT  
SHOULD BE DONE ABOUT THE WEST BANK PROBLEM.



- 5 -

MR. RABIN ALSO HAS SAID THAT THE JORDANIAN NEGOTIATING TEAM COULD INCLUDE PALESTINIANS.

U.S. AIDES DUBIOUS UNTIL MR. RABIN'S VISIT, AMERICAN OFFICIALS HAD EXPRESSED STRONG DOUBTS THAT KING HUSSEIN COULD BE PERSUADED TO NEGOTIATE WITH ISRAEL ABOUT THE WEST BANK BECAUSE OF THE FUROR THAT WOULD CREATE IN ARAB CIRCLES. MOREOVER, JORDAN HAS IMPROVED RELATIONS WITH SYRIA IN THE LAST YEAR, AND SYRIA HAS BEEN THE MAJOR SUPPORTER OF THE PLO IN THE ARAB WORLD.

BESIDES THE POSSIBLE JORDAN "OPTION" MR. FORD AND MR. RABIN ALSO AGREED TO SEE WHETHER A NEW GENEVA PEACE CONFERENCE ON THE MIDDLE EAST COULD BE RECONVENED WITHOUT PARTICIPATION OF THE PALESTINE LIBERATION ORGANIZATION. ISRAELIS AND AMERICANS WERE NOT OPTIMISTIC ABOUT THIS POSSIBILITY BECAUSE OF THE STRONG PUBLIC COMMITMENT BY ARABS AND THE SOVIET UNION ON PARTICIPATION OF THE PALESTINIANS.

THE OTHER OPTION DISCUSSED WAS THE POSSIBILITY OF SYRIAN ISRAELI NEGOTIATION CONCERNING THE GOLAN HEIGHTS, BUT BOTH SIDES REPORTEDLY AGREED THAT THE DAMASCUS GOVERNMENT WAS NOT INTERESTED IN A SEPARATE NEGOTIATION WITH ISRAEL. THE SYRIANS HAVE SHARPLY CRITICIZED EGYPT FOR SIGNING AN ACCORD WITH ISRAEL LAST SUMMER THAT RULES OUT THE USE OF FORCE TO SETTLE DISPUTES IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

MR. RABIN'S EFFORTS DURING HIS VISIT TO THIS COUNTRY TO PROMOTE NEGOTIATION WITH JORDAN HAD BEEN FORESHADOWED BY STATEMENTS HE HAD MADE IN RECENT WEEKS IN ISRAEL AND CAME AS NO SURPRISE TO THE ADMINISTRATION.

MR. FORD WAS REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD PRIME MINISTER RABIN THAT KING HUSSEIN WOULD VISIT WASHINGTON ON HIS REGULAR SEMIANNUAL TRIP NEXT MONTH AND THAT HE WOULD LIKE TO HAVE SOME IDEAS WITH WHICH TO "TEMPT" THE KING, BUT ISRAELI OFFICIALS INSISTED THAT THEIR GOVERNMENT DID NOT HAVE TO DRAW UP ANY NEW AND CONCRETE NEGOTIATING POSITIONS AT THIS TIME.

THE JORDANIAN ISSUE HAS BEEN A VERY SENSITIVE ONE IN ISRAEL, AND A SOURCE OF FRICITION WITH THE UNITED STATES.

JORDAN HAS BEEN A CLOSE FRIEND OF THE UNITED STATES IN THE ARAB WORLD. ALONE OF THE STATES INVOLVED IN THE 1967 WAR.

JORDAN DID NOT BREAK DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH WASHINGTON AND JORDAN DID NOT BECOME DIRECTLY INVOLVED IN THE WAR BEGUN BY EGYPT AND SYRIA AGAINST ISRAEL IN OCTOBER 1973.

WHEN SECRETARY OF STATE HENRY KISSINGER BEGAN HIS DIPLOMATIC MEDIATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST WASHINGTON ASSUMED THAT AFTER THE EGYPTIAN AND SYRIAN DISENGAGEMENT ACCORDS IN 1974, AN AGREEMENT WITH JORDAN WOULD BE NEXT.

BUT THE ISRAELIS IN THE SUMMER OF 1974 OFFERED JORDAN A CHOICE THAT WAS UNACCEPTABLE TO KING HUSSEIN: EITHER A FINAL PEACE THAT WOULD NOT INCLUDE THE RETURN OF EAST JERUSALEM TO JORDAN

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- 6 -

OR A LIMITED ACCORD UNDER WHICH JERICHO WOULD BE RETURNED TO JORDANIAN CIVIL ADMINISTRATION BUT JORDANIAN FORCES WOULD NOT PERMITTED TO OCCUPY ANY LAND IN THE WEST BANK. AFTER THE FAILURE OF PRELIMINARY TALKS TO PRODUCE ANY PROGRESS THE ARAB CONFERENCE AT RABAT FORCED JORDAN TO PULL OUT OF THE NEGOTIATIONS.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS HAVE SAID THAT ISRAEL MISSED A GOLDEN CHANCE IN 1974 BY NOT BEING MORE FORTHCOMING WITH THE JORDANIANS. SOME TOP OFFICIALS, INCLUDING MR. KISSINGER HAVE ARGUED THAT THE PALESTINE LIBERATION ORGANIZATION WOULD NOT HAVE BEEN PUSHED INTO PROMINENCE IF THE ISRAELIS HAD SHOWN FLEXIBILITY IN DEALING WITH JORDAN.

BUT THE PLO DESPITE THE RECOGNITION IT HAS BEEN ACCORDED AT THE UNITED NATIONS, HAS FAILED TO MAKE ANY HEADWAY IN DIPLOMACY AND THE UNITED STATES HAS CONTINUED TO BELIEVE THAT THE PALESTINE QUESTION COULD BE SETTLED AS ISRAEL HAD MAINTAINED WITHIN THE CONTEXT OF A JORDANIAN ISRAELI AGREEMENT.

MR. RABIN HAS STEADFASTLY REFUSED TO CONSIDER THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PALESTINAIN STATE BETWEEN JORDAN AND ISRAEL ON THE GROUND THAT IT WOULD BE A THREAT TO ISRAEL'S SECURITY.

ISRAELIS HAVE LEAKED WORD TO THE PRESS THAT MR. RABIN RECENTLY HAD A MEETING WITH KING HUSSEIN, ALTHOUGH NO MAJOR PROGRESS WAS REPORTED.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS ASSUME THAT FOR KING HUSSEIN TO ALTER HIS POSITION, SEVERAL CONDITIONS AT LEAST, MUST BE FULFILLED. EGYPT, SAUDI ARABIA AND PERHAPS SOME OTHER "MODERATE" STATES MUST SUPPORT HIS TALKING. THE NEGOTIATING LEAD, AND ISRAEL MUST INDICATE WILLINGNESS TO PULL ITS FORC

AF  
OM

A SUBSTANTIAL PART OF THE WEST BANK.

BUT BECAUSE THE WEST BANK CONTAINS AREAS THAT MANY RELIGIOUS JEWS CONSIDER SACRED TO ISRAEL, THE ISRAELI GOVERNMENT HAS PLEDGED THAT A NATIONAL ELECTION WOULD BE HELD TO RATIFY ANY JORDANIAN ACCORD.

THAT WOULD POSE A DELICATE PROBLEM FOR MR. RABIN WHO ASSUMED OFFICE IN JUNE 1974. SOME OF HIS SUPPORTERS BELIEVE HE MIGHT FAVOR AN EARLY ELECTION ON THE GROUND THAT ANY ARRANGEMENT WITH JORDAN WOULD ALSO BY ITS NATURE TAKE CARE OF THE PALESTINIAN QUESTION AND REMOVE THAT AS A MAJOR IRRITANT IN WORLD AFFAIRS.

AD KAN  
ITONUT=====

שהח רהם מנכל שהבט ממנכל טמנכל מצפא אירוסה אב ג כנסיות יארי מאף מאום אב מעה הסברה  
מזתים חקר רם אמן תעוד אילסר רנון נבון מעה מבקרים  
מב/אק



ב" אדר א' תשל"ו  
3 פברואר 1976

66

אל:מר אלי מזרחי, לשכת רוה"מ  
מאה: צבי רפיה, וושינגטון

הנדון: נאום רוה"מ בקונגרס

מצ"ב לקט הגובות בעקבות הופעה רוה"מ בקונגרס :

- א. סנטור סד קנדי
- ב. סנטור ג'ו ביידן (ועדת החוץ)
- ג. חבר ביה"נ ריצ'רד אוסינג'ר (מניו-יורק; בעמוד שבו נאום רוה"מ)
- ד. חברת ביה"נ בלה אבצוג (מניו-יורק)
- ה. חברת ביה"נ מרגוט הקלר (טמסצ'וסטס)
- ו. חבר ביה"נ אקר טיקוזה (טאילנד)
- ז. חבר ביה"נ ג'והן היינץ (מפנסילבניה).

בברכה,  
  
צ. רפיה

הערה: מנחל מצפ"א, משה"ח



UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF STATE



EMBASSY OF ISRAEL  
WASHINGTON, D.C.

TELETYPE  
JUNE 1967

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM: AMEMB, TEL AVIV

RE: JERUSALEM

1. JERUSALEM, ISRAELI ARMY, JUNE 1967

2. JERUSALEM, ISRAELI ARMY, JUNE 1967
3. JERUSALEM, ISRAELI ARMY, JUNE 1967
4. JERUSALEM, ISRAELI ARMY, JUNE 1967
5. JERUSALEM, ISRAELI ARMY, JUNE 1967
6. JERUSALEM, ISRAELI ARMY, JUNE 1967
7. JERUSALEM, ISRAELI ARMY, JUNE 1967
8. JERUSALEM, ISRAELI ARMY, JUNE 1967

END

AMEMB

TEL AVIV

JUNE 1967

ABZUG WELCOMES RABIN'S OFFER  
TO NEGOTIATE PEACE WITH ARABS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New York (Ms. Abzug) is recognized for 20 minutes.

Ms. ABZUG. Mr. Speaker, Israeli Prime Minister Rabin has made a new and courageous offer in his address to the joint session of Congress today. It represents a significant step forward on the long road to peace in the Middle East.

Now it is up to the Arab bloc to respond with equally significant concessions. Are its leaders prepared to meet with the Israelis "at any time, at any place," as offered by Mr. Rabin? There can be no doubt that it is time to end the maneuverings that have given unwarranted recognition and prominence to the PLO and which have turned the U.N. Assembly into an anti-Israeli forum and move matters toward a Geneva Peace Conference, as Prime Minister Rabin proposes. It is certainly time for face to face talks between the leaders of Israel and the Arab nations. Is it too much to ask the Arab nation leaders to take this "risk" for peace?

Under the Rabin plan, all of Israel's Arab neighbors would participate in the peace conference, the aim of which is the full and complete settlement of Israel's borders and the absolute acceptance by all participants of Israel's legitimacy and permanence. Prime Minister Rabin's offer is not predicated on any unyielding territorial claims by Israel. It is not predicated on exclusion of any of the parties to the conflict, including the Palestinians.

What is essential is that the Arab bloc, including the Palestinians, once and for all accept the fact of the existence of Israel. The survival of a militarily secure Israel is the key to a settlement and Israel must be equipped with the means to guarantee that survival. As Prime Minister Rabin says—

We alone are responsible for our own defense. This is how it has been; this is how it must be.

I am disturbed by the proposed reduction in the amount of U.S. aid requested by the Ford administration for Israel, because only a militarily strong Israel can have a strong negotiating position at Geneva or anywhere else.

The United States, whose friendship has been crucial to the survival of Israel, must continue and extend its military support for Israel, and assure that there is no interruption of the necessary supply of materiel to that tiny nation.

It must also work toward a peace settlement for the Middle East that can realize for the Jewish nation the continuance of an independent democratic society, secular in the equality of all its citizens, Jew and non-Jew alike, before the law, and founded upon the historic

Jewish values of which Prime Minister Rabin spoke.

Prime Minister Rabin has held out an olive branch. Let us hope that it will not be shot down by the PLO.



PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN  
OF ISRAEL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Massachusetts (Mrs. HECKLER) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mrs. HECKLER of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, we had the occasion this afternoon to hear the distinguished Prime Minister of Israel, Yitzhak Rabin, as he so eloquently discussed the concerns and aspirations of his great nation, our ally in the Middle East.

The Prime Minister echoed my thoughts when he said of the United Nations:

The words of its charter have been abused and devalued. Its moral resources have been eroded by extortion and appeasement. None of us in the free world have fared well in this climate.

What he said, and what I have been saying for many months, is that Israel is not the sole target of those nations who would make the U.N. a forum for invective and hate. They have another target in mind, my colleagues. They are trying to reach us through our ally.

Daniel Moynihan, our forceful spokesman at the U.N., has recognized this, as have many of us who have followed the Arab-Israeli conflict closely.

Mr. Speaker, we must continue to maintain our strong support for Israel. Failure to do so would weaken our position with our other allies throughout the world. It is not only in our best interest, but in the best interest of world peace that Israeli-American cooperation continue unabated.

Only when the Arab nations recognize Israel and reconcile themselves to the country's right to exist can there be a meaningful effort toward a permanent peace in the Middle East. As Prime Minister Rabin said:

The Palestinian issue began with the overall Arab posture on the legitimacy of the Jewish State of Israel. Only when that posture changes will the Palestinian issue be constructively and finally tackled.

We in the United States desire peace in the Middle East. Certainly the Jewish people who have fought for centuries, against all manner of barbarisms, to preserve themselves, want peace.

But as long as the hate mongers continue their warlike policies in whatever forum is available to them, there will be no peace. And though our common desire for peace in the Mid-East is not the only bond which joins us to Israel it is an important one. I intend to continue my support for the State of Israel. We dare not back away from our obligation to this country.

SUPPORT OF AID TO ISRAEL

HON. H. JOHN HEINZ III

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, January 28, 1976

Mr. HEINZ. Mr. Speaker, I join today with the millions of Americans in welcoming Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin of Israel to the United States. His visit, I believe, underscores once again the unique ties that bind our Nation to his.

It also serves to underscore the imperiled existence of Israel against a backdrop of bloodshed, hypocrisy, and deceit, and the vital role the United States has played in helping her to overcome these forces that would have crippled lesser nations long ago.

This backdrop has become increasingly darker for Israel. We have seen the PLO invade Lebanon from Syria while pretending to pursue diplomacy in good faith at the United Nations. We have seen an increase in the concentration of economic and military power in the Middle East which threatens and further isolates Israel.

And we have seen Israel continue to survive.

Yet I am distressed, Mr. Speaker, that while the United States continues to strive for a negotiated settlement to end the differences between Israel and her Arab neighbors—and to seek a solution to the agonies of the Palestinian Arabs—it threatens to undermine its own intentions by reducing economic assistance to Israel by some \$440 million over the coming fiscal year.

Such a drastic cut in our aid to Israel offers her enemies a blueprint for increased terror, intimidation, and terrorism. Without our full support, Israel's ability to defend itself is reduced.

With this awful truth in my mind, Mr. Speaker, I strongly urge the House International Affairs Committee to complete action on the Security Assistance authorization to Israel for fiscal year 1976, and to begin immediately consideration of legislation for the coming year.

To strengthen the substance of that consideration, I am today introducing a resolution to maintain aid to Israel in fiscal year 1977 at the same level as that for fiscal year 1976. The effect of this is to increase the administration budget request by about \$500 million for fiscal year 1977.

Mr. Speaker, Israel needs our full economic support. More importantly, she needs the assurance that the United States will continue to stand beside her as she struggles for survival and peace in the Middle East.



*from the office of*

*Senator Edward M. Kennedy  
of Massachusetts*

STATEMENT BY SENATOR EDWARD M. KENNEDY CONCERNING  
PRIME MINISTER RABIN'S ADDRESS BEFORE A JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE  
JANUARY 23, 1976

I welcome Prime Minister Rabin's renewed commitment to peace, in his address before a Joint Session of Congress today. His efforts I believe can help move the nations of the Middle East towards a resolution of this conflict that has brought so much suffering to so many. The Prime Minister's willingness to meet with the head of any Arab government, at any time, can help to establish that dialogue which is essential to a future of peace and understanding among Middle East peoples. And I particularly welcomed his declaration that Israel will open its ports to the free movement of goods within the area; open its hospitals to cure the sick from any country of the region; and open its research institutes on the use of land and water.

# NEWS RELEASE

from the office of:

**Senator Joe Biden**  
**Delaware**



**Washington:**

Senate Office Building  
Washington, D.C. 20510  
Telephone: 202/224-5042

**Wilmington:**

6021 Federal Building  
Wilmington, Delaware 19801  
Telephone: 302/571-6345

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE  
January 28, 1976

WASHINGTON:

\* Senator Joe Biden, a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, today issued the following statement following the address to a joint session of Congress by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin:

"The Prime Minister delivered what can only be termed a strong and courageous presentation of Israel's case for continued close American-Israeli ties. I support the closeness of those ties.

"I was especially pleased that the Prime Minister spelled out Israel's desire for peace in the Middle East, and its willingness--in Prime Minister Rabin's words--to 'give up much and compromise much on territory' and to 'go more than half way' to assure successful negotiations with Israel's neighbors.

"Those were words of peace, and I welcome them."

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EMBASSY OF ISRAEL  
WASHINGTON, D.C.



שגרירות ישראל  
ושינגטון

ב' אדר א' תשל"ו  
3 בפברואר 1976

67

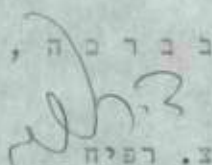
ס ו ד י

אל: מר אלי מזרחי, לשכת רוה"ט  
מאת: צבי רפיה, וושינגטון

בארוחת הצהריים שערך רוה"ט ב-30 לינואר בבלייר-האוז  
לקבוצת סנטורים, נשאל<sup>רואה</sup> גם בנושא הכורים והנשק הגרעיני.

מצ"ב רישום שערכתי בעת הארוחת מהשאלות והתשובות.

עוהקים מהמצ"ב מסרתי לחנן כראון ולאלי אפרתי (היועץ  
המדעי בשגרירות).

בברכה,  
  
צ. רפיה

MEMORANDUM  
FOR THE DIRECTOR



EMBASSY OF ISRAEL  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DATE: 10/10/67  
TO: DIRECTOR

Subject: [Illegible]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible signature]



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בארוחת אחרונים שערך ראש הממשלה ב"בלייר-האוז" בווינגסטון ב-30 לינואר לתריסר סנטורים, שאל סנטור ג'ון גלן (דמוקרט מאוהיו) אם אספקתם העתידה של כורים גרעיניים למצרים מעוררת דאגה בישראל. ראש-הממשלה השיב כלהלן:

ככל שחדחו את מהן הכורים למצרים כן ייטב. אנו יודעים כי קיימת החלטה ויש מחוייבות אמריקנית לספק למצרים כורים גרעיניים ואנו לוקחים זאת כעובדה. הבעיה איננה ארצות-הברית. אנו יודעים על העיסקה בין צרפת לעירק ואנו רואים בעירק גורם הרבה מהות אחראי מאשר מצרים. הבעיה היא אותה בעיה שהיתה בהודו כאשר הכור שספקה לה קנדה איפשר להודו לייצר אמצעים גרעיניים משלה.

בכסף ניתן לקנות הכל. אין אני מדבר על שלוש שנים אלא על חמש-שש-שבע שנים.

גם אנו מנהלים מו"מ עם ווסטינגהאוז. הועדה לאנרגיה גרעינית שלכם אומרת כי לפני 1982 לא יהיו כורים גרעיניים בפעולה - לנו או למצרים.

סנטור גלן העיר - אני אופתע אם השיגו כורים גרעיניים ב-1982. אם כן - זה יהיה התהליך הסהיר ביותר שאירע מעולם. בדרך-כלל הדבר דורש 8 עד 10 שנים.

סנטור גלן שאל מהי עמדת רוח"מ לגבי הכושר הגרעיני של ישראל. רוח"מ השיב - איננו מדינה גרעינית. עלינו להיות במצב שלא נהייה ה"שניים". לא נהיה הראשונים להכניס נשק גרעיני לאזור. זוהי ההנחיה הפוליטית שהמיד היתה וכך היא מבוצעת. רוח"מ איננו מדבר על 5 עד 7 שנים במטרתן אין אפשרות שמדינה ערבית תייצר נשק גרעיני. אין רוח"מ מאמין כי סין או בריה"מ, או אפילו הודו, יספקו נשק גרעיני. לגבי ארה"ב אין לרוח"מ כל ספק שהיא לא תספק נשק גרעיני.

1. The purpose of this document is to provide information regarding the activities of the [redacted] and the [redacted] in the [redacted] area. This information is being provided for your information and is not to be distributed outside of your office.

2. The [redacted] and the [redacted] have been observed in the [redacted] area on several occasions. They are believed to be engaged in activities that are of interest to the [redacted] and the [redacted]. It is recommended that you continue to monitor their activities and report any further information to the [redacted] and the [redacted].

3. The [redacted] and the [redacted] are believed to be engaged in activities that are of interest to the [redacted] and the [redacted]. It is recommended that you continue to monitor their activities and report any further information to the [redacted] and the [redacted].

4. The [redacted] and the [redacted] are believed to be engaged in activities that are of interest to the [redacted] and the [redacted]. It is recommended that you continue to monitor their activities and report any further information to the [redacted] and the [redacted].

5. The [redacted] and the [redacted] are believed to be engaged in activities that are of interest to the [redacted] and the [redacted]. It is recommended that you continue to monitor their activities and report any further information to the [redacted] and the [redacted].

6. The [redacted] and the [redacted] are believed to be engaged in activities that are of interest to the [redacted] and the [redacted]. It is recommended that you continue to monitor their activities and report any further information to the [redacted] and the [redacted].



מי שמדאיגה את רוח"מ - זוהי הודו. שכן הודו נמצאה במצב כלכלי קשה. קדאפי פנה לשתי מדינות לטינו-אמריקניות והציע להן סכום כסף בלתי-מוגבל אם הן תיחנה לו את האמצעים לייצור נשק גרעיני. באותה מידה הוא יכול לומר להודו - קחי חמישה בליון דולר וחני לי תמורתן פצצה גרעינית אחת.

רוח"מ אמר כי איננו מודאג לגבי בריה"מ או סין. אבל קדאפי (לגביו אמר טאדאח שאין הוא מקרה פוליטי אלא מקרה פסיכי) - זה דבר אחר. אם לוב מוכנה לשלם עבור טנקים ומטוסים שאין לה במי לאיישם, היא תהא מוכנה גם לרכוש נשק אטומי. קדאפי לא יוכל לקבל זאת אלא מהודו, לגביה אין רוח"מ <sup>ל</sup> מה תהא עמדתה.

סנטור קרנסטון (דמוקרט מקליפורניה) שאל - אולי הערבים ישכרו מומחים. רוח"מ השיב כי במקרה זה יהא צורך בעשר שנים לפחות.

סנטור גלן שאל לגבי ה"פרשינג" - האם בקשה ישראל לרכישתם הינה חלק בלתי-נפרד מההיזה "לא להיות שניים".

רוח"מ השיב - הבעייה שלנו הינה בכך שהרוסים סיפקו טילי קרקע-קרקע סקאד לארצות ערב.

סנטור גלן אמר - כאשר ביקשתם את ה"פרשינג" חשבנו כי יש לכם ראשי-חץ גרעיני אותו רציתם להלביש על ה"פרשינג".



רשט: צבי רפיה







# news report

FEBRUARY 3, 1976

TEXT: PRIME MINISTER RABIN'S REMARKS ON U.S. TV SHOW

HEREWITH IS THE TRANSCRIPT OF NBC'S NATIONALLY TELEVISED PROGRAM "MEET THE PRESS," FEATURING AS GUEST YITZHAK RABIN, PRIME MINISTER OF ISRAEL, FROM NEW YORK, FEB. 1. REPORTERS QUESTIONING MR. RABIN WERE BARBARA WALTERS OF NBC NEWS; ROWLAND EVANS OF THE CHICAGO SUN-TIMES SYNDICATE; RICHARD HOLBROOKE OF FOREIGN POLICY QUARTERLY, AND RICHARD HUNT OF NBC NEWS:

(BEGIN TRANSCRIPT)

MR. MONROE: OUR GUEST TODAY ON MEET THE PRESS IS THE PRIME MINISTER OF ISRAEL, YITZHAK RABIN.

MR. RABIN, ON AN 11-DAY VISIT TO THIS COUNTRY, ADDRESSED A JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS ON WEDNESDAY. HE WAS CHIEF OF STAFF OF THE ISRAELI ARMY DURING THE SIX DAY WAR OF 1967 AND FOR FIVE YEARS SERVED AS ISRAELI AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES.

WE WILL HAVE THE FIRST QUESTIONS NOW FROM BARBARA WALTERS OF NBC NEWS.

MS. WALTERS: MR. PRIME MINISTER, IT HAS BEEN REPORTED NOW, AFTER YOUR TALKS HERE, THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL TRY TO HAVE A GENEVA CONFERENCE IN THE MIDDLE EAST, HAVE IT RECONVENED WITHOUT THE DIRECT PARTICIPATION OF THE PALESTINE LIBERATION ORGANIZATION. GIVEN THE STRONG ARAB AND SYRIAN SUPPORT FOR THE PLO,

ONE WONDERS REALISTICALLY HOW THIS CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED. CAN YOU TELL US HOW YOU AND PRESIDENT FORD THINK IT WILL BE?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: WELL, I PREFER TO PRESENT THE ISRAELI POSITION RATHER THAN TO REPRESENT THE AMERICAN POSITION, BECAUSE I BELIEVE IT WILL BE MORE ADVISABLE TO TURN TO AN AMERICAN OFFICIAL ABOUT AN AMERICAN POSITION.

I THINK THAT WHAT WE SHOULD TRY NOW, AFTER SUCCEEDING IN THE ACHIEVEMENT OF THE INTERIM AGREEMENT BETWEEN EGYPT AND ISRAEL, AND TO THAT REDUCTION, DETENTION AND CREATING, I BELIEVE CONDITIONS THAT WILL HELP THE CAUSE OF PEACE, TO RECONVENE THE GENEVA CONFERENCE ON THE BASIS THAT WAS AGREED

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IN '73 THAT IT WILL BE CONVENED, IN ACCORDANCE TO THE PROCEDURES THAT WERE SET BY THE TWO CO-CHAIRMEN, THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION, TO THE LETTER THAT WAS SENT BY THE SECRETARY GENERAL AND REALLY GO INTO THE MEANINGFUL NEGOTIATIONS ABOUT PUTTING AN END TO THE CONFLICT AND NEGOTIATING PEACE. I HOPE THE AMERICAN POSITION WILL BE THE SAME.

MS. WALTERS: MR. PRIME MINISTER, YOU HAVE REPEATEDLY SAID IN YOUR SPEECHES THAT A MILITARILY STRONG ISRAEL IS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE PEACE.

NOW, THE PENTAGON AND THE CIA HAVE REPORTED AFTER THEIR MILITARY ANALYSIS THAT ISRAEL IS MORE THAN STRONG ENOUGH TO DETER ANY ARAB AGGRESSION.

WERE YOU ABLE TO CONVINCE CONGRESS AND PRESIDENT FORD, THOSE WHO ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR DECIDING MILITARY AID TO ISRAEL, THAT YOU ARE RIGHT AND THAT THE CIA AND THE PENTAGON ARE WRONG?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: WELL, FIRST I WOULD LIKE TO THANK THE CIA AND THE PENTAGON FOR COMPLIMENTING ISRAEL FOR ITS MILITARY STRENGTH, BUT I BELIEVE THAT WE NEED MORE THAN COMPLIMENTS. WE NEED HARDWARE.

WHAT IS THE REAL PROBLEM? THE INFUX OF ARMS BY THE SOVIET UNION, ESPECIALLY TO SYRIA, TO IRAQ, TO LIBYA, AND JUST TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA, SINCE THE YOM KIPPUR WAR AT THE END OF '73, I WOULD SAY THAT FOR EACH TANK THAT WE GOT FROM THE UNITED STATES, THE SOVIET UNION SENT SOMETHING BETWEEN FOUR TO FIVE TANKS TO FOUR ARAB COUNTRIES. THEREFORE, IF THE SOVIETS WILL REDUCE THE ARMS INFUX, WE CAN REDUCE OUR NEEDS. BUT, TO BE MORE SPECIFIC TO YOUR QUESTION, I BELIEVE THAT THE CALCULATIONS THAT WERE PRESENTED BY THE CIA AND THE PENTAGON WERE NOT BASED ON THE ISSUES THAT SHOULD BE. FOR EXAMPLE, THEY EXCLUDED THE JORDANIAN ARMY FROM ANY CALCULATION WHATSOEVER --

MS. WALTERS: BUT, MR. PRIME MINISTER, COULD YOU JUST TELL ME IF YOU WERE ABLE TO CONVINCE THE PRESIDENT OF THIS POINT OF VIEW IN YOUR DAYS OF TALKS OR DOES HE STILL FEEL THAT THE MILITARY ANALYSIS OF THIS COUNTRY IS RIGHT?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: I CAN SAY IN A SIMPLE WAY THAT AFTER MY TALK WITH THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE, I HAVE COME UP WITH SATISFACTION TO WHAT HAS BEEN ADDED DURING MY VISIT IN TERMS OF ITEMS THAT WILL BE SHIPPED TO ISRAEL.

MR. EVANS: MR. PRIME MINISTER, U.S. TAXPAYERS ARE GOING TO BE CHARGED BY THE U.S. CONGRESS ABOUT 2.5 BILLION DOLLARS THIS YEAR TO KEEP ISRAEL IN THE POSTURE THAT, OF COURSE, YOU WISH TO KEEP HER, THE STRONGEST NATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST. THAT AMOUNTS TO ABOUT 833 DOLLARS FOR EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD IN ISRAEL. DO YOU THINK THAT WITH UNEMPLOYMENT IN THIS COUNTRY RUNNING CLOSE TO EIGHT PER CENT, WITH SOME OF OUR GREAT CITIES LIKE NEW YORK ON THE EDGE OF BANKRUPTCY, THAT THERE COULD BE A BACKLASH BY THE AMERICAN TAXPAYER OVER THIS KIND OF SPENDING?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: WELL, I CAN EXPLAIN THE NEEDS OF ISRAEL AND THE NEED FOR A STRONG ISRAEL TO MAINTAIN THE COURSE OF STABILITY IN THE AREA AND THE SEARCH FOR PEACE.

I DON'T BELIEVE, AND I DON'T PRETEND THAT I CAN ANSWER IT FROM THE AMERICAN POINT OF VIEW.

ALLOW ME JUST TO REMIND YOU THAT I THINK IF WE LOOK BACK WE WILL SEE THAT WHENEVER THE UNITED STATES SUPPORTED ISRAEL ON THE ONE HAND AND OFFERED, ON THE OTHER HAND, OPEN COURSE FOR PEACE, FOR INCREASED STABILITY, THIS COMBINATION OF THE TWO-PRONGED POLICY BY THE UNITED STATES BROUGHT HER CERTAIN POLITICAL ACHIEVEMENTS THAT HAVE SERVED THE AMERICAN INTEREST.



I BELIEVE THAT THIS POLICY HAS BROUGHT ABOUT THE INTERIM AGREEMENT WITH EGYPT, THE CHANGE IN THE EGYPTIAN ATTITUDE TOWARDS THE UNITED STATES, AND THROUGH THAT, TO SECURE VITAL AMERICAN INTERESTS. THEREFORE, I THINK THE POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES THAT PUTS FIRST AND FOREMOST THE EFFORTS TO BRING ABOUT PEACE, BUT REALIZING THAT WITHOUT A STRONG ISRAEL THIS CANNOT BE ACHIEVED AND CANNOT EVEN TURN SOME OF THE ATTITUDES OF THE ARAB COUNTRIES TO BE MORE FAVORABLE TO THE UNITED STATES, I THINK THAT THIS POLICY HAS TO BE CONTINUED TO BE PURSUED.

MR. EVANS: LET ME TURN THAT MILITARY AID QUESTION AROUND A LITTLE BIT, MR. PRIME MINISTER.

BY WHAT RULE OF INTERNATIONAL LAW DOES ISRAEL CLAIM THE RIGHT TO USE U.S. MILITARY AID IN THE FORM OF AIRCRAFT TO BOMB REFUGEE AND TERRORIST BASES IN LEBANON THAT ARE SAID TO BE BASES USED BY THE PLO AND THE FATAH AGAINST ISRAEL?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: I BELIEVE BY THE RULES OF SELF-DEFENSE. WE ATTACK BASES OF TERRORISTS THAT THEY DECLARE PUBLICLY AND CARRY OUT ALL KINDS OF ATROCITIES AGAINST ISRAEL AND THEREFORE I THINK THAT THE ACT OF SELF-DEFENSE IS RESPECTED ALL OVER THE WORLD.

MAY I ASK YOU A QUESTION? IN LEBANON, IN THE LAST TEN MONTHS, TEN THOUSAND PEOPLE GOT KILLED. TWENTY THOUSAND WERE WOUNDED. THE CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY WAS FORCED TO ACCEPT CONDITIONS THAT WERE DICTATED UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF SYRIA BY THE TERRORISTS, THE PALESTINIAN TERRORISTS, AND I HAVE NEVER HEARD YOU SAYING ANY WORD ABOUT IT.

MR. EVANS: COULD I ANSWER THAT BY ASKING YOU, SIR, WHETHER YOU FEEL THE PRESENCE OF A HALF MILLION PALESTINIANS WHO USED TO LIVE IN WHAT IS NOW ISRAEL, AS REFUGEES, IN LEBANON, CAUSED OR WERE PART OF THE CAUSE OF THE UNFORTUNATE PROBLEMS IN LEBANON?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: WELL, I DON'T BELIEVE THAT IT IS A RELATED PROBLEM, BUT IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO ANSWER ME, THE ANSWER IS SIMPLE. WHILE IN LEBANON, PRACTICALLY THERE WAS COEXISTENCE BETWEEN THE CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY AND THE MOSLEM COMMUNITY, AND ONLY BECAUSE OF OUTSIDE FORCES THERE IS AN EFFORT TO BRING ABOUT ISLAMIZATION OF LEBANON.

IN 1947, WHEN THE PARTITION PLAN OF FORMER PALESTINE TO A JEWISH STATE AND AN ARAB STATE WAS PROPOSED, WE ACCEPTED IT. THE OTHER SIDE REJECTED, WENT TO WAR AGAINST THE PLAN, AGAINST THE VERY EXISTENCE OF THE JEWISH STATE, AND NOW THEY CLAIM THAT THEY HAVE SUFFERED FROM THE WAR THAT THEY INITIATED. HAD THEY ACCEPTED THE PARTITION PLAN, THERE WOULD HAVE BEEN A JEWISH STATE AND A PALESTINIAN STATE AND NO ONE PALESTINIAN WOULD HAVE BEEN IN THE STATE OF A REFUGEE. THEREFORE, PLEASE TURN YOUR QUESTION ABOUT WHAT HAS BEEN DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE WAR THAT THEY INITIATED TO THOSE THAT WERE RESPONSIBLE FOR THAT.

MR. HOLBROOKE: IN ANSWER TO BARBARA WALTERS' SECOND QUESTION, MR. PRIME MINISTER, YOU SAID THAT THE UNITED STATES APPARENTLY, ON YOUR LAST VISIT, HAS INCREASED ITS SUPPORT TO ISRAEL. SPECIFICALLY, DID YOU GET THE ADMINISTRATION AND PRESIDENT FORD TO AGREE TO RESTORE IN ONE FORM OR ANOTHER THE 500 MILLION DOLLARS THAT THEY HAD CUT FROM NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: WHEN WE DISCUSSED WITH THE ADMINISTRATION OUR PROBLEMS, WE FIRST FOCUSED ON THE POLITICAL ISSUE. THEN WE DEALT WITH THE PRACTICAL NEEDS OF ISRAEL IN TERMS OF HARDWARE TO MAINTAIN THE BALANCE OF POWER IN VIEW OF THE INCREASED MILITARY STRENGTHS OF THE OTHER SIDE. AND THE FINANCIAL PROBLEM COMES AFTER WE DECIDE ABOUT THE QUESTION OF THE HARDWARE.



I BELIEVE THAT AT PRESENT THE MAIN FOCUS WAS THE POLITICAL ISSUE, THE HARDWARE, AND WE HAVE GOT TIME TO DISCUSS THE FINANCIAL PROBLEM.

MR. HOLBROOKE: ARE YOU SAYING THAT IT DID NOT COME UP IN ALL YOUR TALKS WITH THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: WELL, THIS ISSUE WAS RAISED UP. I DON'T CONSIDER IT TO BE AT THE PRESENT THE CRUCIAL ISSUE. ALLOW ME TO REMIND YOU THAT THE FISCAL YEAR BILL OF FOREIGN AID FOR '76 HAS NOT YET BEEN APPROVED BY THE CONGRESS. I TEND TO BELIEVE IT WILL BE APPROPRIATED IN THE PROPER WAY AND THEN IN ACCORDANCE TO THE PROCESS OF THE LEGISLATION OF THE FISCAL YEAR OF '77 WE WILL BRING UP ALL OUR PROBLEMS.

WE NEED MORE THAN WAS PUT BEFORE THE CONGRESS BY THE BILL FOR FISCAL YEAR '77.

MR. HOLBROOKE: SO YOU WOULD LIKE MORE. DO YOU EXPECT TO GET IT?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: I AM OPTIMISTIC.

MR. HOLBROOKE: THERE ARE REPORTS IN THE NEWSPAPERS THAT A COMPROMISE HAS ALREADY BEEN REACHED. ARE YOU WILLING TO CONFIRM THAT?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: I AM NOT AWARE OF IT.

MR. HUNT: CHANGES ARE BEING MADE IN THE POLITICAL STRUCTURE OF LEBANON, MR. PRIME MINISTER, WHICH GREATLY INCREASED THE POWER AND INFLUENCE OF THE SYRIANS AND PALESTINIANS IN THAT COUNTRY. DO YOU REGARD THESE CHANGES AS A THREAT TO ISRAEL?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: WELL, I PREFER TO LOOK AT IT FROM A DIFFERENT POINT OF VIEW. I BELIEVE THAT FOR US, AND I THINK ALSO AND MIGHT BE MAINLY TO THE OUTSIDE WORLD, IT SHOULD SERVE AS A CERTAIN LESSON AND A WARNING.

LEBANON WAS THE ONLY COUNTRY AMONGST 17 ARAB COUNTRIES THAT ISLAM WAS NOT BY THEIR CONSTITUTION THE OFFICIAL RELIGION. IT WAS THE ONLY ARAB MINORITY WHICH DOES NOT HAVE ISLAM AS THEIR RELIGION AND THAT MANAGED TO SUSTAIN THEMSELVES WITHIN A FRAMEWORK OF A STATEHOOD AND POLITICAL STATE, AND THE EFFORT TO FORCE THE ISLAMIZATION OF LEBANON, TO PREVENT -- TO LET EVEN ONE ARAB COUNTRY TO EXIST AS A SECULAR STATE IN WHICH CHRISTIANS AND MOSLEMS WOULD BE ABLE TO LIVE TOGETHER SERVES AS A WARNING TO US. TO WHAT EXTENT. AND A MINORITY WHICH IS NOT AN ARABIC, AND TOTALLY DIFFERENT IN THE RELIGION, CAN'T AFFORD BUT TO HAVE INDEPENDENCE, STATEHOOD, AND THE STRENGTH TO DEFEND IT AGAINST THE MILITANCY OF THE ARAB-MUSLAMIC COUNTRIES.

I WOULD SAY EVEN MORE THAN THAT, THE FACT THAT ALL THE MORALISTS IN THE WORLD KEEP SILENT WHEN A MASSACRE TAKES PLACE. AS I SAID, TEN THOUSAND PEOPLE GOT KILLED. OVER 80 PER CENT OF THEM ARE CIVILIANS; WOMEN, CHILDREN. NO ONE RAISED THE ISSUE IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL, AND THE BODY OF THE UNITED NATIONS THAT IS SUPPOSED TO MAINTAIN PEACE, DEALS FOR TWO WEEKS WITH ALL THE NONSENSE THAT THE SO-CALLED PLO BRINGS THERE AND NO ONE RAISES THAT A MASSACRE GOES ON IN AN ARABIC STATE AGAINST A MUSLIM COMMUNITY, THAT ARE ARABS AND, OF COURSE, WE HAVE TO DRAW ALSO SOME LESSONS FROM THAT.

MR. HUNT: WELL, IN A STRATEGIC SENSE, SIR, ARE YOU NOT CONCERNED ABOUT THE PRESENCE OF A POSSIBLY FAR MORE HOSTILE PRESENCE ON YOUR NORTHERN FRONTIER?



PRIME MINISTER RABIN: WELL, IT IS TOO EARLY TO PASS ANY JUDGMENT WHAT WILL BE THE FINAL DEVELOPMENT IN LEBANON. I BELIEVE THAT AT THE PRESENT THE SYRIANS WILL BE SATISFIED WITH THE FIRST STEP OF THE ISLAMIZATION OF LEBANON AND I DON'T BELIEVE, AND I HOPE THAT IT WOULD NOT DARE TO MAKE IT MORE HOSTILE IN ITS ATTITUDE TOWARDS ISRAEL, BUT NO DOUBT IT IS GOING TO CHANGE THE SITUATION OF LEBANON, NOT IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE, BUT IT MIGHT BE IN THE LONGER TERM, IN THE CONTEXT OF THE ARAB-ISRAELI CONFLICT, NOT IN FAVOR OF ISRAEL.

MR. MONROE: MR. PRIME MINISTER, YOU HAVE TALKED ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF ISRAEL TALKING DIRECTLY WITH THE PALESTINE LIBERATION ORGANIZATION AS IF THAT MIGHT BE SUICIDAL. ISN'T THAT A HARSH OVERSTATEMENT? IT IS TRUE THAT THE PLO HAS NOT OFFICIALLY RECOGNIZED ISRAEL'S RIGHT TO EXISTENCE, BUT NEITHER HAS ISRAEL RECOGNIZED THE RIGHT OF THE PALESTINIANS TO A NATIONAL EXISTENCE. WHY NOT HAVE BOTH SIDES SIT DOWN AND TALK ABOUT IT? WHAT HARM COULD THAT DO? PRIME MINISTER RABIN: WELL, FIRST, ALLOW ME TO REMIND YOU THAT THE PLO BASIC PHILOSOPHY AND CONCEPT IS THAT, FIRST, JUDAISM IS RELIGION AND RELIGION ONLY.

SECOND, THE JEWS ARE NOT ENTITLED FOR ANY RIGHT OF SELF-DETERMINATION AND, THREE, THE JEWS HAVE NO RIGHT TO HAVE A COUNTRY OF THEIR OWN.

THE DECLARED GOAL OF THE PLO IS THE DESTRUCTION OF ISRAEL, THE EXPULSION OF TWO MILLION JEWS BACK TO THE COUNTRIES WHERE THEY CAME FROM, AND TO BUILD ON THE RUINS OF ISRAEL THEIR COUNTRY.

I DON'T BELIEVE THAT ANY REASONABLE PERSON WILL EXPECT ISRAEL TO COOPERATE IN ITS SELF-DESTRUCTION.

WHEN IT COMES TO US, WE HAVE SAID THAT EVEN THOUGH THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE IS NOT THE CRUX OF THE ARAB-ISRAELI CONFLICT, THE REAL ISSUE THAT HAS MAINTAINED THE ARAB-ISRAELI CONFLICT, IS THE RELUCTANCE OF THE ARAB LEADERS TO RECONCILE THAT THERE IS A JEWISH STATE AT ALL. BUT WE KNOW THAT WITHOUT THE SOLUTION OF THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE THERE WILL BE NO REAL PEACE.

THEREFORE, WE OFFER TO NEGOTIATE WITH JORDAN AND IF JORDAN WILL INCLUDE WITHIN ITS OWN NATION A DELEGATION, THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE LEADERS OF THE PEOPLE WHO LIVE ON THE WEST BANK AND THE GAZA STRIP, THAT THEIR FATE AND THEIR FUTURE WILL BE DECIDED IN THIS DISCUSSION, WE WILL HAVE NOTHING AGAINST IT.

MR. MONROE: HOW IS THAT WORKABLE, MR. PRIME MINISTER? ISN'T IT CLEAR THAT THE PALESTINIANS AND THE ARAB COUNTRIES BOTH LOOK UPON THE PLO AS THE VOICE OF THE PALESTINIANS, NOT THE GOVERNMENT OF JORDAN?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: IF THIS IS TRUE, WHY 670,000 PEOPLE WHO LIVE ON THE WEST BANK, WHO HAVE GOT JORDANIAN CITIZENSHIP, NONE OF THEM HAS DECIDED TO GIVE IT UP? ALL OF THEM ADHERE TO THEIR JORDANIAN CITIZENSHIP.

ACCORDING TO THE GENEVA CONVENTION, WE ARE THERE ON A TEMPORARY BASIS, AND WE HAVE TO TOLERATE THE JORDANIAN LAW AND THEIR RESPECT TO THE EFFECT THAT THE PEOPLE THERE ARE JORDANIAN CITIZENS AND THEY WANT TO REMAIN SO.

MS. WALTERS: MR. PRIME MINISTER, WE HAVE HEARD THESE ARGUMENTS NOW BACK AND FORTH FOR A YEAR AND I'D LIKE TO GET BACK TO MY VERY FIRST QUESTION WHICH WAS, 'HOW DO YOU EXPECT TO HAVE A GENEVA CONFERENCE RECONVENED WITHOUT THE PLO OR, TO BE MORE SPECIFIC, YOU AND THE UNITED STATES HAVE SAID THAT YOU ARE GOING TO COORDINATE YOUR DIPLOMATIC STRATEGY.



I ASKED YOU ABOUT PRESIDENT FORD AND YOU SAID YOU HAD TO HAVE THE AMERICAN'S ANSWER. BUT CAN YOU GIVE US ANY SIGN, ANY HOPE, ANY DIRECTION; CAN YOU REALISTICALLY BE SPECIFIC ABOUT ONE NEW ACTION THAT IS GOING TO BREAK THE STALEMATE, THE SAME CONVERSATION BACK AND FORTH THAT WE HAVE HEARD FOR A YEAR. HAS ANYTHING HAPPENED THIS WEEK OR ARE THINGS BASICALLY THE WAY THEY WERE BEFORE YOU CAME TO THIS COUNTRY?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: I BELIEVE NOW THERE ARE BASICALLY TWO OPTIONS HOW TO MOVE TOWARDS PEACE. ONE IS TO RECONVENE THE GENEVA CONFERENCE ALONG THE BASIS THAT I HAVE DESCRIBED. AGAIN, ALLOW ME TO REMIND Q THAT TWO YEARS AGO EVERYBODY AGREED (GARBLED....) THAT AT LEAST ONE KEY ARAB COUNTRY HAS MADE IT PUBLIC THAT THIS COUNTRY IS READY TO GO TO THE GENEVA CONFERENCE AND TO DISCUSS THE PARTICIPATION OF THE SO-CALLED PLO ONCE THE CONFERENCE IS RECONVENED.

SECOND, THERE MIGHT BE ANOTHER OPTION, THAT, THROUGH QUIET DIPLOMACY, WE WILL INQUIRE TO WHAT EXTENT THERE IS A READINESS ON THE PART OF THE ARAB COUNTRIES AND, WITHOUT GOING INTO DETAILS, TO SET FORWARD A MORE MEANINGFUL POLITICAL GOAL FOR THE NEGOTIATIONS, THE KIND THAT WAS SET FOR IN THE INTERIM AGREEMENT. EITHER PEACE OR SOMETHING WHICH IS CLOSER TO A REAL PEACE THAT WILL PUT AN END TO THE WAR.

THEREFORE, I BELIEVE THESE TWO OPTIONS ARE OPEN. I DON'T BELIEVE THAT THERE IS A NEED TO INCLUDE THE SO-CALLED PLO IN THE PROCESS (GARBLED....)

MR. MONROE: WE HAVE LESS THAN A MINUTE.

MR. EVANS: MR. PRIME MINISTER, YOU SAID A MINUTE AGO THE PLO AND PALESTINE ISSUE WAS NOT THE CRUX OF THE MATTER, AND YET A HIGH AMERICAN OFFICIAL, MR. SAUNDERS OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT, STATED AMERICAN POLICY AS FOLLOWS: "THE PALESTINIAN DIMENSION OF THE ARAB-ISRAELI CONFLICT IS THE HEART OF THE CONFLICT."

HOW DO YOU BRING ISRAEL'S POINT OF VIEW IN CONCERT WITH THE UNITED STATES IN VIEW OF THAT STATEMENT?

MR. MONROE: THERE'S JUST ABOUT TWENTY SECONDS, MR. PRIME MINISTER.

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: I DON'T ACCEPT THE CONCEPT OF MR. SAUNDERS AND I TEND TO BELIEVE THAT OUR PEOPLE, WHO KNOW BETTER THAN HIM IN THE ADMINISTRATION, WHAT IS THE HEART OF THE PROBLEM.

MR. MONROE: YOU DON'T THINK HE SPEAKS FOR MR. KISSINGER?

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: I DON'T HAVE ANY EVIDENCE TO THAT.

MR. MONROE: SORRY TO INTERRUPT, BUT OUR TIME IS UP. THANK YOU, MR. PRIME MINISTER, FOR BEING WITH US TODAY ON MEET THE PRESS. (END TRANSCRIPT).

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(Text of the remarks on "Meet the Press" was furnished by the National Broadcasting Company and has been reprinted without change.).

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משרד החוץ

מברק נכנס

מחלקת הקשר

אל"ן המשרד

מאת: ורשיבגמון

מצפא העתק לשכת ויהמ.

להלן בדסח מלא של ראיון ויהמ לשבועון מירע.

RABIN: HOW DIFFICULT IT IS.

Q. DO THE US AND ISRAEL AGREE ON THE ISSUE OF PLO RECOGNITION AT A RECONVENED GENEVA CONFERENCE ?

A. TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE, THE US POSITION IS THAT AS LONG AS THE PLO DOES NOT ACCEPT UN RESOLUTIONS 242, AND 338 THE US WILL OPPOSE NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE PLO SINCE THE PLO HAS NOT GIVEN THE SLIGHTEST HINT THAT THEY ARE READY TO ACCEPT THE US FORMULA, THEY ARE OUT OF THE NEGOTIATIONS FROM THE POINT OF VIEW OF BOTH ISRAEL AND THE US.

Q. COULD THE PALESTINIANS BE PART OF THE JORDAN DELEGATION ?

A. NO DOUBT. I WOULD BE ADVISABLE WE CANNOT DICTATE- FOR JORDAN TO HAVE WITHIN ITS OWN MISSION THE LEADERS OF THE PEOPLE IN THE AREA WHOSE FUTURE IS GOING TO BE DISCUSSED AND DECIDED.

Q. WOULD YOU RULE OUT YASSER ARAFAT AS A MEMBER OF THE JORDAN DELEGATION ?

A. I DON'T BELIEVE THAT THIS IS A PROBLEM THAT HAS TO BE ANSWERED NOW. YOU WANT NAMES. I STRESS PRINCIPLES. FIRST- THAT THE NEGOTIATIONS SHOULD BE CONDUCTED BETWEEN US AND JORDAN. SECOND- WE HAVE NO OBJECTION TO PALESTINIANS IN THE JORDAN DELEGATION. WE DO NOT PUT PRECONDITIONS TO THE ISSUES. ONCE THERE, EVERY SIDE CAN RAISE EVERY ISSUE IT WANTS TO.

Q. WHAT MIGHT ISRAEL OFFER AT GENEVA ?

A. FOR A REAL PEACE, I AM READY FOR CONSIDERABLE CONCESSIONS INCLUDING TERRITORIAL CONCESSIONS, BUT I DON'T BELIEVE IT IS ADVISABLE TO DEFINE THEM EXACTLY AT THE PRESENT WHEN THERE ARE NO NEGOTIATIONS.

Q. WHAT IS THE PROSPECT OF ANOTHER WAR ?

A. ONLY ONE COUNTRY MIGHT ENDANGER THE PRESENT STABILITY IN THE MIDEAST. THAT COUNTRY IS SYRIA. I THINK THE MAIN PURPOSE OF SYRIA IN MAY OF THIS YEAR WILL BE TO PLAY BRINKMANSHIP AND THREATEN WAR FOR THE SAKE OF EXTRICATING GAINS, BUT I HAVE TO SAY THIS WITH CERTAIN RESERVATIONS BECAUSE LOGIC WAS NOT THE DOMINANT FACTOR IN THE BEHAVIOR OF SYRIA.

Q. WHAT ABOUT SYRIA'S ROLE IN LEBANON ?

A. THE SYRIANS STABILIZED A POLITICAL SITUATION THAT THEY THEMSELVES MADE AND IMPOSED ON LEBANON THROUGH THE FULL CONTROL OF THE PALESTINIANS. THE SYRIANS ACHIEVED THEIR INTERMEDIATE GOAL. UNDER THE THREAT OF INVASION FROM THE PLA THE LEADERS THERE ACCEPTED IT. SYRIAN SUCCESS IN LEBANON SHOWS HOW DIFFICULT IT IS

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TO MOVE TOWARD PEACE.

Q. HOW WILL THE MIDEAST BE AFFECTED BY THE US PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS

A. THE SYRIAN GAME IS BASED ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT IN 1976 THE

US IS SOFTER AND THE CAPABILITIES FOR THEM TO BLACKMAIL THE

US FOR POLITICAL CONCESSIONS ARE BETTER. I HOPE THAT AFTER THE

AMERICAN VETO IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL THIS WEEK THEY WILL RECONSIDER THIS POSITION.

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PAZNER---

שהחידוש מבטל את המבטל המבטל מצטא מאדם א ב פעם האברה מזמינים חקר רם אמן

תעוד אישור רבין (קי)

מב/רל



בלתי מסווג

משרד החוץ

מברק נכנס

מחלקת הקשר

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נשלח: 021300 25 בבר 76.

אל: המשרד

מאת: רוסינגטון

(ווייבר)

לשכת עתונות/תעתק רגור.

להלן הטקסט המלא של MEET THE PRESS

שנערך ב-1 פבר.

MR. MONROE: OUR GUEST TODAY ON MEET THE PRESS IS THE PRIME MINISTER OF ISRAEL YITZHAK RABIN.

MR RABIN, ON AN 11 DAY VISIT TO THIS COUNTRY ADDRESSED A JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS ON WEDNESDAY. HE WAS CHIEF OF STAFF OF THE ISRAELI ARMY DURING THE SIX DAY WAR OF 1967 AND FOR FIVE YEARS SERVED AS ISRAELI AMBASSADOR TO THE US.

WE WILL HAVE THE FIRST QUESTIONS NOW FROM BARBARA WALTERS OF NBC NEWS.

Q. MR PRIME MINISTER, IT HAS BEEN REPORTED NOW AFTER YOUR TALKS HERE THAT THE US WILL TRY TO HAVE GENEVA CONGRECE IN THE MIDEAST, HAVE IT RECONVENED WITHOUT THE DIRECT PARTICIPATION OF THE PLO. GIVEN THE STRONG ARAB AND SYRIAN SUPPORT FOR THE PLO, ONE WONDERS REALISTICALLY HOW THIS CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED. CAN YOU TELL US HOW YOUR AND PRESIDENT FORD THINK IT WILL BE ?

A. WELL, I PREFER TO PRESENT THE ISRAELI POSITION RATHER THAN GTO REPRESENT THE AMERICAN POSITION, BECASUE I BELIEVE IT WILL BE MORE ADVISABLE TO TURN TO AN AMERICAN OFFICIAL ABOUT AN AMERICAN POSITION. I THINK THAT WHAT WE SHOULD TRY NOW, AFTER SUCCEEDING IN THE ACHIEVEMENT OF THE INTERIM AGREEMENT BETWEEN EGYPT AND ISRAEL, AND TO THAT REDUCTION, DETENTION AND CREATING, I BELIEVE CONDITIONS THAT WILL HELP THE CAUSE OF PREACE, TO RECONVENE THE GENEVA CONFERENCE ON THE BASIS THAT WAS VAGREED IN 73 THAT IT WILL BE CONVENED IN ACCORDANCE TO THE PROCEDURES THAT WERE SET BY THE TWO CO CHAIRMEN, THE US AND THE SOVIET UNION, TO THE LETTER THAT WAA SENT BY THE SECERTARY GENERAL AND REALLY GO INTO THE MEANINGFUL NEGOTIATIONS ABOUT PUTTING AN END TO THE CONFLICT AND NEGOTIATING PEACE. I HOPE HE AMERICAN POSITION WILL BE THE SAME.

Q. YOU HAVE REEATEDLY SAID IN YOUR SPEECHES THAT A MILITARY TRONG ISRAEL IS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE PEACE. NOW, THE PENTAGON AND THE CIA HAVE REPORTED AFTER THEIR MILITARY ANALYSIS THAT ISRAEL IS MORE THAN STRONG ENOUGHT TO DETER ANY ARAB AGGRESSION.

WERE YOU ABLE TO CONVINCE CONGRESS AND PRESIDENT FORD, THOSE WHO ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR DECIDING MILITARY AID TO ISRAEL, THAT YOU ARE RIGHT AND THAT THE CIA AND THE PENTAGON ARE WRONG ?

A. WELL, FIRST I WOULD LIKE TO THANK THE CIA AND THE PENTAGON FOR COMPLIMENTING ISRAEL FOR ITS MILITARY STRENGTH, BUT I VELIEVE THAT WE NEED MORE THAN COMPLIMENTS, WE NEED HARDWARE.

WHAT IS THE REAL PROBELM ? THE INFLUX OF ARMS BY THE SOVIET UNION



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ESPECIALLY TO SYRIA, TO IRAQ, TO LIBYA, AND JUST TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA SINCE THE YOM KIPPUR WAR AT THE END OF 73 I WOULD SAY THAT FOR EACH TANK THAT WE GOT FROM THE US THE SOVIET UNION SENT SOMETHING BETWEEN FOUR TO FIVE TANKS TO FOUR ARAB COUNTRIES. THEREFORE, IF THE SOVIETS WILL REDUCE THE ARMS INFLOX, WE CAN REDUCE OUR NEEDS. BUT, TO BE MORE SPECIFIC TO YOUR QUESTION, I BELIEVE THAT THE CALCULATIONS THAT WERE PRESENTED BY THE CIA AND THE PENTAGON WERE NOT BASED ON THE ISSUES THAT SHOULD BE FOR EXAMPLE, THEY EXCLUDED THE JORDANIAN ARMY FROM ANY CALCULATION WHATSOEVER —

Q. BUT, COULD YOU JUST TELL ME IF YOU WERE ABLE TO CONVINCE THE PRESIDENT OF THIS POINT OF VIEW IN YOUR DAYS OF TALKS OR DOES HE STILL FEEL THAT THE MILITARY ANALYSIS OF THIS COUNTRY IS RIGHT?

A. I CAN SAY IN A SIMPLE WAY THAT AFTER MY TALK WITH THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE, I HAVE COME UP WITH SATISFACTION TO WHAT HAS BEEN ADDED DURING MY VISIT IN TERMS OF ITEMS THAT WILL BE SHIPPED TO ISRAEL.

R. EVANS: U.S. TAXPAYERS ARE GOING TO BE CHARGED BY THE US CONGRESS ABOUT 2.5 BILLION DOLLARS THIS YEAR TO KEEP ISRAEL IN THE POSTURE THAT OF COURSE YOU WISH TO KEEP HER, THE STRONGEST NATION IN THE MIDEAST. THAT AMOUNTS TO ABOUT 833 DOLLAR FOR EVERY MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD IN ISRAEL. DO YOU THINK THAT WITH UNEMPLOYMENT IN THIS COUNTRY RUNNING CLOSE TO EIGHT PER CENT, WITH SOME OF OUR GREAT CITIES LIKE NEW YORK ON THE EDGE OF BANKRUPTCY, THAT THERE COULD BE A BACKLASH BY THE AMERICAN TAXPAYER OVER THIS KIND OF SPENDING?

A. WELL, I CAN EXPLAIN THE NEEDS OF ISRAEL AND THE NEED FOR A STRONG ISRAEL TO MAINTAIN THE COURSE OF STABILITY IN THE AREA AND THE SEARCH FOR PEACE. I DON'T PRETEND THAT I CAN ANSWER IT FROM THE AMERICAN POINT OF VIEW.

ALLOW ME JUST TO REMIND YOU THAT I THINK IF WE LOOK BACK WE WILL SEE THAT WHENEVER THE US SUPPORTED ISRAEL ON THE ONE HAND AND OFFERED ON THE OTHER HAND, OPEN COURSE FOR PEACE, FOR INCREASED STABILITY THIS COMBINATION OF THE TWO PRONGED POLICY BY THE US BROUGHT HER CERTAIN POLITICAL ACHIEVEMENTS THAT HAVE SERVED THE AMERICAN INTEREST.

I BELIEVE THAT THIS POLICY HAS BROUGHT ABOUT THE INTERIM AGREEMENT WITH EGYPT, THE CHANGE IN THE EGYPTIAN ATTITUDE TOWARDS THE US, AND THROUGH THAT, TO SECURE VITAL AMERICAN INTERESTS. THEREFORE, I THINK THE POLICY OF THE US THAT PUTS FIRST AND FOREMOST THE EFFORTS TO BRING ABOUT PEACE, BUT REALIZING THAT WITHOUT A STRONG ISRAEL THIS CANNOT BE ACHIEVED AND CANNOT EVEN TURN SOME OF THE ATTITUDES OF THE ARAB COUNTRIES TO BE MORE FAVORABLE TO THE US, I THINK THAT THIS POLICY HAS TO BE CONTINUED TO BE PURSUED.

Q. LET ME TURN THAT MILITARY AID QUESTION AROUND A LITTLE BIT, BY WHAT RULE OF INTERNATIONAL LAW DOES ISRAEL CLAIM THE RIGHT TO USE US MILITARY AID IN THE FORM OF AIRCRAFT TO BOMB REFUGEE AND TERRORIST BASES IN LEBANON THAT ARE SAID TO BE BASES USED BY THE

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PLO AND THE FATAH AGAINST ISRAEL ?

A. I BELIEVE BY THE RULES OF SELFDEFENSE WE ATTACK BASES OF TERRORISTS THAT THEY DECLARE PUBLICLY AND CARRY OUT ALL KINDS OF ATROCITIES AGAINST ISRAEL AND THEREFORE I THINK THAT THE ACT OF SELF DEFENSE IS RESPECTED ALL OVER THE WORLD.

MAY I ASK YOU A QUESTION ? IN LEBANON IN THE LAST TEN MONTHS, TEN THOUSAND PEOPLE GOT KILLED, TWENTY THOUSAND WERE WOUNDED, THE CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY WAS FORCED TO ACCEPT CONDITIONS THAT WERE DICTATED UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF SYRIA BY THE TERRORISTS, THE PALESTINIANS TERRORISTS, AND I HAVE NEVER HEARD YOU SAYING ANY WORD ABOUT IT.

MR. EVANS: COULD I ANSWER THAT BY ASKING YOU, SIR, WHETHER YOU FEEL THE PRESENCE OF A HALF MILLION PALESTINIANS WHO USED TO LIVE IN WHAT IS NOW ISRAEL, AS REFUGEES, IN LEBANON, CAUSED OR WERE PART OF THE CAUSE OF THE UNFORTUNATE PROBLEMS IN LEBANON ?

RABIN: WELL, I DON'T BELIEVE THAT IT IS A RELATED PROBLEM, BUT IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO ANSWER ME, THE ANSWER IS SIMPLE. WHILE IN LEBANON PRACTICALLY THERE WAS COEXISTENCE BETWEEN THE CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY AND THE MUSLIM COMMUNITY, AND ONLY BECAUSE OF OUTSIDE FORCES THERE IS AN EFFORT TO BRING ABOUT ISLAMISATION OF LEBANON. IN 1947, WHEN THE PARTITION PLAN OF FORMER PALESTINE TO A JEWISH STATE AND AN ARAB STATE WAS PROPOSED WE ACCEPTED IT. THE OTHER SIDE REJECTED, WENT TO WAR AGAINST THE PLAN, AGAINST THE VERY EXISTENCE OF THE JEWISH STATE, AND NOW THEY CLAIM THAT THEY HAVE SUFFERED FROM THE WAR THAT THEY INITIATED. HAD THEY ACCEPTED THE PARTITION PLAN, THERE WOULD HAVE BEEN A JEWISH STATE AND A PALESTINIAN STATE AND NO ONE PALESTINIAN WOULD HAVE BEEN IN THE STATE OF A REFUGEE. THEREFORE, PLEASE TURN YOUR QUESTION ABOUT WHAT HAS BEEN DEVELOPED AS A RESULT OF THE WAR THAT THEY INITIATED TO THOSE THAT WERE RESPONSIBLE FOR THAT.

MR. MOLBROOKE: IN ANSWER TO BARBARA WALTERS' SECOND QUESTION, YOU SAID THAT THE US APPARENTLY ON YOUR LAST VISIT, HAS INCREASED ITS SUPPORT TO ISRAEL. SPECIFICALLY, DID YOU GET THE ADMINISTRATION AND PRESIDENT FORD TO AGREE TO RESTORE IN ONE FORM OR ANOTHER THE 500 MILLION DOLLAR THAT THEY HAD CUT FROM NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET ?

A. WHEN WE DISCUSSED WITH THE ADMINISTRATION OUR PROBLEMS, WE FIRST FOCUSED ON THE POLITICAL ISSUE, THEN WE DEALT WITH THE PRACTICAL NEEDS OF ISRAEL IN TERMS OF HARDWARE TO MAINTAIN THE BALANCE OF POWER IN VIEW OF THE INCREASED MILITARY STRENGTHS OF THE OTHER SIDE, AND THE FINANCIAL PROBLEM COMES AFTER WE DECIDE ABOUT THE QUESTION OF THE HARDWARE.

I BELIEVE THAT AT PRESENT THE MAIN FOCUS WERE THE POLITICAL ISSUE, THE HARDWARE AND WE HAVE GOT TIME TO DISCUSS THE FINANCIAL PROBLEM.

MR. ARE YOU SAYING THAT IT DID NOT COME UP IN ALL YOUR TALKS WITH THE PRESIDENT AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE ?

A. WELL, THIS ISSUE WAS RAISED UP. I DON'T CONSIDER IT TO BE AT THE PRESENT THE CRUCIAL ISSUE. ALLOW ME TO REMIND YOU THAT THE FISCAL



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YEAR BILL OF FOREIGN AID FOR 76 HAS NOT YET BEEN APPROVED BY THE CONGRESS. I TEND TO BELIEVE IT WILL BE APPROPRIATED IN THE PROPER WAY AND THEN IN ACCORDANCE TO THE PROCESS OF THE LEGISLATION OF THE FISCAL YEAR OF 77 WE WILL BRING UP ALL OUR PROBLEMS. WE NEED MORE THAN WAS PUT BEFORE THE CONGRESS BY BILL FOR FISCAL YEAR 77.

Q. SO YOU WOULD LIKE MORE. DO YOU EXPECT TO GET IT ?

A. I AM OPTIMISTIC.

Q. THERE ARE REPORTS IN THE NEWSPAPERS THAT A COMPROMISE HAS ALREADY BEEN REACHED. ARE YOU WILLING TO CONFIRM THAT ?

A. I AM NOT AWARE OF IT.

Q. CHANGES ARE BEING MADE IN THE POLITICAL STRUCTURE OF LEBANON, WHICH GREATLY INCREASED THE POWER AND INFLUENCE OF THE SYRIANS AND PALESTINIANS IN THAT COUNTRY, DO YOU REGARD THESE CHANGES AS A THREAT TO ISRAEL ?

A. WELL, I PREFER TO LOOK AT IT FROM A DIFFERENT POINT OF VIEW. I BELIEVE THAT FOR US, AND I THINK ALSO AND MIGHT BE MAINLY TO THE OUTSIDE WORLD, IT SHOULD SERVE AS A CERTAIN LESSON AND A WARNING. LEBANON WAS THE ONLY COUNTRY AMONGST 10 ARAB COUNTRIES THAT ISLAM WAS NOT BY THEIR CONSTITUTION THE OFFICIAL RELIGION. IT WAS THE ONLY ARAB MINORITY WHICH DOES NOT HAVE ISLAM AS THEIR RELIGION AND THAT MANAGED TO SUSTAIN THEMSELVES WITHIN A FRAMEWORK OF A STATEHOOD AND PLICITICAL STATE, AND THE EFFORT TO FORCE THE ISLAMIZATION OF LEBANON, TO PREVENT TO LET EVEN ONE ARAB COUNTRY TO EXIST AS A SECULAR STATE IN WHICH CHRISTIANS AND MOSLEMS WOULD BE ABLE TO LIVE TOGETHER SERVES AS A WARNING TO USM TO WHAT EXTENT, AND A MINORITY WHICH IS NOT AN ARABIC AND TOTALLY DIFFERENT IN THE RELIGION, CAN'T AFFORD BUT TO HAVE INDEPENDENCE STATEHOOD, AND THE STRENGTH TO DEFEND IT AGAINST THE MILITANCY OF THE ARAB - MUSLAMIC COUNTRIES.

I WOULD SAY EVEN MORE THAN THAT, THE FACT THAT ALL THE MORALISTS IN THE WORLD KEEP SILENT WHEN A MASSACRE TAKES PLACE, AS I SAID, TEN THOUSAND PEOPLE GOT KILLED, OVER 30 PER CENT OF THEM WERE CIVILIANS - WOMEN, CHILDREN. NO ONE RAISED THE ISSUE IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL, AND THE BODY OF THE UN THAT IS SUPPOSED TO MAINTAIN PEACE, DEALS FOR TWO WEEKS WITH ALL THE NONSENCE THAT THE SO CALLED PLO BRINGS THERE AND NO ONE RAISES THAT A MASSACRE GOES ON IN AN ARABIC STATE AGAINST A MUSLIM COMMUNITY, THAT ARE ARABS AND OF COURSE, WE HAVE TO DRAW ALSO SOME LESSONS FROM THAT.

Q. WELL, IN A STRATEGIC SENSE, SIR, ARE YOU NOT CONCERNED ABOUT THE PRESENCE OF A POSSIBLY FAR MORE HOSTILE PRESENCE ON YOUR NORTHERN FRONTIER ?

A. IT IS TOO EARLY TO PASS ANY JUDGMENT WHAT WILL BE THE FINAL DEVELOPMENT IN LEBANON. I BELIEVE THAT AT THE PRESENT THE SYRIANS WILL BE SATISFIED WITH THE FIRST STEP OF THE ISLAMIZATION OF LEBANON AND I DON'T BELIEVE, AND I HOPE THAT IT WOULD NOT DARE TO MAKE IT MORE HOSTILE IN ITS ATTITUDE TOWARDS ISRAEL, BUT NO DOUBT IT IS GOING TO CHANGE THE SITUATION OF LEBANON NOT IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE, BUT IT MIGHT



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IT MIGHT BE IN THE LONGER TERM, IN THE CONTEXT OF THE ARAB ISRAELI CONFLICT NOT IN FAVOR OF ISRAEL.

Q. YOU HAVE TALKED ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF ISRAEL TALKING DIRECTLY WITH THE PLO AS IF THAT MIGHT BE SUICIDAL, ISN'T THAT A HARSH OVERSTATEMENT? IT IS TRUE THAT THE PLO HAS NOT OFFICIALLY RECOGNIZED ISRAEL'S RIGHT TO EXISTENCE, BUT NEITHER HAS ISRAEL RECOGNIZED THE RIGHT OF THE PALESTINIANS TO A NATIONAL EXISTENCE, WHY NOT HAVE BOTH SIDES SIT DOWN AND TALK ABOUT IT? WHAT HARM COULD THAT DO?

A. WELL, FIRST, ALLOW ME TO REMIND YOU THAT THE PLO BASIC PHILOSOPHY

AND CONCEPT IS THAT FIRST JUDAISM IS RELIGION AND RELIGION ONLY. SECOND, THE JEWS ARE NOT ENTITLED FOR ANY RIGHT OF SELF DETERMINATION AND THIRD, THE JEWS HAVE NO RIGHT TO HAVE A COUNTRY OF THEIR OWN. THE DECLARED GOAL OF THE PLO IS THE DESTRUCTION OF ISRAEL, THE EXPULSION OF TWO MILLION JEWS BACK TO THE COUNTRIES WHERE THEY CAME FROM, AND TO BUILD ON THE RUINS OF ISRAEL THEIR COUNTRY.

I DON'T BELIEVE THAT ANY REASONABLE PERSON WILL EXPECT ISRAEL TO COOPERATE IN ITS SELF DESTRUCTION.

WHEN IT COMES TO US, WE HAVE SAID THAT EVEN THROUGH THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE IS NOT THE CRUX OF THE ARAB ISRAELI CONFLICT, THE REAL ISSUE THAT HAS MAINTAINED THE ARAB ISRAELI CONFLICT IS THE RELUCTANCE OF THE ARAB LEADERS TO RECONCILE THAT THERE IS A JEWISH STATE AT ALL. 9

WILL BE NO REAL PEACE.

THEREFORE, WE OFFER TO NEGOTIATE WITH JORDAN AND IF JORDAN WILL INCLUDE WITHIN ITS OWN NATION A DELEGATION, THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE LEADERS OF THE PEOPLE WHO LIVE ON THE WEST BANK AND THE GAZA STRIP, THAT THEIR FATE AND THEIR FUTURE WILL BE DECIDED IN THIS DISCUSSION WE WILL HAVE NOTHING AGAINST IT.

Q. HOW IS THAT WORKABLE, MR. PRIME MINISTER?

ISN'T IT CLEAR THAT THE PALESTINIANS AND THE ARAB COUNTRIES BOTH LOOK UPON THE PLO AS THE VOICE OF THE PALESTINIANS, NOT THE GOVERNMENT OF JORDAN?

A. IF THIS IS TRUE, WHY 670,000 PEOPLE WHO LIVE ON THE WEST BANK WHO HAVE GOT JORDANIAN CITIZENSHIP, NONE OF THEM HAS DECIDED TO GIVE IT UP? ALL OF THEM ADHERE TO THEIR JORDANIAN CITIZENSHIP. ACCORDING TO THE GENEVA CONVENTION, WE ARE THERE ON A TEMPORARY BASIS, AND WE HAVE TO TOLERATE THE JORDANIAN LAW AND THEIR RESPECT TO THE EFFECT THAT THE PEOPLE THERE ARE JORDANIAN CITIZENS AND THEY WANT TO REMAIN SO.

Q. WE HAVE HEARD THESE ARGUMENTS NOW BACK AND FORTH FOR A YEAR AND I'D LIKE TO GET BACK TO MY VERY FIRST QUESTION WHICH WAS HOW DO YOU EXPECT TO HAVE A GENEVA CONFERENCE RECONVENED WITHOUT THE PLO OR TO BE MORE SPECIFIC, YOU AND THE US HAVE SAID THAT YOU ARE GOING TO COORDINATE YOUR DIPLOMATIC STRATEGY.

I ASKED YOU ABOUT PRESIDENT FORD AND YOU SAID YOU HAD TO HAVE THE AMERICANS'S ANSWER, BUT CAN YOU GIVE US ANY SIGN, ANY HOPE, ANY DIRECTION



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CAN YOU REALISTICALLY BE SPECIFIC ABOUT ONE NEW ACTION THAT IS GOING TO BREAK THE STALEMATE THE SAME CONVERSATION BACK AND FORTH THAT WE HAVE HEARD FOR A YEAR, HAS ANYTHING HAPPENED THIS WEEK OR ARE THINGS BASICALLY THE WAY THEY WERE BEFORE YOU CAME TO THIS COUNTRY ?

A. I BELIEVE THAT THERE ARE BASICALLY TWO OPTIONS HOW TO MOVE TOWARDS PEACE. ONE IS TO RECONVENE THE GENEVA CONFERENCE ALONG THE BASIS THAT I HAVE DESCRIBED. AGAIN, ALLOW ME TO REMIND YOU THAT TWO YEARS AGO EVERYBODY AGREED TO THAT. ALLOW ME ALSO TO REMIND YOU THAT AT LEAST ONE KEY ARAB COUNTRY HAS MADE IT PUBLIC THAT THIS COUNTRY IS READY TO GO TO THE GENEVA CONFERENCE AND TO DISCUSS THE PARTICIPATION OF THE SO CALLED PLO ONCE THE CONFERENCE WILL BE CONVENED. THIS IS ONE OPTION WE ARE ALL FOR IT. SECOND, THERE MIGHT BE ANOTHER OPTION, THAT THROUGH QUIET DIPLOMACY WE WILL INQUIRE TO WHAT EXTENT THERE IS A READINESS ON THE PART OF THE ARAB COUNTRIES AND WITHOUT GOING INTO DETAILS, TO SET FORWARD A MORE MEANINGFUL POLITICAL GOAL FOR THE NEGOTIATIONS, THE KIND THAT WAS SET FOR THE INTERIM AGREEMENT, EITHER PEACE OR SOMETHING WHICH IS CLOSER TO A REAL PEACE THAT WILL PUT AN END TO THE WAR. THEREFORE, I BELIEVE THESE TWO OPTIONS ARE OPEN. I DON'T BELIEVE THAT THERE IS A NEED TO INCLUDE THE SO CALLED PLO IN THE PROCESS OF THE PEACEMAKING AT THE PRESENT BECAUSE THE MEANING OF THEIR INCLUSION IS ON THE PART OF ISRAEL TO ACCEPT THAT THE LEGITIMACY OF A TARGET OF OUR DESTRUCTION.

Q. WE HAVE LESS THAN A MINUTE.

MR. EVANS: YOU SAID A MINUTE AGO THE PLO AND PALESTINE ISSUE WAS, NOT THE CRUX OF THE MATTER, AND YET A HIGH AMERICAN OFFICIAL, MR SAUHBERS OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT, STATED AMERICAN POLICY AS FOLLOWS: "THE PALESTINIAN DIMENSION OF THE ARAB ISRAELI CONFLICT IS THE HEART OF THE CONFLICT".

HOW DO YOU BRING ISRAEL'S POINT OF VIEW IN CONCERT WITH THE US IN VIEW OF THAT STATEMENT ?

AMR. MONROE: THERE'S JUST ABOUT TWENTY SECONDS.

A. I DON'T ACCEPT THE CONCEPT OF MR. SAUNDERS AND I TEND TO BELIEVE THAT OUR PEOPLE WHO KNOW BETTER THAN HIM IN THE ADMINISTRATION WHAT IS THE HEART OF THE PROBLEM.

Q. YOU DON'T THINK HE SPEAKS FOR MR KISSINGER ?

A. I DON'T HAVE ANY EVIDENCE TO THAT.

THANK YOU MR PRIME MINISTER FOR BEING WITH US TODAY ON MEET THE PRESS (NEXT WEEK: YASIR ARAFAT, CHAIRMAN PALESTINIAN LIBERATION ORGANIZATION).

AD KAN

PAZNER---

שחם דהם ונכל שחבט משנה למנכל עמנכל מצפא מאום א ב מעז הסברה מנח"ם

חקר רם און רנון נבון תעוד אלטר

מב/מח



~~3/14/11~~  
4/1/11  
Evelyn

11/6/11 NJL?  
~~The Towers~~

THE  
WALDORF-ASTORIA  
NEW YORK 10022

12:30pm phone call to Economic Club

1. MR. MAX FISCHER will greet  
you on the phone
2. Talk by The Prime Minister  
Acknowledge in your  
opening:  
Rabbi Hertz (Senior Rabbi,  
Temple Beth-el)  
MAX FISCHER  
RUSSELL SWANEY ---  
AND Distinguished guests.
3. MR. FISCHER will pass to you  
2-3 questions submitted by  
the guests.

1. AMERICAN TECHNOLOGY HAS TAKEN MAN TO THE MOON  
BUT IT SEEMS IT STILL HAS NOT FOUND THE WAY TO  
CONTROL THE WEATHER ON EARTH.
  
2. I WAS LOOKING FORWARD TO MY VISIT TO THE ECONOMIC  
CLUB AS ONE OF THE HIGHLIGHTS OF MY VISIT IN AMERICA.  
MAY I ASK, AS YOU SAY IN AMERICA, TAKE A "SNOW-CHECK" -  
I MEAN A "RAINCHECK" - ON YOUR INVITATION.
  
3. MAY I CONCLUDE WITH A SUGGESTION. SINCE I COULD  
NOT MAKE IT TO THE ECONOMIC CLUB TODAY, BECAUSE OF  
THE WEATHER, I WOULD LIKE TO INVITE YOU ALL TO ISRAEL.  
I CAN AT LEAST PROMISE YOU SOME SUNSHINE AS WELL  
AS A VERY WARM WELCOME.



1. תורה

2. פסוק

3. אלקינו באתה באור הנגא

א. אלקינו ההתחלה והתחלה באתה באור הנגא  
אלקינו נב אלקים את האור ~~אור~~ אור אור  
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סיכונים רבים נכס ~~אף~~ אצד'ר ואלו גם בצד הישון אלווא  
(א"א).

(3) הוסכם שאלו נאמ'ר ב'ר וק'ים ג'מרה נאמ'ר אק'אויט'ודות  
מ'ר וק'ו ג'מס.

(4) א"י דאמ'ן שג'מס ל'ר מ'צ'ים ~~א"י~~ <sup>מ'ר</sup> וס'יה וס'יה ס'מ'ר.

~~(5) א"י דאמ'ן שג'מס ל'ר מ'צ'ים א"י דאמ'ן שג'מס ל'ר מ'צ'ים~~  
~~(5) א"י דאמ'ן שג'מס ל'ר מ'צ'ים~~

(6) הוסכם שג'מס ל'ר מ'צ'ים א"י דאמ'ן שג'מס ל'ר מ'צ'ים  
ה'ר'ק'א, ג'מ'ר, ו'ל'ר, ס'מ'ר ו'ל'ר גם ה'ר'ק'א ו'ל'ר א"י.  
א"י מ'צ'ים ו'ל'ר נאמ'ר א"י דאמ'ן שג'מס ל'ר מ'צ'ים.



(1) - ההסכמה כי צריך להסדיר - הסדרה

பலருக்கு உதவி செய்கிறார்.

ב. ת-הן ומהלך נצטווים א-חמץ ויכחל ה' קצו, ב' קצו.

(2) ← הילת סליל, סליל מן הילת סליל.

$$\therefore \mu_M \oplus$$

- индекс реального ВВП 131% (1)

11/10 40% 7/3/11 2/3/11 (2)  
11/10 20%

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⑦ - - הוצאה ה' 3, נחה הקיטור - 5% - 50% חי

- לחץ - 70% של החרטה האלאמית - פועל

- (כח 2) - חלקא ארצות - חסרם ארץ

(י) ז' ח' בן יצחק .

— 242 — *הנהגות* (הנהגות) — 242

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מס' 537

נשלח: 031200 ינואר 76

אל : המשרד

מאת: ווסינגטון

מצבא . העתק לשכת רהמ.

להלן חילופי הברכות בין רהמ והמזכיר בעת ארוחת ערב בבית השגריר ב 28/1.

PRIME MINISTER: FIRST I WOULD LIKE IN THE NAME OF MY WIFE AND MYSELF TO THANK VIVIAN AND OUR AMBASSADOR I USED TO CALL HIM SIMCHA FOR THIS PLEASANT EVENING FOR BEING TOGETHER HERE.

MR SECRETARY MR SECRETARY OF TREASURY MRS SIMON MEMBERS OF THE CONGRESS MEMBERS OF THE ADMINISTRATION AND ALL THE PEOPLE THAT WE KNOW FOR A LONG TIME WHEN WE STAYED HERE FIRST I AM GLAD THAT THIS IS DONE UNDER THE ROOF.

(LAUGHTER.)

AND WE ARE REALLY PLEASED TO BE HERE TONIGHT. AFTER TWO DAYS IN WASHINGTON WE ARE STILL TWO DAYS AHEAD.

WE HAVE HAD MANY TALKS WITH THE PRESIDENT WITH THE SECRETARY WITH THE SECRETARY OF TREASURY AND OTHERS IN WHICH WE TRIED TO FIND OUT WHAT CAN BE DONE ABOUT THE COMPLEXITY OF ONE THING THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST. AND ON THE OTHER HAND THE RELATIONS BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES. AND I REMEMBER THE FIRST TIME I TOOK A POSITION OF GREAT IMPORTANCE IN THE ARMY I WAS TOLD IT WOULD BE A GREAT IDEA TO HAVE SOME SORT OF THE SAYING OF SOMEBODY TO HANG NEAR YOUR DESK. AND I FOUND OUT A VERY INTERESTING SAYING BY AN AMERICAN ADMIRAL. IVE NEVER EXPLORED WHAT WAS THE ADMIRAL. HIS NAME IS ADMIRAL HALSEY (PHONETIC) AND WHAT WAS SAID THERE IS I HOPE THAT I QUOTE IT CORRECTLY. "GOD GIVE US THE WILL TO CHANGE WHAT CAN BE CHANGED GIVE US THE COURAGE TO ACCEPT WHAT CANNOT BE CHANGED AND GIVE US THE WISDOM TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN THE TWO."

AND I TOOK THIS ALWAYS WITH ME AND WHENEVER SOMEBODY CAME TO ME WITH A PROBLEM I USED TO REFER HIM. THIS IS THE FIRST SENTENCE WE HAVE TO TRY. WHEN SOMEBODY USED TO COME TO ME AND ASK FOR SOMETHING THAT PRACTICALLY WAS NOT OBTAINABLE I USED TO REFER HIM TO THE SECOND PARAGRAPH.

AND IT SEEMS TO ME THAT WHEN WE COPE WITH THE PROBLEMS (INAUDIBLE) ALL OVER THE WORLD AND WHAT WE COPE WITH MOST SPECIFICALLY IS THE PROBLEM OF THE MIDDLE EAST THERE IS THE NEED FOR A LOT OF WISDOM TO DISTINGUISH WHAT CAN BE DONE AND WHAT CANNOT BE DONE.

AND I THINK IN OUR TALKS WE HAVE TRIED AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE TO FIND OUT WHAT CAN BE RELATED TO THE FIRST PARAGRAPH TO HAVE THE WILL TO CHANGE WHAT IS REALLY NEEDED TO BE CHANGED. AND I HOPE WE WILL FIND WAYS TO PURSUE TO DO WHATEVER IS POSSIBLE ALONG THE FIRST PARAGRAPH.



- 2 -

BUT I HOPE THAT WHENEVER PROBLEMS COME UP OR WHENEVER WE WILL HAVE TO FACE PROBLEMS THAT ARE NOT ALWAYS SO EASY TO SOLVE WE WILL FIND THE COURAGE NOT TO ACCEPT THEM BUT THE COURAGE TO WITHSTAND THEM UNTIL IT WILL BE POSSIBLE TO DO WHAT SHOULD BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FIRST PARAGRAPH.

AND I HOPE ALL OF US WILL HAVE ENOUGH WISDOM TO REALLY DISTINGUISH BETWEEN THE TWO AS WE PROCEED WITH OUR EFFORTS FOR A BETTER FUTURE FOR THE MIDDLE EAST.

I WOULD LIKE ESPECIALLY TO THANK THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR LONG COOPERATION FOR ALL THE EFFORTS THAT HAVE BEEN DONE IN THIS PARAGRAPH. IF WE DINDT AGREE ALWAYS TO WHAT BELONGS TO THE FIRST OR THE SECOND PARAGARAPH ITS A MATTER OF THE PAST.

I HOPE THAT WE ALL CONCENTGATE ON THE PRESENT AND IN THE FUTURE TO FIND OUT WHAT CAN BE DONE ALONG THE FIRST ONE. AND I HOPE THAT THE DISCUSSIONS WE HAVE HAD HERE WILL BE ABLE TO STRENGTHEN THE WILL TO CHANGE WHAT MUST BE CHANGED AND CAN BE CHANGED.

AS WE STAND I WOULD LIKE TO END MY TOAST BY SAYING TO THE SECRETARY AND TO THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES.

SECRETARY KISSINGER, MR PRIME MINISTER MR AMBASSADOR I MUST SAY IM A LITTLE UNSETTLED BY THE INTRODUCTION OF THE AMBASSADOR WHEN HE SAYS "THE PRIME MINISTER MEMBERS OF THE ADMINISTRATION AND 'FRIENDS'". (LAUGHTER.)

IM NEVERTHELESS GRATEFUL FOR HAVING BEEN INVITED. (LAUGHTER.) THATS GIVEN ME AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY TO TALK IN A FRIENDLY SPIRIT TO MEMBERS OF THE CONGRESS — (LAUGHTER.)

— THE CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH THEY ARE ON THEIR BEST BEHAVIOR. I HAVE ALREADY ASKED AMOS FOR SOME TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ON HOW TO HAVE SOME LEGILSATURE.

NOW YOU WILL ALL HAVE NOTICED DESPITE HIS NATURALLY RETIRING NATURE OUR AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED NATIONS HAS BEEN FIRMLY INSTRUCTED TO GIVE SOME COMBATANT SPEECHES CONTRARY TO HIS NATURE. HE HAS HAD SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE. I NOW HAVE HIM UNDER CONSTANT SUPERVISION NOT ONLY AT THE ISRAELI EMBASSY BUT ALL THROUGH THE NIGHT. AND IF YOU THING THE COMBINATION OF MOYNIHAN AND BAILEY IS EASY TO DEAL WITH.

FINALLY I AM ALSO GRATEFUL TO THE PRIME MINISTER FOR GIVING ME AN OPPORTUNITY LAST NIGHT TO DISPLAY MY SUBTLETIES TO MY DINNER PARTNER. WHEN THE PRIME MINISTER GOT UP TO GIVE HIS TOAST AT THE WHITE HOUSE I SAID THERE ARE TWO METHODS TO THIS TOAST. THERE ARE TWO METHODS TO THIS TOAST. THERES GOING TO BE ONE THAT EVERYBODY WILL UNDERSTAND AND THEN THERE ARE GOING TO BE (INAUDIBLE) THAT ONLY TWO OR THREE OF US WILL UNDERSTAND. SO I EXPLAINED WHAT (INAUDIBLE) MEANT.

/3.....



- 3 -

SO I WAS TALKING ALMOST AS MUCH AS HE DID IN VIEW OF THE COMMENTARY ON THE PRIME MINISTERS WEEK, AND SHE WAS TREMENDOUSLY IMPRESSED ABOUT THE SUBLETY WITH WHICH DIPLOMACY IS CONDUCTED. NOW FIRST OF ALL I WANT TO TELL THE PRIME MINISTER THAT I GOT HIS MESSAGE, SINCE THE ISRAELI PRESS ISNT PRESENT ITS DEDICATED TO THE (INAUDIBLE). SO I WANT TO REASSURE THEM THAT I SAID THE DANGER OF THE PRIME MINISTER BEING CARRIED AWAY BY THE FIRST PART OF THAT QUOTATION THAT HE READ TO US — BUT I APPRECIATE THE ASPIRIN, ANYWAY.

BUT OF COURSE WE HAVENT EXPLORED WHAT THE PRIME MINISTER MEANS BY "CHANGE." BUT HES SO DEVOTED TO IT.

BUT WE HAVE HAD IN THE LAST FEW DAYS EXTREMELY USEFUL EXTREMELY WARM AND EXTREMELY FRIENDLY DISCUSSIONS. WE ARE AT A POINT NOW IN THE DIPLOMACY IN THE MIDDLE EAST THAT THERE IS NO URGENT IMMEDIATE DECISION THAT HAS TO BE MADE ON ANY COMPLETE NEGOTIATION.

AND WE DO HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO ASK OURSELVES WHERE WE WANT TO GO AND ALSO HOW WE WANT TO GET THERE.

AND THE TWO ISSUES ARE VERY CLOSELY RELATED BECAUSE WHAT OFTEN LOOKED LIKE PETTY PROCEDURAL WRANGLING CONTAINED WITHIN THESELVES THE SEEDS OF THE ULTIMATE SUBSTANTIVE SOLUTION. AND WE HAVE SUPPORTED IT AND WE WILL CONTINUE TO SUPPORT IT ON THE COMPOSITION THAT THE PROCEDURAL DISCUSSION SHOULD NOT CREATE THE PRECONDITIONS THAT PRIOR TO A NEGOTIATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OF THE TALKS.

AT THE SAME TIME WE ALSO HAVE AND I THINK WE ARE GOING TO THAT IT IS IMPORTANT FOR ALL PARTIES TO HAVE SOME IDEA OF WHERE WE WANT TO GO AND HOW WERE GOING TO GET THERE. WE HAVE TALKS THAT ARE SATISFACTORY. AND THEN I THINK IN THE MONTHS AHEAD THEY WILL DEMONSTRATE ISRAELI TO THE UNITED STATES PURSUING THE GOAL THEY BOTH SEEK OF A LASTING PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

THE DIFFERENCES THAT WE HAD LAST YEAR SHOULD NOT MAKE US FORGET THAT AFTER ALL WE DID ACHIEVE A SUCCESSFUL OUTCOME AND THAT THAT IS THE BASIS ON WHICH WE ARE NOW BUILDING AND FROM WHICH WE WILL JOINTLY GO FORTH.

WE CONSIDER THIS VISIT AN IMPORTANT OCCASION ONE FROM WHICH BENEFITS WILL GROW. IT IS ALWAYS A PLEASURE FOR US TO DEAL WITH THE PRIME MINISTER WHO IS A FRIEND OF LONG STANDING WITH WHOM WE HAVE HAD DISCUSSIONS COVERING THE WHOLE RANGE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS WHEN HE WAS AMBASSADOR HERE. AND I MAY SAY THAT WHAT WE KNOW OF EACH OTHERS THINKING IS A MORE FUNDAMENTAL ASSURANCE OF WHERE WE CAN WORK TOGETHER IN THE FUTURE THAT EVEN WRITTEN DOCUMENT THAT MAY BE PASSED ULTIMATELY.

SO I WOULD LIKE TO PROPOSE A TOAST TO THE PRIME MINISTER.

AD KAN

PANZER-----

הח' רחם מנכל שהבט ממנכל שמנכל מצפא הסברה מעת מאוס ב חקר רם אמר תעוד אילטר בבו

אק/



מס. 542

בטלח 301445 ינו 76

אל : המשרד

נאח: רוסינגטון

מצפא העתק לשכת רוה"מ.

לחלן נוסח ההודעה שמסר דובר הבית הלבן לעיתונאים לאחר הפגישה השלישית בין  
רוהמ לנשיא פורד אתמול ה- 29/1.

THE PRESIDENT DID MEET WITH PRIME MINISTER RABIN THIS MORNING FROM 9:50 UNTIL 1020. THIS CONCLUDED THEIR DISCUSSIONS AND THE SUBJECTS THEY DISCUSSED INCLUDED DEVELOPMENTS BOTH IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND OUTSIDE THE MIDDLE EAST RELATING TO THE PROSPECTS FOR MAINTAINING A MOMENTUM TOWARD A PEACE SETTLEMENT IN THE AREA. THE PRESIDENT REAFFIRMED HIS DETERMINATION THAT THERE SHOULD BE NO STAGNATION OR STALEMATE IN THE PEACE PROCESS. IN ADDITION TO THAT SUBJECT THE PRESIDENT AND THE PRIME MINISTER ALSO DISCUSSED VARIOUS ASPECTS OF THE AMERICAN ISRAELI BILATERAL RELATIONS WHICH INCLUDED ECONOMIC AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS. AND THE PRESIDENT AGAIN EXPRESSED HIS FEELINGS OF A SPECIAL OR LONGSTANDING FRIENDSHIP WITH THE PRIME MINISTER AND MRS RABIN AND ALSO REITERATED THE UNITED STATES SUPPORT FOR THE SECURITY OF ISRAEL.

MAYBE I CAN JUST GO A LITTLE BEYOND THAT INTO ONE OR TWO MORE DETAILS YOU MAY BE INTERESTED IN. IT IS REALLY NOT PROPER FOR ME TO MAKE STATEMENTS ON BEHALF OF ANOTHER GOVERNMENT BUT I THINK IT WOULD BE FAIR TO SAY THAT WE HAVE THE IMPRESSION THAT ISRAEL REMAINS COMMITTED TO PEACE EFFORTS IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND ONE OF THE PURPOSES OF THESE TALKS WAS TO DISCUSS HOW PRACTICAL PROGRESS CAN BE MADE IN THE BEST WAY TOWARD THAT GOAL.

AS FOR ANY SPECIFIC CONCLUSIONS THAT THE TWO LEADERS MAY HAVE MADE IT IS NOT GOING TO BE POSSIBLE FOR ME TO DISCUSS THE DETAILS OF THE TALKS. THEY WERE PART OF THE EXPLORATIONS WE ARE MAKING WITH ALL THE PARTIES IN THE AREA ON HOW BEST TO PROCEED WITH THE PEACE PROCESS AND AS WE HAVE SAID BEFORE AT THIS STAGE I THINK WE ARE JUST GOING TO HAVE TO LET QUIET DIPLOMACY GO FORWARD AND NOT TALK TOO MUCH ABOUT THE CONCLUSIONS.

ON THE AID QUESTION AS YOU KNOW THE BUDGET DOES SHOW A FIGURE OF A BILLION DOLLARS WHICH WE HAVE SAID BEFORE IS ONLY PART AND NOT THE TOTAL ASSISTANCE TO ISRAEL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1977.

THE PRESIDENT WILL SUBMIT IN THE COMING MONTH THE DETAILED FOREIGN ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR ALL THE COUNTRIES AND THAT WILL INCLUDE ISRAEL AND THEN YOU WILL SEE THE TOTAL BREAKDOWN OF FIGURES.9

I THINK WE COULD SAY TODAY THAT THE PRESIDENT WILL REQUEST A VERY SUBSTANTIAL FOREIGN ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR ISRAEL AND THIS PROGRAM WAS DECIDED UPON AFTER VERY CAREFUL CONSIDERATION BY THE PRESIDENT FIRST OF ALL OF ISRAEL'S SECURITY AND ECONOMIC NEEDS AND SECONDLY AMERICA'S OWN ECONOMIC SITUATION AND AMERICA'S OWN INTERESTS.

בלתי מסווג

משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס

- 2 -

HE PRESIDENT TH  
THE PRESIDENT THINKS THAT THE PACKAGE HE WILL PROPOSE IS FULLY  
ADEQUATE TO INSURE ISRAEL'S ABILITY TO MEET ITS FUTURE SECURITY  
REQUIREMENTS.

ISRAEL HAS BEEN TOLD OF WHAT THE TOTAL REQUEST WILL BE AND WAS  
TOLD IN FACT BEFORE THE MEETING WITH PRIME MINISTER RABIN.

AD KAN  
PAZNER=====

שהח רווחם מנכל שהבט ממנכל סמנכל מצפא מעת הסברה העודד אילטר מזמים חקר רט אמך

נבון רנזן

צג/מנ



anna rina oost' enco uatoc' uatoc' axan oxy pooto axet i'edot aia't'o ngy' cu-kar  
ciet' rary  
xalac

מע"ת, הסברה, אירופה א. \*

### מברק עתונות 1.30-28

א. ביקור רה"מ: ממשיך לזכות בכיסוי נרחב בעיקר בדיו. יי די פרסה יי הקדיש לביקור סתם ומאמר פרשנות מכתבתו בווישינגטון.

1. סתם בכותח: יי רבינ מאוכזב מפורד יי, מצינת כי גראה שהישראלים לא העריכו נכונה האקלים המדיני ועובדות החיים באר"י. מצב הרוח בדעת הקהל האמריקאי מקבל יותר ויותר צביון עויין לישראל, דבר בו מודה גם תגהיגות היהודית. מוזר איפוא שרבינ הופתע מכך.

2. מאמר פרשנות ארוך בכותח יי אגוזים קשים לרבינ יי. סיכום השיחות לדעת הכתבת (מנטאי) שיזמות ישראליות נדרשות עיי אר"י תמות סיוע יעיל יותר מצדה. מדיניות זו מנהל מינהלו של פורד בפיקחות רבה-דוגמא לכך יי החדלפה יי על קיצוצ בהקצבה לישראל. רבינ הגיב בצורה שאפ ידידיו לא מצאו לחוכמת -פנייתו הישירה לקונגרס. בסקרה ירידת קרנו של סנטור גיקסון מסמכת הכתבת שהטקטיקה של רבינ היא רוח זמן, אך קיסטינגר אמר בדורות שהזמן אינו פועל לטובת המערב. בדיפ.

ב. המצב במז"ת: מאמר מערכת ב"פרסה יי (לייטנברג) בכותח יי שינוי גופ במז"תי. נפתח פרק חדש בתולדות מז"ת, והוא בא לא בעקבות הווטו האמריקאי מועבייט, לא בעקבות הקיצוצ בהקצבה לישראל ולא בגלל קשייו הפנימיים הגדלים של רבינ, אלא השינויים בלבנון. מסתבר שטוריה קובעת מעשה את גורלה. מקשות והתפתחויות הנ"ל לביקור רבינ. סכורה שארהב נוקטת יותר ויותר מדיניות ידידותית כלפי הערבים ומתקבל תרועם הנ מתצינה לירושלים וחוסר המעש בלבנון, בצרופ חוסר הכנתו של



החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10.

# החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10

החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה.

החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה.

החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה.

החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה. החלטת הוועדה, תשס"ח, עמ' 10, נכונה.

תספיד לסכנות האורבות לנא"טו, כי אולי וושינגטון יי תלזה את מפת העולם בצורה מחופפת יי, נשאלת גם השאלה האם חתימת הישראלית שהסכסוך במזיית הינו למעשה תוצאה המאבק בין הקונצפציות הטוטליטריות למוקרטיות, עדיין קבילה בווינגטון.

הדיון במועבייט לא היה שלילי מבחינת ישראל, והפלת הנא"טו הגיבו על תבוסתם היחסית - סופיס מספיק לבדוק אילו מדינות תמכו בהם ואילו לא - תוכן שסזה שלובשים חליפות ולא מדי קרב, בהודעה שיגבירו המלחמה נגד ישראל. מסופו של דבר עובדת הקמתה של סוריה הגדולה פוגעת לא רק בישראל, אלא גם בערבים ובמדינות מצרים וירדן והמסקנה לכך היא שאולי הזמן פועל נגד ישראל, אך אין פרזשו שודבר שפועל לטובת אלה הרוצים להשמידה. בדיפ.

3. ראיונות עם חייכ בגין : - די פרסה (מרשון) ארבייטר צייטונג (קטשר) מפרסמים ראיונות עם חייכ בגין בשטרטבורג. בדיפ.

4. בכל העתונות דיווח נרחב על משחק הכדורסל בין מכבי ת"א לייספרה - וינה

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שהח דהם מנכל שובט מנכל המנכל הסברה מעת אירופה אבג מממא מזחם מקצב כנסיות מאוס אב חקרים אמן מיעוד אילסר מעת מכירים רינון נכון רוע אב/חמ





21/10  
 21/10  
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 21/10  
 21/10

כ"ח בטבת תשל"ו  
 30 בינואר 1976

אלו: מנהל מצפ"א, הסכנה למנכ"ל.  
 טאח: יעקב פארן - פילדלמיה.

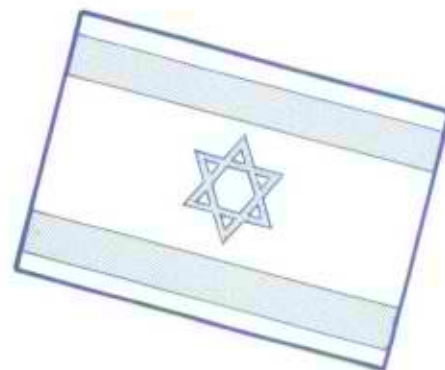
הנדון: ביקור רוח"מ בפילדלמיה.

ביקור רוח"מ בפילדלמיה התקיים ב - 26/1/76, בוצע לפי כל ההכנות  
 שמוכנה עם ווינגטון ולשכת רוח"מ.  
 ארבעת האירועים היו: קבלת פנים בסדרה התקומה, הנחת זר בשמרון החירות,  
 נאום בעצרת המונית באקדמיה למוסיקה וקבלת פנים מטעם הקונסול הכללי.  
 בכל האירועים השתתפו נכבדי העיר ומנהיגיה לרבות מהקהילה היהודית,  
 התקשורת, אוניברסיטאות, איגודים מקצועיים, ראשי עדות נוצריות ונציגיהן  
 ועוד. מושל פנסילבניה טילטון עם וראש העיר השתתפו ברוב האירועים.  
 כל כלי התקשורת המקומיים ונציגים של הרשות הלאומית ובינלאומיות -  
 לרבות מעיתונות הישראלית - דיווחו בהרחבה על האירועים במסך החרשותם  
 ולאחר מכן.  
 באירועים עצמם השתתף קהל בין אלפי איש, בעיקר בעצרת האמונית  
 באקדמיה למוסיקה בה נכחו 3000 איש ( בנוסף ל - 2000 באולם אחר, בו  
 הוסדרה טלביזיה במעגל סגור וכ - 1000 איש שהיו לאקדמיה עצמה. בטקס  
 בשמרון החירות נכח קהל של כ - 1000 איש ובקבלת הפנים השתתפו כ - 600  
 נכבדים.  
 מאפרי המערכת והסורים הרב"ב הם מהעיתונות המקומית בעלת התפוצה  
 הגדולה.

כנכח  
 יעקב פארן

תעמול  
 מר אפרים עברון, הסכנה למנכ"ל.  
 מר משה ארז - העיר (הסברה) ווינגטון.  
 לשכת רוח"מ





*Join The Welcome!*

# Prime Minister Rabin Visits Philadelphia!

**Monday, January 26**

**3 P.M. Official City Welcome**

The Liberty Bell, 5th and Market Sts.  
Open to the public

**4 P.M. Assembly & Address**

Academy of Music

Admission by ticket only. For tickets, contact one of  
the organizations listed below or your synagogue.

**JEWISH COMMUNITY RELATIONS COUNCIL**  
OF GREATER PHILADELPHIA

Member Agency  
Federation of Jewish Agencies  
of Greater Philadelphia

American Jewish Committee  
American Jewish Congress  
American Jewish Congress Women  
Association of Jewish New  
Americans in Philadelphia  
B'nai B'rith Men's Council  
B'nai B'rith Women's Council  
Board of Rabbis of Greater Phila.  
Brith Abraham  
Brith Shalom  
Brith Shalom Women  
Federation of Reform Synagogues  
of Greater Philadelphia  
Golden Slipper Club

Hedassah  
Jewish Campus Activities Board  
Jewish Labor Committee  
Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A.  
Jewish War Veterans Ladies Auxiliary  
Judaic Union  
Labor Zionist Alliance  
Mikrechi  
National Federation of Jewish  
Men's Clubs, M.A.B.  
Pannonia Beneficial Association  
Philadelphia Section — National  
Council of Jewish Women

Philadelphia Union of  
Jewish Students  
Philadelphia Zionist Federation  
Philadelphia Zionist Organization  
of America  
Pioneer Women  
Senior Adult Council of JYC  
Shomrim of Philadelphia  
United Jewish Organizations  
United Synagogue of America  
Women's American ORT  
Women's League for  
Conservative Judaism  
Workmen's Circle





# The Evening Bulletin

Established 1847, William L. McLean, President and Publisher, 1895-1931  
AN INDEPENDENT, LOCALLY OWNED NEWSPAPER SERVING THE  
GREATER PHILADELPHIA AND SOUTH JERSEY AREA  
PUBLISHED EVENING AND SUNDAY BY BULLETIN COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, PA. 19101

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TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1976

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## Mr. Rabin's visit

### We share democracy

It is fitting that Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin is the first foreign chief of state to visit the birthplace of the United States during our Bicentennial anniversary.

Just as Israel shares the United States' dedication to democracy, Mr. Rabin's own career resembles those of some of the founding fathers who forged an independent nation.

Both countries came into being initially as places of religious belief and freedom. Their founders were refugees from persecution and poverty throughout the world who courageously joined in a magnificent adventure against towering odds.

It is also fitting that the Liberty Bell received a visit from Premier Rabin. If that cracked symbol could ever again ring, it might well salute Israel. For that country, despite its wars and constant military alerts, has resisted the temptation to adopt an authoritarian government. Instead it has retained the difficult and often frustrating parliamentary democracy with which it began.

As a boy, Mr. Rabin wanted to farm his country's untilled land like the colonists here. But also like his counterparts, times prevented him from pursuing this peaceful calling. He fought as a soldier and was a brilliant tactician and commander before becoming Israel's first native born premier.

Mr. Rabin's stop in Philadelphia on his way to talk with President Ford comes at a time when it is important for Americans to recognize their links with Israel. Israel has been politically outmaneuvered in the United Nations General Assembly and harassed in the world body's cultural organizations. And the Security Council, now debating the Middle East,

accepted the terrorist Palestine Liberation Organization which has declared its aim to eliminate Israel.

Moreover, the proposed U.S. budget for the next fiscal year which President Ford sent to Congress last week contained a severe cut in military aid for Israel, from \$1.5 billion to \$1 billion.

On the 20th anniversary of his own country's birth, Mr. Rabin said in Philadelphia, "We haven't achieved peace in the first 20 years, but we have succeeded in surviving."

That survival continues to depend, in part, on the United States' commitment to democracy and freedom in the Middle East, just as it is committed to these principles around the globe.



# The Philadelphia Inquirer

An Independent Newspaper

Published Every Morning by Philadelphia Newspapers, Inc.  
400 N. Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 19101

SAM S. McKEEL, President  
CREED C. BLACK, Editor

DAVID GELSANLITER, General Manager  
EUGENE L. ROBERTS JR., Executive Editor

Sunday, January 25, 1976

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## Welcome to Premier Rabin

When Israel's Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin visits the Liberty Bell tomorrow in its new home, he will read the celebrated inscription thereon:

"Proclaim liberty throughout all the land unto all the inhabitants thereof."

That, from Leviticus XXV, 10, comes from a Book which over the centuries has inspired much of the world, our own nation in particular. There is no mystery about the special affection and admiration which Americans have for Mr. Rabin's country. Our two nations, different though they may be in power and in size, share the ideals of liberty and justice for all, and Americans have always admired the qualities of courage and self-reliance — qualities which the Israelis have demonstrated so abundantly in four wars of survival since 1948.

In Israel, Americans see a repetition of their own national experience. As our forefathers hacked a nation out of an intractable wilderness and fought to be free, so have the Israelis, a diverse people drawn from all corners of the world — and, like so many of our ancestors, persecuted for their faith — established a nation and a

free society out of a land left barren by centuries of neglect.

Mr. Rabin is, of course, not new to these shores, having served as Israel's ambassador in Washington before becoming prime minister. He returns now at a difficult and frustrating time. It is a time when the United Nations, itself born of such high ideals, has subverted them. It has not only failed to work toward peace; it has become an obstacle to peace.

The Security Council debate, with the Palestine Liberation Organization invited and Israel as a consequence refusing to attend, has been an exercise in irrelevance and propaganda. The General Assembly resolution equating Zionism with racism, approved by a majority of countries where liberty is a stranger, was, as the U.S. declared, an "obscene act." Zionism is to racism as liberty is to tyranny. Unhappily, oil and idealism do not mix very well.

Tuesday, Mr. Rabin goes to Washington for talks with President Ford and Secretary of State Kissinger and an address to Congress. Tomorrow, as the first foreign head of state to visit Philadelphia in the Bicentennial year, we warmly welcome him to the cradle of American liberty.



## In Our Opinion

### Side by Side

The money and power are in Washington, but Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin chose Philadelphia as his first stop Monday on an 11-day visit to the United States.

The topics with President Ford and political leaders include military aid, the United Nations, Lebanon, and how to preserve peace (and Israel) in the Middle East.

But Rabin became the first foreign chief executive to visit Philadelphia in the Bicentennial year for symbolic reasons.

While laying a wreath at the Liberty Bell, he noted the similarities between the spirit of the American Revolution and Israel's struggle for freedom.

He pointed out that a replica of the bell, given to Israel by the people of Philadelphia, will be located in a seven-acre Liberty Bell Garden in Jerusalem.

Friendliness surrounded Rabin from the moment his plane arrived at Philadelphia International Airport. The outstretched hands of children at the airport, the standing ovation at the Academy of Music, represented not just the Jewish community's devotion, but all of America's commitment to Israel's continued existence.

While Rabin spoke in Philadelphia, the United States cast its 13th veto in the U. N. Security Council, defeating a resolution the Israelis said would "undermine peace efforts." That resolution would have endorsed creating a Palestinian state and called for Israel to withdraw from all Arab territory.

The vote—nine in favor, the U. S. opposed, three abstentions and two nonparticipants — illustrated Israel's present lonely existence in the community of nations.

But this country will stand by her side because we both share the devotion to freedom and democracy that prompted the first ringing of the bell.

### Hands Off Angola

Israel can count on U. S. support. But Angola is an example of what can happen to those governments that cannot.

The post-Vietnam attitude in this country is one basis for Congressional restrictions on U. S. aid to either of two anti-Soviet factions in Angola, the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA) or the National Front for the Liberation of Angola (FNLA).

They earlier received about \$30 million in aid through the Central Intelligence Agency.

We've even held up on a projected \$10 million loan to Zaire because Congressional committee chairmen object it could end up in Angola.

But Soviet aid to the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) is massive. It is said to be supplying more military equipment in a month than in an entire year during the guerilla war against Portugal.

Intelligence sources say the Russians have sent 570 tanks or armored vehicles, 464 trucks, 12 MIG-21 fighters, 90,000 gallons of diesel fuel, 36,000 pistols and rifles, clothing for 30,000 troops, etc.

There are reported to be 10,000 Cuban troops, 6,000 Katangese mercenaries, and 500 Soviet technical advisors assisting the MPLA.

Those supplies and troops are what is tipping the balance in favor of the MPLA. As South Africa pulls out its defense forces (estimated at 4,000 troops) swift MPLA victory is threatened.

That would increase the pressure for U. S. assistance. But this country, with memories of Vietnam all too fresh, is unlikely to respond.

In the long run, the Russian foothold in southern Africa may hurt us. But in the short run, this is a presidential election year and few American politicians are calling for U. S. involvement in another losing battle.



## Pattern for Bicen year

## Security was ultra-tight for Rabin visit

In the Academy of Music the other day, the fog seeping in off Broad st. smelled of engine exhaust, the burn-off from oil-cracking towers in South Philadelphia and, faintly and unaccountably, frying onions.

This mess was inhaled gratefully,



Adrian Lee

even reverentially, by the lone, shadowy figure from-stage center.

"Abhh . . ." And, once more, with feeling, "Abhhhh . . ."

For 12-year-old bournon or a good jolt of perfume from a pretty girl, an OK reaction . . . but oil-cracker fumes smelling up all the red plush and the gilded-plaster horns and lutes?

Well, it wasn't the smell of the fog this shadowy figure with the pinprick of reflected light in his lapel was saving; it was the thickness of it.

The thicker it was the better it would hide Israel's Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin from any lurking terrorist, not in the Academy of Music, of course, but at International Airport,

the Liberty Bell.

It was 9 A.M. last Monday; in just seven hours and 27 minutes, Rabin (then high up over the Atlantic) would be addressing the Jewish community from the stage of the Academy; and the pinprick of light in the figure's lapel was the enameled badge of . . . well, let's see . . . there were so many insignias for so many security outfits around last Monday that Police Commissioner O'Neill had to issue his men a Xeroxed key.

A triangle was a Treasury agent; a circle within a circle was the U.S. Secret Service; an enameled disc dotted with stars was State Department Security.

And the device on the agent checking out the facade where Rabin was to speak looked like a two-tone horizontal bar. On O'Neill's Xerox, it was Israeli Security. In person, the agent was a large impressive young man with expressionless eyes; the only emotion he showed was enthusiasm for the fog.

In the tightest security setup the Philadelphia Police Department has engineered for one man since President Nixon, there were a half-dozen other lapel pins.

Another horizontal bar, this one for Philadelphia plainclothesmen, a gold bomb on a blue background for the Philadelphia Bomb Squad. And off, to one side, at International Airport, a couple of agents young enough to be teen-agers.

No insignia on these two. They wore blue jeans and corduroys, and jackets colored like a circus poster, yellow and blue. One had a dry-old beard on his unlined face. All in all, kind of scruffy looking. Except for the air of watchfulness, the absolute intentness with which they surveyed the crowd, they would have escaped notice. El Al



ISRAELI Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin greets youngsters at Philadelphia International

Airport. He is the first chief of state to visit the city in the Bicentennial year.

Airline agents, trained to shoot it out with terrorists, whatever the odds or the circumstances.

Much to the disgust of police, most of the fog was gone by the time the blue-and-white flooding 747 touched down near the Overseas Terminal. And barred to public gaze was not only Rabin but the small army of Philadelphia police, U.S. and Israeli agents assembled to protect him. In all, counting the last feather-jacketed go-trojan on the last overpass en route to the Liberty Bell, upwards of 800

men.

And the wonder of it all was that it went off so smoothly. What unraveled was a series of tableaux; they fed one into the other with the sense of timing, the precision the department has developed in such situations over the last several years.

Outside the Academy of Music, an unnamed police car battles to a stop; the four cops crouch as one; and the men inside hit the wet pavement on their knees.

No lost motion, no shouting. Actually no sound at all, save for the footprints on the street. They are abreast of Rabin's limousine, reaching for the doorhandles before it gets to the curb. Before the crowd under the dripping New Locust marquee can decide which is Rabin, he's gone; he disappears that fast into the cavernous, back-stage gloom.

Other tableaux are the kind of mixture, grim and gentle, that people have become accustomed to these days.

One, at the airport, comes into focus gradually as the fog lifts. The fog lifts first off the 200 kids

from the Solomon Schechter Day Schools waiting behind the police barricades for Rabin; and the Israeli flags they are waving begin to show blue and white.

Then above them, as the fog lifts further, the watery sunlight picks out the police on top of the nearest hangar, then the binoculars they are holding; in the thinning mist the James Earl Ray hangs there.

Scratch, you wish it had stopped with the fog.

For the Bicen year, Monday's security is to be pretty much the pattern, "right down the line," says a ranking police officer. For President Ford, for Pope Paul VI if he should come to the Eucharistic Congress. For the Queen of England, too—"Instead of the Palestinian terrorists, you'll have the IRA."

Before the Bicen is finished, the pattern will be familiar to many Philadelphians. And (to TV-viewers) perhaps some of the faces behind the badges, too. They're where the TV cameras are, up front, where the action and the threats are.

Adrian Lee's opinion column also appears on Sunday and Tuesday.

## Opinion Review



NEW ODD  
PAGE

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ORIGINAL

1

MIDDLE EAST SECURITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

5L-12

THURSDAY, January 29, 1976 12L-8

10 PT. C. & S.C.

U. S. Senate, [5]

Committee on Appropriations, [3]

Washington, D. C. [1]

The committee met at 10:30 a.m. ~~in~~ in  
McKisley office Hon.  
room 2123, Everett Dirksen Building, ~~room~~ John L.  
McClellan (chairman) ~~presiding~~ presiding.

Present: Senators McClellan, Byrd, Chiles, Inouye,  
Hollings, Johnston, Eagleton, Bayh, Young, Mathias and  
Schweiker.

Insert 1A  
Chairman McClellan. The committee will come to order.

This morning we are to hear His Excellency the Prime  
Minister of Israel.

Mr. Prime Minister, we welcome you and will be glad  
to accede to your request to give you an opportunity to  
meet with this committee and to give us a briefing.

It is my understanding that possibly you will refer to  
some matters that might relate to national defense, therefore,  
I suggest to my colleagues that a motion to go into Executive  
Session would be in order.

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1A

*Middle East Security Assistance Program*) 10 PT CAPS

(pl) STATEMENT OF ~~MR. HONORABLE~~ ~~YIZHAK RABIN~~, PRIME MINISTER OF

☒ ISRAEL

(pl) Accompanied by:

- ☒ Mr. S. Dinitz, Ambassador of Israel to the United States
- ☐ Mr. A. Eitan, Director General of the Prime Minister's Office
- ☐ Mr. E. Mizrachi, Political Secretary to the Prime Minister
- ☐ Mr. Z. Rafish, Counselor, Israeli Embassy in the United States

12L-8

*Introduction of Prime Minister*) 10 PT. S.C.

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Senator Byrd I move with a motion

Senator Byrd. I would like the motion

Chairman Holloman. Is there objection to the motion

that we now go into Executive Session?

The chair hears none and it is so ordered. That means  
that all unauthorized persons are excluded from the room.

Very well, again we welcome you, Mr. Prime Minister  
but before you begin, I would like to place in the record  
your biography and also a sheet of budget figures (both  
actual and estimated) for the State of Israel.

(The documents ~~follow~~ follow.)

INSERT *ZA* FOLLOWS

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## YITZHAK RABIN

Prime Minister

Born in Jerusalem in 1922.

Attended the Kadoorie Agricultural School and, on completion of his schooling in 1940, joined the Palmach.

With his Palmach unit, he saw action behind the enemy lines, supporting the British forces during their invasion of Syria. He also took part in the planning of sabotage actions by the Palmach in cooperation with the British forces when a Nazi invasion of Palestine threatened.

In 1947, appointed Deputy Commander of the Palmach, and in 1948 Commander of the Har-El Brigade, in which command he was responsible for getting supplies through to besieged Jerusalem. He fought in all the battles for lifting the siege.

In 1949, he was a member of the Israel delegation to the Rhodes Armistice Talks with the Egyptians. From 1950 to 1952, he was Head of the Operations Branch of the IDF General Staff.

In 1953, he attended a military staff college in England, and, on his return, was appointed Head of the Training Department of the Manpower Branch from 1954-6, and Officer Commanding of the Northern Command until 1959.

In 1959, he was appointed Head of the Manpower Branch, and, in 1961, Deputy Chief of Staff and Head of the General Staff Branch.

In December 1963, he became Chief of Staff, with elevation to the rank of Lieutenant-General. Shortly after the Six-Day War, on 28 June 1967, he was awarded an Honorary Doctorate by the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, and from 1970-3 received Honorary Degrees from: Dropsie College, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Brandeis University, Waltham, Massachusetts; Yeshiva University, New York City; College of Jewish Studies, Chicago; University of Miami; Jewish Theological Seminary of America.

On 19 February 1968, he became Israeli Ambassador to Washington, holding the post until 15 March 1973.

On 10 March 1974, he was appointed Minister of Labour.

He became Prime Minister on 3 June 1974.

Married: one son, one daughter.

# ISRAEL

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	Fiscal Year 1974 Actual	Fiscal Year 1975 Estimated	Fiscal Year 1976 Proposed	Fiscal Year 1977 Proposed
Foreign Military Credit Sales	982,664	\$300,000	\$750,000	\$500,000
Foreign Military Sales Payment Waived	1,500,000	100,000	750,000	500,000
Military Assistance, subtotal	\$2,482,664	\$400,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,000,000
Agency for International Development:				
Security Supporting Assistance	50,000	324,500	740,000	740,000 <sup>2/</sup>
Prototype Desalting Plant	--	20,000	--	--
Public Law 480	32,428 <sup>1/</sup>	10,977 <sup>1/</sup>	17,191 <sup>1/</sup>	17,191 <sup>2/</sup>
Economic Assistance, subtotal	\$82,428	\$355,477	\$757,191	\$757,191
Mutual Education and Cultural Exchange	190	209	234	234 <sup>2/</sup>
Total of all U.S. Resources Transferred	\$2,565,282	\$755,686	\$2,257,425	\$1,757,425 <sup>3/</sup>

<sup>1/</sup> Includes Public Law 480 Title II for Jordan West Bank and Gaza.

<sup>2/</sup> In absence of detailed estimates for Public Law 480, Security Supporting Assistance, Mutual Education and Cultural Exchange projections of fiscal year 1975 estimates are carried as a straight line projection.

<sup>3/</sup> Does not include funds for Israel provided through Soviet Refugee Assistance, Other Refugee Assistance, American Schools and Hospitals Abroad, Housing Guarantee Program, etc. These are not projected by country.



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10 Chairman McClellan. I yield to my colleague here,  
11 the distinguished minority member for any comment he may have.  
12 Senator Young.

13 Senator Young. I want to welcome the Prime Minister  
14 and the Ambassador and the rest of the delegates.

15 I noted yesterday you had a real nice response in the  
16 Joint Session of Congress.

17 We welcome you.

18 Chairman McClellan. I would like to inquire of one  
19 other thing. I believe you did refer or suggest that  
20 perhaps you would like to have your remarks reported or  
21 taken down?

22 *Prime Minister LABIN.*  
23 ~~replied~~ I have no objection.

24 Chairman McClellan. Someone indicated to me that  
25 you probably did wish to have that done. I leave it to  
26 you.

27 Mr. Labin. I leave it to you, sir.

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1 Chairman McClellan. Very well, if there is no objection,  
2 the Senate will be reconvened.

3 Senator Young. If there is anything sensitive, you  
4 have the right to delete it.

5 Chairman McClellan. If at any point you wish to say  
6 something off the record, you may so indicate and that will  
7 be done.

8 Does any other member wish to comment?

9 You may proceed, Mr. Prime Minister.

10 *Prime Minister*

~~Mr.~~ Rabin. Mr. Chairman, distinguished members of the  
11 Senate, this committee, I would like first to thank you  
12 for allowing me the opportunity to have this meeting and to  
13 have this personal possibility to talk to you specifically  
14 about the problems that we see in our area in the relations  
15 between Israel and the United States.

16 I think for many years the United States and Israel  
17 have had a common concept of how to cope with the problem  
18 of instability in the Middle East and in regard to the  
19 conflict between those countries and Israel. It was based  
20 principally on two parallel approaches.

21 The first approach is to try to devise political  
22 procedures, political activities through diplomatic channels  
23 to find a solution to the conflict, to do whatever is possible  
24 in the field of diplomacy to reduce the tension and to  
25 advance the cause of peace.

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1 parallel to that, to make this part visible, to  
2 give a chance to more than Israel as long as there is an  
3 influx of arms, especially by the Soviet Union to some of  
4 our neighboring countries.

5 This policy of the United States has been established  
6 for many years in the past and there were adjustments to  
7 this policy, either in terms of the volume of support or in  
8 finding new ways of how to advance the political effort, the  
9 political process to bring about a settlement.

10 Whenever the Prime Minister or Foreign Minister comes  
11 to this country, we always discuss with the Administration,  
12 with Congress, what can be done on these two parallel actions.

13 As you are aware, in the last two years we decided,  
14 after consultation with the United States Government,  
15 especially taking the advice of the United States Government,  
16 not to try to achieve, whenever it is not attainable, a final  
17 solution, not to reduce efforts to achieve it, but, if it  
18 is not attainable, to be satisfied by steps that do not  
19 bring about a final settlement but advance the cause of  
20 peace and create more stability.

21 As you are aware, last year, 1975, we achieved an  
22 interim agreement with Egypt. It was not for peace, it was  
23 not even for the end of the state of war. I believe we  
24 showed flexibility by handing over oil fields and territories  
25 that include strategic positions in the hope that this will

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1 bring about better chances for peace. And I think that  
2 agreement with Egypt has slowed the course of increased steps  
3 for peace and negotiation in a certain amount of the tension.

4 Unfortunately, all the efforts of the United States  
5 Government, as you know, failed to convince the Syrians to  
6 agree to any sort of negotiations.

7 I would say the opposite has occurred. They tried to  
8 block the process of negotiations. In view of this develop-  
9 ment, we have discussed, I have discussed with the President,  
10 with the Secretary of State, what can be done to advance the  
11 cause of peace. And I believe that, even though no  
12 immediate decisions have to be made, we, I think, will  
13 elaborate on some sort of approach on how to move ahead with  
14 the efforts to bring about peace.

15 But at the same time, we have to face the arms race.  
16 I hope that somebody can bring about a reduction, if not a  
17 stop to the arms race. We are not interested in investing  
18 so much of our own resources in the increased order of our  
19 arms and will not turn to you to ask for it if the other side  
20 will do the same. Therefore, any effort that can bring  
21 about a reduction of the arms race will be helpful to  
22 everybody, I believe, in the Middle East on both sides with,  
23 I believe, a reduction of tension between the major powers.

24 But I am afraid this is not the case. For example, I  
25 think since the last war at the end of 1973, for each thing <sup>29nk</sup>

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1 that we got from just the Soviet Union. They shipped the  
2 and countries for 20 years. With us we say, the  
3 Russian supplies in one year, when it comes to planes. It is  
4 an increased amount of arms which are sent by the Soviet  
5 Union. They have ample resources. For them 5- or 6,000  
6 tanks is, I think, a production of one year, while here it  
7 is much less.

8 Therefore, if we want to pursue the basic common  
9 understanding that we have here today, which I believe  
10 serves the United States interest, it is to pursue on a  
11 two-pronged policy a search for peace and, as long as it has  
12 not been achieved, make sure that the military balance will  
13 not be changed in a way that it will call for war and will  
14 bring about a block for the negotiations.

15 We are now on our part doing very much to turn as much  
16 as possible less to outside help. I believe that you are  
17 aware that we have put a very heavy burden on our people.  
18 For example, we have put a policy of reduction in the standard  
19 of living. We have reduced last year the standard of living  
20 in private consumption by five percent. We are trying in  
21 the coming year to reduce by an additional five percent.

22 We have increased taxes. We collect through our tax  
23 system 70 percent of all the national income from private  
24 company capital. It is, I believe, more than twice as much  
25 as you do, as almost any democratic country in the world.

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1 This is done to show you and to turn to asking  
2 for aid. I think we have to ask for aid to get  
3 what anyone has done in the question of tanks.

4 We captured hundreds of Russian tanks. We have no  
5 many formations of Russian tanks and it is not so simple  
6 to have tanks when you have no supply of spare parts. Your  
7 vision tells you your ammunition and spare parts are on the  
8 other side. If you need them, you will have to go and fight  
9 to get them.

10 For us to have a hundred tanks more is an additional  
11 burden to us and an additional burden to you if we ask  
12 them from you.

13 We keep an old type of arms, Sherman tanks, half-trucks  
14 of the Second World War, just for the sake of not increasing  
15 beyond what we have asked the United States Government to  
16 supply us.

17 I think what we are trying to do is first and foremost  
18 to find political settlement because, after all, if there will  
19 be war, it is we that have to carry the burden of it. Second,  
20 to make sure that our military strength would be enough to  
21 deter war, to encourage the political process and to make  
22 sure that, if war will be enforced, we will be able to do it  
23 on our own.

24 This is, in simple terms, what we are trying to do and  
25 what is the basis of the understanding between our small

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If I heard correctly yesterday in your remarks, it seems that you believe that the real barrier to peace is not the issue of territory, not the Palestinian issue, but simply the fact that Arab nations have been unwilling to accept and are still unwilling to recognize Israel as a separate and independent state.

Prime Minister

Rabin. Mr. Chairman, I believe that was and still  
 is the main obstacle toward peace. I am not saying --  
 recognizing even though none of them has recognized that,  
 and I stress the word "reconciliation", because I believe  
 the essence of peace is to reconcile one with the other.

I can't say that in any proposal that was submitted to us, let's say from the President of Egypt through the good offices of the United States Government, there was a readiness for peace in the real meaning of it, which included normalization of relations. President Sadat said that he wants to achieve an end of the state of war, but he said normalization of relations, which means open borders, any kind of practical relations, this has to be postponed for the coming generation.

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But on the other hand, I believe in a President, as he  
has a positive position on the Arab-Israeli  
agreement, which is no peace, doesn't end the state of war,  
and he stresses that it is not at war with Israel. But I  
say in this agreement an interim decision of President, in  
the decision of President Sadat, it is an important one that  
encourages the process of peace.

As he said, not publicly, and I don't want him to be  
embarrassed, he said time is required. We have to let  
time pass to adjust ourselves until more steps can be taken.

Chairman McClellan. As I understand you, time, delay  
of this interim, as long as you can maintain this interim  
arrangement, time is really working in your favor. You  
think, provided you are able to maintain a military posture,  
that would tend to discourage resumption of the war?

*Prime Minister*

*Mr. Rabin.* Mr. Chairman, exactly. I believe vis-a-vis  
Egypt, time. Not unlimited time. I don't believe that we  
ask that we will have to wait ten years. I think President  
Sadat himself said publicly that he believed another year  
is required until the next step of political and diplomatic  
activity should be taken. If he is ready to do it before  
that, we are ready, too.

In the meantime, I think the strength of Israel is  
needed not only, or not mainly vis-a-vis Egypt, but the Syrians  
have not cooperated with the efforts of the United States

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Government to bring about some sort of settlement, first  
 kind what Syria agree to. And for the moment, they are  
 backed by the Soviet Union and they get the shipment of  
 arms on a large scale nowdays

Chairman McClellan. Now can you hold out any hope or  
 expectation, how can you be optimistic that the passage of time  
 in the next two or three years, that Syria will have a  
 change in attitude?

*Prime Minister*

*Mr.* Rabin. I can't promise that the Syrians will  
 change. I believe that if they realize that they can  
 achieve little, and I think the decision of the United States  
 Government to put a veto in the Security Council Bloc  
 showed them that unless they agree to what was accepted as  
 a basis for solution, what was agreed that should be the  
 procedures for solution, and it was agreed just two years  
 ago between the Soviet Union and the United States -- I  
 mean the Geneva Peace Conference -- that this is the course  
 that has to be used to explore the possibilities of peace  
 or to advance the possibilities of peace.

I hope they will agree. I have no power to force the  
 Syrians to do so and I am afraid that even the United States  
 hasn't got the power to convince the Syrians to change  
 their policy.

We have to do everything, by offering political option  
on the one hand, by blocking the military option on the

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You spoke of the Soviet Union supplying arms and then

6 part, of course, as we know. Is any other country supply

2. ways to Syria?

Czech Rabin. The main supply of arms to Syria, 99 percent.

supplied by the Soviet Union.

The Minister,

Chairman McClellan. Is that also true with respect to

11 the Egyptian, the Arab nations?

12 ~~See~~ Rabin. I think at the present time Syria gets 90

13 or, I believe, 100 percent of its arms from the Soviet Union.

18 Egypt is equipped mainly, again about 99 percent, by

14 Russian arms. The Egyptians turned to some western countries.

France and England, and they agreed to supply them with a

17 limited amount of arms. But the bulk of the Egyptian arms

18 the planes, the 2,300 tanks, artillery, everything is

15 Russian.

Iraq gets its arms from the Soviet Union, only from the

21. Arab East Union. Libya gets its arms now -- and they purchased

29 unbelievable quantities, and we know they had a deal of

23 supplying 1500 tanks of which about 800 have been delivered.

2: I don't believe that they can run more than 200 tanks.

They have at least 600 tanks surplus, a surplus we don't

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Now for some

Chairman McClellan. Do we have other than the  
supply other than the United States?

Mr. Rabin. Practically no. We produce a certain  
amount ourselves, but otherwise we don't.

Chairman McClellan. Do you have any economic or  
military assistance from any other country other than the  
United States of any consequence?

Mr. Rabin. We have certain arrangements with Western  
Germany of some economic cooperation.

Chairman McClellan. Very well, I don't want to  
monopolize all of the time.

I will yield now to Senator Young.

Do you have to leave at any particular time? Did I  
get some message you have to leave at a certain time?

Mr. Rabin. No, I do not.

Senator Young. Mr. Prime Minister, you spoke about  
the arms race in the Middle East that affects Israel and  
your surrounding countries. We have much the same problem  
with Russia. We have an arms race with them.

Aren't we pretty much the same boat? If the United  
States becomes a secondary power to Russia, won't that  
adversely affect you?

Mr. Rabin. I don't want to say things that -- naturally  
they are your own problems, but I believe I would not be

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1     ... if I didn't say that the problem is not only Israel.  
2     ... the United States ... it is a  
3     ... threat to the whole world, not only to Israel, but  
4     ... no doubt it would be a disaster to Israel.

5     Senator Young. Has the Soviet strength increased in  
6     the Mediterranean substantially?

7     Mr. Rabin. They have many ships in the Mediterranean.  
8     I believe they keep on a permanent basis about 30 or 40  
9     vessels in the Mediterranean. Whenever ~~we~~ increase tension,  
10    like during the 1973 war, they increased to about 60.

11   Senator Young. Then they are all around you on land, too?

12   Mr. Rabin. No doubt. I believe we see them  
13   establishing themselves in North Africa, Libya, to a certain  
14   extent in Egypt, Somali at the entrance to the Red Sea, also  
15   Yemen on the other side. You probably know better than I.  
16   We are too far from there. There is no question they  
17   advance wherever they can go.

18   Senator Young. One of our problems, as you know, we  
19   have a problem with appropriations. We have not replaced  
20   all the tanks we gave Israel from our own Army as yet.  
21   We aren't producing enough money to replace them. But  
22   the fact that Israel will fight, if necessary, is encouraging.

23   Mr. Rabin. In 1973 we found your production of tanks  
24   was 300 and the Russian's was 5,000.

25   Senator Young. Thank you.

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Chairman: Well, I think we are going to have an opportunity for questioning the Prime Minister. I am going to suggest we try to hold our questioning to 15 minutes for each member so that each member will have an opportunity to question the Prime Minister.

I understand now that the Prime Minister does have to leave at 12 o'clock.

Mr. Inouye.

Senator Inouye. Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman.

As of November 3 last year the U. S. Department of Defense was carrying an outstanding balance of \$2.1 billion in open military sales to Israel and an unpaid principle of \$2.1 billion, making an obligation of \$4.2 billion obligation on the part of Israel to the United States.

During the period 1976, the transition quarter, Israel will be required to pay \$1.5 billion for loan payments, support cost and military sales. How do you propose to meet these obligations?

*Prime Minister* 2 ~~Mr.~~ Rabin. As you are aware, in the process of the negotiations between Egypt and Israel, through the good offices of the United States Government, we made clear that in the agreement we take upon ourselves many risks, this in addition to the basic policy I described and subject to the approval by the Congress, the Administration proposed

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1 a bill that will meet our needs. This is the basic  
2 understanding. Of course we want this to be subject to the  
3 approval of the Congress.

4 Senator Inouye. In other words, part of the \$1.5  
5 billion in credits will be used for repayments?

6 Rabin. The whole of it will be used for paying  
7 what we purchase here. Whatever we get here, the money  
8 under the Military Sales Act, it is for buying arms here.

9 Senator Inouye. So the money you anticipate receiving  
10 in Fiscal Year 1976 will be used to pay the outstanding debt?

11 Rabin. Exactly.

12 Senator Inouye. How much of that amount will be used  
13 to modernize your Army, how much on new purchases?

14 Rabin. When we talk about our needs, it is on the  
15 one hand a certain element to increase in a limited way the  
16 total strength, but the bulk of it is used for the purpose  
17 of modernization. It is to say to put aside old tanks  
18 like the Sherman tanks that are no match to any Russian tank,  
19 modern tank, and the Russians supplied only their best tanks.  
20 the P-52s and other tanks, to modernize our planes, the old  
21 bench plane from the beginning of the '50s.

22 When we buy Phantoms and the Sky Hawks for the future,  
23 1977, 1978, 1979, if we want to get the F-15, we have to  
24 make a contract today because the lead time to begin with  
25 supplies takes two years.

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Senator Grupe, Mr. Edwin H. Rosten, present reporter

1 suggested that your country's share is not million  
2 of the world, financial. Can you talk to the present condition  
3 of your economy?

4 *Prime Minister,* 5 *CO* Rabin. Our major problem, of course, is what we  
6 call the deficit in the balance of payments. That reached  
7 last year over \$3.7 billion. Mainly it is because of the  
8 burden of defense. Just to give you an example, we spent  
9 40 percent of our national budget -- and in our case that  
10 includes the appropriations that in this country are done  
11 by the States, each State -- education, welfare, and other  
12 services. Forty percent of our national budget this year  
13 will go for defense, 10 percent to serve our national debt  
14 and 40 percent for all the other purposes.

15 What we are doing, as I said, basically is to increase  
16 production, especially exports. We reached a financial  
17 agreement with the European Common Market which allows us  
18 now to increase our exports. By that, to change favorably  
19 the balance of payments for the future, and, second, of  
20 course, to cut expenditures and the standard of living.

21 We have cut 10 percent of our imports  
22 to save money. As I said, we are trying to do everything  
23 to bring more austerity. We have no other choice.

24 We have improved the civilian defense situation by  
25 \$250,000 last year. If we could cut our expenditures on

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1     ... defense. I think it now stands at 12 percent of our gross national  
2     product, 12 percent of our gross national product. If we  
3     could reduce it to ten percent -- I think yours is between 7  
4     to 8 percent -- if we could reduce it, if there would be  
5     a reduction in the arms race to ten percent, we would not be  
6     in need of any assistance from outside. We could take care  
7     of it ourselves.

8     Even 12 percent of our gross national product, if only  
9     12 percent was allotted to defense, that we would have no  
10    problem of asking any assistance from the outside. But with  
11    40 percent of the gross national product going to defense, it  
12    is very difficult to maintain this burden by ourselves.

13    Senator Inouye. Thank you.

14    Chairman McClellan. Senator Mathias.

15    Senator Mathias. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

16    Mr. Prime Minister, you talked of the growing intran-  
17    sience of the Syrians. Do you feel there has been a marked  
18    increase in that since the Sinai agreement? Has there  
19    been an absence of a moderating effect from the Egyptians  
20    that might have been helpful?

21    Mr. Rubin. We hope that we reach an agreement with the  
22    key Arab country, Egypt, it will bring some sort of moderation  
23    but I am afraid Syria found itself in a position that she  
24    decided, for reasons known to the Syrians alone, to go and  
25    be more extreme. For how long will it take? I don't know.

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The aggression of the Communists toward the State of the Jewish People in Israel, and the civil war in Syria, and other international action in the Middle East, that they have taken sharp attacks on Egypt because Egypt agreed to some sort of agreement, even though it was not given, even though it was not even the end of the state of war.

And for that, the Russians, when they begged them, the Russians have given them new arms deals.

Senator Mathias. What you are saying is the influence of the Egyptians in the Arab world, as far as Syria is concerned, at least, it has diminished since the Sinai Agreement?

Mr. Rabin. I wouldn't say so. I would put it this way, it shows how it is difficult -- and we are coming back to the first question of the Chairman -- how it is difficult for an Arab leader to start even to take the first step toward peace.

Egypt is the key Arab country and Sadat is one of the leaders. As a result of his decision to go and to take the first small step toward peace, Egypt is more isolated now in the Arab world than it was before this agreement.

Senator Mathias. That brings us to the question which will come to this table. As you know, there is under consideration some program of assistance for Egypt. Do you

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1 "are any circumstances where that program might possibly  
2 include some military assistance to Israel in its efforts to  
3 place Egypt in a position where it can encourage settlement  
4 in the Arab world?"

5 Mr. Rabin. When it comes to economic aid, I don't believe  
6 that we can say any word. I think basically the more the  
7 Arab countries will focus on economic, social, and educational  
8 development, it will be an encouragement to the cause of  
9 peace.

10 When it comes to arms, I think it will be a very  
11 unusual position. When the United States will have to balance  
12 its own shipment of arms to the two sides, for each shipment  
13 of arms you will have sent to Egypt, you will have to  
14 balance us. And if now the competition in the arms race  
15 is basically a concern in America in compensating Israel  
16 for the Russians supplying the Arabs, then you will become  
17 the source of the increased arms race.

18 I think unless certain political settlement can be found  
19 between Egypt and Israel that will put an end to the state  
20 of war, even though it is not peace, I don't believe it would

21 ...

22 Senator Mathias. One final question, Mr. Prime Minister.

23 Could you tell us anything about the present state of  
24 your relations with Jordan, how this bears upon your  
25 military problems?

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1 Mr. Rubin. Well, Syria found itself in a very  
2 strange position after Arab leaders in 1948 asked the United  
3 Conference that Jordan should be out of the negotiations.  
4 Jordan had to protect itself and made a deal with the  
5 Syrians. Some sort of political recognition by the Syrians  
6 for military cooperation that the Syrians wanted. It is  
7 some sort of a deal that I hope that the King of Jordan  
8 will be careful not to find himself in the hands of the  
9 Syrians that just five years ago invaded with a force over  
10 300 times that of his own country just for the sake of the  
11 destruction of his regime.

12 I would like to go off the record now, Mr. Chairman.

13 Chairman McClellan. Off the record, Miss Reporter.

14 (Brief discussion off the record.)

15 Chairman McClellan. Back on the record.

16 Senator Hollings.

17 Senator Hollings. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

18 Mr. Prime Minister, you are right on a subject that  
19 interests me. First you made an exceptionally outstanding  
20 speech yesterday, Mr. Prime Minister, and we in the Senate  
21 appreciate it. We have been in the vanguard of our support  
22 for Israel, in fact we have been showing the Executive and  
23 everyone else, and for your appearance and delivery yesterday,  
24 it makes us proud of our support and dedication to Israel.

25 Incidentally, we were briefed by our own CIA at this

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1     was involved in this case -- about a month ago before  
2     Christmas. I heard reports later that the UN said that  
3     Israel was exaggerating her request, or whatever it was,  
4     militarily. I attended that briefing and I did not get  
5     that impression at all. On the contrary, I was convinced  
6     from that particular briefing that we can't make Israel  
7     a borderline case. You not only have to be strong, but  
8     appear exceptionally strong because you are out-numbered in  
9     every direction. It is only through your skill that you  
10    have been able to prevail. So we feel very strongly, at  
11    least I do, in favor of supporting that \$2.3 billion.

12         But as a student, as we are all of Israel, and let's  
13    say 8 or 9 years ago it was Egypt and we were talking  
14    about defensible boundaries and what have you. It seems  
15    to me that rather than time working on our side, as the  
16    expression you used, that rather time has been working  
17    against us, and rather than Egypt or Syria being at the  
18    top of the list of the problems, the Palestinians are at  
19    the top of the list in my opinion. It has gotten recognition  
20    in world opinion. One of the Catholic Bishops said we ought  
21    to have a nation for the Palestinians.

22         You were talking about them being Jordanians -- and  
23    you people are the smartest people. Why is it you haven't  
24    worked out something to give them some kind of identity.

25         In your initial speech you talked about how you could

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1     I am a Zionist state but the Jews are their place of birth  
2     that is wrong with a state is state for the Palestinians is  
3     their place of residence. If I lived in that Gaza Strip,  
4     to be blunt, I am absolutely opposed to terrorism and  
5     terrorism, but I don't know what I would be doing. Where  
6     is the front line for a terrorist? He doesn't have a  
7     territory.

8     You referred to the status of being a pilgrim before  
9     nations. Are we going to just continue on that question  
10    with the UN? We are standing almost alone. We are using  
11    our veto and I don't see us winning. I see us losing and  
12    it seems to me that as smart as you people are and we are  
13    supposed to be, it seems we should be able to get together  
14    and do something on the Palestinian problem.

15    Your illusion that we will talk to the Palestinians  
16    as a part of Jordan, is there some way we can talk to  
17    them by themselves? Can we give them some kind of nation  
18    state or identity so they can take over?

19    I am sure the majority will respond and want another  
20    kind of leadership. We have to handle those problems of  
21    Egypt and Syria, but isn't the prime problem the  
22    Palestinians?

23    Mr. Rabin. I believe there is a problem and the  
24    problem should be solved. Without its solution, I don't  
25    believe that peace will be achieved, or even that there

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1     ... be a change on the part of their leaders. But I believe  
2     ... the key question is the change on the part of the  
3     Arab country leaders.

4     What should be the solution? Here are the Palestinians.  
5     The biggest concentration is in Jordan, about 900,000.  
6     They are Jordanian citizens, part of this country.

7     Then there are about 670,000 in the West Bank. What we  
8     propose is that there will be two states in former old  
9     Palestine, Israel and then east of it a Jordanian-Palestinian  
10    state.

11    I don't believe that a third state between Jordan and  
12    Israel will solve anything for the Palestinians. I believe  
13    the opposite. It will create all the tensions because it  
14    is bound to be against Jordan and also against Israel.  
15    If then in a Jordanian-Palestinian state there will be  
16    a change of regime of government, it is none of our  
17    business. We don't interfere or intervene in who and what  
18    is done in our neighboring countries.

19    The real problem is, at the present, the political  
20    issue brought by the PLO and the PLO intention is first  
21    and mainly against the very existence of Israel. They  
22    talk about secular state, a secular democratic state.

23    A democratic state, fine. Tomorrow I can accept,  
24    if they want it, west of the river Jordan there will be a  
25    democratic state that by majority its future will be decided

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because there are three million Jews and one and a half million Palestinians there. The Gaza Strip, the West Bank and the Israeli Arabs. But since Mr. Arafat knows it, he adds to his proposal for the creation of a democratic state another clause that all those Jews who came after 1947 will be expelled. The two million Jews have to be shipped out of Israel. Where? He doesn't care.

Now, therefore, it is either you want a democratic state in the west, west of Jordan. You want to bring in a political solution that will attach the bulk of the population in the West Bank with an even greater number of Palestinians which are east of the river. We are ready to do that. But we cannot agree to the creation of a third state that everybody knows, and no one will deny, that its purpose is not a solution that will put a final end to the conflict but will plant a time bomb to destroy any settlement that might be achieved.

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1 Senator Hollings. Obviously, you have to accommodate  
2 some kind of leadership within the Government/Palestinian state  
3 and acceptance of citizenship applications.

4 Mr. Rabin. No.

5 Senator Hollings. Can I ask you some question, if my  
6 colleague will yield.

7 Chairman McClellan. Very well.

8 Senator Hollings. If we continue to supply Israel, we  
9 could do it by refueling even in the air. But as you see it,  
10 we are worried about supplying you, you are worried can we  
11 supply you but if we fly down and get in to Tel Aviv, could we,  
12 if we had to, supply you from Diego Garcia?

13 Mr. Rabin. It depends. With Saudia Arabia on one side  
14 and Egypt on the other. Once you go across the Red Sea, it is  
15 Saudia Arabia all along the eastern side of the shore, which  
16 is controlled as part of the Arabian Peninsula and the other  
17 part is controlled by Egypt.

18 According to international law you are allowed to fly there  
19 but international rules are not always kept in time of war.  
20 I think the best way is to prevent the need of an airlift in  
21 case of war.

22 If we can have a little bit larger source, I don't see  
23 any reason to build from the very beginning of an airlift.

24 Senator Hollings. Thank you.

25 Chairman McClellan. Mr. Chiles.

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2 Senator asking. I want to get your comments on what is  
3 is now happening in Lebanon and some of your comments  
4 about the role that Syria and the PLO play in the fighting  
5 that was going on and how you see that affecting Israel now.

6 Mr. Rabin. I think it is a real tragedy what is going on  
7 in Lebanon. Lebanon was the only Arab country out of 17 that  
8 abides by the constitution. There is some that were not of  
9 the official religion. Lebanon was created when the French left  
10 Syria, Greater Syria with the purpose to make sure that the  
11 Christian community would be able to survive.

12 We have witnessed in the last few years increased push-  
13 ing on the part of especially of Syria to bring about a change,  
14 Islamization of Lebanon, to prevent the situation that the  
15 Christian community would be able to maintain itself, practi-  
16 cally to be able to survive.

17 The fact that the Palestinian terrorists were there  
18 increased the Muslim force that started a military struggle for  
19 political change.

20 What is going on there is a real tragedy, according to  
21 our information. About 10,000 got killed, mainly civilians,  
22 in the last nine months. 20,000 were wounded; a lot of destruc-  
23 tion; 300,000 people left the country. The Syrians practically  
24 monopolized the situation there.

25 Egypt has tried to bring about inter-Arabian political  
activity there for political settlement, but the Syrians

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and tend to withhold information from other Arab countries  
as much as they can so as to have it completely under their  
control.

When the Christians withdrew from the military struggle,  
they pushed what is called the PLO, the Palestinian Liberation  
Army, which is the organized forces of the PLO. They have  
terrorists organizations, the resistance movement and the  
SIDA. I believe there are about 12 organizations. But there  
is no formal army which is composed of three brigades. It  
is headquartered in Damascus, more than two brigades are there.

Officially, they come under Mr. Arafat, but for all  
practical purposes they are under complete command of the  
Syrian headquarters. When the Syrians realized it doesn't  
go as well and the Christian refuses their political settle-  
ment, they pushed four battalions of the PLO into Lebanon.

The tragedy is the Lebanese army, which is balanced  
between Christians and Muslims, has become ineffective. First,  
the government doesn't dare to give an order, because again the  
president is a Christian, the prime minister is Muslim, and  
unless you reach an agreement about the use of force, no one  
dare to give an order.

Second, since the combination between Muslims and Christ-  
ians, unless there is a consensus practically, the army can't  
be an operative body.

This brought about a worsening of the military situation

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...the Christians and they accepted a political, secular and there  
...less power of them ... the ... is  
... politically and indirectly militarily of everything  
which is ... the Muslim side in Lebanon.

If there is any evidence, or if there is somebody who  
would like to see the realities and understand why we cannot  
accept even dealing with the PLO, this is the evidence. The  
Christians there are Arabs. They are Arabs with the Christian  
religion and they are oppressed and will be oppressed because  
the Muslim part, with the support of an extremist country  
like Syria, extremist element like the PLO, would push for  
total Muslim control wherever and whenever it will be possible  
for them.

For us, it serves as quite a warning, a real warning,  
because, if one country in the whole Middle East in which  
there is a considerable number of Christian communities, they  
were the majority. It may have been changed slightly. If  
they cannot entertain any capability to live the way they  
want, even though they are Arabs, even though when it comes to  
their official position vis-a-vis Israel, those are whatever  
Arab leaders will decide. If the Arab world cannot tolerate  
one single Arab country which is not totally dominated by  
Muslims, what should happen to us?

It is a pity that no one comes even morally in their  
support. In a situation where the consequence will be, it will

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1. But the Muslim Arab countries he is to be a second  
2. which-great-land

Chairman [unclear] [unclear]

3. Senator Johnston. In your question by Mr. [unclear], I  
4. thought I understood you to say part of the \$2.3 billion in  
5. the FY 77 budget would be used to pay past debts. It is really  
6. for future acquisition of arms, at least the 1.5 billion is  
7. all for future arms; is it not?

8. Mr. Rabin. No. We got deliveries in fiscal year that  
9. are not yet paid. Allow me to explain the machinery.

10. When we ask for arms, first there should be a political  
11. approval. Once we get approval we have to put orders, not all  
12. of that we get from the shelves. The lead time might be long,  
13. for many, many years, as in the case of the F-15. We are in  
14. the process and there are arms we ordered two years ago and  
15. they are delivered today. Therefore, it is a much more compli-  
16. cated accounting system in which you pay a down payment for  
17. arms you get in the future. You pay for arms that are  
18. delivered to you.

19. But the whole calculation of the \$2.3 billion is for arms  
20. that practically have been agreed to supply us -- the \$1.5  
21. billion, out of the 2.24 to be more specific, 1.5 is for  
22. military sales.

23. Senator Johnston. For past debts due for arms already  
24. delivered?

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Mr. Rabin. Paying for the arms to pay as a down payment for orders for the future. All that will be spent will be paid to the Pentagon for arms.

Senator Johnston. I understand that. But what I am getting at is the \$1.5 billion, have those arms been delivered and a debt created for which you would pay the \$1.5 billion, or are those not for arms -- in other words, \$1.5 billion, as I understand it, was for arms to be delivered.

Mr. Rabin. No, it is for both. I don't know exactly the proportion. It depends much more on the way the Pentagon calculates its dealing with the Congress and with the factories than on us. We are told by the Pentagon how it is divided, what for the arms of the past, past orders and what for the arms of the future.

Senator Inouye. If the Senator will yield.

Senator Johnston. I yield.

Senator Inouye. Isn't it correct that Israel has credits amounting to about \$2.5 million, which would leave about a billion dollars of this 1.5 to be used?

Mr. Rabin. I think it is two-thirds for what we have in the pipeline and only one-third for new orders.

Senator Inouye. That is the 539.

Senator Johnston. But the pipeline has not yet arrived in Israel; it is on the way over.

Mr. Rabin. Again, I want to be careful, since I don't

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7 give the exact break, according to your questions.

8 Senator Johnston. I think I can deal with that.

9 Mr. Rabin. I am sure you can deal with the Foreign  
10 They do all the accounting.

11 Senator Johnston. Mr. Prime Minister, I understand that  
12 there will be a bill introduced in the Foreign Relations  
13 Committee to add an additional 500 million to be allocated to  
14 the transition quarter for additional arms for Israel's  
15 official request, and do you need the \$500 million for the  
16 transition quarter?

17 Mr. Rabin. We didn't deal with the transition period;  
18 we just raised the point there is no authorization or no  
19 question of an appropriation for a quarter of a year that it  
20 is the interval because it is the interval between the new  
21 fiscal year and the end of the old.

22 First, we raised the money with the Administration for  
23 Fiscal 77. They cut one-third of what we agreed to be the  
24 amount for arms sales. So basically, there are two problems:  
25 the transitional period and the proposal by the Administration  
26 for Fiscal Year 77.

27 Senator Johnston. You were cut on your 77 request from  
28 a billion and a half to a billion. Isn't this transition  
29 quarter half billion dollars really to make up for that cut,  
30 or are you officially requesting both the half billion in the  
31 transition quarter and a billion and a half in 1977?

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Mr. Rabin. So - matter of fact, that we had in mind  
it to ask the Government also - first to consider the million  
and second, to find out what could be done the transition  
period.

Senator Johnston. So it is not really an official  
request for a liquidated amount of a half billion dollars for  
the transition quarter?

Mr. Rabin. No.

Senator Johnston. Thank you, Mr. Prime Minister.

Chairman McClellan. Gentlemen, we have a roll call vote.  
Do you wish to return?

Senator Young. I believe the Prime Minister has to  
leave.

Senator Inouye. Mr. Chairman?

Chairman McClellan. Mr. Inouye.

Senator Inouye. Will the Prime Minister permit any  
member to submit questions for responses?

Mr. Rabin. Of course.

Senator Inouye. If I may, Mr. Chairman, I would like to  
submit questions in writing to the Prime Minister to be  
answered in writing.

Chairman McClellan. Very well, they may be submitted.

Does anyone else have any?

Senator Hollings. No, I don't.

Senator Young. Mr. Prime Minister, I wonder, your

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appearances have been very enlightening and very helpful. You have the distinction of being the first Prime Minister of any foreign country to appear before this committee.

Mr. Rabin. It is my pleasure.

Chairman McClellan. Anything further?

Senator Inouye.

Senator Inouye. In my submitted questions, I don't have one I wanted to ask personally. I am certain you are aware the CIA has suggested that Israel at the present time has sufficient arms to cope with any problems from the confrontation of states, and in fact suggested that maybe the amounts requested were a little much.

I would like you to respond to that in writing, if you like.

Mr. Rabin. We went into discussion with the CIA.

Chairman McClellan. Off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

Chairman McClellan. Back on the record.

The hearing is adjourned, subject to call of the Chair.

Thank you.

(Whereupon, at 11:15 a.m. the committee adjourned, subject to call of the Chair.)

SECRET



כל המסמך חובן מסמך זה. כולו  
או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לכך - עובר על החוק לתיקון  
דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה  
יחסי חוק וסודות רשמיים).  
תשי"ז 527

## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

טו"ר

מברק נכנס-מסווג

אל:תמשרד

מאת: רוסינגטון

נשלח 291900 76.11.76

מיידי

אל:כל הקונסולים (א) (ישראל) (29/11/76) דע מנכל עבדון ארגוב

לחלץ עקרי תודות שנתנו רוחם לעתונאים הישראלים כדקע לא לייחוס חוזר  
לא לייחוס. כלומר תוכלו להשתמש במידע בשיחותיכם מבלי לייחס זאת לדותם  
(1) מועד הבקור תוכנן מראש. כזכור הוא נדחה מאז נובמבר. רוחם שבע  
רצון מהדחיה ומהענף הנכחי מהסיבות הבאות: א. כיום בדורות יותר  
תוצאות הסדר הביניים. ב. הווטו במועצת הבטחון משמעותו חסימת התקפה  
הטורית-רוסית-אשפית. ג. המצב בלבנון מסייע למעמדנו המדיני.  
(2) הצד המדיני: א. הנושא הפלשטינאי אינו חילוקי דעות בין ישראל  
וארצות הברית. ארצות הברית מבינה שכל נאחז אשפי פרושו כשלון  
אמריקני. הבעיה הפלשטינאית איננה הבעיה המרכזית לגבי הדרכים בהם יש  
לנקוט כדי לבלום להתנגד ולנטרל את אשפי. ב. לא נדרשות כיום מממשלת  
ישראל כל החלטות קונקרטיות מידיות בנושא המדיני. המטרה היא לפעול  
ולחג'ע להבנה משותפת עם ארצות הברית לגבי הכוונה הכללית אליו אנו שואפים  
ולגבי האמצעים בהם עלינו לנקוט כדי לצעוד לקראתו  
ישראל וארצות הברית רחוקות זו מזו בכוונה המחשבה הכללית- בנוהל ובתוכן  
סאוד. המטרה היא לחג'ע לתכנון מדיני אסטרטגי. המגמה היא לצעוד  
לקראת גנבה שפרושו אמנם דיון בסדר כולל אולם אינו להוציא מכלל אפשרות  
החדרים חלקיים נוספים. אסור לנו להיות פוזמתיים ולדגול בסדר כולל  
מלבד או בסדר חלקי בלבד. המכשולים העומדים בדרכ לגנבה ח'נמ סוריה  
אשפי ובדיתם. עמדה של ירדן עדיין לא ברורה. ארצות הברית לא הציעה לישראל  
באופן רשמי ולא העלתה בנושא לדיון רציני את הדעיון של התכנסות  
המדינים לוועידה בלתי פורמלית. לכן ישראל לא התחשה לנושא זה כלל  
וכלל. ג. לא קיימת בשלב זה החלטה של ג'שיא ארצות הברית לבקור במזרח  
בחדשים הקרובים. קיימת מחשבה בכוונה זה מכיוון שנשיא ארצות הברית (ו'זמנ  
לבקר באזור על ידי מצרים וישראל. ד. נושא ייתוכנית יריחות לא הועלה  
בפני רוחם על ידי שום גורם אמריקני.



כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה, כולו  
או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לבך - עובר על החוק לתיקון  
דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה  
יחסי-חוץ וסודות רשמיים).  
תשי"ז - 1957.

## משרד החוץ

מחלקת המשפ

מברק נכנס-מסווג

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א) היחסים הבינלאומיים- ישראל-ארה"ב: רוחם הביע שביעות רצון מחמצב  
בנושא הבטחוני כולל קצב אספקת נשק. רוחם שבע רצון מהתשובות  
לשאלות הקונגרסיות שהעלה בנושא. רוחם ציינו שעוצמת אהל גדולה כיום  
באופן משמעותי יחסית לעוצמתו ב-1975 אולם אינו לנו עניין להשתמש  
בקודה זאת במסגרתו והדבר מובא לידיעה בלבד. הערה: פסקה 3 כוללת  
הינה לידיעתכם בלבד ולא לשיחות רקע.

4) הסיוע הסספיים: א. מטרותיו להפריד את הדיון בקונגרס בתקציב 1976  
מהדיון בתקציב 1977. אינו כל עניין שהקונגרס ידון בעת ובעונה  
אחת בסיוע ל-1976 מסכ 2.24 בליון ובסיוע ל-1977, המאבק הנוכחי  
חייב להתמקד על ה-2.24 בליון ואינו צורך להכביד עליו, בשלב מאוחר  
יותר נטפל בהצעת הסיוע ל-1977 ובפער שלושת החודשים שנוצר כתוצאה  
מהעברת ראשית שנת התקציב האמריקאית.

ב. עלינו להביא שכאשר ארה"ב מאשרת אספקת נשק לישראל היא תדאג  
ככך שיימצא גם האשראי לאספקת זאת. מסיבה זאת והסיבה והצויינת בסעיף  
א) לא דרש רוחם בשיחות הנוכחיות את הגדלת הסכום של הסיוע  
הסספי והצבאי לשנת 1977 המסתכם לפי הצעת הממשל בבליון דולר.  
ג. רוחם הפנה את תשומת הלב לעובדה שהם בשנת התקציב 76  
וחג בשנת התקציב 1977 מהווה הצעת הסיוע הכלכלי והצבאי לישראל  
כ-50 אחוז מסכ התקציב סיוע החוץ.

עד כאן.

בר נר

שחח רוחם מנכל ממנכל אגוב מצפא הסברה

מב/אי



מס' 503

אל: המשרד

נשלח: 291000 זבז 76

מאת: ויטלברגטון

מ ד י

לשכת שהח . מנכ"ל עברון .

לשכת רוהם . דע בונה פריס ברן בריטל האג רומא לונדון ( הועבר בה / 655 )  
להלן הנוסח המלא של באום רוהם לפני המושב המשותף של שני בתי הקונגרס .

ADDRESS OF PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN BEFORE THE JOINT SESSION  
OF CONGRESS WASHINGTON DC JANUARY 28, 1976.

MR VICE PRESIDENT MR SPEAKER DISTINGUISHED MEMBERS OF CONGRESS  
I COME TO YOU FROM JERUSALEM WITH THE GREETINGS OF MY PEOPLE  
IN THIS YOUR BICENTENNIAL YEAR.

TWO DAYS AGO I STOOD BEFORE INDEPENDENCE HALL TO PAY TRIBUTE IN  
THE NAME OF ISRAEL TO THE FATHERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.  
THERE I SAW THE BIBLICAL INSCRIPTION ON THE LIBERTY BELL WHICH  
I S SO FAMILIAR TO ME IN ITS ORIGINAL HEREW UKRATEM DROR  
BAARETZ LECHOL YOSHVEHA: PROCLAIM LIBERTY THROUGHT ALL THE LAND  
UNTO ALL THE INHABITANTS THEREOF. WE ISRAEL CELEBRATE WITH  
YOU THAT GREAT MESSAGE AMERICA PROCLAIMED 200 HEARS AGO.

MR VICE PRESIDENT MR SPEAKER:

I THINK YOU ALL FOR THE INVITATION THAT HAS BROUGHT ME HERE TODAY  
AND I APPRECIATE YOUR EXPRESSIONS OF WELCOME. HERE TODAY  
AND I APPRECIATE YOUR EXPRESSIONS OF WELCOME.  
STANDING HERE IN THIS GREAT HALL I AM AWARE THAT YOU ARE THE  
HEIRS OF A TWO CENTURY OLD TRADITION OF FREE GOVERNMENT  
BY THE PEOPLE. REE PEOPLE EVERYWHERE ACKNOWLEDGE THEIR DEBT  
TO YOUR DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE WHICH EMPHASIZES THE NATURAL  
RIGHT OF ALL PEOPLES TO ESTABLISH GOVERNMENTS OF THEIR OWN CHOOSIN  
OUR DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BUILDING ON THAT RIGHT  
ADDS TO IT THE PRINCIPLE THAT THE JEWISH PEOPLE SHALL PRESERVE  
ITS INTEGIRY AND RESTORE ITS NATIONAL EXISTENCE IN ITS OWN  
LAND DESPITE THE HOLOCAUSTS OF HISTORY.

THE FIRST PRINCIPLE REFLECTS THE ESSENCE OF THE AMERICAN  
REVOLUTION THE SECOND THE ESSENCE OF THE ZIONIST REVOLUTION.  
THE WAR FOF 1776 AND THE WAR F 1948 WERE BOTH BATTLES OF  
LIBERATION. WHAT MADE THEM INTO REVOLUTIONS WAS THE HUMAN VISION  
THAT FIRED THEM IT WAS A VISION NOT ONLY TO WIN FREEDOM BUT ALSO  
TO CONSTRUCT NEW SOCITIES IN FREEDOM. IN OUR CASE IT WAS THE REVOL  
OF AN ANCIENT NATIONS TO PUT AN END ONCE AND FOR ALL TO HOMELESS-  
NESS AND HOLOCAUST. IT WAS THE ASSERTION OF OUR RIGHT TO SELF  
DETERMINATION TO RETURN TO ZION TO RECLAIM IT OF THE DESOLATION



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OF TWENTY CENTURIES TO GATHER IN THE OPRESSED OF OUR SCATTERED  
SONS AND DAUGHTERS AND TO BUILD THERE A NEW SOCIETY  
INSPIRED BY THE VALUES OF THE OLD.

THIS IS THE ZIONIST VISION.

FROM THE DAYS WHEN JOHN ADAMS EXPRESSED HIS HOPE FOR THE RETURN  
OF JEWISH INDEPENDENCE FROM THE DAYS WHEN MARK TWAIN FIRST SAW

THE LAND OF ISRAEL AS "A LAND OF RUIN" TO THE PRESENT DAY - THE  
UNITED STATES HAS SHOWN SYMPATHY FOR THIS VISION. CONGRESS AS THE  
EXPRESSION OF AMERICA HAS CONSISTENTLY ACTED TO GIVE THAT SYMPATHY  
SUBSTANCE. FOR THIS I EXTEND TO YOU THE GRATITUDE OF THE PEOPLE OF  
ISRAEL.

ISRAEL COULD WELL SAY OF ITSELF WHAT THOMAS JEFFERSON SAID OF  
AMERICA: "OUR ANCESTORS POSSESSED A RIGHT WHICH NATURE HAS GIVEN  
TO ALL MEN OF DEPARTING FROM THE COUNTRY IN WHICH CHANCE - NOT  
CHOICE - HAS PLACED THEM OF GOING IN QUEST OF NEW HABITATIONS AND  
OF THEIR ESTABLISHING NEW SOCIETIES..."

WHEN THESE WORDS WERE SPOKEN AMERICA WAS IN THE MIDST OF ITS NATION  
BUILDING THROUGH IMMIGRATION. IT WAS TO CONTINUE FOR ANOTHER 150  
YEARS. WE ARE A CENTURY INTO OURS. OUR STATUE OF LIBERTY IS A  
REFUGEE IMMIGRANT BARGE.

FOR BOTH OF OUR NEW SOCIETIES, IMMIGRATION BECAME PIONEERING.  
ISRAEL'S CONTEMPORARY FOLK HEROES LIKE YOURS ARE THOSE WHO  
MASTERED WASTELANDS AND WENT OUT TO BUILD COMMUNITIES IN EMPTY  
PLACES.

IN A SOCIETY OF PIONEERING DEMOCRACY SPRINGS FROM THE FRONTIER  
ITSELF. OUR COMMON HERITAGE - FOUNDED UPON THE BIBLICAL ETHIC  
GAVE THE DEMOCRATIC EXPERIENCE ITS UNIQUE EXPRESSION.

IT PROCLAIMED THE DIGNITY AND WORTH OF EVERY INDIVIDUAL.  
THOUGH DIFFERENT IN FORM OUR RESPECTIVE INSTITUTIONS SHARE  
THIS COMMON OBJECTIVE.

THERE ARE ALL TOO FEW NATIONS IN THE WORLD THAT UPHOLD THESE  
DEMOCRATIC FORMS AND OBJECTIVES. WE ARE A RATHER SMALL FAMILY.  
WE DID NOT EXPECT TO BE SO A GENERATION AGO.

A GENERATION AGO THE WORLD WAS ENGULFED IN A GREAT WAR. IN THE  
CONTEST BETWEEN NATIONS IT WAS PERHAPS THE GREATEST OF BATTLES  
BETWEEN THE FORCES OF GOOD AGAINST THE FORCES OF EVIL.

WHEN IT WAS OVER A CONSCIOUS EFFORT WAS MADE TO EXTEND THE PRINCIPLE  
OF INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE AND DECENCY TO ALL PEOPLES LARGE AND SMALL.  
ITS CONCRETE EXPRESSION WAS THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

AT THE GENERATIONS END THE UNITED NATIONS FINDS ITSELF IN  
CRISIS. THE WORDS OF ITS CHARTER HAVE BEEN ABUSED AND DEVALUED.

ISRAEL HAS LEARNT THAT IT CAN EXPECT NO JUSTICE FROM THE UNITED  
NATIONS IN ITS PRESENT FORM. ITS MORAL RESOURCES HAVE BEEN ERODED  
BY EXTORTION AND APPEASEMENT WHICH AGAIN INTRUDE UPON THE  
INTERNATIONAL SCENE. NONE OF US IN THE FREE WORLD HAVE FARED WELL  
IN THIS CLIMATE.

THE PRESENT COMBINATION OF CIRCUMSTANCES HAS PLACED MY OWN  
PEOPLE IN THE FRONT LINE. BUT I BELIEVE THAT THE CONSEQUENCES  
EXTEND TO THE WHOLE DEMOCRATIC FAMILY AND ULTIMATELY TO THE PEACE  
AND WELFARE OF MANKIND. GIVEN THE ACUTE POLITICAL ECONOMIC AND  
SOCIAL STRESSES OF OUR TIMES NEVER HAS THE INTER DEPENDENCE OF OUR  
DEMOCRATIC COMMUNITY BEEN GREATER.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN MIGHT WELL HAVE BEEN SPEAKING OF US WHEN HE  
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SAID : "WE MUST ALL HANG TOGETHER OR WE WILL ALL HANG SEPARATELY."  
 I SAY THIS AS A REPRESENTATIVE OF A SMALL DEMOCRACY TO THE  
 REPRESENTATIVES OF THE BIGGEST AND STRONGEST OF US ALL.  
 PRESIDENT FORDS LEADERSHIP IS MAKING A CRUCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO  
 THE PEACE OF THE WORLD AND TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE IN THE MIDDLE  
 EAST. HIS EFFORTS HOLD OUT THE HOPE FOR A MORE SECURE AND STABLE  
 WORLD AND A BETTER PLACE FOR PEOPLE TO LIVE IN.  
 THERE IS NO FREEDOM NOR SHALL THERE BE PEACE IN THIS WORLD WITHOUT  
 A UNITED STATES STRONG AND CONFIDENT IN ITS PURPOSE. WORLD PEACE  
 RESTS UPON YOUR FORTITUDE. UPON IT RESTS THE HOPE THAT HONEST  
 DIALOGUE CAN MOVE FORWARD WITH SOCIETIES HAVING OTHER SYSTEMS OF  
 RULE. WE WELCOME ANY FORM OF INTERNATIONAL DIALOGUE TO REDUCE  
 THE SUSPICIONS AND TENSIONS BETWEEN NATIONS. FOR IN THE END OUR  
 COMMON CAUSE AS DEMOCRACIES IS A STRUGGLE FOR MANKIND AND NOT  
 AGAINST ANY PORTION OF IT.

MR VICE PRESIDENT MR SPEAKER:

FROM THIS ROSTRUM I DECLARE THAT HOWEVER DIFFICULT THE ROAD  
 HOWEVER HARD THE CHALLENGE AND HOWEVER COMPLEX THE PROCESS ISRAEL WILL  
 STRIVE WITH ALL ITS BEING TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE PEACE OF THE WORLD  
 BY PRESSING AHEAD WITH ITS EFFORT FOR PEACE WITH THE ARAB  
 COUNTRIES. THIS IS THE DRIVING GOAL OF ALL OUR POLICIES.

WE KNOW OF YOUR CONCERN AND NATIONAL INTEREST IN THE STABILITY OF  
 OUR AREA AND I WISH TO SAY TO YOU THAT WE SEEK TO BE SENSITIVE  
 TO THEM. I BELIEVE THAT CERTAIN STEPS WE HAVE PURSUED HAVE ALSO  
 CONTRIBUTED TO THAT INTEREST. WE SEE THE EXPRESSION OF THAT INTEREST  
 THROUGH THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE HUMAN AND ECONOMIC WELFARE OF THE  
 PEOPLES OF OUR REGION AS A POSITIVE DEVELOPMENT AND AS A HOPE FOR  
 PROGRESS TOWARDS PEACE ITSELF.

WE EXPRESS OUR CONFIDENCE THAT SUCH DEVELOPING TIES NEED NOT BE AND  
 MUST NOT BE AT THE COST OF MY OWN COUNTRY'S VITAL INTEREST OF  
 LIBERTY AND SECURITY. AND IF IN THE PURSUIT OF OUR SHARED GOALS  
 DIFFERENCES DO ARISE FROM TIME TO TIME THEN LET US RECALL  
 JEFFERSONS WISDOM THAT "EVERY DIFFERENCE OF OPINION IS NOT A  
 DIFFERENCE OF PRINCIPLE."

THE PRINCIPLE OF WHICH I SPEAK IS THE RESOLUTION OF A CONFLICT  
 THAT HAS LASTED TOO LONG. LET ME SHARE WITH YOU MY THINKING ON WHAT  
 HAS THUS FAR STOOD IN THE WAY OF A SOLUTION TO IT.

IF I WERE TO BE ASKED TO STATE IN A WORD WHAT IS THE HEART AND THE  
 CORE OF THE ARAB ISRAEL CONFLICT I WOULD SAY THIS: IT IS THE  
 REFUSAL OF THE ARAB COUNTRIES TO RECONCILE THEMSELVES TO THE RIGHT  
 OF EXISTENCE OF ONE SMALL VIABLE SOVEREIGN JEWISH STATE IN THE  
 LAND OF OUR PEOPLES BIRTH BY JEWISH STATE I MEAN AN INDEPENDENT  
 DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY SECULAR IN THE EQUALITY OF ALL ITS CITIZENS  
 JEW AND NON JEW ALIKE BEFORE THE LAW AND FOUNDED UPON HISTORIC  
 JEWISH VALUES.

BY STATING THIS I AM SAYING THAT THE QUESTION OF TERRITORY THE  
 MATTER OF BOUNDARIES THE ISSUE OF MAPS WERE NOT AND ARE NOT  
 THE TRUE OBSTACLES TO PEACE.

TWENTY NINE YEARS AGO IN 1947 WE ACCEPTED A VERY TRUNCATED



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PARTITIONED TERRITORY UPON WHICH TO REBUILD OUR JEWISH STATEHOOD. IT WAS NOT BECAUSE OF ITS SHAPE OR SIZE THAT THE ARAB LEADERS REJECTED THAT UNITED NATIONS PARTITION PLAN. THEY WENT TO WAR AGAINST US BECAUSE THEY REJECTED OUR VERY RIGHT TO FREEDOM AS AN INDEPENDENT PEOPLE.

AGAINST GREAT ODDS AND WITH MUCH SACRIFICE WE WON OUR WAR OF INDEPENDENCE. THE STAKES WERE INCREDIBLY HIGH. DEFEAT WOULD HAVE MEANT NATIONAL HOLOCAUST AND THE ECLIPSE OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE IN HISTORY.

AND JUST AS EVERY WAR REAPS ITS INEVITABLE TRAGIC CROP OF REFUGEES SO DID THE ARAB WAR AGAINST ISRAEL PRODUCE TWO REFUGEE PROBLEMS OF ALMOST EQUAL SIZE AN ARAB ONE AND A JEWISH ONE FROM ARAB COUNTRIES.

AFTER OUR WAR OF INDEPENDENCE IN 1949 WE SIGNED ARMISTICE AGREEMENTS WITH OUR NEIGHBORS. WE BELIEVED NAIVELY THAT THESE WOULD SOON LEAD TO A NEGOTIATED PEACE.

THEY DID NOT. WE WERE READY TO SETTLE FOR THE FRAGILE ARMISTICE LINES AS PEACE BOUNDARIES. BUT AS A MATTER OF PRINCIPLE THE ARABS WOULD NOT NEGOTIATE THE END OF THE CONFLICT BECAUSE THEY REFUSED TO RECONCILE THEMSELVES TO A JEWISH INDEPENDENT STATE.

SO IN 1956 ANOTHER WAR WAS IMPOSED UPON US. AGAIN WE WON IT. AT ITS END WE AGREED TO EVACUATE THE SINAI PENINSULA. DID ISRAEL'S WITHDRAWAL FROM ALL THE TERRITORY OCCUPIED IN THE WAR LEAD TO PEACE? IT DID NOT EVEN LEAD TO A NEGOTIATION.

SO IN 1967 ARAB ARMIES AGAIN MASSED ALONG THOSE FRAGILE FRONTIERS THAT HAD INVITED PAST AGGRESSION. AGAIN WE WON A VICTORY IN A WAR WE DID NOT SEEK.

THEN CAME 1973. AGAIN WE WERE ATTACKED THIS TIME A SURPRISE ATTACK. BUT THIS TIME WE WERE NOT EXPOSED TO THOSE WEAK ARMISTICE LINES WHICH OUR NEIGHBORS HAD RECOGNIZED ONLY AS TARGETS OF INVASION. ISRAEL NOW HAD DEFENSIVE DEPTH.

MR VICE PRESIDENT MR SPEAKER:

UNTIL 1967 ISRAEL DID NOT HOLD AN INCH OF THE SINAI PENINSULA THE WEST BANK THE GAZA STRIP OR THE GOLAN HEIGHTS.

ISRAEL HELD NOT AN ACRE OF WHAT IS NOW CONSIDERED DISPUTED TERRITORY. AND YET WE ENJOYED NO PEACE. YEAR AFTER YEAR ISRAEL CALLED FOR PLEADED FOR A NEGOTIATED PEACE WITH THE ARAB GOVERNMENTS. THEIR ANSWER WAS A BLANK REFUSAL AND MORE WAR. THE REASON WAS NOT A CONFLICT OVER TERRITORIAL CLAIMS. THE REASON WAS AND REMAINS THE FACT THAT A FREE JEWISH STATE SITS ON TERRITORY AT ALL.

IT IS IN THIS CONTEXT THAT THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE MUST BE APPRAISED. THAT ISSUE IS NOT THE OBSTACLE TO PEACE AS SOME WOULD SUGGEST. CERTAINLY IT HAS TO BE SOLVED IN THE CONTEXT OF A FINAL PEACE. BUT TO ASSERT THAT THIS IS THE KEY TO PEACE THE FORMULA FOR PEACE OR THE BREAKTHROUGH TO PEACE IS TO MISREAD THE REALITIES. IT IS TO PUT THE LEGENDARY CART BEFORE THE HORSE.

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THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE BEGAN WITH AND IS A PRODUCT OF THE OVERALL ARAB POSTURE ON THE LEGITIMACY OF A JEWISH STATE OF ISRAEL. ONLY WHEN THAT POSTURE CHANGES WILL THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE BE CONSTRUCTIVELY AND FINALLY TACKLED.

THE CLOCK OF HISTORY CANNOT BE PUT BACK. IT WAS NOT ISRAEL THAT PREVENTED THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PALESTINIAN STATE IN 1947 AS THE PARTITION PLAN HAD PROPOSED. WHAT DID PREVENT IT WAS THE ARAB DECLARATION OF WAR ON THE PLAN ITSELF BECAUSE IT CALLED FOR A JEWISH STATE.

FOR NINETEEN YEARS NO ARAB GOVERNMENT SAW FIT TO ESTABLISH A PALESTINIAN STATE EVEN THOUGH THE WEST BANK AND THE GAZA STRIP WERE UNDER ARAB CONTROL. NEITHER WAS THERE A PALESTINIAN DEMAND TO DO SO. IN JANUARY 1964 THE ORGANIZATION THAT CALLS ITSELF THE PLO WAS ESTABLISHED BY ARAB HEADS OF STATE.

YET EVEN THEN STATEHOOD IN THOSE TERRITORIES THEN HELD BY JORDAN AND EGYPT WAS NEVER THE OBJECTIVE. WE KNOW WHAT THE OBJECTIVE IS. IT IS WRITTEN LARGE INTO THE PALESTINIAN

GOVENANT WHICH IS THEIR BINDING CONSTITUTION. EVERY PARAGRAPH OF IT SPITS OUT THE VENOM CALLING FOR ISRAEL'S DESTRUCTION. THESE ARE THE TRUTHS THAT LIE AT THE HEART AND THE CORE OF THE ARAB ISRAEL CONFLICT. AND SINCE TO DATE THE ARAB VERSION OF PEACE DOES NOT DEPART FROM THESE TRUTHS NO HONEST BEING CAN BLAME US FOR REFUSING TO COOPERATE IN OUR OWN NATIONAL SUICIDE. PEACE WILL COME WHEN THE ARAB LEADERS FINALLY CROSS THE RUBICON FROM AGGESSIVE CONFRONTATION TO HARMONIOUS RECONCILIATION. THEN THERE IS NO PROBLEM BETWEEN US THAT CANNOT BE SOLVED IN NEGOTIATION. THAT INCLUDES TOO THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE WITHIN THE GEOGRAPHIC AND POLITICAL CONTEXT OF PEACE WITH JORDAN. WHEN I SAY JORDAN I DO NOT DISCOUNT PALESTINIAN REPRESENTATION IN THE PEACE DELEGATION OF THAT COUNTRY. AND WHEN I SAY GEOGRAPHY I DO NOT DISCOUNT A NEGOTIATION CONCERNING THE FUTURE FINAL PEACE BOUNDARIES OF THE TERRITORIES INVOLVED. FOR THE GENUINE PEACE WE SEEK ISRAEL IS READY TO GIVE UP MUCH AND COMPROMISE MUCH ON TERRITORY. IN A NEGOTIATION WHOSE SINCERE SHARED GOAL IS FINAL RECONCILIATION WE SHALL GO MORE THAN HALF WAY TO ASSURE ITS SUCCESS.

MR VICE PRESIDENT MR SPEAKER:

A SHORT TIME AGO FROM THIS VERY ROSTRUM PRESIDENT SADAT WISELY DECLARED "THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR DIRECT PERSON TO PERSON CONTACTS THAT GO DEEP INTO THE HEART OF ALL THE PROBLEMS WHICH INVOKE OUR COMMON CONCERN AND CAPTURE OUR IMAGINATION." I WISH THAT HE WOULD DIRECT THOSE WORDS TO ME AS WELL AS TO YOU

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THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES. I WOULD THEN KNOW THAT THE WORK OF TRUE PEACEMAKING HAS FINALLY BEGUN. I TODAY DECLARE : I AM READY TO MEET WITH ANY ARAB HEAD OF GOVERNMENT AT ANY TIME AND AT ANY PLACE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PEACE TALKS. I DO NOT KNOW WHEN PEACE WILL FINALLY COME, BUT OF THIS I AM CERTAIN IT WILL BE OUR FUTURE STRENGTH THAT WILL LARGELY DETERMINE THE RESOURCES OF PEACE IN OUR REGION. WEAKNESS IS NO PRESCRIPTION FOR NEGOTIATION. IF IT BE PERCEIVED THAT ISRAEL IS NOT WEAK SO SHALL OUR NEIGHBORS PERCEIVE THE WISDOM OF MUTUAL COMPROMISE RECOGNITION AND PEACE. WHAT THEREFORE DOES ISRAEL PROPOSE AS THE NEXT STEP IN THE EFFORT FOR PEACE? ISRAEL PROPOSES THE RE CONVENING OF THE GENEVA PEACE CONFERENCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LETTER OF INVITATION FROM THE SECRETARY GENERAL TO THE PARTIES TO THE CONFERENCE OF DECEMBER 18 1973. THE BASIS FOR THE CONFERENCE HAS TO BE FOUNDED ON TWO FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES - ON SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 242 AND 338 AS WERE ACCEPTED BY ISRAEL AND BY THE OTHER PARTIES AND POWERS CONCERNED. THE SECOND PRINCIPLE IS THAT THE PARTIES TO THE CONFLICT MUST BE THE PARTIES TO THE PEACE MAKING PROCESS. THE NEGOTIATIONS FOR PEACE MUST BE CONDUCTED BETWEEN OURSELVES THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL AND THE NEIGHBORING ARAB GOVERNMENTS. THERE ARE SOME WHO TELL US THAT HERE AND THERE A CHANGE TOWARDS REALISM IS PERHAPS SLOWLY EVOLVING. I PRAY THERE IS SOME TRUTH TO THIS. ISRAEL IS DETERMINED TO ENCOURAGE WHATEVER SYMPTOMS THERE MAY BE TO MOVE THAT PROCESS ALONG. THIS IS WHY WE ENTERED INTO THE INTERIM AGREEMENT WITH EGYPT. WE DID SO TO ENCOURAGE THE TREND TOWARDS GREATER REALISM. OUR AIM IN THE AGREEMENT IS TO PROMOTE CONDITIONS OF STABILITY AND TRUST WHICH WE HOPE WILL PRODUCE IN TIME A CLIMATE FOR GENUINE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS. IN THE LIGHT OF WHAT I SAID AND UNDER THE GIVEN CONDITIONS OF REGIONAL TENSION THE PURSUIT OF THIS POLICY CALLS FOR TAKING RISKS. IT HAS REQUIRED OUR MAKING TANGIBLE CONCESSIONS FOR CONCESSIONS FAR LESS TANGIBLE. WE HAVE DONE SO BECAUSE WE BELIEVE IT IS NECESSARY TO TAKE MEASURED RISK NOT ONLY IN CASE OF WAR BUT ALSO FOR THE SAKE OF PEACE. THUS IN A VERY FEW WEEKS TIME THE DEFENSE FORCES OF ISRAEL WILL CARRY OUT A WITHDRAWAL IN SINAI. WE HAVE ALREADY HANDED TO EGYPT PROPER THE OILFIELDS ON THE GULF OF SUEZ AND THE COASTAL LINK TO THEM. WITH THAT ISRAEL HAS GIVEN UP ITS SINGLE OIL RESOURCE. WE HAVE AGREED TO THESE MEASURES NOT IN RETURN FOR PEACE NOT EVEN IN RETURN FOR AN END TO THE STATE OF WAR. WE DID WHAT WE DID IN THE HOPE THAT IT WILL MOVE US SOME STEPS CLOSER TO PEACE. CONGRESS I KNOW IS FAMILIAR WITH THESE MEASURES. THEY ARE MAJOR ELEMENTS OF THE RECENT ISRAEL EGYPT AGREEMENT NEGOTIATED THROUGH



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THE GOOD OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES. MAY I SAY THAT THE LIMITED AMERICAN CIVILIAN TECHNICAL PRESENCE REQUESTED BY BOTH PARTIES AND WHICH CONGRESS AUTHORIZED IN THE CONTEXT OF THIS AGREEMENT IS A CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS THE CAUSE OF PEACE. THAT PRESENCE HAS NO FUNCTION OR RESPONSIBILITY IN CASE OF WAR. AND I WISH TO ADD WITH EMPHASIS THAT IF A CONDITION OF HOSTILITIES DOES ARISE I WILL BE THE FIRST TO CALL FOR ITS REMOVAL. THIS IS A MATTER OF FUNDAMENTAL DOCTRINE FOR ISRAEL. WE ALONE ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR OUR OWN DEFENSE. THIS IS HOW IT HAS BEEN THIS IS HOW IT MUST BE. I BELIEVE IT TO BE THE ESSENCE OF OUR POLITICAL RELATIONSHIP MR

VICE PRESIDENT MR SPEAKER

THROUGHOUT THE YEARS WE HAVE FOUND HERE IN CONGRESS A WISDOM AND DEEP UNDERSTANDING OF OUR NATION BUILDING AND DEFENSE NEEDS AND THE ECONOMIC BURDENS ARISING FROM THEM. BUT AS A PEOPLE WE TURN TO OURSELVES BEFORE WE TURN TO OTHERS.

THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL IS ENGAGED IN A TOUGH PROGRAM OF ECONOMIC MEASURES.

LAST YEAR WE REDUCED PRIVATE CONSUMPTION BY ALMOST FIVE PER CENT AND WE WILL REDUCE IT BY ANOTHER FIVE PER CENT THIS YEAR. WE HAVE PUT ON OURSELVES A HEAVY BURDEN OF TAXATION. THIS YEAR THE GOVERNMENT WILL COLLECT IN TAXES SOME SEVENTY PER CENT OF OUR NATIONAL INCOME. I AM TOLD THIS IS ALMOST TWICE AS MUCH AS IN AMERICA.

I MENTION THESE AS ONLY A FEW OF THE MANY EXAMPLES WITHIN A COMPREHENSIVE ECONOMIC POLICY INDUCING MORE AUSTERITY AND HIGHER PRODUCTION. WE SHALL CONTINUE THIS POLICY DIFFICULT THOUGH IT BE FOR THIS IS WHAT WE REQUIRE OF OURSELVES TO DO. PEACE NOT WAR IS OUR TRADITION.

WE SEE NO GLORY IN BATTLE. I WAS ONCE A SOLDIER NOT BY CHOICE BUT BY NECESSITY. I KNOW THE HORRORS OF WAR THE WASTE AND THE AGONY. I KNOW WHAT PEACE CAN BRING TO ALL THE PEOPLES OF OUR REGION THROUGH OPEN BOUNDARIES PROJECTS OF ECONOMIC COOPERATION THE CONQUEST OF DISEASE AND THE FREE FLOW OF IDEAS PEOPLE AND PRODUCTS. EVEN NOW BEFORE PEACE WE DECLARE OUR READINESS TO PROMOTE ITS CLIMATE BY UNILATERALLY OPENING OUR PORTS TO THE FREE PASSAGE OF GOODS TO AND FROM OUR IMMEDIATE NEIGHBORS. WE OPEN OUR HOSPITALS TO THE NEIGHBORING SICK. WE DECLARE OPEN OUR INSTITUTES OF RESEARCH TO ALL COUNTRIES IN THE MIDDLE EAST WISHING TO SHARE KNOWLEDGE IN THE FIELDS OF AGRICULTURE AND WATER DEVELOPMENT.

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WE THE PEOPLE OF OUR REGION ARE DESTINED TO LIVE TOGETHER FOR ALL TIME. FOR NEVER AGAIN SHALL THERE BE A MIDDLE EAST WITHOUT THE STATE OF ISRAEL.

THE GOING HAS NOT BEEN EASY AND THE CHALLENGE AHEAD WILL NOT BE EASY. BUT WE ARE AN OLD PEOPLE AND THERE IS NO SACRIFICE TOO GREAT TO PROTECT THE FREEDOM WE HAVE WON AND THE NEW SOCIETY WE HAVE CREATED. I BELIEVE AMERICANS ABOVE ALL CAN UNDERSTAND THIS TRUTH. THREE HUNDRED YEARS AGO CELEBRATING THEIR FIRST YEARS OF SURVIVAL AFTER MUCH SUFFERING YOUR PILGRIM FATHERS WROTE THESE LINES:

"WE HAVE MADE A CLEARING IN THE WILDERNESS, AND ANOTHER YEAR WILL SEE A BROADER CLEARING A BETTER GARNERING. WE HAVE MADE A GOOD BEGINNING IN A HOSTILE WORLD."

SO DO WE THE FIRST GENERATION OF FREE ISRAEL DESCENDANTS OF A 2 000 YEAR UNHAPPY WANDERING DECLARE WE HAVE MADE A GOOD BEGINNING IN A RATHER HOSTILE WORLD.

AMERICA HAS HELPED US GREATLY. IN LOYALTY TO ITS FOUNDING FATHER THIS REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES HAS GIVEN TANGIBLE MEANING TO HUMAN VALUES IN THE CHARTING OF ITS POLICIES.

BY VIRTUE OF THIS ISRAEL PAYS YOU TRIBUTE AS YOU ENTER INTO THE THIRD CENTURY OF INDEPENDENCE.

PERMIT ME TO EXPRESS THAT TRIBUTE TO THE CONGRESS THROUGH THE WORDS OF AN AMERICAN JEW A SOLDIER IN THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

JONAS PHILLIPS IN 1787 WROTE THIS PRAYER: "MAY THE ALMIGHTY GOD OF OUR FATHER ABRAHAM ISAAC AND JACOB IMBUE THIS BOLE ASSEMBLY WITH WISDOM ... AND MAY THEY HAVE THE SATISFACTION TO SEE THAT THEIR PRESENT TOIL AND LABOR FOR THE WELFARE OF THE UNITED STATES BE APPROVED THROUGHOUT ALL THE WORLD AND PARTICULARLY BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA."

THIS IS THE SINCERE SENTIMENT OF FRIENDSHIP ISRAEL BRINGS YOU THIS DAY.

A R A D שח רוחמ מנכל שתבט מ מנכל טמנכל מאומ אכ מצפא מעת תסבדה מדמיט חקר דם אמר תלדו אללסר

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# official text

JANUARY 29, 1976

TEXT: RABIN ADDRESS TO JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS  
ADDRESS OF PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN,  
BEFORE THE JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS, WASHINGTON, D.C., JANUARY  
28, 1976:  
(BEGIN TEXT):

MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER, DISTINGUISHED MEMBERS OF  
CONGRESS:

I COME TO YOU FROM JERUSALEM WITH THE GREETINGS OF MY PEOPLE  
IN THIS, YOUR BICENTENNIAL YEAR.

TWO DAYS AGO, I STOOD BEFORE INDEPENDENCE HALL TO PAY  
TRIBUTE, IN THE NAME OF ISRAEL, TO THE FATHERS OF THE AMERICAN  
REVOLUTION. THERE, I SAW THE BIBLICAL INSCRIPTION ON THE LIBERTY  
BELL WHICH IS SO FAMILIAR TO ME IN ITS ORIGINAL HEBREW -  
"UKRATEM DROR BA'ARETZ L'CHOL YOSHEHA:" PROCLAIM LIBERTY  
THROUGHOUT ALL THE LAND UNTO ALL THE INHABITANTS THEREOF.

WE, ISRAEL, CELEBRATE WITH YOU THAT GREAT MESSAGE AMERICA  
PROCLAIMED 200 YEARS AGO.

MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER:

I THANK YOU ALL FOR THE INVITATION THAT HAS BROUGHT ME  
HERE TODAY, AND I APPRECIATE YOUR EXPRESSIONS OF WELCOME.

STANDING HERE, IN THIS GREAT HALL, I AM AWARE THAT YOU  
ARE THE HEIRS OF A TWO CENTURY -OLD TRADITION OF FREE GOVERNMENT  
BY THE PEOPLE. FREE PEOPLE EVERYWHERE ACKNOWLEDGE THEIR DEBT  
TO YOUR DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE WHICH EMPHASIZES THE  
NATURAL RIGHT OF ALL PEOPLES TO ESTABLISH GOVERNMENTS OF  
THEIR OWN CHOOSING.

OUR DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE, BUILDING ON THAT RIGHT,  
ADDS TO IT THE PRINCIPLE THAT THE JEWISH PEOPLE SHALL PRESERVE  
ITS INTEGRITY AND RESTORE ITS NATIONAL EXISTENCE IN ITS OWN  
LAND, DESPITE THE HOLOCAUSTS OF HISTORY.

THE FIRST PRINCIPLE REFLECTS THE ESSENCE OF THE AMERICAN REV-  
OLUTION, THE SECOND THE ESSENCE OF THE ZIONIST REVOLUTION.

THE WAR OF 1776 AND THE WAR OF 1948 WERE BOTH BATTLES OF  
LIBERATION. WHAT MADE THEM INTO REVOLUTIONS WAS THE HUMAN  
VISION THAT FIRED THEM. IT WAS A VISION NOT ONLY TO WIN  
FREEDOM, BUT ALSO TO CONSTRUCT NEW SOCIETIES IN FREEDOM. IN  
OUR CASE, IT WAS THE REVOLT OF AN ANCIENT NATION TO PUT AN END,  
ONCE AND FOR ALL, TO HOMELESSNESS, HELPLESSNESS AND HOLOCAUST.  
IT WAS THE ASSERTION OF OUR RIGHT TO SELF-DETERMINATION, TO  
RETURN TO ZION, TO RECLAIM IT OF THE DESOLATION OF TWENTY  
CENTURIES, TOGETHER IN THE OPPRESSED OF OUR SCATTERED SONS  
AND DAUGHTERS, AND TO BUILD THERE A NEW SOCIETY INSPIRED BY  
THE VALUES OF THE OLD.

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UNITED STATES INFORMATION SERVICE

Tel Aviv 71, Hayarkon st. Tel. 54338 Ext. 204 / 218





THIS IS THE ZIONIST VISION.

FROM THE DAYS WHEN JOHN ADAM (GARBLE ..... ) HOPE FOR THE RETURN OF JEWISH INDEPENDENCE; FROM THE DAYS WHEN MARK TWAIN FIRST SAW THE LAND OF ISRAEL AS "A LAND OF RUIN"; TO THE PRESENT DAY - THE UNITED STATES HAS SHOWN SYMPATHY FOR THIS VISION. CONGRESS, AS THE EXPRESSION OF AMERICA, HAS CONSISTENTLY ACTED TO GIVE THAT SYMPATHY SUBSTANCE. FOR THIS, I EXTEND TO YOU THE GRATITUDE OF THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL.

ISRAEL COULD WELL SAY OF ITSELF WHAT THOMAS JEFFERSON SAID OF AMERICA: "OUR ANCESTORS POSSESSED A RIGHT WHICH NATURE HAS GIVEN TO ALL MEN, OF DEPARTING FROM THE COUNTRY IN WHICH CHANCE - NOT CHOICE, - HAS PLACED THEM, OF GOING IN QUEST OF NEW HABITATIONS AND OF THEIR ESTABLISHING NEW SOCIETIES..."

WHEN THESE WORDS WERE SPOKEN, AMERICA WAS IN THE MIDST OF ITS NATION-BUILDING THROUGH IMMIGRATION. IT WAS TO CONTINUE FOR ANOTHER 150 YEARS, WE ARE A CENTURY INTO OURS. OUR STATUE OF LIBERTY IS A REFUGEE IMMIGRANT BARGE.

FOR BOTH OF OUR NEW SOCIETIES, IMMIGRATION BECAME PIONEERING. ISRAEL'S CONTEMPORARY FOLK-HEROES LIKE YOURS, ARE THOSE WHO MASTERED WASTELANDS AND WENT OUT TO BUILD COMMUNITIES IN EMPTY PLACES.

IN A SOCIETY OF PIONEERING, DEMOCRACY SPRINGS FROM THE FRONTIER ITSELF. OUR COMMON HERITAGE - FOUNDED UPON THE BIBLICAL ETHIC, - GAVE THE DEMOCRATIC EXPERIENCE ITS UNIQUE EXPRESSION. IT PROCLAIMED THE DIGNITY AND WORTH OF EVERY INDIVIDUAL. THOUGH DIFFERENT IN FORM, OUR RESPECTIVE INSTITUTIONS SHARE THIS COMMON OBJECTIVE.

THERE ARE ALL TOO FEW NATIONS IN THE WORLD THAT UPHOLD THESE DEMOCRATIC FORMS AND OBJECTIVES. WE ARE A RATHER SMALL FAMILY. WE DID NOT EXPECT TO BE SO A GENERATION AGO.

A GENERATION AGO, THE WORLD WAS ENGULFED IN A GREAT WAR. IN THE CONTEST BETWEEN NATIONS, IT WAS, PERHAPS, THE GREATEST OF BATTLES BETWEEN THE FORCES OF GOOD AGAINST THE FORCES OF EVIL. WHEN IT WAS OVER, A CONSCIOUS EFFORT WAS MADE TO EXTEND THE PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE AND DECENCY TO ALL PEOPLES, LARGE AND SMALL. ITS CONCRETE EXPRESSION WAS THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

AT THE GENERATION'S END, THE UNITED NATIONS FINDS ITSELF IN CRISIS. THE WORDS OF ITS CHARTER HAVE BEEN ABUSED AND DEVALUED. ISRAEL HAS LEARNT THAT IT CAN EXPECT NO JUSTICE FROM THE UNITED NATIONS IN ITS PRESENT FORM. ITS MORAL RESOURCES HAVE BEEN ERRODED BY EXTORTION AND APPEASEMENT WHICH, AGAIN, INTRUDE UPON THE INTERNATIONAL SCENE. NONE OF US IN THE FREE WORLD HAVE FARED WELL IN THIS CLIMATE.

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THE PRESENT COMBINATION OF CIRCUMSTANCES HAS PLACED MY OWN PEOPLE IN THE FRONT LINE. BUT I BELIEVE THAT THE CONSEQUENCES EXTEND TO THE WHOLE DEMOCRATIC FAMILY AND, ULTIMATELY - TO THE PEACE AND WELFARE OF MANKIND. GIVEN THE ACUTE POLITICAL, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL STRESSES OF OUR TIMES, NEVER HAS THE INTERDEPENDENCE OF OUR DEMOCRATIC COMMUNITY BEEN GREATER.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN MIGHT WELL HAVE BEEN SPEAKING OF US WHEN HE SAID: "WE MUST ALL HANG TOGETHER OR WE WILL ALL HANG SEPARATELY."

I SAY THIS AS A REPRESENTATIVE OF A SMALL DEMOCRACY TO THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE BIGGEST AND STRONGEST OF US ALL. PRESIDENT FORD'S LEADERSHIP IS MAKING A CRUCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE PEACE OF THE WORLD AND TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST. HIS EFFORTS HOLD OUT THE HOPE FOR A MORE SECURE AND STABLE WORLD AND A BETTER PLACE FOR PEOPLE TO LIVE IN.

THERE IS NO FREEDOM, NOR SHALL THERE BE PEACE IN THIS WORLD, WITHOUT A UNITED STATES, STRONG AND CONFIDENT IN ITS PURPOSE. WORLD PEACE RESTS UPON YOUR FORTITUDE. UPON IT RESTS THE HOPE THAT HONEST DIALOGUE CAN MOVE FORWARD WITH SOCIETIES HAVING OTHER SYSTEMS OF RULE. WE WELCOME ANY FORM OF INTERNATIONAL DIALOGUE TO REDUCE THE SUSPICIOUS AND TENSIONS BETWEEN NATIONS. FOR IN THE END, OUR COMMON CAUSE AS DEMOCRACIES IS A STRUGGLE FOR MANKIND AND NOT AGAINST ANY PORTION OF IT.

MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER:

FROM THIS ROSTRUM I DECLARE THAT, HOWEVER DIFFICULT THE ROAD, HOWEVER HARD THE CHALLENGE, AND HOWEVER COMPLEX THE PROCESS, ISRAEL WILL STRIVE WITH ALL ITS BEING TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE PEACE OF THE WORLD BY PRESSING AHEAD WITH ITS EFFORT FOR PEACE WITH THE ARAB COUNTRIES. THIS IS THE DRIVING GOAL OF ALL OUR POLICIES.

WE KNOW OF YOUR CONCERN AND NATIONAL INTEREST IN THE STABILITY OF OUR AREA, AND I WISH TO SAY TO YOU THAT WE SEEK TO BE SENSITIVE TO THEM. I BELIEVE THAT CERTAIN STEPS WE HAVE PURSUED HAVE ALSO CONTRIBUTED TO THAT INTEREST. WE SEE THE EXPRESSION OF THAT INTEREST - THROUGH THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE HUMAN AND ECONOMIC WELFARE OF THE PEOPLES OF OUR REGION - AS A POSITIVE DEVELOPMENT AND AS A HOPE FOR PROGRESS TOWARDS PEACE ITSELF.

WE EXPRESS OUR CONFIDENCE THAT SUCH DEVELOPING TIES NEED NOT BE, AND MUST NOT BE, AT THE COST OF MY OWN COUNTRY'S VITAL INTEREST OF LIBERTY AND SECURITY. AND IF, IN THE PURSUIT OF OUR SHARED GOALS, DIFFERENCES DO ARISE FROM TIME TO TIME, THEN LET US RECALL JEFFERSON'S WISDOM THAT "EVERY DIFFERENCE OF OPINION IS NOT A DIFFERENCE OF PRINCIPLE."

THE PRINCIPLE OF WHICH I SPEAK IS THE RESOLUTION OF A CONFLICT THAT HAS LASTED TOO LONG. LET ME SHARE WITH YOU MY THINKING ON WHAT HAS, THUS FAR, STOOD IN THE WAY OF A SOLUTION TO IT.

IF I WERE TO BE ASKED TO STATE IN A WORD, WHAT IS THE HEART AND THE CORE OF THE ARAB-ISRAEL CONFLICT, I WOULD SAY THIS: IT IS THE REFUSAL OF THE ARAB COUNTRIES TO RECONCILE THEMSELVES TO THE RIGHT OF EXISTENCE OF ONE, SMALL, VIABLE, SOVEREIGN, JEWISH STATE IN THE LAND OF OUR PEOPLE'S BIRTH: BY JEWISH STATE I MEAN AN INDEPENDENT, DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY, SECULAR IN THE EQUALITY OF ALL ITS CITIZENS, JEW AND NON-JEW ALIKE, BEFORE THE LAW, AND FOUNDED UPON HISTORIC JEWISH VALUES.



BY STATING THIS, I AM SAYING THAT THE QUESTION OF TERRITORY, THE MATTER OF BOUNDARIES, THE ISSUE OF MAPS, WERE NOT, AND ARE NOT, THE TRUE OBSTACLES TO PEACE.

TWENTY-NINE YEARS AGO, IN 1947, WE ACCEPTED A VERY TRUNCATED PARTITIONED TERRITORY UPON WHICH TO REBUILD OUR JEWISH STATEHOOD. IT WAS NOT BECAUSE OF ITS SHAPE OR SIZE

THAT THE ARAB LEADERS REJECTED THAT UNITED NATIONS PARTITION PLAN. THEY WENT TO WAR AGAINST US BECAUSE THEY REJECTED OUR VERY RIGHT TO FREEDOM AS AN INDEPENDENT PEOPLE.

AGAINST GREAT ODDS AND WITH MUCH SACRIFICE, WE WON OUR WAR OF INDEPENDENCE. THE STAKES WERE INCREDIBLY HIGH. DEFEAT WOULD HAVE MEANT NATIONAL HOLOCAUST AND THE ECLIPSE OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE IN HISTORY.

AND JUST AS EVERY WAR REAPS ITS INEVITABLE TRAGIC CROP OF REFUGEES, SO DID THE ARAB WAR AGAINST ISRAEL PRODUCE TWO REFUGEE PROBLEMS OF ALMOST EQUAL SIZE - AN ARAB ONE, AND A JEWISH ONE FROM ARAB COUNTRIES.

AFTER OUR WAR OF INDEPENDENCE, IN 1949, WE SIGNED ARMISTICE AGREEMENTS WITH OUR NEIGHBORS. WE BELIEVED, NAIVELY, THAT THESE WOULD SOON LEAD TO A NEGOTIATED PEACE. THEY DID NOT. WE WERE READY TO SETTLE FOR THE FRAGILE ARMISTICE LINES AS PEACE BOUNDARIES. BUT, AS A MATTER OF PRINCIPLE, THE ARABS WOULD NOT NEGOTIATE THE END OF THE CONFLICT BECAUSE THEY REFUSED TO RECONCILE THEMSELVES TO A JEWISH INDEPENDENT STATE.

SO, IN 1956, ANOTHER WAR WAS IMPOSED UPON US. AGAIN WE WON IT. AT ITS END, WE AGREED TO EVACUATE THE SINAI PENINSULA. DID ISRAEL'S WITHDRAWAL FROM ALL THE TERRITORY OCCUPIED IN THE WAR LEAD TO PEACE? IT DID NOT EVEN LEAD TO A NEGOTIATION.

SO, IN 1967, ARAB ARMIES AGAIN MASSED ALONG THOSE FRAGILE FRONTIERS THAT HAD INVITED PAST AGGRESSION. AGAIN WE WON A VICTORY IN A WAR WE DID NOT SEEK.

THEN CAME 1973. AGAIN WE WERE ATTACKED - THIS TIME A SURPRISE ATTACK. BUT THIS TIME WE WERE NOT EXPOSED TO THOSE WEAK ARMISTICE LINES WHICH OUR NEIGHBORS HAD RECOGNIZED ONLY AS TARGETS OF INVASION. ISRAEL NOW HAD DEFENSIVE DEPTH.

MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER:

UNTIL 1967, ISRAEL DID NOT HOLD AN INCH OF THE SINAI PENINSULA, THE WEST BANK, THE GAZA STRIP OR THE GOLAN HEIGHTS. ISRAEL HELD NOT AN ACRE OF WHAT IS NOW CONSIDERED DISPUTED TERRITORY. AND YET WE ENJOYED NO PEACE. YEAR AFTER YEAR ISRAEL CALLED FOR - PLEADED FOR - A NEGOTIATED PEACE WITH THE ARAB GOVERNMENTS. THEIR ANSWER WAS A BLANK REFUSAL AND MORE WAR.

THE REASON WAS NOT A CONFLICT OVER TERRITORIAL CLAIMS.

THE REASON WAS, AND REMAINS, THE FACT THAT A FREE JEWISH STATE SITS ON TERRITORY AT ALL.

IT IS IN THIS CONTEXT THAT THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE MUST BE APPRAISED. THAT ISSUE IS NOT THE OBSTACLE TO PEACE AS SOME WOULD SUGGEST. CERTAINLY, IT HAS TO BE SOLVED IN THE CONTEXT OF A FINAL PEACE. BUT TO ASSERT THAT THIS IS THE KEY TO PEACE, THE FORMULA FOR PEACE, OR THE BREAKTHROUGH TO PEACE, IS TO MISREAD THE REALITIES. IT IS TO PUT THE LEGENDARY CART BEFORE THE HORSE.



THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE BEGAN WITH, AND IS A PRODUCT OF, THE OVERALL ARAB POSTURE ON THE LEGITIMACY OF A JEWISH STATE OF ISRAEL. ONLY WHEN THAT POSTURE CHANGES WILL THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE BE CONSTRUCTIVELY AND FINALLY TACKLED.

THE CLOCK OF HISTORY CANNOT BE PUT BACK. IT WAS NOT ISRAEL THAT PREVENTED THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PALESTINIAN STATE IN 1947, AS THE PARTITION PLAN HAD PROPOSED. WHAT DID PREVENT IT, WAS THE ARAB DECLARATION OF WAR ON THE PLAN ITSELF, BECAUSE IT CALLED FOR A JEWISH STATE.

FOR NINETEEN YEARS NO ARAB GOVERNMENT SAW FIT TO ESTABLISH A PALESTINIAN STATE, EVEN THOUGH THE WEST BANK AND THE GAZA STRIP WERE UNDER ARAB CONTROL. NEITHER WAS THERE A PALESTINIAN DEMAND TO DO SO. IN JANUARY 1964, THE ORGANIZATION THAT CALLS ITSELF THE P.L.O. WAS ESTABLISHED BY ARAB HEADS OF STATE.

YET, EVEN THEN, STATEHOOD IN THOSE TERRITORIES, THEN HELD BY JORDAN AND EGYPT, WAS NEVER THE OBJECTIVE. WE KNOW WHAT THE OBJECTIVE IS. IT IS WRITTEN LARGE INTO THE PALESTINIAN COVENANT WHICH IS THEIR BINDING CONSTITUTION. EVERY PARAGRAPH OF IT SPITS OUT THE VENOM CALLING FOR ISRAEL'S DESTRUCTION.

THESE ARE THE TRUTHS THAT LIE AT THE HEART AND THE CORE OF THE ARAB-ISRAEL CONFLICT. AND, SINCE, TO DATE, THE ARAB VERSION OF PEACE DOES NOT DEPART FROM THESE TRUTHS, NO HONEST BEING CAN BLAME US FOR REFUSING TO COOPERATE IN OUR OWN NATIONAL SUICIDE.

PEACE WILL COME WHEN THE ARAB LEADERS FINALLY CROSS THE RUBICON FROM AGGRESSIVE CONFRONTATION TO HARMONIOUS RECONCILIATION. THEN, THERE IS NO PROBLEM BETWEEN US THAT CANNOT BE SOLVED IN NEGOTIATION. THAT INCLUDES, TOO, THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE, WITHIN THE GEOGRAPHIC AND POLITICAL CONTEXT OF PEACE WITH JORDAN. WHEN I SAY JORDAN, I DO NOT DISCOUNT PALESTINIAN REPRESENTATION IN THE PEACE DELEGATION OF THAT COUNTRY. AND WHEN I SAY GEOGRAPHY, I DO NOT DISCOUNT A NEGOTIATION CONCERNING THE FUTURE FINAL PEACE BOUNDARIES OF THE TERRITORIES INVOLVED.

FOR THE GENUINE PEACE WE SEEK, ISRAEL IS READY TO GIVE UP MUCH AND COMPROMISE MUCH ON TERRITORY. IN A NEGOTIATION WHOSE SINCERE SHARED GOAL IS FINAL RECONCILIATION, WE SHALL GO MORE THAN HALF WAY TO ASSURE ITS SUCCESS.

MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER:

A SHORT TIME AGO, FROM THIS VERY ROSTRUM, PRESIDENT SADAT WISELY DECLARED: "THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR DIRECT PERSON-TO-PERSON CONTACTS THAT GO DEEP INTO THE HEART OF ALL THE PROBLEMS WHICH INVOKE OUR COMMON CONCERN AND CAPTURE OUR IMAGINATION."

I WISH THAT HE WOULD DIRECT THOSE WORDS TO ME AS WELL AS TO YOU, THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES. I WOULD THEN KNOW THAT THE WORK OF TRUE PEACEMAKING HAS FINALLY BEGUN.

I TODAY DECLARE: I AM READY TO MEET WITH ANY ARAB HEAD OF GOVERNMENT, AT ANY TIME AND AT ANY PLACE, FOR THE PURPOSE OF PEACE TALKS.

I DO NOT KNOW WHEN PEACE WILL FINALLY COME. BUT OF THIS I AM CERTAIN: IT WILL BE OUR FUTURE STRENGTH THAT WILL LARGELY DETERMINE THE RESOURCES OF PEACE IN OUR REGION. WEAKNESS IS NO PRESCRIPTION FOR NEGOTIATION. IF IT BE PERCEIVED THAT ISRAEL IS NOT WEAK, SO SHALL OUR NEIGHBORS PERCEIVE THE WISDOM OF MUTUAL COMPROMISE, RECOGNITION AND PEACE.

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WHAT, THEREFORE, DOES ISRAEL PROPOSE AS THE NEXT STEP IN THE EFFORT FOR PEACE? ISRAEL PROPOSES THE RE-CONVENING OF THE GENEVA PEACE CONFERENCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LETTER OF INVITATION FROM THE U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL TO THE PARTIES TO THE CONFERENCE, OF DECEMBER 18, 1973.

THE BASIS FOR THE CONFERENCE HAS TO BE FOUNDED ON TWO FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES -ON SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS 242 AND 338 AS WERE ACCEPTED BY ISRAEL AND THE OTHER PARTIES AND POWERS CONCERNED. THE SECOND PRINCIPLE IS THAT THE PARTIES TO THE CONFLICT MUST BE THE PARTIES TO THE PEACE-MAKING PROCESS. THE NEGOTIATIONS FOR PEACE MUST BE CONDUCTED BETWEEN OURSELVES- THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL AND THE NEIGHBORING ARAB GOVERNMENTS.

THERE ARE SOME WHO TELL US THAT -HERE AND THERE -A CHANGE TOWARDS REALISM IS PERHAPS SLOWLY EVOLVING. I PRAY THERE IS SOME TRUTH TO THIS.

ISRAEL IS DETERMINED TO ENCOURAGE WHATEVER SYMPTOMS THERE MAY BE TO MOVE THAT PROCESS ALONG. THIS IS WHY WE ENTERED INTO THE INTERIM AGREEMENT WITH EGYPT. WE DID SO TO ENCOURAGE THE TREND TOWARDS GREATER REALISM. OUR AIM IN THE AGREEMENT IS TO PROMOTE CONDITIONS OF STABILITY AND TRUST WHICH, WE HOPE, WILL PRODUCE, IN TIME, A CLIMATE FOR GENUINE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

IN THE LIGHT OF WHAT I SAID AND UNDER THE GIVEN CONDITIONS OF REGIONAL TENSION, THE PURSUIT OF THIS POLICY CALLS FOR TAKING RISKS. IT HAS REQUIRED OUR MAKING TANGIBLE CONCESSIONS FOR CONCESSIONS FAR LESS TANGIBLE. WE HAVE DONE SO BECAUSE WE BELIEVE IT IS NECESSARY TO TAKE MEASURED RISK NOT ONLY IN CASE OF WAR BUT ALSO FOR THE SAKE OF PEACE.

THUS, IN A VERY FEW WEEKS TIME, THE DEFENSE FORCES OF ISRAEL WILL CARRY OUT A WITHDRAWAL IN SINAI. WE HAVE ALREADY HANDED TO EGYPT PROPER THE OILFIELDS ON THE GULF OF SUEZ AND THE COASTAL LINK TO THEM. WITH THAT, ISRAEL HAS GIVEN UP ITS SINGLE OIL RESOURCE. WE HAVE AGREED TO THESE MEASURES NOT IN RETURN FOR PEACE, NOT EVEN IN RETURN FOR AN END TO THE STATE OF WAR. WE DID WHAT WE DID IN THE HOPE THAT IT WILL MOVE US SOME STEPS CLOSER TO PEACE.

CONGRESS, I KNOW, IS FAMILIAR WITH THESE MEASURES. THEY ARE MAJOR ELEMENTS OF THE RECENT ISRAEL-EGYPT AGREEMENT, NEGOTIATED THROUGH THE GOOD OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES. MAY I SAY THAT THE LIMITED AMERICAN CIVILIAN TECHNICAL PRESENCE- REQUESTED BY BOTH PARTIES -AND WHICH CONGRESS AUTHORIZED IN THE CONTEXT OF THIS AGREEMENT, IS A CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS THE CAUSE OF PEACE. THAT PRESENCE HAS NO FUNCTION OR RESPONSIBILITY IN CASE OF WAR. AND I WISH TO ADD WITH EMPHASIS THAT IF A CONDITION OF HOSTILITIES DOES ARISE, I WILL BE THE FIRST TO CALL FOR ITS REMOVAL. THIS IS A MATTER OF FUNDAMENTAL DOCTRINE FOR ISRAEL. WE ALONE ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR OUR OWN DEFENSE. THIS IS HOW IT HAS BEEN; THIS IS HOW IT MUST BE. I BELIEVE IT TO BE THE ESSENCE OF OUR POLITICAL RELATIONSHIP.

MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER:

THROUGHOUT THE YEARS, WE HAVE FOUND HERE, IN CONGRESS, A WISDOM AND DEEP UNDERSTANDING OF OUR NATION-BUILDING AND DEFENSE NEEDS AND THE ECONOMIC BURDENS ARISING FROM THEM. BUT AS A PEOPLE, WE TURN TO OURSELVES BEFORE WE TURN TO OTHERS.

THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL IS ENGAGED IN A TOUGH PROGRAM OF ECONOMIC MEASURES.



LAST YEAR WE REDUCED PRIVATE CONSUMPTION BY ALMOST FIVE PER CENT, AND WE WILL REDUCE IT BY ANOTHER FIVE PER CENT THIS YEAR. WE HAVE PUT ON OURSELVES A HEAVY BURDEN OF TAXATION. THIS YEAR THE GOVERNMENT WILL COLLECT IN TAXES SOME SEVENTY PER CENT OF OUR NATIONAL INCOME. I AM TOLD THIS IS ALMOST TWICE AS MUCH AS IN AMERICA.

I MENTION THESE AS ONLY A FEW OF THE MANY EXAMPLES WITHIN A COMPREHENSIVE ECONOMIC POLICY INDUCING MORE AUSTERITY AND HIGHER PRODUCTION. WE SHALL CONTINUE THIS POLICY - DIFFICULT THOUGH IT BE - FOR THIS IS WHAT WE REQUIRE OF OURSELVES TO DO. WE, THE PEOPLE OF OUR REGION, ARE DESTINED TO LIVE TOGETHER

FOR ALL TIME. FOR NEVER AGAIN SHALL THERE BE A MIDDLE EAST WITHOUT THE STATE OF ISRAEL.

THE GOING HAS NOT BEEN EASY AND THE CHALLENGE AHEAD WILL NOT BE EASY. BUT WE ARE AN OLD PEOPLE AND THERE IS NO SACRIFICE TOO GREAT TO PROTECT THE FREEDOM WE HAVE WON AND THE NEW SOCIETY WE HAVE CREATED. I BELIEVE AMERICANS, ABOVE ALL, CAN UNDERSTAND THIS TRUTH.

THREE HUNDRED YEARS AGO, CELEBRATING THEIR FIRST YEARS OF SURVIVAL AFTER MUCH SUFFERING, YOUR PILGRIM FATHERS WROTE THESE LINES: "WE HAVE MADE A CLEARING IN THE WILDERNESS; AND ANOTHER YEAR WILL SEE A BROADER CLEARING, A BETTER GARNERING. WE HAVE MADE A GOOD BEGINNING IN A HOSTILE WORLD."

SO DO WE, THE FIRST GENERATION OF FREE ISRAEL, DESCENDANTS OF A 2,000 YEAR UNHAPPY WANDERING, DECLARE -WE HAVE MADE A GOOD BEGINNING IN A RATHER HOSTILE WORLD.

AMERICA HAS HELPED US GREATLY. IN LOYALTY TO ITS FOUNDING FATHERS, THIS REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES HAS GIVEN TANGIBLE MEANING TO HUMAN VALUES IN THE CHARTING OF ITS POLICIES. BY VIRTUE OF THIS, ISRAEL PAYS YOU TRIBUTE AS YOU ENTER INTO THE THIRD CENTURY OF INDEPENDENCE.

PERMIT ME TO EXPRESS THAT TRIBUTE TO THE CONGRESS THROUGH THE WORDS OF AN AMERICAN JEW, A SOLDIER IN THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR. DONAS PHILLIPS, IN 1787, WROTE THIS PRAYER: "MAY THE ALMIGHTY GOD OF OUR FATHER ABRAHAM, ISAAC AND JACOB, IMBUE THIS NOBLE ASSEMBLY WITH WISDOM... AND MAY THEY HAVE THE SATISFACTION TO SEE THAT THEIR PRESENT TOIL AND LABOR FOR THE WELFARE OF THE UNITED STATES BE APPROVED THROUGHOUT ALL THE WORLD AND PARTICULARLY BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA." THIS IS THE SINCERE SENTIMENT OF FRIENDSHIP ISRAEL BRINGS YOU THIS DAY.

(END TEXT)





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## official text

JANUARY 29, 1976

TRANSCRIPT OF EXCHANGE OF TOASTS AT STATE DINNER JAN. 27 GIVEN  
BY PRESIDENT FORD IN HONOR OF PRIME MINISTER RABIN

(BEGIN TRANSCRIPT)

PRESIDENT FORD:

PRIME MINISTER AND MRS. RABIN AND DISTINGUISHED GUESTS:

IT IS AGAIN A PLEASURE FOR US TO SAY SHALOM.

BETTY AND I HAVE, OF COURSE, AND ALL OF OUR GUESTS FEEL A  
VERY SPECIAL WARMTH AS FAR AS YOU, MR. PRIME MINISTER, AND MRS.  
RABIN ARE CONCERNED, AND OUR FRIENDSHIP ON A PERSONAL BASIS HAS  
BEEN ONE OF LONG STANDING AND VERY ENJOYABLE. YOUR FIVE  
YEARS IN WASHINGTON AS THE DISTINGUISHED AMBASSADOR OF ISRAEL  
CREATED MANY AND VERY WARM FRIENDSHIPS. BETTY AND I ARE TWO  
OF THOSE FRIENDS AND WE ARE DEEPLY GRATEFUL FOR THAT RELATION-  
SHIP AND WE ARE OBVIOUSLY DELIGHTED TO BE YOUR HOSTS TONIGHT.

WE ARE VERY PROUD THAT YOU ARE THE FIRST HEAD OF GOVERNMENT  
GUEST DURING OUR BICENTENNIAL YEAR AND I THINK THAT TELLS US  
SOMETHING -- THE CELEBRATION OF OUR NATION'S HISTORY GIVES AMERICANS  
A DEEPER APPRECIATION OF BASIC VALUES THAT WE SHARE WITH THE  
STATE OF ISRAEL.

THE TRIBUTE THAT YOUR COUNTRY AND OURS PAY TO THESE IDEALS  
YOU EXPRESSED IN PHILADELPHIA LAST NIGHT. BOTH OF OUR NATIONS  
HAVE HAD A VERY PAINFUL BIRTH AS WELL AS GROWTH. AS HAVENS FOR  
MEN AND WOMEN FLEEING PERSECUTION, BOTH OF OUR NATIONS FIND  
THEIR VITALITY AS WELL AS THEIR STRENGTH TODAY IN A COMMITMENT  
TO FREEDOM AND A COMMITMENT TO DEMOCRACY AND THE SPIRIT OF FREE  
PEOPLES.

BOTH OF OUR NATIONS, MR. PRIME MINISTER, HAVE TASTED THE  
BITTER TRUTH OF WAR AND THE STRUGGLES THAT ARE NECESSARY TO  
PRESERVE INDEPENDENCE AND SECURITY. BOTH OF US KNOW FULL WELL  
IN TODAY'S WORLD THAT ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY  
AND WE INDIVIDUALLY AND COLLECTIVELY WILL NOT FAIL.

( MORE )

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I APPLAUD YOUR STATESMANSHIP, MR. PRIME MINISTER. YOU HAVE SHOWN IT OVER AND OVER AGAIN. IT HAS CONTRIBUTED SO MUCH THAT HAS BEEN ACHIEVED SO FAR. I AM GRATIFIED THAT OUR PERSONAL FRIENDSHIP AND RELATIONSHIP NOW FACILITATES THE CLOSEST CONSULTATIONS ON THE VERY COMPLEX PROBLEMS THAT WE FACE IN THE PROBLEMS AHEAD.

FROM THE MOMENT OF ISRAEL'S INDEPENDENCE, ALL OF AMERICA'S PRESIDENTS, AS WELL AS THE MAJOR POLITICAL PARTIES, HAVE IDENTIFIED WITH YOUR FREEDOM AND YOUR PROGRESS.

AMERICA NOW COMPLETES ITS SECOND CENTURY. ISRAEL COUNTS ITS HERITAGE IN THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS OF YEARS AND ITS MODERN HISTORY IN DECADES. YET, OUR HERITAGE, YOUR COUNTRY AND MINE, ARE THE SAME.

I THINK WE MUST TAKE INSPIRATION FROM THE FOUNDING FATHERS OF BOTH OUR NATIONS AND THE PRINCIPLES OF JUSTICE AND FREEDOM WHICH THEY HAVE PASSED DOWN TO YOU AS WELL TO MYSELF FOR THE SURVIVAL OF THOSE PRINCIPLES, WHICH IS OUR MAJOR RESPONSIBILITY. YOU ARE DEDICATED TO THAT END, MR. PRIME MINISTER, AND ALL OF YOUR PEOPLE ARE LIKEWISE, AND THEY ARE AN INSPIRATION TO ALL OF US.

ISRAEL, MR. PRIME MINISTER, LIKE THE UNITED STATES, HAS STUCK TO ITS PRINCIPLES AND PERSEVERED WITH COURAGE AND DETERMINATION. THE UNBREAKABLE SPIRIT OF THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL REMAINS ITS STRONGEST DEFENSE, AND AS WE REFLECT ON THIS BICENTENNIAL YEAR, WE ARE BOTH MINDFUL OF THE INDISPENSABLE ROLE THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS PLAYED IN THE WORLD AS A GUARDIAN OF STABILITY AND DEFENDER OF FREEDOM.

I WANT TO TELL YOU, MR. PRIME MINISTER, THAT I AM DETERMINED, AS I THINK MOST AMERICANS ARE, THAT AMERICA WILL REMAIN COMMITTED TO ITS ALLIES AND TO ITS WORLD RESPONSIBILITIES.

I KNOW THAT ISRAEL AND OUR OTHER FRIENDS AND ALLIES DEPEND UPON AMERICA'S STRENGTH AND AMERICA'S COMMITMENT. OUR TWO NATIONS HAVE BEEN WORKING TOGETHER FOR PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST. NO PEACE-MAKING PROCESS, AS YOU WELL KNOW, IS EASY, BUT IMPORTANT STEPS HAVE BEEN TAKEN AND WE ARE PROUD OF THE ROLE THAT AMERICA HAS PLAYED IN WORKING WITH YOUR COUNTRY.

I KNOW THAT ALL AMERICANS DEEPLY DESIRE TO SEE THE PROCESS CONTINUED TOWARD ITS GOAL OF A JUST AND SECURE PEACE. THE UNITED STATES HAS DEMONSTRATED MANY, MANY TIMES, INCLUDING YESTERDAY IN THE UNITED NATIONS, THAT WE WILL OPPOSE MEASURES THAT WE CONSIDER UNREALISTIC OR UNWORKABLE OR THAT MAKE PEACE HARDER TO ACHIEVE. BUT WE HAVE DEMONSTRATED AT THE SAME TIME WE ARE COMMITTED TO SEEK AND SUPPORT POSITIVE MEASURES, POSITIVE MOVES TOWARD PEACE.

WE WILL CONTINUE THE HOPEFUL EFFORT IN WHICH WE ARE JOINTLY ENGAGED.

YOU AND I BEGAN OUR DISCUSSION THIS MORNING IN A SPIRIT OF FRIENDSHIP AND A SPIRIT OF COMMON DESIRE FOR PEACE. YOU STATED THIS MORNING, AND MANY TIMES OTHERWISE, YOUR NATION'S VIEWS ELOQUENTLY AND PERSUASIVELY.



LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, I ASK THAT YOU JOIN ME IN A TOAST TO THE PRIME MINISTER OF ISRAEL AND TO MRS. RABIN, TO THE ENDURING FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN ISRAEL AND THE UNITED STATES AND TO A JUST AND LASTING PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

IN THE ANCIENT TOAST OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE, L'CHAYIM.

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PRIME MINISTER RABIN:

MR. PRESIDENT AND MRS. FORD, DISTINGUISHED GUESTS:

FIRST ALLOW ME IN THE NAME OF MY WIFE AND MYSELF TO THANK YOU, MR. PRESIDENT, AND YOU, MRS. FORD, FOR YOUR KIND INVITATION TO COME OVER TO THIS COUNTRY AS YOUR GUESTS.

WE ALSO CHERISH OUR PERSONAL FRIENDSHIP FOR THE TIME THAT I SERVED HERE AS THE ISRAELI AMBASSADOR. I REMEMBER THAT MANY TIMES I USED TO COME TO YOUR OFFICE AS THE MINORITY LEADER IN THE HOUSE TO ASK FOR YOUR ADVICE, TO GET A BETTER UNDERSTANDING ABOUT WHAT WAS GOING ON IN THIS COUNTRY AND I ALWAYS CAME OUT OF YOUR OFFICE MORE ENCOURAGED ABOUT AMERICA, ABOUT THE CONGRESS, ABOUT YOUR DETERMINATION TO DO WHAT YOU BELIEVED THAT SHOULD BE DONE HERE IN THIS WORLD, TOWARDS SECURING PEACE AND FREEDOM WHEREVER AND WHENEVER IT IS POSSIBLE.

SINCE YOU TOOK THIS OFFICE, AWESOME RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, THIS IS THE THIRD MEETING BETWEEN US HERE AND WE HAVE DISCUSSED THROUGH THIS PERIOD EVERY POSSIBILITY, EVERYTHING THAT CAN BE DONE TO ENCOURAGE EVERY OPTION, EVERY AVENUE TO MOVE FROM WAR TOWARDS PEACE, TO ACHIEVE TRANQUILITY AND STABILITY IN THE AREA AS LONG AS PEACE HAS NOT BEEN ACHIEVED, AND I APPRECIATED ALWAYS YOUR ATTITUDE THAT WHENEVER THERE IS A CONFRONTATION THE EFFORTS TO BRING ABOUT PEACE MUST BE DONE FROM THE STANDPOINT OF STRENGTHS BECAUSE NO TOTALITARIAN REGIME WILL TOLERATE A WEAK DEMOCRACY AND ONLY A STRONG DEMOCRACY CAN EXPECT TO ACHIEVE PEACE WITH DIGNITY, PEACE THAT IS WORTHWHILE.

I AM ESPECIALLY GLAD, AS YOU MENTIONED, MR. PRESIDENT, THAT I AM THE FIRST HEAD OF GOVERNMENT TO BE YOUR OFFICIAL GUEST IN THIS BICENTENNIAL YEAR. I AM GLAD ESPECIALLY BECAUSE I THINK I REPRESENT EVEN THOUGH A VERY SMALL DEMOCRACY BUT IT IS THE ONLY ONE THAT EXISTS IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

BEFORE WE CAME OVER I FOUND THAT WHEN YOU GOT YOUR INDEPENDENCE 200 YEARS AGO THE TOTAL POPULATION OF THEN THE UNITED STATES WAS THREE MILLION WHICH IS EXACTLY (LAUGHTER) THE POPULATION OF ISRAEL TODAY. AND I FOUND THAT YOUR GROWTH CAME AS A RESULT OF THE DETERMINATION OF THE FOUNDING FATHERS TO BUILD A COUNTRY, BUT IN ADDITION TO THAT, BY MAINTAINING THE BASIC PRINCIPLE OF OPEN GATES TO WAVES OF IMMIGRANTS, AND YOUR COUNTRY GREW UP BY THE WAVES OF IMMIGRANTS THAT CAME TO THIS GREAT COUNTRY.

WE MAINTAIN THE SAME POLICY AND WE HAVE GROWN THROUGH IMMIGRATION AND WILL CONTINUE TO GROW THROUGH IMMIGRATION



IN THE LAST ONE AND A HALF YEARS WE HAVE TAKEN CERTAIN STEPS THROUGH THE GOOD OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT UNDER YOUR GUIDANCE IN THE EFFORT TO BRING ABOUT CERTAIN MOVES TOWARD PEACE. I BELIEVE THAT ON OUR PART WE DID OUR SHARE. WE HAVE TAKEN RISKS IN THE HOPE THAT (GARBLED....) WHOLE MIDDLE EAST, FOR ALL COUNTRIES AND FOR ALL PEOPLES.

WE ARE IN A COUNTRY IN WHICH WAR MIGHT BE IMMINENT. WE HAVE FOUGHT FOUR MAJOR WARS IN THE LAST 28 YEARS AND BETWEEN THEM WE HAVE NEVER ENTERTAINED ONE DAY OF PEACE. AND AFTER 28 YEARS OF WAR, BELIEVE ME, MR. PRESIDENT, IF THERE IS SOMETHING THAT WE ASPIRE TO, THAT WE DESIRE, THAT WE ARE LONGING FOR, IT IS TO ACHIEVE A REAL PEACE.

ALLOW ME TO ADD THAT WHEN I STAYED IN THIS COUNTRY I LEARNED ONE THING -- THAT THE VAGUEST WORD IN THE ENGLISH DICTIONARY IS "PEACE" BECAUSE SO MANY INTERPRETATIONS ARE GIVEN TO THIS WORD AND THEREFORE ONE HAS TO BE CAREFUL WHEN THE WORD IS UTTERED AND NO PRACTICAL AND MEANINGFUL INTERPRETATION IS GIVEN TO THAT.

AND THEREFORE FOR US THE MEANING OF PEACE THAT WE WANT TO ACHIEVE IS PEACE THAT WILL GIVE US, AS WELL AS TO OUR NEIGHBORS, A SENSE OF SECURITY TO LIVE THE WAY THAT WE PREFER TO LIVE IN OUR OWN COUNTRY AND THEY IN THEIR OWN.

WE HAVE DONE SOMETHING TO BRING STABILIZATION TO THE AREA BUT STILL THE ROAD TO PEACE UNFORTUNATELY IS STILL LONG AND IT WILL REQUIRE COURAGE, DETERMINATION AND SKILL TO NAVIGATE THE SHIP OF HOPE OF PEACE UNTIL IT WILL BE A REAL ONE (GARBLED....) HOPE BUT AT THE SAME TIME TO HAVE NO ILLUSIONS IN COPING WITH THE DIFFICULTIES THAT SHOULD BE OVERCOME.

AFTER THE FIRST TALK THAT I HAD WITH YOU, MR. PRESIDENT, I BELIEVED THAT WE REALIZE THE DIFFICULTIES. WE ARE DETERMINED TO DO EVERYTHING TO FIND WAYS TO COPE WITH THESE DIFFICULTIES AND I CAN ASSURE YOU, MR. PRESIDENT, THAT ON THE PART OF ISRAEL EVERY EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO BRING ABOUT PEACE TO THE AREA WHICH HAS SUFFERED SO MUCH FROM WARS IN THE LAST YEARS.

ALLOW ME ALSO, MR. PRESIDENT, TO THANK YOU PERSONALLY IN THE NAME OF THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL FOR YOUR SUPPORT THROUGH THE YEARS, TO YOUR SUPPORT TO ISRAEL AND TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE IN THE AREA IN YOUR CAPACITY AS THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES. YOU MENTIONED WHAT HAPPENED YESTERDAY AND I AM ENCOURAGED BY WHAT HAPPENED TODAY AND I WOULD LIKE TO THANK YOU VERY, VERY MUCH.

AND ALLOW ME TO RAISE MY GLASS TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES AND TO THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES. L'CHAYIM.

(END TRANSCRIPT).

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# official text

JANUARY 29, 1976

TRANSCRIPT OF EXCHANGE OF TOASTS AT JANUARY 27 LUNCHEON  
GIVEN BY SECRETARY KISSINGER FOR PRIME MINISTER RABIN

SECRETARY KISSINGER:

MR. PRIME MINISTER, MRS. RABIN, DISTINGUISHED GUESTS:

IT IS A GREAT PLEASURE TO WELCOME THE RABINS, WHO ARE ALL OLD FRIENDS OF OURS, BACK TO WASHINGTON. WE HAVE WORKED TOGETHER FOR SO LONG THAT WHEN AN ISRAELI PARTY ARRIVES HERE WE MEET OLD FRIENDS OF MANY CIRCUMSTANCES. FOR EXAMPLE, WE COULD IMMEDIATELY IDENTIFY ALL THE SECURITY OFFICERS THAT TOOK CARE OF US. (LAUGHTER)

AND NANCY WAS LOOKING FOR THE SECURITY OFFICER WHO COULD OPEN COKE BOTTLES WITH HIS TEETH, WHICH WILL SHOW YOU OF THE WAY WE GET INTIMIDATED WHEN WE VISIT ISRAEL. (LAUGHTER)

AND MRS. RABIN MUMBLES TO ME, "THE QUALITY OF THE SECURITY. " I HAVEN'T BEEN DEFENDED BY ANY SECURITY OFFICER WITH HIS TEETH IN ISRAEL YET. (LAUGHTER)

THERE ARE ALSO SO MANY MEMBERS OF THE ISRAELI PRESS HERE THAT I HAVE A REAL DILEMMA BECAUSE I HAVE A FRIEND WHO HATES FLYING, AND HE SAYS THAT WHEN A STEWARDESS COMES OUT OF THE PILOT'S COMPARTMENT WITH A SERIOUS FACE HE IS CONVINCED THEY ARE GOING TO CRASH AND THAT SHE CAN'T EVEN GIVE THE IMPRESSION THAT THINGS ARE GOING WELL; BUT WHEN SHE COMES OUT SMILING, THEN HE'S IN A REAL PANIC BECAUSE THEN HE IS ABSOLUTELY CONVINCED THAT THINGS ARE DESPERATE AND THAT SHE HAS BEEN INSTRUCTED TO SHEER THEM UP. (LAUGHTER) SO WHAT CAN I SAY ABOUT OUR MEETINGS? (LAUGHTER)

THE TRUTH IS THAT THE PRIME MINISTER AND HIS FRIENDS HERE HAVE WORKED TOGETHER FOR A LONG TIME. I SPENT MANY HOURS WITH THE PRIME MINISTER WHEN HE WAS AMBASSADOR HERE IN DISCUSSING NOT ONLY THE PROBLEMS OF ISRAEL IN THE MIDDLE EAST BUT THE RELATIONSHIP OF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION TO THE PROSPECTS OF PEACE. AND WHEN OUR OTHER ISRAELI FRIENDS ARE HERE, IT IS A DIFFERENT

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RELATIONSHIP THAN WE HAVE WITH ANY OTHER COUNTRY BECAUSE WE KNOW EACH OTHER SO WELL AND WE HAVE TALKED TOGETHER SO MUCH THAT WE CAN AFFORD OCCASIONALLY THIS OR THAT DISAGREEMENT. AND SOMETIMES BECAUSE IT IS A FAMILY QUARREL IT TAKES ON AN INTENSITY THAT IS EXAGGERATED.

I WANT TO EMPHASIZE RIGHT AWAY THAT THERE ARE NO QUARRELS GOING ON AT THIS MOMENT AND THAT I AM TALKING ABOUT THE PAST AND NOT THE PRESENT, ALTHOUGH HAVING GIVEN THAT ASSURANCE I AM POSITIVE THAT I HAVE CREATED MANY MORE DOUBTS. (LAUGHTER)

BUT THE FACT OF THE MATTER IS THAT NO PEOPLE CAN WANT PEACE MORE DESPERATELY THAN A COUNTRY THAT HAS NEVER KNOWN A STATE OF PEACE IN ITS ENTIRE HISTORY AND THAT HAS HAD TO FIGHT WARS AT ALMOST INTERVALS OF FIVE YEARS. SO THAT THE ISSUE OF WHETHER THERE SHOULD BE PEACE DOESN'T NEED TO BE DISCUSSED BETWEEN US.

HOW TO ACHIEVE PEACE IN A SITUATION OF ENORMOUS COMPLEXITY AND HOW TO BALANCE THE TERRITORIAL CHANGES, WHICH ARE TANGIBLE, THAT IS A PROBLEM THAT REQUIRES GREAT IMAGINATION AND GREAT DEDICATION. AND WHEN ONE LOOKS AT THE LEGACY OF A GENERATION OF DISTRUST AND AT THE INFLUENCE OF OUTSIDE POWERS WHOSE INTENTIONS ARE NOT ALWAYS BENIGN, THEN WE KNOW, BOTH OF US, THAT WE HAVE A COMPLEX AND LONG-TERM ISSUE BEFORE US.

NOW, OUR FRIEND THE PRIME MINISTER IS HERE THIS TIME WHEN THERE ISN'T ANY IMMEDIATE CRISIS, WHEN THERE ISN'T A PARTICULAR NEGOTIATION ON WHICH WE MUST ACHIEVE A SPECIFIC RESULT. HE IS HERE TO DISCUSS WITH US HOW WE IMAGINE THE EVOLUTION TOWARDS PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST, HOW WE CAN REACH AN OBJECTIVE ON WHICH WE BOTH AGREE. AND WE CAN TALK IN A RELAXED ATMOSPHERE BECAUSE WE HAVE THE CAPACITY FOR DECISION.

THE UNITED STATES MADE CLEAR LAST NIGHT THAT IT WILL NOT ACCEPT CHANGES IN THE FRAMEWORK OF NEGOTIATIONS THAT PREJUDGE THE OUTCOME. WE WILL NOT PARTICIPATE OR ENCOURAGE A NEGOTIATING PROCESS IN WHICH AS AN ENTRANCE PRICE INTO NEGOTIATIONS THE FUNDAMENTAL ISSUES SHOULD ALREADY BE DETERMINED BY GROUPS OF COUNTRIES THAT ARE NOT PARTIES TO THE NEGOTIATION.

NOW THAT WE HAVE MADE CLEAR WHAT WE WILL NOT ENCOURAGE, WE CAN TALK IN A FREER ATMOSPHERE ABOUT WHAT CAN HAPPEN IN THE YEARS AHEAD. I THINK THE TALKS THIS MORNING WERE CONDUCTED IN A VERY FRIENDLY ATMOSPHERE, AND I AM CONFIDENT THAT THIS VISIT WILL BE EXTREMELY HELPFUL TO BOTH OF OUR COUNTRIES AND TO THE LONG-TERM PROSPECTS FOR PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

THE UNITED STATES IS COMMITTED TO THE SECURITY AND SURVIVAL OF ISRAEL. THE UNITED STATES WILL WORK WITH ISRAEL ON JOINT POLICIES TO MAINTAIN THE SECURITY AND TO ACHIEVE A LASTING PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST. IT IS IN THIS SPIRIT THAT WE WELCOME THE RABINS HERE IN THE CONSCIOUSNESS THAT FOR ALL AMERICANS IT IS A QUESTION OF MORAL NECESSITY TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT WHATEVER



HAPPENS, THIS DEMOCRACY IN THE MIDDLE EAST THAT SHARES OUR VALUES WILL BE SECURED AND MAINTAINED.

SO I WOULD LIKE TO PROPOSE A TOAST TO THE PRIME MINISTER AND MRS. RABIN AND TO THE LASTING FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN ISRAEL AND THE UNITED STATES.

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PRIME MINISTER RABIN:

MR. SECRETARY, MRS. KISSINGER, DISTINGUISHED GUESTS:

I WOULD LIKE TO THANK THE SECRETARY AND MRS. KISSINGER IN THE NAME OF MY WIFE AND MYSELF FOR THIS PLEASANT GATHERING AND FOR THE GOOD MEAL. I HAVE NOT SPENT SINCE I HAVE TAKEN THIS POST AS A PRIME MINISTER SO MANY DAYS IN THE UNITED STATES AS THE SECRETARY SPENT IN ISRAEL; THEREFORE, I CAN'T PRETEND THAT I KNOW ALL THE DETAILS THAT COME WITH SUCH A VISIT. BUT I WOULD LIKE ALSO TO OPEN MY REMARKS BY SAYING SOMETHING PERSONALLY TO THE SECRETARY.

AS HE SAID, I BELIEVE THAT WE HAVE LEARNED TO KNOW EACH OTHER. WHEN I SERVED HERE AS THE ISRAELI AMBASSADOR AND AFTER THAT, EVEN THOUGH FROM TIME TO TIME WE HAVE HAD SOME DIFFERENCES OF OPINION, BUT I BELIEVE THAT WE HAVE NO DOUBT WHATSOEVER IN THE WAY THAT HE CONDUCTED THE POLICY OF THIS GOVERNMENT IN HIS CAPACITY AT THE WHITE HOUSE AND NOW AS SECRETARY OF STATE IN THE REAL EFFORTS THAT HE HAS MADE TO BRING ABOUT MORE STABILITY IN THE EFFORTS TO CREATE BETTER CONDITIONS FOR PEACE FOR ALL PEOPLES IN THE (GARBLE). MR. SECRETARY, FOR THAT I WOULD LIKE TO THANK YOU.

AS YOU HAVE SAID, THERE IS SOMETHING WHICH CANNOT BE ALWAYS EXPLAINED WHEN IT COMES TO THE RELATIONS OF THE GREATEST DEMOCRACY WITH THE ONLY DEMOCRACY IN THE MIDDLE EAST. IT HAS STARTED MANY YEARS AGO, AND IT HAS BEEN DEVELOPED TO THE KIND OF RELATIONS THAT WE, AS A SMALL COUNTRY, ARE VERY PROUD OF. AND I BELIEVE THAT THE COOPERATION BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES HAS CONTRIBUTED TO THE STABILITY IN THE AREA AND TO THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF THE PROSPECTS OF PEACE. I BELIEVE THAT WHAT HAS BEEN DONE IN THE LAST YEAR WAS AN OUTCOME OF AN EFFORT, EVEN THOUGH THERE WERE UPS AND DOWNS THROUGH '75, BUT TOWARD THE END THE RESULTS PROVED TO BE THE RIGHT ONES.

STILL, THE ARAB-ISRAELI CONFLICT IS A VERY COMPLICATED ONE, AND IT IS NOT SO EASY TO OFFER SIMPLE FORMULAS HOW TO SOLVE IT. SOMETIMES IT LOOKS SIMPLER THAN IT IS. FROM OUR POINT OF VIEW, WE, AS THE SECRETARY SAID, HAVE NEVER ENTERTAINED ONE DAY OF PEACE. WE HAVE EXPERIENCED MANY WARS. AND, THEREFORE, PLEASE UNDERSTAND OUR SENSITIVITY WHEN IT COMES TO OUR CAPABILITY TO BE ABLE TO DEFEND OURSELVES BY OURSELVES.

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PLEASE UNDERSTAND THE AMOUNT OF SUSPICION THAT MIGHT SEEM TO PEOPLE FROM THE OUTSIDE A LITTLE BIT EXAGGERATED WHEN WE HAVE TO EXCHANGE WORDS FOR SOMETHING TANGIBLE, WHICH IS TERRITORIES, NOT AS REAL ESTATE BUT AS DEFENSIVE LINES THAT MAKE OUR CAPABILITY TO DEFEND OURSELVES BETTER. BUT I CAN ASSURE YOU, MR. SECRETARY, AND ALL THOSE WHO ARE HERE THAT FOR THE SAKE OF A REAL PEACE, ISRAEL WILL NOT SHRINK FROM ANY RISKS, WILL TAKE UPON ITSELF MANY CONCESSIONS, BUT ONE WILL BE SURE THAT THE PURPOSE IS A REAL PEACE.

I BELIEVE THAT THE WAY THAT THE TALKS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED THROUGH THE YEARS OF COOPERATION BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES AND ESPECIALLY TODAY, I BELIEVE THAT THIS IS THE WAY TO CONDUCT TALKS WHEN THE COMMON GOAL IS THE SAME -- TO ACHIEVE PEACE. BUT AT THE SAME TIME, AS LONG AS PEACE HAS NOT BEEN ACHIEVED, TO BE IN A POSITION THAT THOSE WHO WANT TO EXPLOIT THE TENSION IN THE AREA WILL NOT BE ABLE TO PURSUE A POLICY OF WAR WITH A HOPE OF SUCCESS.

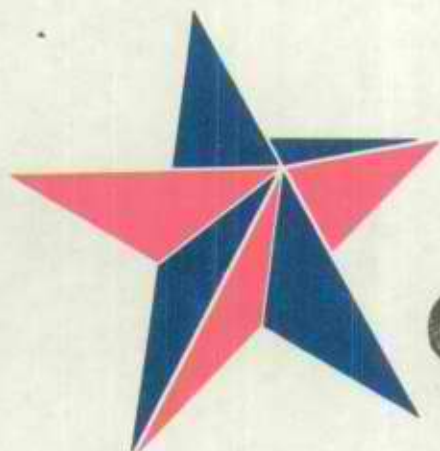
I BELIEVE EVERYWHERE IN THE WORLD YOU CAN'T ACHIEVE PEACE BUT FROM THE STANDPOINT OF STRENGTH. IT IS A STRUGGLE BETWEEN TOTALITARIAN CONCEPTS AND DEMOCRATIC WAY OF LIFE. AND IN COPING WITH TOTALITARIAN CONCEPTS, DEMOCRACIES HAVE TO TRY THEIR BEST TO REACH AGREEMENTS AND UNDERSTANDINGS. BUT IT CAN'T BE DONE FROM THE STANDPOINT OF WEAKNESS. I DON'T WANT TO APPLY TO ANYTHING EXCEPT WHEN IT COMES TO OUR PROBLEM. AND I KNOW ONE THING FOR SURE, WITH A WEAK ISRAEL NO ONE WILL NEGOTIATE, AND ONLY A STRONG ISRAEL IS A HELP FOR PEACE.

I WOULD LIKE TO PRAY AND HOPE THAT THERE WILL BE CONTINUATION OF THE PRESENT UNDERSTANDING, CONTINUATION OF THE COMMON EFFORT TO ACHIEVE PEACE, AND CONTINUATION OF THE EFFORT AS LONG AS PEACE HAS NOT BEEN ACHIEVED, TO BE ABLE TO OVERCOME THE DIFFERENCES WHENEVER THEY COME UP.

AND IN THIS SPIRIT I WOULD LIKE TO RAISE MY GLASS TO THE SECRETARY, TO MRS. KISSINGER, AND TO THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES. AND, AS WE SAY IN HEBREW, "LE CHAIM."

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# official text

JANUARY 29, 1976

(TEXT) FORD-RABIN MEETING JANUARY 28

WASHINGTON, JAN. 28 -- FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF A WHITE HOUSE NOTICE TO THE PRESS FOLLOWING THE 55-MINUTE MEETING BETWEEN PRESIDENT FORD AND PRIME MINISTER RABIN JANUARY 28:

(BEGIN TEXT)

THE PRESIDENT AND PRIME MINISTER RABIN HELD THEIR SECOND MEETING TODAY AT 11:05 A.M., FOR 55 MINUTES. ALSO IN ATTENDANCE WERE SECRETARY OF STATE KISSINGER, GENERAL SCOWCROFT, UNDERSECRETARY SISCO AND AMBASSADOR MALCOM TOON ON THE AMERICAN SIDE, AND AMBASSADOR SIMCHA DINITZ, THE HONORABLE HANAN BAR-ON, MINISTER, EMBASSY OF ISRAEL, AND MR. AMOS EIRAN, DIRECTOR GENERAL, OFFICE OF THE PRIME MINISTER AND ADVISOR TO THE PRIME MINISTER, ON THE ISRAELI SIDE.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE PRIME MINISTER CONTINUED THEIR DISCUSSIONS ALONG THE LINES OF YESTERDAY'S MEETING ON WAYS TO BRING ABOUT PRACTICAL MOVEMENT IN THE MIDDLE EAST NEGOTIATIONS IN THE SPIRIT OF THE FRIENDSHIP AND MUTUAL RESPECT WHICH EXISTS BETWEEN THEM PERSONALLY AND BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES. THE PRESIDENT REAFFIRMED HIS DETERMINATION THAT THERE BE NO HALT IN THE NEGOTIATING PROCESS. THE PRESIDENT'S TALKS WITH PRIME MINISTER RABIN ARE PART OF OUR CONTINUING CONSULTATIONS ON HOW THIS MIGHT BE AVOIDED AND ON HOW THE PARTIES MIGHT MOVE CLOSER TOWARDS PEACE.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE PRIME MINISTER ALSO CONTINUED THEIR DISCUSSIONS ON U.S.-ISRAELI BILATERAL RELATIONS, INCLUDING THE ASSISTANCE THAT THE U.S. HAS AND WILL CONTINUE TO PROVIDE IN LINE WITH THE LONG-STANDING AMERICAN SUPPORT FOR ISRAEL'S SECURITY.

THE PRESIDENT EXPRESSED HIS PLEASURE THAT, ON THIS VISIT, THE PRIME MINISTER AND MRS. RABIN WILL BE TRAVELING ACROSS THE UNITED STATES AND HIS HOPE THAT THEY WILL FULLY ENJOY THEIR VISIT. (END TEXT).

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UNITED STATES INFORMATION SERVICE

Tel Aviv 71, Hayarkon st. Tel. 54338 Ext. 204 / 218







*2-11-76  
LSD. 223 4/1 1/2*

## official text

JANUARY 29, 1976

### U.S. ENCOURAGES NEGOTIATING PROCESS TOWARD MIDDLE EAST PEACE

WASHINGTON, JAN. 28 --PRESIDENT FORD HAS REAFFIRMED HIS DETERMINATION THAT THERE BE NO HALT IN THE NEGOTIATING PROCESS TO BRING PEACE TO THE MIDDLE EAST AREA.

THE PRESIDENT'S STAND WAS OUTLINED TO PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN OF ISRAEL DURING A 55-MINUTE MEETING BETWEEN THE TWO LEADERS, THEIR SECOND TALK IN TWO DAYS AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

FOLLOWING THE TALK, THE WHITE HOUSE SAID THE EXECUTIVES "CONTINUED THEIR DISCUSSIONS ALONG THE LINES OF YESTERDAY'S MEETING ON WAYS TO BRING ABOUT PRACTICAL MOVEMENT IN THE MIDDLEEAST NEGOTIATIONS IN THE SPIRIT OF FRIENDSHIP AND MUTUAL RESPECT WHICH EXISTS BETWEEN THEM PERSONALLY AND BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES."

AFTER HIS MEETING WITH MR. FORD, MR. RABIN ADDRESSED A JOINT SESSION OF THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS. HE STRESSED THAT WORLD PEACE RESTS UPON THE FORTITUDE OF THE UNITED STATES.

"THERE IS NO FREEDOM," HE SAID, "NOR SHALL THERE BE PEACE IN THIS WORLD, WITHOUT A UNITED STATES, STRONG AND CONFIDENT IN ITS PURPOSE. WORLD PEACE RESTS UPON YOUR FORTITUDE. UPON IT RESTS THE HOPE THAT HONEST DIALOGUE CAN MOVE FORWARD WITH SOCIETIES HAVING OTHER SYSTEMS OF RULE. WE WELCOME ANY FORM OF INTERNATIONAL DIALOGUE TO REDUCE THE SUSPICIONS AND TENSIONS BETWEEN NATIONS."

HE ALSO TOLD THE LEGISLATORS, THE DIPLOMATIC COMMUNITY AND MEMBERS OF THE U.S. CABINET, WHO ATTENDED THE SESSION:

"FROM THIS ROSTRUM I DECLARE THAT, HOWEVER DIFFICULT THE ROAD, HOWEVER HARD THE CHALLENGE, AND HOWEVER COMPLEX THE PROCESS, ISRAEL WILL STRIVE WITH ALL ITS BEING TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE PEACE OF THE WORLD BY PRESSING AHEAD WITH ITS EFFORT FOR PEACE WITH THE ARAB COUNTRIES. THIS IS THE DRIVING GOAL OF ALL OUR POLICIES."

EARLIER, MR. RABIN MET WITH U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE KISSINGER AT AN EARLY MORNING BREAKFAST. FOLLOWING THE BREAKFAST, MR. KISSINGER TOLD REPORTERS THAT THEY DISCUSSED BILATERAL-ISSUES AND PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST. HE SAID HE WAS SATISFIED WITH HIS TALK WITH MR. RABIN.

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FOLLOWING HIS BREAKFAST TALK WITH MR. KISSINGER AND HIS MEETING WITH MR. FORD, THE PRIME MINISTER MET WITH THE MAYOR OF WASHINGTON, D.C., WALTER E. WASHINGTON WHO PRESENTED HIM WITH A KEY TO THE CITY. MR. RABIN ALSO MET WITH WILLIAM E. SIMON, SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY, AND DONALD RUMSFELD, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.

A DINNER IN HONOR OF MR. RABIN IS SCHEDULED THIS EVENING AT THE ISRAELI EMBASSY BY SIMCHA DINITZ, AMBASSADOR OF ISRAEL.

ON THURSDAY, THE PRIME MINISTER WILL HAVE A BREAKFAST MEETING WITH MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, MEET WITH THE SENATE AND HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEES AND WILL ADDRESS THE NATIONAL PRESS CLUB.

(END TEXT)

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# official text

TEL AVIV, JANUARY 28, 1976

**TRANSCRIPT: FORD/RABIN WHITE HOUSE REMARKS**

WASHINGTON, JAN. 27 -- FOLLOWING IS THE EXCHANGE OF REMARKS BETWEEN THE PRESIDENT AND YITZHAK RABIN, PRIME MINISTER OF ISRAEL, ON THE SOUTH LAWN OF THE WHITE HOUSE:

(BEGIN TRANSCRIPT)

THE PRESIDENT: MR. PRIME MINISTER AND MRS. RABIN, SHALOM. MRS. FORD AND I ARE VERY DELIGHTED TO WELCOME BOTH OF YOU TO WASHINGTON, OUR GOOD FRIENDS OF MANY YEARS, AND WE ARE DELIGHTED TO SEE YOU ON THIS OCCASION DESPITE THE WEATHER.

WE HOPE YOUR VISIT HERE AND ACROSS OUR NATION, MR. PRIME MINISTER, WILL RENEW MANY HAPPY MEMORIES AND DEEPEN THE RELATIONSHIP OF OUR TWO COUNTRIES. WE ARE PROUD TO HAVE BOTH OF YOU AS OUR GUESTS.

AS IN THE PAST, MR. PRIME MINISTER, WE MEET TODAY IN A SPIRIT OF WARM GOOD WILL. YOUR VISIT GIVES ME THE OPPORTUNITY TO REAFFIRM, ON BEHALF OF ALL OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, THE ENDURING FRIENDSHIP OF OUR TWO COUNTRIES, THE TRADITIONAL COMMITMENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO ISRAEL'S SECURITY AND SURVIVAL AND THE DEDICATION OF THE UNITED STATES TO SEEK, WITH ISRAEL'S COOPERATION, A PEACEFUL, COMPREHENSIVE AND JUST SOLUTION TO THE CONFLICT IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

THE UNITED STATES AND ISRAEL SHARE A VERY DEEP DEVOTION TO DEMOCRATIC IDEALS; A SPECIAL AFFINITY AS TWO KINDRED PEOPLES AND COMMON MORAL AND POLITICAL VALUES THAT FLOW FROM THE GREAT JUDEO-CHRISTIAN HERITAGE.

JUST AS YOU AND I HAVE BEEN FRIENDS FOR MANY YEARS, MR. PRIME MINISTER, OUR TWO NATIONS ARE FRIENDS. FOR ALMOST THIRTY YEARS SINCE AND EVEN BEFORE YOUR INDEPENDENCE, OUR TWO PEOPLES HAVE WORKED TOGETHER IN MANY FIELDS. MY STRONGEST DESIRE IS THAT WE CONTINUE TO WORK TOGETHER IN THE FUTURE. TODAY OUR COOPERATION IS MORE NECESSARY THAN EVER BEFORE IN THE QUEST FOR AN ENDURING PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

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IN THE AGREEMENTS WE HAVE ALREADY ACHIEVED BY WORKING TOGETHER, WE HAVE ESTABLISHED A SOUND BASIS FOR THE FURTHER MOVEMENT TOWARD AN ULTIMATE PEACE SETTLEMENT. WITH STATESMANSHIP AND COURAGE, MR. PRIME MINISTER, YOU HAVE TAKEN THE FIRST STEPS.

THE WISDOM AND DETERMINATION THAT YOU AND YOUR NATION HAVE SO AMPLY DISPLAYED THUS FAR WILL BE REQUIRED IN EVEN GREATER DEGREE IN THE DAYS AHEAD. OUR TASKS REMAIN URGENT AND IMPORTANT. I KNOW THAT THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL YEARN FOR PEACE. ALL OF US SHARE A GREAT RESPONSIBILITY -- ISRAEL, ITS ARAB NEIGHBORS AND THE UNITED STATES. OUR TASK IS TO REALIZE THIS GOAL TOGETHER WITH REALISM AND WITH JUSTICE. LET US SEIZE THIS HISTORIC OPPORTUNITY TO HELP TRANSLATE HOPES INTO REALITY.

I WELCOME YOUR VISIT, MR. PRIME MINISTER. WE CAN IN THE NEXT SEVERAL DAYS, DEEPEN OUR MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING AND TRUST. WE CAN HELP TO ADVANCE THE PROCESS OF PEACE. WE CAN ENHANCE EVEN FURTHER THE UNIQUE FRIENDSHIP OF OUR TWO COUNTRIES. AND IF OTHER NATIONS ALSO DO THEIR PART, THIS YEAR WILL BE RECORDED IN HISTORY AS ANOTHER YEAR OF STEADY PROGRESS TOWARD THE FULFILLMENT OF OUR COMMON DREAM -- THE PEACE THAT IS SO FERVENTLY DESIRED THROUGHOUT THE MIDDLE EAST AND BY THE ENTIRE WORLD.

MR. PRIME MINISTER, I LOOK FORWARD TO OUR DISCUSSIONS AND TO THE PLEASURE OF YOUR COMPANY. ON BEHALF OF ALL AMERICANS, I EXTEND OUR HEARTIEST WELCOME TO YOU AND TO MRS. RABIN.

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: THANK YOU VERY MUCH, MR. PRESIDENT.

MR. PRESIDENT, MRS. FORD: MY WIFE AND I APPRECIATE VERY MUCH YOUR PERSONAL WELCOME, ESPECIALLY ON SUCH A DAY. ACCORDING TO THE JEWISH TRADITION, RAIN MEANS BLESSING.

IT IS A PLEASURE TO BE BACK IN WASHINGTON AND TO SEE AROUND ME SO MANY FRIENDS. MY THANKS GO TO YOU, MR. PRESIDENT, FOR YOUR INVITATION THAT ENABLES ME TO MEET WITH YOU TO EXPRESS TO YOU RESPECT AND FRIENDSHIP.

I AM LOOKING FORWARD TO OUR TALKS FOR I KNOW THEY WILL ADVANCE OUR COMMON PURPOSE. THE PURPOSE IS PEACE -- PEACE IN THE WORLD -- AND MORE SPECIFICALLY PEACE BETWEEN ISRAEL AND THE ARAB COUNTRIES. TOWARDS THAT END, THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL COMMITS ITS ENERGIES.

MR. PRESIDENT, WHEN THE HISTORY OF THIS PERIOD WILL BE WRITTEN YOUR NAME WILL BE GIVEN A PERMANENT PLACE AS THE LEADER OF THE FREE WORLD WHO LED THE STRUGGLE FOR A BETTER, MORE DECENT AND MORE PEACEFUL WORLD FOR PEOPLE TO LIVE IN. YOUR PERSONAL INVOLVEMENT IN THE CAUSE FOR PEACE AND STABILITY IN THE MIDDLE EAST HAS BEEN UNTIRING.

YOUR EFFORTS HAVE NOT BEEN WITHOUT RESULTS. UNDER YOUR GUIDANCE AMERICA HAS PLAYED AN INDISPENSABLE ROLE IN HELPING TO BRING ABOUT WHAT WE ALL HOPE WILL PROVE TO BE THE BEGINNING OF THE PEACE PROCESS. WE KNOW THAT IT IS COMPLEX. WE KNOW THAT IT IS NOT WITHOUT RISKS, BUT I WANT TO ASSURE YOU, MR. PRESIDENT, THAT WE, ISRAEL, WILL CONTINUE TO DO ALL THAT CAN REASONABLY BE DONE TO HELP TO MOVE THAT PROCESS ALONG.

YOUR FRIENDSHIP, YOUR WISDOM, THE ENERGY YOU DEVOTE FOR PEACE AND THE EFFORTS YOU MAKE FOR THE WELFARE OF MY OWN DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE MOVE ME TO EXPRESS TO YOU OUR SINCERE GRATITUDE.



I AM TOLD. MR. PRESIDENT, THAT BY YOUR INVITATION I AM THE FIRST HEAD OF GOVERNMENT TO VISIT THE UNITED STATES IN YOUR BICENTENNIAL YEAR. THIS IS A SPECIAL HONOR FOR ME -- IT AFFORDS ME THE OPPORTUNITY TO BRING A PARTICULAR MESSAGE OF FRIENDSHIP TO ALL COMMUNITIES ACROSS YOUR GREAT COUNTRY, INCLUDING THE JEWISH COMMUNITY WITH WHOM WE HAVE A PROFOUND HISTORIC SPIRITUAL TIE.

THE MESSAGE I CARRY IS "SHALOM TO AMERICA" ON THE OCCASION OF YOUR BICENTENNIAL CELEBRATION. IT IS A CELEBRATION WE ARE MARKING IN ISRAEL, TOO. WE DO SO BECAUSE OF THE DEBT THAT ISRAEL AND THE WHOLE FREE WORLD OWES TO THIS GREAT COUNTRY. WE DO SO BECAUSE OF THE SPIRIT OF LIBERTY, PEACE AND DEMOCRACY THAT GAVE BIRTH TO FREE AMERICA 200 YEARS AGO AND WE DO SO BECAUSE IT IS IDENTICAL TO THE SPIRIT THAT GAVE REBIRTH TO MY OWN FREE ISRAEL 28 YEARS AGO.

MR. PRESIDENT, I AM DEEPLY GRATIFIED FOR YOUR INVITATION AND HOSPITALITY WHICH ENABLES ME TO DELIVER THIS MESSAGE TO YOU PERSONALLY.

THE PRESIDENT: THANK YOU. YOU HAVE BEEN VERY GENEROUS AND I AM MOST APPRECIATIVE. (END TRENSCRIPT)

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# official text

JANUARY 28, 1976

TEXT :WHITE HOUSE STATEMENT ON FORD -RABIN TALKS  
WASHINGTON, JAN. 27--FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF A STATEMENT  
RELEASED BY THE WHITE HOUSE PRESS OFFICE FOLLOWING TUESDAY 'S  
TALKS BETWEEN PRESIDENT FORD AND PRIME MINISTER RABIN:  
(BEGIN STATEMENT)

PRESIDENT FORD AND ISRAELI PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN MET  
IN THE OVAL OFFICE FOR ONE HOUR AND 20 MINUTES. THE MEETING WAS  
ALSO ATTENDED BY SECRETARY OF STATE KISSINGER, GENERAL SCOWCROFT,  
UNDER SECRETARY SISCO AND AMBASSADOR MALCOLM TOON ON THE AMERICAN  
SIDE, AND AMBASSADOR SIMCHA DINITZ, THE HONORABLE HANAN BAR-ON,  
MINISTER, EMBASSY OF ISRAEL AND MR. V AMOS EIRAN, DIRECTOR GENERAL,  
OFFICE OF THE PRIME MINISTER AND ADVISOR TO THE PRIME MINISTER.  
THE PRESIDENT EXPRESSED HIS PERSONAL PLEASURE AT BEING ABLE TO  
WELCOME THE PRIME MINISTER TO THE WHITE HOUSE ONCE MORE, THIS TIME  
AS THE FIRST HEAD OF GOVERNMENT TO VISIT THE UNITED STATES IN OUR  
BICENTENNIAL YEAR. BOTH LEADERS RECALLED THEIR LONG FRIENDSHIP,  
AND AGREED THIS FRIENDSHIP FORMS THE NATURAL BASIS FOR FULL AND  
OPEN DISCUSSIONS IN THE SPIRIT OF CLOSENESS CHARACTERISING RELATION  
BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES.

THE PRESIDENT AND PRIME MINISTER EXCHANGED VIEWS ON THE MIDDLE  
EAST SITUATION, WITH A VIEW TO FINDING WAYS TO CONTINUE THE PEACE  
PROCESS. THE PRESIDENT STRESSED THE IMPORTANCE OF THESE TALKS FOR  
DEVELOPING IDEAS ON HOW NEXT TO MOVE AS PART OF OUR OVERALL  
CONSULTATIONS WITH THE PARTIES INVOLVED. HE REPEATED HIS DETER-  
MINATION TO AVOID A HIATUS IN NEGOTIATIONS.

THE PRESIDENT CONGRATULATED THE PRIME MINISTER FOR HIS WISDOM AND  
COURAGE IN REACHING THE RECENT INTERIM AGREEMENT WITH EGYPT,  
A SIGNIFICANT STEP IN THAT PEACE PROCESS. THE PRESIDENT STATED  
HIS SATISFACTION THAT THE AGREEMENT IS BEING FULLY IMPLEMENTED  
AND RESPECTED BY BOTH SIDES AND NOTED THAT

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THE NEED NOW IS FOR ALL SIDES TO SEARCH FOR WAYS OF CONTINUING THE PROCESS OF MUTUAL COMPROMISE AND COMPREHENSION IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE A JUST AND DURABLE PEACE SETTLEMENT. THE TWO LEADERS EXCHANGED VIEWS ON RECENT DEVELOPMENTS INSIDE AND OUTSIDE THE REGION, AS THEY RELATE TO THE PROSPECTS FOR MAINTAINING MOMENTUM TOWARD MIDDLE EAST PEACE. IN THIS CONTEXT THEY REVIEWED THE RECENT UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL DEBATE ON THE MIDDLE EAST. THE PRESIDENT REAFFIRMED THE COMMITMENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO PRACTICAL MOVEMENT TOWARD PEACE ON THE BASIS OF SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS 242 AND 338. THEY WILL CONTINUE THEIR DISCUSSIONS TOMORROW.

BEYOND THESE MAIN DISCUSSIONS ON THE DIPLOMACY OF PEACE, THE PRESIDENT AND PRIME MINISTER ALSO REVIEWED VARIOUS ASPECTS OF U.S.- ISRAELI BILATERAL RELATIONS, INCLUDING ONGOING ECONOMIC AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS FOR ISRAEL. THE PRESIDENT REAFFIRMED LONGSTANDING AMERICAN SUPPORT FOR THE SECURITY OF ISRAEL.

(END STATEMENT)

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# news report

JANUARY 28, 1976

## U.S.- ISRAELI LEADERS EXCHANGE MIDEAST VIEWS

WASHINGTON, JAN. 27 -- PRESIDENT FORD AND ISRAELI PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN MET FOR ONE HOUR AND 20 MINUTES TUESDAY EXCHANGING VIEWS ON THE MIDDLE EAST SITUATION "WITH A VIEW TO FINDING WAYS TO CONTINUE THE PEACE PROCESS", ACCORDING TO THE WHITE HOUSE PRESS OFFICE.

MR. RABIN AND HIS PARTY ARRIVED FROM PHILADELPHIA MID-MORNING TO BEGIN A FOUR-DAY WASHINGTON VISIT. HE WAS GREETED BY PRESIDENT FORD ON THE SOUTH LAWN OF THE WHITE HOUSE AND WAS GIVEN FULL HONORS, INCLUDING A 19-GUN SALUTE, AND A REVIEW OF THE HONOR GUARD. THE PRIME MINISTER RECEIVED AN ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME FROM THE MORE THAN TWO THOUSAND WELL-WISHERS ON HAND FOR HIS ARRIVAL.

THE TWO LEADERS STOOD HATLESS AND WITHOUT UMBRELLAS IN A RAINY, 20-MINUTE WELCOMING CEREMONY, DURING WHICH THEY EXCHANGED REMARKS FOCUSING ON THE QUEST FOR PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

" IN THE AGREEMENTS WE HAVE ALREADY ACHIEVED BY WORKING TOGETHER, WE HAVE ESTABLISHED A SOUND BASIS FOR THE FURTHER MOVEMENT TOWARD AN ULTIMATE PEACE SETTLEMENT, " MR. FORD TOLD THE ISRAELI LEADER DURING HIS WELCOMING ADDRESS.

MR. RABIN TOLD MR. FORD:

"UNDER YOUR GUIDANCE AMERICA HAS PLAYED AN INDISPENSABLE ROLE IN HELPING TO BRING ABOUT WHAT WE ALL HOPE WILL PROVE TO BE THE BEGINNING OF THE PEACE PROCESS."

DURING THE COURSE OF THEIR OVAL OFFICE TALK, THE LEADERS ALSO REVIEWED VARIOUS ASPECTS OF U.S. - ISRAELI BILATERAL RELATIONS, INCLUDING ONGOING ECONOMIC AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS FOR ISRAEL. THE PRESIDENT ALSO REAFFIRMED LONGSTANDING AMERICAN SUPPORT FOR THE SECURITY OF ISRAEL.

AT A LUNCHEON LATER IN MR. RABIN'S HONOR SECRETARY KISSINGER, THE HOST, DELIVERED A TOAST IN WHICH HE SAID THE UNITED STATES "MADE CLEAR LAST NIGHT" WHEN IT VETOED THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION ON THE MIDDLE EAST THAT "IT WILL NOT ACCEPT CHANGES IN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE NEGOTIATIONS THAT PRE-JUDGE THE OUTCOME".

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"NOW THAT WE HAVE MADE CLEAR WHAT CANNOT BE ACCEPTED, WE CAN ... TALK ABOUT WHAT CAN BE ACCEPTED", DR. KISSINGER SAID. HE SAID THAT PRIME MINISTER RABIN WAS IN WASHINGTON "TO DISCUSS WITH US HOW" TO REACH AN "OBJECTIVE ON WHICH WE BOTH AGREE" FOR MOVEMENT FOR PEACE.

PRIME MINISTER RABIN, IN HIS TOAST, SAID SEVERAL TIMES THAT IF ISRAEL IS WEAK PEACE CANNOT BE ATTAINED.

"WITH A WEAK ISRAEL, NO ONE WILL NEGOTIATE, AND ONLY A STRONG ISRAEL IS A HOPE FOR PEACE", MR. RABIN STRESSED.

HE ASSURED DR. KISSINGER THAT FOR THE "SAKE OF REAL PEACE" ISRAEL WOULD MAKE "CONCESSIONS" BUT THAT ISRAEL HAD TO "BE SURE THAT THE PURPOSE IS TO BE PEACE".

HE SAID THAT "EVEN THOUGH THERE WERE UPS AND DOWNS THROUGH-OUT 1975" BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND JERUSALEM BEFORE THE SECOND-STATE SINAI ACCORD WAS REACHED BY ISRAEL AND EGYPT, THE "RESULTS PROVED TO BE THE RIGHT ONES".

DR. KISSINGER EMPHASIZED THAT "IT IS A QUESTION OF MORAL NECESSITY TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT WHATEVER HAPPENS, THIS DEMOCRACY IN THE MIDDLE EAST (ISRAEL) WILL BE SECURE AND MAINTAINED".

HE SAID HE WAS "CONFIDENT" MR. RABIN'S VISIT WOULD "BE EXTREMELY HELPFUL" AND THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD "WORK WITH ISRAEL ON JOINT POLICY TO MAINTAIN" ISRAEL'S SECURITY AND TO "ACHIEVE A LASTING PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST".

LATER IN THE AFTERNOON THE PRIME MINISTER WAS SCHEDULED TO MEET WITH VICE PRESIDENT NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER BEFORE ATTENDING A FORMAL DINNER IN HIS HONOR AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

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EMBASSY OF ISRAEL  
WASHINGTON, D. C.



שגרירות ישראל  
ושינגטון

רמון ירון (בית גורן)  
2/1/76

Address of Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin  
before the Joint Session of Congress,  
Washington, D.C., January 28, 1976.

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RECEIVED  
JAN 28 1954



DEPARTMENT OF STATE  
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Office of Public Affairs  
before the Joint Committee of 1954  
Washington, D.C. January 28, 1954

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MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER, DISTINGUISHED MEMBERS OF CONGRESS:

I COME TO YOU FROM JERUSALEM WITH THE GREETINGS OF MY PEOPLE IN THIS, YOUR BICENTENNIAL YEAR.

TWO DAYS AGO, I STOOD BEFORE INDEPENDENCE HALL TO PAY TRIBUTE, IN THE NAME OF ISRAEL, TO THE FATHERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION. THERE, I SAW THE BIBLICAL INSCRIPTION ON THE LIBERTY BELL WHICH IS SO FAMILIAR TO ME IN ITS ORIGINAL HEBREW - UKRATEM DROR BA'ARETZ L'CHOL YOSHVEHA: PROCLAIM LIBERTY THROUGHOUT ALL THE LAND UNTO ALL THE INHABITANTS THEREOF. WE, ISRAEL, CELEBRATE WITH YOU THAT GREAT MESSAGE AMERICA PROCLAIMED 200 YEARS AGO.

MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER:

I THANK YOU ALL FOR THE INVITATION THAT HAS BROUGHT ME HERE TODAY, AND I APPRECIATE YOUR EXPRESSIONS OF WELCOME.

STANDING HERE, IN THIS GREAT HALL, I AM AWARE THAT YOU ARE THE HEIRS OF A TWO CENTURY-OLD TRADITION OF FREE GOVERNMENT BY THE PEOPLE. FREE PEOPLE EVERYWHERE ACKNOWLEDGE THEIR DEBT TO YOUR DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE WHICH EMPHASIZES THE NATURAL RIGHT OF ALL PEOPLES TO ESTABLISH GOVERNMENTS OF THEIR OWN CHOOSING.

OUR DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE, BUILDING ON THAT RIGHT, ADDS TO IT THE PRINCIPLE THAT THE JEWISH PEOPLE SHALL PRESERVE ITS INTEGRITY AND RESTORE ITS NATIONAL EXISTENCE IN ITS OWN LAND, DESPITE THE HOLOCAUSTS OF HISTORY.



THE FIRST PRINCIPLE REFLECTS THE ESSENCE OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, THE SECOND THE ESSENCE OF THE ZIONIST REVOLUTION.

THE WAR OF 1776 AND THE WAR OF 1948 WERE BOTH BATTLES OF LIBERATION. WHAT MADE THEM INTO REVOLUTIONS WAS THE HUMAN VISION THAT FIRED THEM. IT WAS A VISION NOT ONLY TO WIN FREEDOM, BUT ALSO TO CONSTRUCT NEW SOCIETIES IN FREEDOM. IN OUR CASE, IT WAS THE REVOLT OF AN ANCIENT NATION TO PUT AN END, ONCE AND FOR ALL, TO HOMELESSNESS, HELPLESSNESS AND HOLOCAUST. IT WAS THE ASSERTION OF OUR RIGHT TO SELF-DETERMINATION, TO RETURN TO ZION, TO RECLAIM IT OF THE DESOLATION OF TWENTY CENTURIES, TO GATHER IN THE OPPRESSED OF OUR SCATTERED SONS AND DAUGHTERS, AND TO BUILD THERE A NEW SOCIETY INSPIRED BY THE VALUES OF THE OLD.

THIS IS THE ZIONIST VISION.

FROM THE DAYS WHEN JOHN ADAMS EXPRESSED HIS HOPE FOR THE RETURN OF JEWISH INDEPENDENCE; FROM THE DAYS WHEN MARK TWAIN FIRST SAW THE LAND OF ISRAEL AS "A LAND OF RUIN;" TO THE PRESENT DAY - THE UNITED STATES HAS SHOWN SYMPATHY FOR THIS VISION. CONGRESS, AS THE EXPRESSION OF AMERICA, HAS CONSISTENTLY ACTED TO GIVE THAT SYMPATHY SUBSTANCE. FOR THIS, I EXTEND TO YOU THE GRATITUDE OF THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL.

ISRAEL COULD WELL SAY OF ITSELF WHAT THOMAS JEFFERSON SAID OF AMERICA: "OUR ANCESTORS POSSESSED A RIGHT WHICH NATURE HAS GIVEN TO ALL MEN, OF DEPARTING FROM THE COUNTRY IN WHICH CHANCE - NOT CHOICE - HAS PLACED THEM, OF GOING IN QUEST OF NEW HABITATIONS AND OF THEIR ESTABLISHING NEW SOCIETIES ..."





WHEN THESE WORDS WERE SPOKEN, AMERICA WAS IN THE MIDST OF ITS NATION-BUILDING THROUGH IMMIGRATION. IT WAS TO CONTINUE FOR ANOTHER 150 YEARS. WE ARE A CENTURY INTO OURS. OUR STATUE OF LIBERTY IS A REFUGEE IMMIGRANT BARGE.

FOR BOTH OF OUR NEW SOCIETIES, IMMIGRATION BECAME PIONEERING. ISRAEL'S CONTEMPORARY FOLK-HEROES, LIKE YOURS, ARE THOSE WHO MASTERED WASTELANDS AND WENT OUT TO BUILD COMMUNITIES IN EMPTY PLACES.

IN A SOCIETY OF PIONEERING, DEMOCRACY SPRINGS FROM THE FRONTIER ITSELF. OUR COMMON HERITAGE - FOUNDED UPON THE BIBLICAL ETHIC - GAVE THE DEMOCRATIC EXPERIENCE ITS UNIQUE EXPRESSION. IT PROCLAIMED THE DIGNITY AND WORTH OF EVERY INDIVIDUAL. THOUGH DIFFERENT IN FORM, OUR RESPECTIVE INSTITUTIONS SHARE THIS COMMON OBJECTIVE.

THERE ARE ALL TOO FEW NATIONS IN THE WORLD THAT UPHOLD THESE DEMOCRATIC FORMS AND OBJECTIVES. WE ARE A RATHER SMALL FAMILY. WE DID NOT EXPECT TO BE SO A GENERATION AGO.

A GENERATION AGO, THE WORLD WAS ENGULFED IN A GREAT WAR. IN THE CONTEST BETWEEN NATIONS, IT WAS, PERHAPS, THE GREATEST OF BATTLES BETWEEN THE FORCES OF GOOD AGAINST THE FORCES OF EVIL. WHEN IT WAS OVER, A CONSCIOUS EFFORT WAS MADE TO EXTEND THE PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE AND DECENCY TO ALL PEOPLES, LARGE AND SMALL. ITS CONCRETE EXPRESSION WAS THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

AT THE GENERATION'S END, THE UNITED NATIONS FINDS ITSELF IN CRISIS. THE WORDS OF ITS CHARTER HAVE BEEN ABUSED AND DEVALUED. ISRAEL HAS LEARNT THAT IT CAN EXPECT NO JUSTICE FROM THE UNITED NATIONS IN ITS PRESENT FORM. ITS MORAL RESOURCES HAVE BEEN ERODED BY EXTORTION AND APPEASEMENT WHICH, AGAIN, INTRUDE UPON THE INTERNATIONAL SCENE. NONE OF US IN THE FREE WORLD HAVE FARED WELL IN THIS CLIMATE.

THE PRESENT COMBINATION OF CIRCUMSTANCES HAS PLACED MY OWN PEOPLE IN THE FRONT LINE. BUT I BELIEVE THAT THE CONSEQUENCES EXTEND TO THE WHOLE DEMOCRATIC FAMILY AND, ULTIMATELY, TO THE PEACE AND WELFARE OF MANKIND. GIVEN THE ACUTE POLITICAL, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL STRESSES OF OUR TIMES, NEVER HAS THE INTER-DEPENDENCE OF OUR DEMOCRATIC COMMUNITY BEEN GREATER.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN MIGHT WELL HAVE BEEN SPEAKING OF US WHEN HE SAID: "WE MUST ALL HANG TOGETHER OR WE WILL ALL HANG SEPARATELY."

I SAY THIS AS A REPRESENTATIVE OF A SMALL DEMOCRACY TO THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE BIGGEST AND STRONGEST OF US ALL. PRESIDENT FORD'S LEADERSHIP IS MAKING A CRUCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE PEACE OF THE WORLD AND TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST. HIS EFFORTS HOLD OUT THE HOPE FOR A MORE SECURE AND STABLE WORLD AND A BETTER PLACE FOR PEOPLE TO LIVE IN.



THERE IS NO FREEDOM, NOR SHALL THERE BE PEACE IN THIS WORLD, WITHOUT A UNITED STATES, STRONG AND CONFIDENT IN ITS PURPOSE. WORLD PEACE RESTS UPON YOUR FORTITUDE. UPON IT RESTS THE HOPE THAT HONEST DIALOGUE CAN MOVE FORWARD WITH SOCIETIES HAVING OTHER SYSTEMS OF RULE. WE WELCOME ANY FORM OF INTERNATIONAL DIALOGUE TO REDUCE THE SUSPICIONS AND TENSIONS BETWEEN NATIONS. FOR IN THE END, OUR COMMON CAUSE AS DEMOCRACIES IS A STRUGGLE FOR MANKIND AND NOT AGAINST ANY PORTION OF IT.

MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER:

FROM THIS ROSTRUM I DECLARE THAT, HOWEVER DIFFICULT THE ROAD, HOWEVER HARD THE CHALLENGE, AND HOWEVER COMPLEX THE PROCESS, ISRAEL WILL STRIVE WITH ALL ITS BEING TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE PEACE OF THE WORLD BY PRESSING AHEAD WITH ITS EFFORT FOR PEACE WITH THE ARAB COUNTRIES. THIS IS THE DRIVING GOAL OF ALL OUR POLICIES.

WE KNOW OF YOUR CONCERN AND NATIONAL INTEREST IN THE STABILITY OF OUR AREA, AND I WISH TO SAY TO YOU THAT WE SEEK TO BE SENSITIVE TO THEM. I BELIEVE THAT CERTAIN STEPS WE HAVE PURSUED HAVE ALSO CONTRIBUTED TO THAT INTEREST. WE SEE THE EXPRESSION OF THAT INTEREST - THROUGH THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE HUMAN AND ECONOMIC WELFARE OF THE PEOPLES OF OUR REGION - AS A POSITIVE DEVELOPMENT AND AS A HOPE FOR PROGRESS TOWARDS PEACE ITSELF.

WE EXPRESS OUR CONFIDENCE THAT SUCH DEVELOPING TIES NEED NOT BE, AND MUST NOT BE, AT THE COST OF MY OWN COUNTRY'S VITAL INTEREST OF LIBERTY AND SECURITY. AND IF, IN THE PURSUIT OF OUR SHARED GOALS, DIFFERENCES DO ARISE FROM TIME TO TIME, THEN LET US RECALL JEFFERSON'S WISDOM THAT "EVERY DIFFERENCE OF OPINION IS NOT A DIFFERENCE OF PRINCIPLE."

THE PRINCIPLE OF WHICH I SPEAK IS THE RESOLUTION OF A CONFLICT THAT HAS LASTED TOO LONG. LET ME SHARE WITH YOU MY THINKING ON WHAT HAS, THUS FAR, STOOD IN THE WAY OF A SOLUTION TO IT.

IF I WERE TO BE ASKED TO STATE IN A WORD, WHAT IS THE HEART AND THE CORE OF THE ARAB-ISRAEL CONFLICT, I WOULD SAY THIS: IT IS THE REFUSAL OF THE ARAB COUNTRIES TO RECONCILE THEMSELVES TO THE RIGHT OF EXISTENCE OF ONE, SMALL, VIABLE, SOVEREIGN, JEWISH STATE IN THE LAND OF OUR PEOPLE'S BIRTH; BY JEWISH STATE I MEAN AN INDEPENDENT, DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY, SECULAR IN THE EQUALITY OF ALL ITS CITIZENS, JEW AND NON-JEW ALIKE, BEFORE THE LAW, AND FOUNDED UPON HISTORIC JEWISH VALUES.

BY STATING THIS, I AM SAYING THAT THE QUESTION OF TERRITORY, THE MATTER OF BOUNDARIES, THE ISSUE OF MAPS, WERE NOT, AND ARE NOT, THE TRUE OBSTACLES TO PEACE.

TWENTY-NINE YEARS AGO, IN 1947, WE ACCEPTED A VERY TRUNCATED PARTITIONED TERRITORY UPON WHICH TO REBUILD OUR JEWISH STATEHOOD. IT WAS NOT BECAUSE OF ITS SHAPE OR SIZE



THAT THE ARAB LEADERS REJECTED THAT UNITED NATIONS PARTITION PLAN. THEY WENT TO WAR AGAINST US BECAUSE THEY REJECTED OUR VERY RIGHT TO FREEDOM AS AN INDEPENDENT PEOPLE.

AGAINST GREAT ODDS AND WITH MUCH SACRIFICE, WE WON OUR WAR OF INDEPENDENCE. THE STAKES WERE INCREDIBLY HIGH. DEFEAT WOULD HAVE MEANT NATIONAL HOLOCAUST AND THE ECLIPSE OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE IN HISTORY.

AND JUST AS EVERY WAR REAPS ITS INEVITABLE TRAGIC CROP OF REFUGEES, SO DID THE ARAB WAR AGAINST ISRAEL PRODUCE TWO REFUGEE PROBLEMS OF ALMOST EQUAL SIZE - AN ARAB ONE, AND A JEWISH ONE FROM ARAB COUNTRIES.

AFTER OUR WAR OF INDEPENDENCE, IN 1949, WE SIGNED ARMISTICE AGREEMENTS WITH OUR NEIGHBORS. WE BELIEVED, NAIVELY, THAT THESE WOULD SOON LEAD TO A NEGOTIATED PEACE. THEY DID NOT. WE WERE READY TO SETTLE FOR THE FRAGILE ARMISTICE LINES AS PEACE BOUNDARIES. BUT, AS A MATTER OF PRINCIPLE, THE ARABS WOULD NOT NEGOTIATE THE END OF THE CONFLICT BECAUSE THEY REFUSED TO RECONCILE THEMSELVES TO A JEWISH INDEPENDENT STATE.

SO, IN 1956, ANOTHER WAR WAS IMPOSED UPON US. AGAIN WE WON IT. AT ITS END, WE AGREED TO EVACUATE THE SINAI PENINSULA. DID ISRAEL'S WITHDRAWAL FROM ALL THE TERRITORY OCCUPIED IN THE WAR LEAD TO PEACE? IT DID NOT EVEN LEAD TO A NEGOTIATION.

SO, IN 1967, ARAB ARMIES AGAIN MASSED ALONG THOSE FRAGILE FRONTIERS THAT HAD INVITED PAST AGGRESSION. AGAIN WE WON A VICTORY IN A WAR WE DID NOT SEEK.

THEN CAME 1973. AGAIN WE WERE ATTACKED - THIS TIME A SURPRISE ATTACK. BUT THIS TIME WE WERE NOT EXPOSED TO THOSE WEAK ARMISTICE LINES WHICH OUR NEIGHBORS HAD RECOGNIZED ONLY AS TARGETS OF INVASION. ISRAEL NOW HAD DEFENSIVE DEPTH.

MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER:

UNTIL 1967, ISRAEL DID NOT HOLD AN INCH OF THE SINAI PENINSULA, THE WEST BANK, THE GAZA STRIP OR THE GOLAN HEIGHTS. ISRAEL HELD NOT AN ACRE OF WHAT IS NOW CONSIDERED DISPUTED TERRITORY. AND YET WE ENJOYED NO PEACE. YEAR AFTER YEAR ISRAEL CALLED FOR - PLEADED FOR - A NEGOTIATED PEACE WITH THE ARAB GOVERNMENTS. THEIR ANSWER WAS A BLANK REFUSAL AND MORE WAR.

THE REASON WAS NOT A CONFLICT OVER TERRITORIAL CLAIMS. THE REASON WAS, AND REMAINS, THE FACT THAT A FREE JEWISH STATE SITS ON TERRITORY AT ALL.

IT IS IN THIS CONTEXT THAT THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE MUST BE APPRAISED. THAT ISSUE IS NOT THE OBSTACLE TO PEACE AS SOME WOULD SUGGEST. CERTAINLY, IT HAS TO BE SOLVED IN THE CONTEXT OF A FINAL PEACE. BUT TO ASSERT THAT THIS IS THE KEY TO PEACE, THE FORMULA FOR PEACE, OR THE BREAKTHROUGH TO PEACE, IS TO MISREAD THE REALITIES. IT IS TO PUT THE LEGENDARY CART BEFORE THE HORSE.



THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE BEGAN WITH, AND IS A PRODUCT OF, THE OVERALL ARAB POSTURE ON THE LEGITIMACY OF A JEWISH STATE OF ISRAEL. ONLY WHEN THAT POSTURE CHANGES WILL THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE BE CONSTRUCTIVELY AND FINALLY TACKLED.

THE CLOCK OF HISTORY CANNOT BE PUT BACK. IT WAS NOT ISRAEL THAT PREVENTED THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PALESTINIAN STATE IN 1947, AS THE PARTITION PLAN HAD PROPOSED. WHAT DID PREVENT IT, WAS THE ARAB DECLARATION OF WAR ON THE PLAN ITSELF, BECAUSE IT CALLED FOR A JEWISH STATE.

FOR NINETEEN YEARS NO ARAB GOVERNMENT SAW FIT TO ESTABLISH A PALESTINIAN STATE, EVEN THOUGH THE WEST BANK AND THE GAZA STRIP WERE UNDER ARAB CONTROL. NEITHER WAS THERE A PALESTINIAN DEMAND TO DO SO. IN JANUARY 1964, THE ORGANIZATION THAT CALLS ITSELF THE P.L.O. WAS ESTABLISHED BY ARAB HEADS OF STATE. YET, EVEN THEN, STATEHOOD IN THOSE TERRITORIES, THEN HELD BY JORDAN AND EGYPT, WAS NEVER THE OBJECTIVE. WE KNOW WHAT THE OBJECTIVE IS. IT IS WRITTEN LARGE INTO THE PALESTINIAN COVENANT WHICH IS THEIR BINDING CONSTITUTION. EVERY PARAGRAPH OF IT SPITS OUT THE VENOM CALLING FOR ISRAEL'S DESTRUCTION.

THESE ARE THE TRUTHS THAT LIE AT THE HEART AND THE CORE OF THE ARAB-ISRAEL CONFLICT. AND, SINCE, TO DATE, THE ARAB VERSION OF PEACE DOES NOT DEPART FROM THESE TRUTHS, NO HONEST BEING CAN BLAME US FOR REFUSING TO COOPERATE IN OUR OWN NATIONAL SUICIDE.

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THE DANGER OF A PERSON IN THE RIGHT OF A PERSON  
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PEACE WILL COME WHEN THE ARAB LEADERS FINALLY CROSS THE RUBICON FROM AGGRESSIVE CONFRONTATION TO HARMONIOUS RECONCILIATION. THEN, THERE IS NO PROBLEM BETWEEN US THAT CANNOT BE SOLVED IN NEGOTIATION. THAT INCLUDES, TOO, THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE, WITHIN THE GEOGRAPHIC AND POLITICAL CONTEXT OF PEACE WITH JORDAN. WHEN I SAY JORDAN, I DO NOT DISCOUNT PALESTINIAN REPRESENTATION IN THE PEACE DELEGATION OF THAT COUNTRY. AND WHEN I SAY GEOGRAPHY, I DO NOT DISCOUNT A NEGOTIATION CONCERNING THE FUTURE FINAL PEACE BOUNDARIES OF THE TERRITORIES INVOLVED.

FOR THE GENUINE PEACE WE SEEK, ISRAEL IS READY TO GIVE UP MUCH AND COMPROMISE MUCH ON TERRITORY. IN A NEGOTIATION WHOSE SINCERE SHARED GOAL IS FINAL RECONCILIATION, WE SHALL GO MORE THAN HALF WAY TO ASSURE ITS SUCCESS.

MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER:

A SHORT TIME AGO, FROM THIS VERY ROSTRUM, PRESIDENT SADAT WISELY DECLARED: "THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR DIRECT PERSON-TO-PERSON CONTACTS THAT GO DEEP INTO THE HEART OF ALL THE PROBLEMS WHICH INVOKE OUR COMMON CONCERN AND CAPTURE OUR IMAGINATION." I WISH THAT HE WOULD DIRECT THOSE WORDS TO ME AS WELL AS TO YOU, THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES. I WOULD THEN KNOW THAT THE WORK OF TRUE PEACEMAKING HAS FINALLY BEGUN.

I TODAY DECLARE: I AM READY TO MEET WITH ANY ARAB HEAD OF GOVERNMENT, AT ANY TIME AND AT ANY PLACE, FOR THE PURPOSE OF PEACE TALKS.

THE FIRST PART OF THE BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE

REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FROM 1776 TO 1865

BY JAMES M. SMITH

THE SECOND PART OF THE BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE

REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FROM 1865 TO 1914

BY JAMES M. SMITH

THE THIRD PART OF THE BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE

REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FROM 1914 TO 1945

BY JAMES M. SMITH

THE FOURTH PART OF THE BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE

REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FROM 1945 TO 1965

BY JAMES M. SMITH

THE FIFTH PART OF THE BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE

REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FROM 1965 TO 1985

BY JAMES M. SMITH

THE SIXTH PART OF THE BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE

REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FROM 1985 TO 2000

BY JAMES M. SMITH

THE SEVENTH PART OF THE BOOK IS A HISTORY OF THE

REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

FROM 2000 TO 2010

BY JAMES M. SMITH



I DO NOT KNOW WHEN PEACE WILL FINALLY COME. BUT OF THIS I AM CERTAIN: IT WILL BE OUR FUTURE STRENGTH THAT WILL LARGELY DETERMINE THE RESOURCES OF PEACE IN OUR REGION. WEAKNESS IS NO PRESCRIPTION FOR NEGOTIATION. IF IT BE PERCEIVED THAT ISRAEL IS NOT WEAK, SO SHALL OUR NEIGHBORS PERCEIVE THE WISDOM OF MUTUAL COMPROMISE, RECOGNITION AND PEACE.

WHAT, THEREFORE, DOES ISRAEL PROPOSE AS THE NEXT STEP IN THE EFFORT FOR PEACE? ISRAEL PROPOSES THE RE-CONVENING OF THE GENEVA PEACE CONFERENCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LETTER OF INVITATION FROM THE U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL TO THE PARTIES TO THE CONFERENCE, OF DECEMBER 18, 1973.

THE BASIS FOR THE CONFERENCE HAS TO BE FOUNDED ON TWO FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES - ON SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS 242 and 338 AS WERE ACCEPTED BY ISRAEL AND BY THE OTHER PARTIES AND POWERS CONCERNED. THE SECOND PRINCIPLE IS THAT THE PARTIES TO THE CONFLICT MUST BE THE PARTIES TO THE PEACE-MAKING PROCESS. THE NEGOTIATIONS FOR PEACE MUST BE CONDUCTED BETWEEN OURSELVES - THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL AND THE NEIGHBORING ARAB GOVERNMENTS.

THERE ARE SOME WHO TELL US THAT - HERE AND THERE - A CHANGE TOWARDS REALISM IS PERHAPS SLOWLY EVOLVING. I PRAY THERE IS SOME TRUTH TO THIS.

ISRAEL IS DETERMINED TO ENCOURAGE WHATEVER SYMPTOMS THERE MAY BE TO MOVE THAT PROCESS ALONG. THIS IS WHY WE ENTERED INTO THE INTERIM AGREEMENT WITH EGYPT. WE DID SO TO ENCOURAGE THE TREND TOWARDS GREATER REALISM. OUR AIM IN THE AGREEMENT IS TO PROMOTE CONDITIONS OF STABILITY AND TRUST WHICH, WE HOPE, WILL PRODUCE, IN TIME, A CLIMATE FOR GENUINE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

IN THE LIGHT OF WHAT I SAID AND UNDER THE GIVEN CONDITIONS OF REGIONAL TENSION, THE PURSUIT OF THIS POLICY CALLS FOR TAKING RISKS. IT HAS REQUIRED OUR MAKING TANGIBLE CONCESSIONS FOR CONCESSIONS FAR LESS TANGIBLE. WE HAVE DONE SO BECAUSE WE BELIEVE IT IS NECESSARY TO TAKE MEASURED RISK NOT ONLY IN CASE OF WAR BUT ALSO FOR THE SAKE OF PEACE.

THUS, IN A VERY FEW WEEKS TIME, THE DEFENSE FORCES OF ISRAEL WILL CARRY OUT A WITHDRAWAL IN SINAI. WE HAVE ALREADY HANDED TO EGYPT PROPER THE OILFIELDS ON THE GULF OF SUEZ AND THE COASTAL LINK TO THEM. WITH THAT, ISRAEL HAS GIVEN UP ITS SINGLE OIL RESOURCE. WE HAVE AGREED TO THESE MEASURES NOT IN RETURN FOR PEACE, NOT EVEN IN RETURN FOR AN END TO THE STATE OF WAR. WE DID WHAT WE DID IN THE HOPE THAT IT WILL MOVE US SOME STEPS CLOSER TO PEACE.

CONGRESS, I KNOW, IS FAMILIAR WITH THESE MEASURES. THEY ARE MAJOR ELEMENTS OF THE RECENT ISRAEL-EGYPT AGREEMENT, NEGOTIATED THROUGH THE GOOD OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES. MAY I SAY THAT THE LIMITED AMERICAN CIVILIAN TECHNICAL PRESENCE - REQUESTED BY BOTH PARTIES - AND WHICH CONGRESS AUTHORIZED IN THE CONTEXT OF THIS AGREEMENT, IS A CONTRIBUTION TOWARDS THE CAUSE OF PEACE. THAT PRESENCE HAS NO FUNCTION OR RESPONSIBILITY IN CASE OF WAR. AND I WISH TO ADD WITH EMPHASIS THAT IF A CONDITION OF HOSTILITIES DOES ARISE, I WILL BE THE FIRST TO CALL FOR ITS REMOVAL. THIS IS A MATTER OF FUNDAMENTAL DOCTRINE FOR ISRAEL. WE ALONE ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR OUR OWN DEFENSE. THIS IS HOW IT HAS BEEN; THIS IS HOW IT MUST BE. I BELIEVE IT TO BE THE ESSENCE OF OUR POLITICAL RELATIONSHIP.



MR. VICE PRESIDENT, MR. SPEAKER:

THROUGHOUT THE YEARS, WE HAVE FOUND HERE, IN CONGRESS, A WISDOM AND DEEP UNDERSTANDING OF OUR NATION-BUILDING AND DEFENSE NEEDS AND THE ECONOMIC BURDENS ARISING FROM THEM. BUT AS A PEOPLE, WE TURN TO OURSELVES BEFORE WE TURN TO OTHERS.

THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL IS ENGAGED IN A TOUGH PROGRAM OF ECONOMIC MEASURES.

LAST YEAR WE REDUCED PRIVATE CONSUMPTION BY ALMOST FIVE PER CENT, AND WE WILL REDUCE IT BY ANOTHER FIVE PER CENT THIS YEAR. WE HAVE PUT ON OURSELVES A HEAVY BURDEN OF TAXATION. THIS YEAR THE GOVERNMENT WILL COLLECT IN TAXES SOME SEVENTY PER CENT OF OUR NATIONAL INCOME. I AM TOLD THIS IS ALMOST TWICE AS MUCH AS IN AMERICA.

I MENTION THESE AS ONLY A FEW OF THE MANY EXAMPLES WITHIN A COMPREHENSIVE ECONOMIC POLICY INDUCING MORE AUSTERITY AND HIGHER PRODUCTION. WE SHALL CONTINUE THIS POLICY - DIFFICULT THOUGH IT BE - FOR THIS IS WHAT WE REQUIRE OF OURSELVES TO DO.

PEACE, NOT WAR IS OUR TRADITION. WE SEE NO GLORY IN BATTLE. I WAS ONCE A SOLDIER, NOT BY CHOICE BUT BY NECESSITY. I KNOW THE HORRORS OF WAR, THE WASTE AND THE AGONY. I KNOW WHAT PEACE CAN BRING TO ALL THE PEOPLES OF OUR REGION, THROUGH OPEN BOUNDARIES, PROJECTS OF ECONOMIC COOPERATION, THE CONQUEST OF DISEASE, AND THE FREE FLOW OF IDEAS, PEOPLE AND PRODUCTS. EVEN NOW, BEFORE PEACE, WE DECLARE OUR READINESS TO PROMOTE ITS CLIMATE BY UNILATERALLY OPENING OUR PORTS TO THE FREE PASSAGE OF GOODS-TO AND FROM OUR IMMEDIATE NEIGHBORS. WE

OPEN OUR HOSPITALS TO THE NEIGHBORING SICK. WE DECLARE OPEN OUR INSTITUTES OF RESEARCH TO ALL COUNTRIES IN THE MIDDLE EAST WISHING TO SHARE KNOWLEDGE IN THE FIELDS OF AGRICULTURE AND WATER DEVELOPMENT.

WE, THE PEOPLE OF OUR REGION, ARE DESTINED TO LIVE TOGETHER FOR ALL TIME. FOR NEVER AGAIN SHALL THERE BE A MIDDLE EAST WITHOUT THE STATE OF ISRAEL.

THE GOING HAS NOT BEEN EASY AND THE CHALLENGE AHEAD WILL NOT BE EASY. BUT WE ARE AN OLD PEOPLE AND THERE IS NO SACRIFICE TOO GREAT TO PROTECT THE FREEDOM WE HAVE WON AND THE NEW SOCIETY WE HAVE CREATED. I BELIEVE AMERICANS, ABOVE ALL, CAN UNDERSTAND THIS TRUTH.

THREE HUNDRED YEARS AGO, CELEBRATING THEIR FIRST YEARS OF SURVIVAL AFTER MUCH SUFFERING, YOUR PILGRIM FATHERS WROTE THESE LINES: "WE HAVE MADE A CLEARING IN THE WILDERNESS; AND ANOTHER YEAR WILL SEE A BROADER CLEARING, A BETTER GARNERING. WE HAVE MADE A GOOD BEGINNING IN A HOSTILE WORLD."

SO DO WE, THE FIRST GENERATION OF FREE ISRAEL, DESCENDANTS OF A 2,000 YEAR UNHAPPY WANDERING, DECLARE - WE HAVE MADE A GOOD BEGINNING IN A RATHER HOSTILE WORLD.

AMERICA HAS HELPED US GREATLY. IN LOYALTY TO ITS FOUNDING FATHERS, THIS REPUBLIC OF THE UNITED STATES HAS GIVEN TANGIBLE MEANING TO HUMAN VALUES IN THE CHARTING OF ITS POLICIES. BY VIRTUE OF THIS, ISRAEL PAYS YOU TRIBUTE AS YOU ENTER INTO THE THIRD CENTURY OF INDEPENDENCE.



PERMIT ME TO EXPRESS THAT TRIBUTE TO THE CONGRESS THROUGH THE WORDS OF AN AMERICAN JEW, A SOLDIER IN THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR. JONAS PHILLIPS, IN 1787, WROTE THIS PRAYER: "MAY THE ALMIGHTY GOD OF OUR FATHER ABRAHAM, ISAAC AND JACOB, IMBUE THIS NOBLE ASSEMBLY WITH WISDOM ... AND MAY THEY HAVE THE SATISFACTION TO SEE THAT THEIR PRESENT TOIL AND LABOR FOR THE WELFARE OF THE UNITED STATES BE APPROVED THROUGHOUT ALL THE WORLD AND PARTICULARLY BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA."

THIS IS THE SINCERE SENTIMENT OF FRIENDSHIP ISRAEL BRINGS YOU THIS DAY.

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העתק לשכת רוהם

להלן תודעה שהוצאה על ידי משרד העתונות של הבית הלבן לאחר הפגישה השנייה עם רוהם :

THE PRESIDENT AND PRIME MINISTER RABIN HELD THEIR SECOND MEETING TODAY AT 11:05 FOR FIFTY FIVE MINUTES. ALSO IN ATTENDANCE WERE SECRETARY OF STATE KISSINGER GENERAL SCOWCROFT UNDER SECRETARY SISCO AND AMBASSADOR MALCOM TOON ON THE AMERICAN SIDE, AND AMBASSADOR SIMCHA DINITZ THE HONORABLE HANAN BAR ON MINISTER, EMBASSY OF ISRAEL AND MR AMOS EIRAN DIRECTOR GENERAL OFFICE OF THE PRIME MINISTER AND ADVOSOR TO THE PRIME MINISTER ON THE ISRAELI SIDE. THE PRESIDENT AND THE PRIME MINISTER CONTINUED THEIR DISCUSSIONS ALONG THE LINES OF ESTERDAYS MEETING ON WAYS TO BRING ABOUT PRACTICAL MOVEMENT IN THE MIDDLE EAST NEGOTIATIONS IN THE SPIRIT OF THE FREIDNSHIP AND MUTUAL RESPECT WHICH EXISTS BETWEEN THEM PERSONALLY AND BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES. THE PRESIDENT REAFFIRMED HIS DETERMINATION THAT THERE BE NOT HALT IN THE NEGOTIATING PROCESS. THE PRESIDENTS TALKS WITH PRIME MINISTER RABIN ARE PART OF OUR CONTINUING CONSULTATIONS ON HOW THIS MIGHT BE AVOIDED AND ON HOW THE PARTIES MIGHT MOVE COSER TOWARDS PEACE. THE PRESIDENT AND THE PRIME MINISTER ASO CONTINUED THEIR DISCUSSIONS ON US-ISRAELI BILATERAL RELATIONS. INCLUDING THE ASSISTANCE THAT THE US HAS AND WILL CONTINUE TO PROVIDE IN LINE WITH THE LONG STANDING AMERICAN SUPPORT FOR ISRAELS SECURITY. THE PRESIDENT EXPRESSED HIS PLEASURE THAT ON THIS VISIT THE PRIME MINISTER AND MRS RABIN WILL BE TRAVELING ACROSS THE UNITED STATES AND HIS HOPE THAT THEY WILLFULLY ENJOY THEIR VISIT.

AD KAN.

PAZNER.

שח רוהם מנכל שהבט ממנכל ממנכל מצפא מאוס אב מעה הסברה מזמים חקר דם אמר תעוד

אילסר רנון כבוץ

מב/ אר



מצב העתק לשכת דוחט

לחלן דברי הכרזה שנשא אומול על ידי קיסלנגר ודוחט כעת ארוחת צהרים

KISINGER: MR PRIME MINISTER MRS RABIN DISTINGUISHED GUESTS:  
 IT IS A GREAT PEASURE TO WELCOME THE RABINS WHO ARE ALL OLD FRINDS  
 OF OURS BACK TO WASHINGTON. WE HAVE WORKED TOGETHER FOR SO LONG  
 THAT WHEN AN ISRAELI PARTY ARRIVES HERE WE MEET OLD FRIENDS  
 OF MANY CIRCUMSTANCES. FOR EXAMPLE WE COULD IMMEDIATELY  
 IDENTIFY ALL THE SECURITY OFFICERS THAT TOOK CARE OF US.  
 AND NANCY WAS LOOKING FOR THE SECURITY OFFICER WHO COULD OPEN COKE  
 BOTTLES WITH HIS TEETH WHICH WILL SHOW YOU OF THE WAY WE GET  
 INTIMIDATED WHEN WE VISIT ISRAEL(LAUGHTER).  
 AND MRS RABIN MUMBLES TO ME "THE QUALITY OF THE SECURITY"  
 I HAVE NOT BEEN DEFENDEED BY ANY SECURITY OFFICER WITH HIS  
 TEETH IN ISRAEL YET(LAUGHTER).  
 THERE ARE ALSO SO MANY MEMBERS OF THE ISRAELIS PRESS HERE THAT  
 I HAVE A REAL DILEMMA BECAUSE I HAVE A FRIEND WHO HATES FLYING  
 AND HE SAYS THAT WHEN A STEWARDESS COMES OUT OF THE PILOTS  
 COMPARTMENT WITH A SERIOUS FACE HE IS CONVINCED THEY ARE GOING  
 TO CRASH AND THAT SHE CANOT EVEN GIVE THE IMPRESSION THAT THINGS  
 ARE GOING WELL BUT WHEN SHE COMES OUT SMILING THEN HE IS IN A REAL  
 PANICPANIC BECAUSE THEN HE IS ABSOLUTELY CONVINCED THAT THINGS  
 ARE DESPERATE AND THAT SHE HAS BEEN INSTRUCTED TO CHEER THEM UP.  
 SO WHAT CAN I SAY ABOUT OUR MEETINGS(LAUGHTER).  
 THE TRUTH IS THAT THE PRIME MINISTER AND HIS FRIENDS HERE HAVE  
 WORKED TOGHER FOR A LONG TIME. I SPENT MANY HOURS WITH THE PRIME  
 MINISTER WHEN HE WAS AMBASSADOR HERE IN DISCUSSING NOT ONLY THE  
 PROBLEMS OF ISRAEL IN THE MIDDLE EAST BUT THE RELATIONSHIP  
 OF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION TO THE PROSPECTS OF PEACE.  
 AND WHEN OUR OTHER ISRAEL FRIENDS ARE HERE IT IS A DIFFERENT  
 RELATIONSHIP THAN WE HAVE WITH ANY OTHER COUNTRY BECAUSE  
 WE KNOW EACH OTHER SO WELL AND WE HAVE TALKED TOGETHER SO MUCH  
 THAT WE CAN AFFORD OCCASIONALLY THIS OR THAT DISAGREEMENT.  
 AND SOMETIES BECAUSE IT IS A FAMILY QUAREEL IT TAKES  
 ON AN INTENSITY THAT IS EXAGGERATED.  
 I WANT TO EMPHASIZE RIGHT AWAY THAT THERE ARE NO QUARRELS GOING  
 ON AT THIS MOMENT AND THAT I AM TALKING ABOUT THE PAST AND NOT  
 THE PRESENT ALTHOUGH HAVING GIVEN THAT ASSUREANCE I AM  
 POSITIVE THAT I HAVE CREATED MANY MORE DOUBTS(LAUGHTER).  
 BUT THE FACT OF THE MATTER IS THAT NO PEOPLE CAN WANT PEACE  
 MORE DESPERATELY THAN A COUNTRY THAT HAS NEVER KNOWN A STATE  
 OF PEACE IN ITS ENTIRE HISTORY AND THAT HAS HAD TO FIGHT



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WARS AT ALMOST INTERVALS OF FIVE YEARS. SO THAT THE ISSUE OF WHETHER THERE SHOULD BE PEACE DOES NOT NEED TO BE DISCUSSED BETWEEN US.

HOW TO ACHIEVE PEACE IN A SITUATION OF ENORMOUS COMPLEXITY AND HOW TO BALANCE THE TERRITORIAL CHANGES, WHICH ARE TANGIBLE AGAINST THE COMMITMENTS TO PEACE WHICH ARE INTANGIBLE THAT IS A PROBLEM THAT REQUIRES GREAT IMAGINATION AND GREAT DEDICATION. AND WHEN ONE LOOKS AT THE LEGACY OF A GENERATION OF DISTRUST AND AT THE INFLUENCE OF OUTSIDE POWERS WHOSE INTENTIONS ARE NOT ALWAYS BENIGN, THEN WE KNOW BOTH OF US THAT WE HAVE A COMPLEX AND LONG TERM ISSUE BEFORE US.

NOW OUR FRIEND THE PRIME MINISTER IS HERE THIS TIME WHEN THERE IS NOT ANY IMMEDIATE CRISIS WHEN THERE IS NOT PARTICULAR NEGOTIATION ON WHICH WE MUST ACHIEVE A SPECIFIC RESULT. HE IS HERE TO DISCUSS WITH US HOW WE IMAGINE THE EVOLUTION TOWARDS PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST, HOW WE CAN REACH AN OBJECTIVE ON WHICH WE BOTH AGREE. AND WE CAN TALK A RELAXED ATMOSPHERE BECAUSE WE HAVE THE CAPACITY FOR DECISION.

THE UNITED STATES MADE CLEAR LAST NIGHT THAT IT WILL NOT ACCEPT CHANGES IN THE FRAMEWORK OF NEGOTIATIONS THAT PREJUDGE THE OUTCOME. WE WILL NOT PARTICIPATE OR ENCOURAGE A NEGOTIATING PROCESS IN WHICH AS AN ENTRANCE PRICE INTO NEGOTIATIONS THE FUNDAMENTAL ISSUES SHOULD ALREADY BE DETERMINED BY GROUPS OF COUNTRIES THAT ARE NOT PARTIES TO THE NEGOTIATION.

NOW THAT WE HAVE MADE CLEAR WHAT WE WILL NOT ENCOURAGE WE CAN TALK IN A FREER ATMOSPHERE ABOUT WHAT CAN HAPPEN IN THE YEARS AHEAD. I THINK THE TALKS THIS MORNING WERE CONDUCTED IN A VERY FREEDOMLY ATMOSPHERE AND I AM CONFIDENT THAT THIS VISIT WILL BE EXTREMELY HELPFUL TO BOTH OF OUR COUNTRIES AND TO THE LONG TERM PROSPECTS FOR PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

THE UNITED STATES IS COMMITTED TO THE SECURITY AND SURVIVAL OF ISRAEL. THE UNITED STATES WILL WORK WITH ISRAEL ON JOINT POLICIES TO MAINTAIN THE SECURITY AND TO ACHIEVE A LASTING PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST. IT IS IN THIS SPIRIT THAT WE WELCOME THE RABINS HERE IN THE CONSCIOUSNESS THAT FOR ALL AMERICANS IT IS A QUESTION OF MORAL NECESSITY TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT WHATEVER HAPPENS THIS DEMOCRACY IN THE MIDDLE EAST THAT SHARES OUR VALUES WILL BE SECURED AND MAINTAINED.

SO I WOULD LIKE TO PROPOSE A TOAST TO THE PRIME MINISTER AND MRS RABIN AND TO THE LASTING FREEDNSHIP BETWEEN ISRAEL AND THE UNITED STATES (APPLAUSE).

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: SECRETARY MRS KISSINGER DISTINGUISHED GUESTS :

I WOULD LIKE TO THANK THE SECRETARY AND MRS KISSINGER IN THE NAME OF MY WIFE AND MYSELF FOR THIS PLEASANT GATHERING AND FOR



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THE GOOD MEAL. I HAVE NOT SPENT SINCE I HAVE TAKEN THIS POST AS A PRIME MINISTER SO MANY DAYS IN THE UNITED STATES AS THE SECRETARY SPENT IN ISRAEL THEREFORE I CAN NOT PRETEND THAT I KNOW ALL THE DETAILS THAT COME WITH SUCH A VISIT. BUT I WOULD LIKE ALSO TO OPEN MY REMARKS BY SAYING SOMETHING PERSONALLY TO THE SECRETARY.

AS HE SAID I BELIEVE THAT WE HAVE LEARNED TO KNOW EACH OTHER. WHEN I SERVED HERE AS THE ISRAELI AMBASSADOR AND AFTER THAT EVEN THOUGH FROM TIME TO TIME WE HAVE HAD SOME DIFFERENCES OF OPINION BUT I BELIEVE THAT WE HAVE NOT DOUBT WHATSOEVER IN THE WAY THAT HE CONDUCTED THE POLICY OF THIS GOVERNMENT IN HIS CAPACITY AT THE WHITE HOUSE AND NOW AS SECRETARY OF STATE IN THE REAL EFFORTS THAT HE HAS MADE TO BRING ABOUT MORE STABILITY IN THE EFFORTS TO CREATE BETTER CONDITIONS FOR PEACE FOR ALL PEOPLES IN THE AREA. AND FOR THAT I WOULD LIKE TO THANK YOU MR SECRETARY.

AS YOU HAVE SAID THERE IS SOMETHING WHICH CANNOT BE ALWAYS EXPLAINED WHEN IT COMES TO THE RELATIONS OF THE GREATEST DEMOCRACY WITH THE ONLY DEMOCRACY IN THE MIDDLE EAST. IT HAS STARTED MANY YEARS AGO AND IT HAS BEEN DEVELOPED TO THE KIND OF RELATIONS THAT WE AS A SMALL COUNTRY ARE VERY PROUD OF. AND I BELIEVE THAT THE COOPERATION BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES HAS CONTRIBUTED TO THE STABILITY IN THE AREA AND TO THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF THE PROSPECTS OF PEACE. I BELIEVE THAT WHAT HAS BEEN DONE IN THE LAST YEAR WAS AN OUTCOME OF AN EFFORT EVEN THOUGH THERE WERE UPS AND DOWNS THROUGH '75 BUT TOWARD THE END THE RESULTS PROVED TO BE THE RIGHT ONES.

STILL THE ARAB ISRAELI CONFLICT IS A VERY COMPLICATED ONE, AND IT IS NOT SO EASY TO OFFER SIMPLE FORMULAS HOW TO SOLVE IT. SOMETIMES IT LOOKS SIMPLER THAN IT IS. FROM OUR POINT OF VIEW WE AS THE SECRETARY SAID HAVE NEVER ENTERTAINED ONE DAY OF PEACE. WE HAVE EXPERIENCED MANY WARS. AND THEREFORE PLEASE UNDERSTAND OUR SENSITIVITY WHEN IT COMES TO OUR CAPABILITY TO BE ABLE TO DEFEND OURSELVES BY OURSELVES. PLEASE UNDERSTAND THE AMOUNT OF SUSPICION THAT MIGHT SEEM TO PEOPLE FROM THE OUTSIDE A LITTLE BIT EXAGGERATED WHEN WE HAVE TO EXCHANGE WORDS FOR SOMETHING TANGIBLE WHICH IS TERRITORIES NOT AS REAL ESTATE BUT AS DEFENSIVE LINES THAT MAKE OUR CAPABILITY TO DEFEND OURSELVES BETTER. BUT I CAN ASSURE YOU MR SECRETARY AND ALL THOSE WHO ARE HERE THAT FOR THE SAKE OF A REAL PEACE ISRAEL WILL NOT SHRINK FROM ANY RISKS. WILL TAKE UPON ITSELF MANY CONCESSIONS BUT ONE WILL BE SURE THAT THE PURPOSE IS A REAL PEACE. I BELIEVE THAT THE WAY THAT THE TALKS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED THROUGHT

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THE YEARS OF COOPERATION BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES AND ESPECIALLY TODAY I BELIEVE THAT THIS IS THE WAY TO CONDUCT TALKS WHEN THE COMMON GOAL IS THE SAME TO ACHIEVE PEACE. BUT AT THE SAME TIME AS LONG AS PEACE HAS NOT BEEN ACHIEVED TO BE IN A POSITION THAT THOSE WHO WANT TO EXPLOIT THE TENSION IN THE AREA WILL NOT BE ABLE TO PURSUE A POLICY OF WAR WITH A HOPE OF SUCCESS.

I BELIEVE EVERYWHERE IN THE WORLD YOU CAN NOT ACHIEVE PEACE BUT FROM THE STANDPOINT OF STRENGTH. IT IS A STRUGGLE BETWEEN TOTALITARIAN CONCEPTS AND DEMOCRATIC WAY OF LIFE. AND IN COPING WITH TOTALITARIAN CONCEPTS DEMOCRACIES HAVE TO TRY THEIR BEST TO REACH AGREEMENTS AND UNDERSTANDINGS. BUT IT CAN NOT BE DONE FROM THE STANDPOINT OF WEAKNESS.

I DON'T WANT TO APPLY TO ANYTHING EXCEPT WHEN IT COMES TO OUR PROBLEM. AND I KNOW ONE THING FOR SURE WITH A WEAK ISRAEL NO ONE WILL NEGOTIATE AND ONLY A STRONG ISRAEL IS A HELP FOR PEACE.

I WOULD LIKE TO PRAY AND HOPE THAT THERE WILL BE CONTINUATION OF THE PRESENT UNDERSTANDING CONTINUATION OF THE COMMON EFFORT TO ACHIEVE PEACE AND CONTINUATION OF THE EFFORT AS LONG AS PEACE HAS NOT BEEN ACHIEVED, TO BE ABLE TO OVERCOME THE DIFFERENCES WHENEVER THEY COME UP.

AND IN THIS SPIRIT I WOULD LIKE TO RAISE MY GLASS TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE, MR. KISSINGER AND TO THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES. AND AS WE SAY IN HEBREW "LE CHAIM".  
(APPLAUSE)

AD KAN.

PAZNER--

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העתק לשכת רוחם.

להלן הודעת הבית הלבן לאחר הפגישה בין הנשיא לרנחם:  
 PRESIDENT FORD AND ISRAELI PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN MET IN THE OVAL OFFICE FOR 1 HOUR AND 20 MINUTES. THE MEETING WAS ALSO ATTENDED BY SECRETARY OF STATE KISSINGER GENERAL SCOWCROFT, UNDER SECRETARY SISCO AND AMBASSADOR MALCOM TOON ON THE AMERICAN SIDE AND AMBASSADOR SIMCHA DINITZ THE HONORABLE HANAN BAR ON, MINISTER, EMBASSY OF ISRAEL AND MR AMOS EIRAN DIRECTOR GENERAL, OFFICE OF THE PRIME MINISTER AND ADVISOR TO THE PRIME MINISTER. THE PRESIDENT EXPRESSED HIS PERSONAL PLEASURE AT BEING ABLE TO WELCOME THE PRIME MINISTER TO THE WHITE HOUSE ONCE MORE THIS TIME AS THE FIRST HEAD OF GOVERNMENT TO VISIT THE UNITED STATES IN OUR ICENTENNIAL YEAR. BOTH LEADERS RECALLED THEIR LONG FRIENDSHIP AND AGREED THIS FRIENDSHIP FORMS THE NATURAL BASIS FOR FULL AND OPEN DISCUSSIONS IN THE SPIRIT OF CLOSENESS CHARACTERIZING RELATIONS BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES. THE PRESIDENT AND PRIME MINISTER EXCHANGED VIEWS ON THE MIDDLE EAST SITUATION WITH A VIEW TO FINDING WAYS TO CONTINUE THE PEACE PROCESS. THE PRESIDENT STRESSED THE IMPORTANCE OF THESE TALKS FOR DEVELOPING IDEAS ON HOW NEXT TO MOVE AS PART OF OUR OVERALL CONSULTATIONS WITH THE PARTIES INVOLVED. HE REPEATED HIS DETERMINATION TO AVOID A HIATUS IN NEGOTIATIONS. THE PRESIDENT CONGRATULATED THE PRIME MINISTER FOR HIS WISDOM AND COURAGE IN REACHING THE RECENT INTERIM AGREEMENT WITH EGYPT A SIGNIFICANT STEP IN THAT PEACE PROCESS. THE PRESIDENT STATED HIS SATISFACTION THAT THE AGREEMENT IS BEING FULLY IMPLEMENTED AND RESPECTED BY BOTH SIDES AND NOTED THAT THE NEED NOW IS FOR ALL SIDES TO SEARCH FOR WAYS OF CONTINUING THE PROCESS OF MUTUAL COMPROMISE AND COMPREHENSION IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE A JUST AND Durable PEACE SETTLEMENT. THE TWO LEADERS EXCHANGED VIEWS ON RECENT DEVELOPMENTS INSIDE AND OUTSIDE THE REGION AS THEY RELATE TO THE PROSPECTS FOR MAINTAINING MOMENTUM TOWARD MIDDLE EAST PEACE. IN THIS CONTEXT THEY REVIEWED THE RECENT UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL DEBATE ON THE MIDDLE EAST. THE PRESIDENT REAFFIRMED THE COMMITMENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO PRACTICAL MOVEMENT TOWARD PEACE ON THE BASIS OF SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS 242 AND 338. THEY WILL CONTINUE THEIR DISCUSSIONS TOMORROW. BEYOND THESE MAIN DISCUSSIONS ON THE DIPLOMACY OF PEACE THE PRESIDENT AND PRIME MINISTER ALSO REVIEWED VARIOUS ASPECTS OF US - ISRAELI

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BILATERAL RELATIONS INCLUDING ONGOING ECONOMIC AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS FOR ISRAEL. THE PRESIDENT REAFFIRMED LOGSTANDING AMERICAN SUPPORT FOR THE SECURITY OF ISRAEL.

AD KAN.  
PAZNER

**שהח דהמ מבכל שתבם ממככל סמכבל מכמא מפת הסכוזה מעור אילסר מזמיים חקר**

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AMERICAN SUPPORT FOR THE SECURITY OF ISRAEL.  
ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS FOR ISRAEL. THE PRESIDENT REAFFIRMED LONGSTANDING  
BILATERAL RELATIONS INCLUDING ONGOING ECONOMIC AND MILITARY

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העתק לשכת רתם.

להלן דברי הברור שהשמיע הנשיא פורד בעת טקס קבלת הפנים בבית הלבן.

1045 AM EST.

THE PRESIDENT: MR PRIME MINISTER AND MRS RABIN SHALOM, MR FORD AND I ARE VERY DELIGHTED TO WELCOME BOTH OF YOU TO WASHINGTON OUR GOOD FRIENDS OF MANY YEARS AND WE ARE DELIGHTED TO SEE YOU ON THIS OCCASION DESPITE THE WEATHER. WE HOPE YOUR VISIT HERE AND ACROSS OUR NATION MR PRIME MINISTER WILL RENEW MANY HAPPY MEMORIES AND DEEPEN THE RELATIONSHIP OF OUR TWO COUNTRIES. WE ARE PROUD TO HAVE BOTH OF YOU AS OUR GUESTS. WE ARE PROUD TO HAVE BOTH OF YOU AS OUR GUESTS. AS IN THE PAST MR PRIME MINISTER WE MET TODAY IN A SPIRIT OF WARM GOOD WILL. YOUR VISIT GIVES ME THE OPPORTUNITY TO REAFFIRM ON BEHALF OF ALL OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE THE ENDURING FRIENDSHIP OF OUR TWO COUNTRIES THE TRADITIONAL COMMITMENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO ISRAEL'S SECURITY AND SURVIVAL AND THE DEDICATION OF THE UNITED STATES TO SEEK WITH ISRAEL'S COOPERATION A PEACEFUL COMPREHENSIVE AND JUST SOLUTION TO THE CONFLICT IN THE MIDDLE EAST. THE UNITED STATES AND ISRAEL SHARE A VERY DEEP DEVOTION TO DEMOCRATIC IDEALS A SPECIAL AFFINITY AS TWO KINDRED PEOPLES AND COMMON MORAL AND POLITICAL VALUES THAT FLOW FROM THE GREAT JUDEO-CHRISTIAN HERITAGE. JUST AS YOU AND I HAVE BEEN FRIENDS FOR MANY YEARS MR PRIME MINISTER OUR TWO NATIONS ARE FRIENDS. FOR ALMOST THIRTY YEARS SINCE AND EVEN BEFORE YOUR INDEPENDENCE OUR TWO PEOPLES HAVE WORKED TOGETHER IN MANY FIELDS. MY STRONGEST DESIRE IS THAT WE CONTINUE TO WORK TOGETHER IN THE FUTURE. TODAY OUR COOPERATION IS MORE NECESSARY THAN EVER BEFORE IN THE QUEST FOR AN ENDURING PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST. IN THE AGREEMENTS WE HAVE ALREADY ACHIEVED BY WORKING TOGETHER WE HAVE ESTABLISHED A SOUND BASIS FOR THE FURTHER MOVEMENT TOWARD AN ULTIMATE PEACE SETTLEMENT. WITH STATESMANSHIP AND COURAGE MR PRIME MINISTER YOU HAVE TAKEN THE FIRST STEPS. THE WISDOM AND DETERMINATION THAT YOU AND YOUR NATION HAVE SO AMPLY DISPLAYED THUS FAR WILL BE REQUIRED IN EVEN GREATER DEGREE IN THE DAYS AHEAD. OUR TASKS REMAIN URGENT AND IMPORTANT. I KNOW THAT THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL YEARN FOR PEACE. ALL OF US SHARE A GREAT RESPONSIBILITY -- ISRAEL, ITS ARAB NEIGHBORS AND THE UNITED STATES. OUR TASK IS TO REALIZE THIS GOAL TOGETHER WITH REALISM AND WITH JUSTICE. LET US SEIZE THIS HISTORIC OPPORTUNITY TO HELP TRANSLATE



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HOPES INTO REALITY.

I WELCOME YOUR VISIT MR PRIME MINISTER. WE CAN IN THE NEXT SEVERAL DAYS DEEPEN OUR MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING AND TRUST. WE CAN HELP TO ADVANCE THE PROCESS OF PEACE. WE CAN ENHANCE EVEN FURTHER THE UNIQUE FRIENDSHIP OF OUR TWO COUNTRIES. AND IF OTHER NATIONS ALSO DO THEIR PART THIS YEAR WILL BE RECORDED IN HISTORY AS ANOTHER YEAR OF STEADY PROGRESS TOWARD THE FULFILLMENT OF OUR COMMON DREAM --- THE PEACE THAT IS SO FERVENTLY DESIRED THROUGHOUT THE MIDDLE EAST AND BY THE ENTIRE WORLD.

MR PRIME MINISTER I LOOK FORWARD TO OUR DISCUSSIONS AND TO THE PLEASURE OF YOUR COMPANY. ON BEHALF OF ALL AMERICANS I EXTEND OUR HEARTIEST WELCOME TO YOU AND TO MRS RABIN.  
AD KAN

PAZNER=====

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AD KAN  
OUR HEARTIEST WELCOME TO YOU AND TO MRS. RABIN.  
IN CASUALTY OF YOUR COMPANY, ON BEHALF OF ALL AMERICANS I EXTEND  
MR. PRIME MINISTER. I LOOK FORWARD TO OUR DISCUSSIONS AND TO THE  
AND BY THE ENTIRE WORLD.  
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OF STEADY PROGRESS TOWARD THE FULFILLMENT OF OUR COMMON DREAM --  
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HOPES INTO REALITY.

PAINTER----

12/22  
1972  
THEY THE DATED FOR THE FIRST TIME THE NEW YORK TIMES AND THE NEW YORK JOURNAL OF OPINION



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בשלה: 001100

מאת: רוטינגהאוס

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מצאנו הפתק ל... רוחם

לחלן חילופי הברכות באירוחם הערב שהנשיא ערך אחרון לכבוד רוחם.

THE PRESIDENT: PRIME MINISTER AND MRS RABIN AND DISTIGUISHED GUESTS:

IT IS AGAIN A PLEASURE FOR US TO SAY SHALOM.

BETTY AND I HAVE OF COURSE AND ALL OF OUR GUESTS FEEL A VERY SPECIAL WARMTH AS FAR AS YOU MR PRIME MINISTER AND MRS RABIN ARE CONCERNED AND OUR FRIENDSHIP ON A PERSONAL BASIS HAS BEEN ONE OF LONG STANDING AND A VERY ENJOYABLE AND VERY PLEASANT ONE. YOUR FIVE YEARS IN WASHINGTON AS THE DISTINGUISHED AMBASSADOR OF ISRAEL CREATED MANY AND VERY WARM FREINDSHIPS. BETTY AND I ARE TWO OF THOSE FRIENDS AND WE ARE DEEPLY GRATEFUL FOR THAT RELATIONSHIP AND WE ARE OBVIOUSLY DELIGHTED TO BE YOUR HOSTS TONIGHT. WE ARE VERY PROUD THAT YOU ARE THE FIRST HEAD OF GOVERNMENT GUEST DURING OUR BICENTENNIAL YEAR AND I THINK THAT TELLS US SOMETHING -- THE CELEBRATION OF OUR NATIONS HISTORY GIVES AMERICANS A DEEPER APPRECIATION OF BASIC VALUES THAT WE SHARE WITH THE STATE OF ISRAEL.

THE TRIBUTE THAT YOUR COUNTRY AND OURS PAY TO THESE IDEALS YOU EXPRESSED IN PHILADELPHIA LAST NIGHT. BOTH OF OUR NATIONS HAVE HAD A VERY PAINFUL BIRTH AS WELL AS GROWTH. AS HAVENS FOR MEN AND WOMEN FLEEING PERSECUTION BOTH OF OUR NATIONS FIND THEIR VITALITY AS WELL AS THEIR STRENGTH TODAY IN COMMITMENT TO FREEDOM AND COMMITMENT TO DEMOCRACY AND THE SPIRIT OF FREE PEOPLES. BOTH OF OUR NATIONS MR PRIME MINISTER HAVE TASTED THE BITTER TRUTH OF WAR AND THE STRUGGLES THAT ARE NECESSARY TO PRESERVE INDEPENDENCE AND SECURITY. BOTH OF US KNOW FULL WELL IN TODAYS WORLD THAT ETERNAL VIGILANCE IS THE PRICE OF LIBERTY AND WE INDIVIDUALLY AND COLLECTIVELY WILL NOT FAIL.

I APPLAUD YOUR STATESMANSHIP MR PRIME MINISTER. YOU HAVE SHOWN IT OVER AND OVER AGAIN. IT HAS CONTRIBUTED SO MUCH THAT HAS BEEN ACHIEVED SO FAR. I AM GGATIFIED THAT OUR PERSONAL FRIENDSHIP AND RELATIONSHIP NOW FACILITATES THE CLOSEST CONSULTATION ON THE VERY COMPLEX PROBLEMS THAT WE FACE IN THE PROBLEMS AHEAD.

FROM THE MEMENT OF ISRAELS INDEPENDENCE ALL OF AMERICAS PRESIDENTS AS WELL AS THE MAJOR POLITICAL PARTIES HAVE INDETIFIED WITH YOUR FREEDOM AND YOUR PROGRESS. AMERICA NOW COMPLETES ITS SECOND CENTURY. ISRAEL COUNTS ITS HERITAGE IN THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS OF YEARS AND ITS MODERN HISTORY IN



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DECADES. YET OUR HERITAGE YOUR COUNTRY AND MINE ARE THE SAME. I THINK WE MUST TAKE INSPIRATION FROM THE FOUNDING FATHERS OF BOTH OUR NATIONS AND THE PRINCIPLES OF JUSTICE AND FREEDOM WHICH THEY HAVE PASSED DOWN TO YOU AS WELL AS TO MYSELF FOR THE SURVIVAL OF THOSE PRINCIPLES WHICH IS OUR MAJOR RESPONSIBILITY. YOU ARE DEDICATED TO THAT END, MR PRIME MINISTER AND ALL OF YOUR PEOPLE ARE LIKEWISE AND THEY ARE AN INSPIRATION TO ALL OF US. ISRAEL, MR PRIME MINISTER LIKE THE UNITED STATES HAS STUCK TO ITS PRINCIPLES AND PERSEVERED WITH COURAGE AND DETERMINATION. THE UNBREAKABLE SPIRIT OF THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL REMAINS ITS STRONGEST DEFENSE. AND AS WE REFLECT ON THIS BICENTENNIAL YEAR WE ARE BOTH MINDFUL OF THE INDISPENSABLE ROLE THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS PLAYED IN THE WORLD AS A GUARDIAN OF STABILITY AND DEFENDER OF FREEDOM. I WANT TO TELL YOU MR PRIME MINISTER THAT I AM DETERMINED AS I THINK MOST AMERICANS ARE THAT AMERICA WILL REMAIN STRONG AND AMERICA WILL REMAIN COMMITTED TO ITS ALLIES AND TO ITS WORLD RESPONSIBILITIES.

I KNOW THAT ISRAEL AND OUR OTHER FRIENDS AND ALLIES DEPEND UPON AMERICA'S STRENGTH AND AMERICA'S COMMITMENT. OUR TWO NATIONS HAVE BEEN WORKING TOGETHER FOR PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST. NO PEACE MAKING PROCESS AS YOU WELL KNOW IS EASY BUT IMPORTANT STEPS HAVE BEEN TAKEN AND WE ARE PROUD OF THE ROLE THAT AMERICA HAS PLAYED IN WORKING WITH YOUR COUNTRY.

I KNOW THAT ALL AMERICANS DEEPLY DESIRE TO SEE THE PROCESS CONTINUED TOWARD ITS GOAL OF A JUST AND SECURE PEACE. THE UNITED STATES HAS DEMONSTRATED MANY MANY TIMES INCLUDING YESTERDAY IN THE UNITED NATIONS THAT WE WILL OPPOSE MEASURES THAT WE CONSIDER UNREALISTIC OR UNWORKABLE OR THAT MAKE PEACE HARDER TO ACHIEVE. BUT WE HAVE DEMONSTRATED AT THE SAME TIME WE ARE COMMITTED TO SEEK AND TO SUPPORT POSITIVE MEASURES POSITIVE MOVES TOWARD PEACE.

WE WILL CONTINUE THE HOPEFUL EFFORT IN WHICH WE ARE JOINTLY ENGAGED.

YOU AND I BEGAN OUR DISCUSSIONS THIS MORNING IN A SPIRIT OF FRIENDSHIP AND A SPIRIT OF COMMON DESIRE FOR PEACE. YOU STATED THIS MORNING AND MANY TIMES OTHERWISE YOUR NATIONAL VIEWS ELOQUENTLY AND PERSUASIVELY.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN I ASK THAT YOU JOIN ME IN A TOAST TO THE PRIME MINISTER OF ISRAEL AND TO MRS RABIN TO THE ENDURING FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN ISRAEL AND THE UNITED STATES AND TO A JUST AND LASTING PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

IN THE ANCIENT TOAST OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE, L'CHAYIM.

PRIME MINISTER RABIN: MR PRESIDENT AND MRS FORD DISTINGUISHED GUESTS:

FIRST ALLOW ME IN THE NAME OF MY WIFE AND MYSELF TO THANK YOU MR PRESIDENT AND YOU MRS FORD FOR YOUR KIND INVITATION TO COME OVER TO THIS COUNTRY AS YOUR GUESTS.



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WE ALSO CHERISH OUR PERSONAL FRIENDSHIP FOR THE TIME THAT I SERVED HERE AS THE ISRAELI AMBASSADOR. I REMEMBER THAT MANY TIMES I USED TO COME TO YOUR OFFICE AS THE MINORITY LEADER IN THE HOUSE TO ASK FOR YOUR ADVICE TO GET A BETTER UNDERSTANDING ABOUT WHAT WAS GOING ON IN THIS COUNTRY AND I ALWAYS CAME OUT OF YOUR OFFICE MORE ENCOURAGED ABOUT AMERICA ABOUT THE CONGRESS ABOUT YOUR DETERMINATION TO DO WHAT YOU BELIEVED THAT SHOULD BE DONE HERE IN THIS COUNTRY AS WELL AS THIS COUNTRY'S POLICIES TOWARDS THE WORLD TOWARDS SECURING PEACE AND FREEDOM WHEREVER AND WHENEVER IT IS POSSIBLE.

SINCE YOU TOOK THIS OFFICE AWESOME RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES THIS IS THE THIRD MEETING BETWEEN US.

HERE AND WE HAVE DISCUSSED THROUGH THIS PERIOD EVERY POSSIBILITY EVERYTHING THAT CAN BE DONE TO ENCOURAGE EVERY OPTION EVERY AVENUE TO MOVE FROM WAR TOWARDS PEACE TO ACHIEVE TRANQUILITY AND STABILITY IN THE AREA AS LONG AS PEACE HAS NOT BEEN ACHIEVED AND I APPRECIATED ALWAYS YOUR ATTITUDE THAT WHENEVER THERE IS A CONFRONTATION THE EFFORTS TO BRING ABOUT PEACE MUST BE DONE FROM THE STANDPOINT OF STRENGTHS BECAUSE NO TOTALITARIAN REGIME WILL TOLERATE A WEAK DEMOCRACY AND ONLY A STRONG DEMOCRACY CAN EXPECT TO ACHIEVE PEACE WITH DIGNITY PEACE THAT IS WORTHWHILE. I AM ESPECIALLY GLAD AS YOU MENTIONED MR PRESIDENT THAT I AM THE FIRST HEAD OF GOVERNMENT TO BE YOUR OFFICIAL GUEST IN THIS BICENTENNIAL YEAR. I AM GLAD ESPECIALLY BECAUSE I THINK I REPRESENT EVEN THOUGH A VERY SMALL DEMOCRACY BUT IT IS THE ONLY ONE THAT EXISTS IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

BEFORE WE CAME OVER I FOUND THAT WHEN YOU GOT YOUR INDEPENDENCE 200 YEARS AGO THE TOTAL POPULATION OF THEN THE UNITED STATES WAS THREE MILLION WHICH IS EXACTLY (DAUGHTER) THE POPULATION OF ISRAEL TODAY. AND I FOUND THAT YOUR GROWTH CAME AS A RESULT OF THE DETERMINATION OF THE FOUNDING FATHERS TO BUILD A COUNTRY BUT IN ADDITION TO THAT BY MAINTAINING THE BASIC PRINCIPLE OF OPEN GATES TO WAVES OF IMMIGRANTS AND YOUR COUNTRY GREW UP BY THE WAVES OF IMMIGRANTS THAT CAME TO THIS GREAT COUNTRY. WE MAINTAIN THE SAME POLICY AND WE HAVE GROWN THROUGH IMMIGRATION AND WILL CONTINUE TO GROW THROUGH IMMIGRATION. IN THE LAST ONE AND A HALF YEARS WE HAVE TAKEN CERTAIN STEPS THROUGH THE GOOD OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT UNDER YOUR GUIDANCE IN THE EFFORT TO BRING ABOUT CERTAIN MOVES TOWARD PEACE. I BELIEVE THAT ON OUR PART WE DID OUR SHARE. WE HAVE TAKEN RISKS IN THE HOPE THAT A BETTER FUTURE MIGHT BE BUILT NOT ONLY FOR ISRAEL BUT FOR THE WHOLE MIDDLE EAST FOR ALL COUNTRIES AND FOR ALL PEOPLES.

WE ARE IN A COUNTRY IN WHICH WAR MIGHT BE IMMINENT. WE HAVE FOUGHT

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FOUR MAJOR WARS IN THE LAST 28 YEARS AND BETWEEN THEM WE HAVE NEVER ENTERTAINED ONE DAY OF PEACE. AND AFTER 28 YEARS OF WAR BELIEVE ME MR PRESIDENT IF THERE IS SOMETHING THAT WE ASPIRE TO THAT WE DESIRE THAT WE ARE LONGING FOR IT IS TO ACHIEVE A REAL PEACE. ALLOW ME TO ADD THAT WHEN I STAYED IN THIS COUNTRY I LEARNED ONE THING — THAT THE VAGUEST WORD IN THE ENGLISH DICTIONARY IS "PEACE" BECAUSE SO MANY INTERPRETATIONS ARE GIVEN TO THIS WORD AND THEREFORE ONE HAS TO BE CAREFUL WHEN THE WORD IS UTTERED AND NO PRACTICAL AND MEANINGFUL INTERPRETATION IS GIVEN TO THAT. AND THEREFORE FOR US THE MEANING OF PEACE THAT WE WANT TO ACHIEVE IS PEACE THAT WILL GIVE US AS WELL AS TO OUR NEIGHBORS A SENSE OF SECURITY TO LIVE THE WAY THAT WE PREFER TO LIVE IN OUR OWN COUNTRY AND THEY IN THEIR OWN.

WE HAVE DONE SOMETHING TO BRING STABILIZATION TO THE AREA BUT STILL THE ROAD TO PEACE UNFORTUNATELY IS STILL LONG AND IT WILL REQUIRE COURAGE DETERMINATION AND SKILL TO NAVIGATE THE SHIP OF HOPE OF PEACE UNTIL IT WILL BE A REAL ONE AND IN FACING ALL THESE COMPLEX PROBLEMS ONE HAS NOT TO LOSE HIS HOPE BUT AT THE SAME TIME TO HAVE NO ILLUSIONS IN COPING WITH THE DIFFICULTIES THAT SHOULD BE OVERCOME. AFTER THE FIRST TALK THAT I HAD WITH YOU MR PRESIDENT I BELIEVED THAT WE REALIZE THE DIFFICULTIES. WE ARE DETERMINED TO DO EVERYTHING TO FIND WAY TO COPE WITH THESE DIFFICULTIES AND I CAN ASSURE YOU MR PRESIDENT THAT ON THE PART OF ISRAEL EVERY EFFORT WILL BE DONE TO FIND WAYS TO COOPERATE WITH YOU IN THE EFFORTS TO BRING ABOUT PEACE TO THE AREA WHICH HAS SUFFERED SO MUCH FROM WARS IN THE LAST YEARS.

ALLOW ME ALSO MR PRESIDENT TO THANK YOU PERSONALLY IN THE NAME OF THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL FOR YOUR SUPPORT THROUGH THE YEARS TO YOUR SUPPORT TO ISRAEL AND TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE IN THE AREA IN YOUR CAPACITY AS THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES. YOU MENTIONED WHAT HAPPENED YESTERDAY AND I AM ENCOURAGED BY WHAT HAPPENED TODAY AND I WOULD LIKE TO THANK YOU VERY VERY MUCH. AND ALLOW ME TO RAISE MY GLASS TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES AND TO THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES.

)'CHAYIM.

(AT 1033 AM EST).

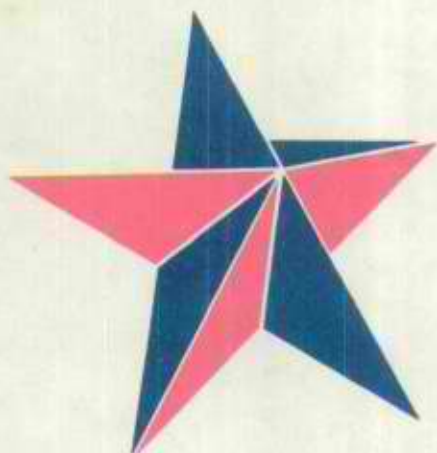
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# news report

JANUARY 28, 1976

U.S. SUGGESTS "INFORMAL PREPARATORY CONFERENCE" PRECEDE GENEVA MEETING

BY MARIE H. KOENIG  
IPS DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT

WASHINGTON, JAN. 27 -- IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE UNITED STATES VETO OF WHAT IT CONSIDERED AN UNBALANCED UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION ON THE MIDDLE EAST, THE STATE DEPARTMENT ISSUED A STATEMENT AFFIRMING THAT "THERE WILL BE NO PERMANENT PEACE UNLESS IT INCLUDES ARRANGEMENTS THAT TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE LEGITIMATE INTERESTS OF THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE."

AT THE SAME TIME, HOWEVER, THE STATE DEPARTMENT REITERATED THE U.S. POSITION THAT IT IS "NOT REALISTIC" TO EXPECT ISRAEL TO AGREE TO THE PARTICIPATION OF THE PALESTINIANS IN NEGOTIATIONS IF THE PALESTINIAN POLICY IS "TO SEEK THE DISAPPEARANCE" OF ISRAEL AS A STATE.

THE U.S. VETO WAS CAST ON THE EVENING OF JANUARY 26 ON A RESOLUTION THAT CALLED FOR SETTING UP AN INDEPENDENT STATE OF PALESTINE AND AN ISRAELI WITHDRAWAL FROM ALL ARAB TERRITORIES OCCUPIED SINCE THE 1967 WAR.

THE MAIN THRUST OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT WAS THAT THE NEGOTIATING FRAMEWORK ESTABLISHED IN 1967 IN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 242 AND IN 1973 IN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 338 WAS BALANCED, HAD WON WIDE-SPREAD ACCEPTANCE, AND SHOULD BE PRESERVED.

THIS "NEGOTIATING FRAMEWORK," THE STATEMENT SAID, "IS SUFFICIENTLY FLEXIBLE THAT IT CAN PROVIDE THE BASIS FOR NEGOTIATING FAIR AND DURABLE SOLUTIONS TO ALL THE ISSUES INVOLVED."

THE STATEMENT PLACED PARTICULAR EMPHASIS ALSO ON THE PROBLEM OF THE "PALESTINIAN PEOPLE AND THEIR FUTURE."

IT IS IMPORTANT, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID, "THAT WE WORK TO DEVELOP A COMMON UNDERSTANDING OF THIS PARTICULARLY COMPLEX ISSUE."

( MORE )

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IT NOTED THAT THE PALESTINIAN QUESTION WAS FOR MANY YEARS CONSIDERED PRIMARILY A REFUGEE PROBLEM, BUT IT WENT ON TO SAY THAT "IT IS WIDELY ACCEPTED TODAY THAT THIS IS ONLY ONE ASPECT OF A LARGER QUESTION."

THE UNITED STATES, IT SAID, "HAS REPEATEDLY AFFIRMED ITS RECOGNITION THAT THERE WILL BE NO PERMANENT PEACE UNLESS IT INCLUDES ARRANGEMENTS THAT TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE LEGITIMATE INTERESTS OF THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE."

SPELLING OUT THE U.S. APPROACH TO THE PALESTINIAN ISSUE, THE STATE DEPARTMENT MADE THESE POINTS:

-- THE UNITED STATES HAS "NO PRECONCEPTIONS AS TO THE NATURE OF...A SOLUTION" TO THE PALESTINIAN PROBLEM. THIS "CAN ONLY BE WORKED OUT AS PART OF THE NEGOTIATING PROCESS."

-- HOWEVER, "WE RECOGNIZE THAT A SOLUTION MUST TAKE INTO ACCOUNT" THE PALESTINIAN'S "ASPIRATIONS WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF PRINCIPLES LAID DOWN IN RESOLUTIONS 242 AND 338."

-- THE UNITED STATES LOOKS TO THE NEGOTIATING PROCESS TO "HELP DEVELOP A REASONABLE AND ACCEPTED DEFINITION OF PALESTINIAN INTERESTS, WITHOUT WHICH NEGOTIATION ON THIS ASPECT OF THE OVERALL PROBLEM CANNOT BE SUCCESSFULLY ADDRESSED."

-- BUT IT IS "NOT REALISTIC TO EXPECT ONE PARTY TO THE DISPUTE TO AGREE TO THE PARTICIPATION OF ANOTHER IN THE NEGOTIATIONS, IF THE LATTER'S POLICY IS TO SEEK THE DISAPPEARANCE OF THE FORMER AS A STATE."

-- "AS FAR AS THE U.S. IS CONCERNED, NO NEGOTIATING FRAMEWORK IS VIABLE THAT CALLS THE EXISTENCE OF THE STATE OF ISRAEL INTO QUESTION."

THE STATE DEPARTMENT SUGGESTED AGAIN THAT THERE SHOULD BE AN "INFORMAL PREPARATORY CONFERENCE" OF THOSE STATES THAT WERE PARTIES TO THE ARAB-ISRAELI PEACE CONFERENCE THAT MET FOR TWO DAYS AT GENEVA IN DECEMBER, 1973.

AT AN INFORMAL CONFERENCE, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID, THERE COULD BE DISCUSSION LOOKING TOWARD RECONVENING THE GENEVA PARLEY. THE QUESTIONS THAT COULD BE DISCUSSED INFORMALLY COULD INCLUDE THE AGENDA, PROCEDURES AND PARTICIPANTS OF THE FORMAL CONFERENCE "WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO THEIR POSITIONS ON THE CONFERENCE ITSELF."

THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION ARE CO-CHAIRMEN OF THE GENEVA CONFERENCE. THE OTHER PARTICIPANTS IN 1973 WERE ISRAEL, EGYPT AND JORDAN. SYRIA WAS INVITED BUT DID NOT ATTEND.

THE SOVIETS AND SYRIANS HAVE TAKEN THE POSITION THAT THE PALESTINE LIBERATION ORGANIZATION (PLO) MUST BE PRESENT WHEN THE GENEVA CONFERENCE IS RESUMED. ISRAEL IS OPPOSED TO PLO PARTICIPATION.

THE UNITED STATES IN A DECEMBER 1, 1975, NOTE TO MOSCOW SAID THAT WASHINGTON HAS "ALWAYS HELD THE VIEW THAT LEGITIMATE PALESTINIAN INTERESTS MUST BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN AN OVER-ALL SETTLEMENT." BUT WASHINGTON SAID THAT "AS NO DECISION WAS REACHED" AT THE 1973 GENEVA CONFERENCE CONCERNING POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL PARTICIPATION "THIS REMAINS A SUBJECT FOR DISCUSSION AMONG THE ORIGINAL PARTICIPANTS."

AS A "PRACTICAL WAY OF PROCEEDING," THE UNITED STATES PROPOSED TO THE SOVIETS THAT AN INFORMAL PREPARATORY CONFERENCE BE HELD BY THE SOVIETS, THE AMERICANS, SYRIANS, ISRAELIS, EGYPTIANS AND JORDANIANS THAT COULD CONSIDER THE "MATTER OF PARTICIPATION IN A SUBSEQUENT FULL CONFERENCE."

(END TEXT)

\* \* \* \* \*

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# news report

TEL AVIV, JANUARY 27, 1976

TEXT: RABIN SPEECH AT PHILADELPHIA LIBERTY BELL

PHILADELPHIA, JAN. 26--FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF PRIME MINISTER RABIN'S REMARKS BEFORE THE LIBERTY BELL IN PHILADELPHIA, JAN. 26:

(BEGIN TEXT)

TO BE HERE WHERE I NOW STAND IS A SIGNIFICANT MOMENT FOR ME. I COME TO YOU FROM JERUSALEM AND I AM TOLD THAT I AM THE FIRST HEAD OF GOVERNMENT TO VISIT THE UNITED STATES IN THIS, YOUR BICENTENNIAL YEAR. PERMIT ME, THEREFORE, TO BRING TO YOU A MESSAGE OF JERUSALEM WHOSE THEME IS UNIVERSAL AND ANCIENT. IT IS INSCRIBED UPON THIS BELL. IT IS PROCLAIMED IN THE HISTORIC DOCUMENTS TO WHICH THIS CITY GAVE BIRTH. IT IS ENGRAVED ON THE HEART OF AMERICA. IT TELLS OF THE NEED FOR DECENCY IN THE AFFAIRS OF PEOPLES AND NATIONS; OF THE WORTH OF EVERY INDIVIDUAL HUMAN BEING, OF DEMOCRACY AS A MOST JUST SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT. ABOVE ALL, IT TELLS OF PEACE AND OF LIBERTY AS SUPREME VALUES.

UKRA-ATEM DROR BA-ARETZ L'CHOL YOSHVEHA--PROCLAIM LIBERTY THROUGHOUT ALL THE LAND TO ALL THE INHABITANTS THEREOF--IS THE HERITAGE THAT WAS HANDED DOWN TO MY OWN PEOPLE. BECAUSE

( MORE )

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OF IT, AND IN ITS SPIRIT, WE HAVE LIVED TO REBUILD OUR INDEPENDENCE 28 YEARS AGO. IT IS THE HERITAGE THAT WAS HANDED DOWN TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE. BECAUSE OF IT, AND IN ITS SPIRIT, YOU PROCLAIMED YOUR INDEPENDENCE 200 YEARS AGO.

HERE, IN PHILADELPHIA, IN INDEPENDENCE HALL, ABRAHAM LINCOLN SAID OF YOUR DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE: THERE IS "SOMETHING IN THAT DECLARATION GIVING LIBERTY NOT ALONE TO THE PEOPLE OF THIS COUNTRY, BUT HOPE TO THE WORLD FOR ALL FUTURE TIME."

THIS IS THE DEBT THE FREE NATIONS OWE TO AMERICA. FOR, INDEED, AMERICA HAS PROVEN TO BE THE HOPE FOR A BETTER WORLD.

MY NATION, TOGETHER WITH ALL DEMOCRACIES, HAS CAUSE TO ACKNOWLEDGE THIS TRUTH. WHICH IS WHY I AM HERE TODAY, TO PAY TRIBUTE, IN THE NAME OF ALL ISRAEL, TO THOSE WHO GAVE BIRTH TO THAT GREAT DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE--THE FATHERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

IN A MOOD COMMON TO THEIRS, THE FATHERS OF THE ZIONIST REVOLUTION CONCEIVED MY OWN COUNTRY'S DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE. IT, TOO, WAS BORNE OUT OF A BATTLE FOR FREEDOM. IT, TOO, GREW OUT OF A NEED TO GUARANTEE A HAVEN TO THE HOMELESS AND THE DESTITUTE; TO OFFER OUR PEOPLE A HOMECOMING AFTER CENTURIES OF WANDERING. IT, TOO, WAS WRITTEN BY THE HAND OF PRIONEERS DETERMINED TO BUILD A NEW AND BETTER SOCIETY. AND IT, TOO, DECLARES THE PRINCIPLES OF EQUALITY AND OF PEACE AS THE CENTRAL ETHIC OF OUR SOCIETY.

I BELIEVE THAT NO PACT, NO TREATY, NO CONTRACT, CAN BIND OUR PEOPLES CLOSER THAN THE COMMON VALUES THAT GAVE BIRTH TO YOUR NATION'S INDEPENDENCE AND TO THE REBIRTH OF MINE. WE, ISRAEL, ARE WORKING HARD TOWARDS THE DAY WHEN WE WILL BE ABLE TO ENJOY OUR FREEDOM IN PEACE AND SECURITY WITH OUR NEIGHBORS. WE KNOW THAT THE DAY WILL COME. THE MESSAGE OF THIS LIBERTY BELL IS



THAT THERE IS NO SACRIFICE TOO HIGH FOR FREEDOM AND THAT A NATION READY TO DEFEND ITS FREEDOM SHALL YET WIN THE PEACE. ISRAEL SHALL WIN THE PEACE WITH THAT SAME CONFIDENCE OF SPIRIT THAT CAME OUT OF THIS HISTORIC PLACE 200 YEARS AGO.

LESS THAN TWO WEEKS AGO I SIGNED A SCROLL IN JERUSALEM. IT MARKED THE BEGINNING OF NEW PARK WHICH IS TO BE LAID OUT . IN ITS CENTER WILL STAND AN EXACT REPLICA OF YOUR LIBERTY BELL. IT WAS PRESENTED SOME YEARS AGO TO THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL BY THE CITIZENS OF PHILADELPHIA. IT WILL NOW STAND IN A BEAUTIFUL SEVEN-ACRE GARDEN FACING THE ANCIENT WALLS OF JERUSALEM.

THAT LIBERTY BELL OF JERUSALEM WILL STAND FOR ALL TIME AS A REMINDER TO US OF THE FREEDOMS IN WHICH BOTH OUR PEOPLES WERE CONCEIVED. IT WILL STAND AS THE SYMBOL OF A BROTHERHOOD WE CHERISH.

LET AMERICA KNOW THAT IN THIS, YOUR BICENTENNIAL YEAR THERE HAS BEEN SET ASIDE--IN JERUSALEM'S HEART--A GARDEN THAT WILL BLOOM AND THAT IS DEDICATED TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

\* \* \* \*



# news report

JANUARY 27, 1976

TEXT: RABIN PHILADELPHIA ARRIVAL SPEECH

PHILADELPHIA JAN 26--FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF A STATEMENT BY PRIME MINISTER YITZAK RABIN UPON HIS ARRIVAL AT THE PHILADELPHIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, MONDAY JAN. 26:

I THANK YOU MR. MAYOR FOR THE HONOR YOU DO ME AND THE VERY WARM WORDS OF WELCOME.

PERMIT ME TO SAY A FEW WORDS IN HEBREW: IN RESPONSE TO THE BEAUTIFUL GREETING WE HEARD IN HEBREW: (MR. RABIN AND THE PRIME MINISTER'S WIFE ELAH WERE WELCOMED BY A GRADE SCHOOL CHILD IN HEBREW.)

MRS. RABIN AND I HAVE TRAVELLED FAR FROM ONE GREAT CITY TO ANOTHER. WE HAVE COME STRAIGHT FROM JERUSALEM--A NAME THAT MEANS PEACE--TO PHILADELPHIA--THE NAO THAT MEANS BROTHERLY LOVE. WE HAVE MADE PHILADELPHIA OUR FIRST STOP BECAUSE WE THOUGHT THIS IS THE PROPER PLACE FOR US TO ENTER AMERICA IN THE YEAR 1976.

WE ARE HERE BECAUSE THIS IS WHERE FREE AMERICA BEGAN TWO HUNDRED YEARS AGO. HERE IS WHERE THE BELL OF LIBERTY RANG OUT ITS MESSAGE ACROSS THE LAND AND ACROSS THE SEAS. PHILADELPHIA IS WHERE A NEW COVENANT OF HOPE WAS PROCLAIMED FOR ALL MANKIND.

( MORE )

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THE SPIRIT THAT PUT PHILADELPHIA ON THE MAP OF HISTORY DERIVES FROM THE SPIRIT THAT PUT JERUSALEM ON THE MAP OF HISTORY. BOTH NAMES ARE SYMBOLS OF A CIVILIZATION. ITS THEME IS FREEDOM. ITS SENTIMENT IS PEACE, ITS ESSENCE IS THE DIGNITY OF HUMAN LIFE.

MP WHICH IS WHY MR. MAYOR, I AM IN PHILADELPHIA TODAY--TO PAY TRIBUTE TO THE FATHERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION IN THE NAME OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL. WE GREET THE CITIZENS OF YOUR GREAT CITY WITH SHALOM. AND STANDING WHERE I DO NOW--ON SETTING FOOT ON THE SOIL OF AMERICA--I BRING THEE GREETINGS OF ISRAEL TO ALL THE CITIZENS OF THIS LAND. GOD BLESS AMERICA AS YOU ENTER INTO YOUR THIRD CENTURY OF FREEDOM. (END TEXT)

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# news report

JANUARY 27, 1976

## RABIN REMARKS TO JEWISH COMMUNITY COUNCIL

PHILADELPHIA, JAN. 26--FOLLOWING ARE THE EXTEMPORANEOUS REMARKS MADE BY PRIME MINISTER RABIN BEFORE THE JEWISH COMMUNITY RELATIONS COUNCIL OF GREATER PHILADELPHIA, JAN. 26:

(BEGIN REMARKS)

FIRST OF ALL I WANT TO THANK EVERYONE WHO SPOKE HERE BEFORE ME, FOR THEIR KIND WORDS AND THEIR SUPPORT OF ISRAEL.

IT WAS VERY NATURAL FOR ME AS A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ONLY FREE AND DEMOCRATIC COUNTRY IN THE MIDDLE EAST TO COME HERE THIS YEAR -- THE BICENTENNIAL YEAR OF THE UNITED STATES--AS MY OFFICIAL VISIT AT THE INVITATION OF THE UNITED STATES, TO THIS GREAT CITY.

I BELIEVE THE UNITED STATES SERVES AS A SYMBOL OF FREEDOM AND DEMOCRACY AND SERVES AS THE HOPE OF FREEDOM AND DEMOCRACY ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THIS CITY SERVED AS THE CRADLE OF YOUR REVOLUTION; YOUR DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE AND ALL ITS MEANING FOR EVERY PART OF THE FREE WORLD AND EVERYONE WHO ASPIRES TO.

I COME FROM A SMALL COUNTRY IN THE MIDDLE OF A STRUGGLE -- A COUNTRY THAT HAS MORE PROBLEMS; MORE NATIONAL DEBT PER CAPITA THAN ANY OTHER COUNTRY.

( MORE )

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IT WILL CONTINUE ITS STRUGGLE. THE JEWISH NATIONAL MOVEMENT IS THE ZIONIST MOVEMENT. IT IS THE RETURN TO ZIONISM OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE, AND TO REBUILD AN ANCIENT NEW COUNTRY. WE STRUGGLE SIMULTANEOUSLY THROUGH MANY STRUGGLES. THE POLITICAL STRUGGLE, THE MILITARY STRUGGLE WHICH HAS NOT BEEN ACHIEVED, AND THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL STRUGGLE TO BUILD AN ECONOMIC STRUCTURE TO BE LESS DEPENDENT ON OUTSIDE HELP. WE TRY TO IMPROVE THE STRUCTURE OF LIFE AND WAY OF LIFE. IN THE STRUGGLE OF ISRAEL AS A JEWISH STATE WE ARE OFFERING A REFUGE FOR EVERY JEW. BECAUSE HE IS A JEW, OPPRESSED AND UNDERPRIVILEGED, HE CAN FIND A PLACE IN THIS WORLD THAT HE CAN CALL HIS HOME.

WHEN IT COMES TO THE FIRST, THE STRUGGLE FOR PEACE, I DON'T KNOW ANY OTHER PEOPLE OR COUNTRY WHO DESIRES PEACE MORE THAN THE JEWISH PEOPLE, MORE THAN THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL. THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR PEACE. THIS IS WHAT WE WANT TO ACHIEVE. THIS IS WHAT WE ARE BUILDING FOR. THIS IS WHAT WE ARE DEFENDING. THIS IS WHAT ISRAEL MEANS TO US.

WE ARE CAPABLE OF DEFENDING ISRAEL IN CASE OF WAR AND ARE CAPABLE OF DEFENDING IT IF WAR IS THRUST UPON US. IT IS BETTER FOR THE FUTURE OF ALL THE COUNTRIES IN OUR AREA TO REACH PEACE. ISRAEL OFFERS PEACE TO ITS NEIGHBORS AND WHEN THEY AGREE TO MAKE PEACE WITH US, ALL THE PROBLEMS CAN BE SOLVED. ONCE THE ARAB LEADERS WILL COME TO THAT CONCLUSION, WHEN THEY AGREE TO MAKE PEACE--THAT IS ON ONE ASSUMPTION THAT ISRAEL IS HERE TO STAY AND THAT THEY WILL HAVE TO LIVE IN PEACE WITH ISRAEL.

CONCERNING THE MILITARY STRUGGLE, AS LONG AS PEACE IS NOT ACHIEVED WE HAVE TO BE STRONG. WE HAVE TO COPE AGAINST 16 OR 17 COUNTRIES WHO HAVE OVER 100 MILLION PEOPLE AND ENORMOUS WEALTH WITH UNLIMITED SHIPMENT OF ARMS FROM THE SOVIET UNION AND OTHER COUNTRIES.

AS LONG AS WE HAVE THE MEANS TO DEFEND OURSELVES, NO ONE WILL BE DECEIVED INTO FIGHTING AGAINST US. THE MAIN PURPOSE TO BE STRONG IS NOT TO WIN WARS BUT TO PREVENT THEM. ISRAEL HAS NEVER SOUGHT A WAR. ALL OF THE WARS HAVE BEEN FORCED UPON US. THE STRONGER ISRAEL WILL BE, THE BETTER CHANCES ARE, FOR NO ONE WILL NEGOTIATE WITH A WEAK ISRAEL.

IN OUR THIRD STRUGGLE, TO STRENGTHEN OUR ECONOMY, WE ARE THE ONLY COUNTRY OF THE MIDDLE EAST WHERE OIL HAS NOT BEEN FOUND. GOD WANTED US NOT TO RELY ON SOMETHING TO MAKE LIFE EASY. HE WANTED US TO WORK HARD. WE HAVE A HEAVY BURDEN OF DEFENDING OUR COUNTRY AND THE NEED TO ADVANCE IN SOCIETY--TO ABSORB IMMIGRANTS FROM THE SOVIET UNION, TO MAKE SURE OUR STANDARD OF EDUCATION IS HIGH. THE KIND OF SOCIETY WE ARE CREATING IN ISRAEL IS THAT WE AS JEWS ARE PROUD OF.

THE FOURTH STRUGGLE IS THE ROLE ISRAEL MUST PLAY IN JEWISH LIFE. WE HAVE BEEN ACCUSED IN THE UNITED NATIONS OF BEING RACIST. WHY? BECAUSE OF ONE LAW--THE LAW OF RETURN, ACCORDING TO WHICH A PERSON IS ENTITLED TO GO TO ISRAEL AND BE ACCEPTED AS AN ISRAELI CITIZEN. THIS IS THE ESSENCE OF THE ASPIRATION OF THE JEWS FOR CENTURIES -- TO HAVE A PLACE TO BE TOTALLY EQUAL AS EVERYBODY ELSE. THERE IS NO MORE WANDERING JEW. THE CREATION OF ISRAEL HAS SOLVED THIS PROBLEM.



PEACE, HOWEVER, IS NOT AT OUR DOOR. WE ARE LIVING UNDER THE  
THREAT OF A RESUMPTION OF HOSTILITIES. HOWEVER, WE DERIVE OUR  
POWER FROM OUR HISTORY, ITS HERITAGE, AND THE DEEP BELIEF THAT  
MILLIONS OF JEWS WILL BE FREE. THIS WILL BE OUR ACHIEVEMENT.  
WE BELIEVE WE HAVE POWER, DETERMINATION AND CONFIDENCE. IF  
WE DO THE POSSIBLE, THERE IS NOTHING THAT IS IMPOSSIBLE. WE  
BELIEVE THAT ALL THE PEOPLE THAT BELIEVE IN PEACE WILL BE WITH  
US. (END REMARKS)

\* \* \* \* \*

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*3-25-76  
1-25-76 4:30 pm*

# news report

TEL AVIV, JANUARY 27, 1976

## RABIN STRESSES ISRAELI FREEDOM IN PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, PA., JAN. 26--PRIME MINISTER YITZHAK RABIN WAS WELCOMED IN PHILADELPHIA TODAY AND WAS TOLD BY MAYOR FRANK L. RIZZO THAT "THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL AND THE UNITED STATE SHARE A MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING OF THE DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES."

MR. RABIN SPOKE BEFORE ENTHUSIASTIC CROWDS AT THE AIRPORT, AT THE SITE OF THE LIBERTY BELL, AND AT THE DOWNTOWN AUDITORIUM OF THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

HIS THEME BEFORE EACH GATHERING WAS THAT HIS PEOPLE WERE FIGHTING FOR THEIR FREEDOM JUST AS THE AMERICANS HAD DURING THEIR REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

"I AM IN PHILADELPHIA TODAY," HE SAID, "TO PAY TRIBUTE TO THE FATHERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION IN THE NAME OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF ISRAEL."

MR. RABIN POINTED OUT THAT HE WAS THE FIRST HEAD OF GOVERNMENT TO VISIT THE UNITED STATES DURING THE BICENTENNIAL YEAR. HE LAUDED AMERICA AS "THE HOPE FOR A BETTER WORLD."

(MORE)

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DURING HIS WHIRLWIND TOUR OF THE CITY, MAYOR RIZZO PRESENTED MR. RABIN WITH A WEDGEWOOD BOWL, WHICH DEPICTED SCENES OF HISTORIC PHILADELPHIA. THE PRIME MINISTER PRESENTED THE MAYOR WITH AN EIGHTEENTH CENTURY ENGRAVING OF THE CITY OF JERUSALEM.

EARLIER, THE MAYOR HAD GIVEN HIM A PROCLAMATION PLAQUE WHICH WELCOMED HIM TO THE CITY OF BROTHERLY LOVE.

LATER IN THE DAY HE IS SLATED TO ATTEND A RECEPTION IN HIS HONOR.

THE PRIME MINISTER AND HIS PARTY WILL HELICOPTER TO WASHINGTON TUESDAY MORNING TO BEGIN A FOUR-DAY VISIT WITH PRESIDENT FORD AND OTHER GOVERNMENT LEADERS. HE WILL ALSO ADDRESS A JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS.

BEFORE RETURNING TO ISRAEL, THE PRIME MINISTER IS EXPECTED TO VISIT NEW YORK CITY, CHICAGO, DETROIT AND LOS ANGELES.

\* \* \* \* \*

חוזם-617  
נשלח: 261800 76 ינו' 76

אל: רוסינגטון פילדלפיה  
מאת: המשרד

מ י י י י

פתיר - (אנא העבירו אלי) העסק השגריר.  
לחלן הודעת הדין משה וחסובותיו לשאלות העתונאים. מדייק בנפרד  
הודעתו באנגלית. יאני יוצא הבוקר לביקור רשמי בארה"ב לשם הוזמנת  
ע"י נשיא ארה"ב ומזכיר החוץ שלה. במשך הביקור אפגש עם הנשיא  
עם שר החוץ ועם שרים אחרים. חב"ד-קונגרס. מנהיגים אמריקאים בכל  
הצד ארה"ב וכמובן - עם המנהיגים וחלק ניכר מהקהילה היהודית.  
במסגרת הביקור ודאי יעלו נושאים מנושאים שונים. התקשרים במערכת  
היחסים של ישראל-ארה"ב בחזקת המדינה, הכחחוני והכלכלי. תינתן לי  
כמובן, ההזדמנות להביע את עמדות ישראל ודיעותיה בנושאים ובאורעים  
השונים שמדחשים ויחדשו במזרח התיכון ושמעניינים את הממשל  
ואת הציבור בארה"ב. באשר לתוכן הדברים ודאי שאין זה מתאים  
לומר מראש מה יאמר בשיחות בארה"ב וזאת אשאר לשיחות שמי.  
שאלה: האם אזה מביא הצעות חדשות לארה"ב, להסדר נוסף באיזור?  
הזי"מ: נניח שהייתי מביא - האם הייתי מודיע עליה. כאן?  
שאלה: באופן כללי?  
הזי"מ: אין לי מה להוסיף.  
שאלה: אחמול החליטה הממשלה שהיא דבקה בהחלטות הקיימות. לפני נסיעתך  
נאמר שעכשיו ישראל דבקה בצורה חיובית לאותה החלטות שהתקבלו  
בעבר איך תעשה זאת בארה"ב? האם אזה מוכן להדגים לנו?  
תשובה: לא אתה עכשיו הדיגמה - מה וכיצד יאמר. אני משוכנע שההחלטות  
הקיימות של הממשלה נותנות מרחב ניכר לתמרון. כדי לקדם את  
החליכי השלום וגם את הסיכויים. על כן אני לא הצעתי לממשלה לקבל  
כל החלטה נוספת לקראת נסיעתי.  
שאלה: האם בעקבות החלטה על גינוי הציונות התמצא זמן גם לפעול  
להגברת העליה. לעידוד העליה מארה"ב.  
תשובה: אנשה זאת, אינני חושב שאי פעם נפסקה הפעולה למען עליה מארה"ב.  
אני משוכנע שאריכ להגביר אותה, בהשוואה למה שהיה בעבר.  
עד כאן.

ר ר ר



משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

בלתי מסווג

מברק יוצא

אל: וושינגטון פילדלפיה

חוזם 516

מאת: המשרד

מייד

נשלח 261800 ינואר 76

פתיר (אנא העבירו) העתק חשגרי.

להלן הודעת רהם לעתונות בגמל התעופה לפני צאתו:

"THIS MORNING I AM LEAVING ON AN OFFICIAL VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES. I WAS INVITED BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, PRESIDENT FORD. I AM PLEASED TO BE FIRST HEAD OF GOVERNMENT THAT WILL OFFICIALLY VISIT THE UNITED STATES IN THIS YEAR, THE BICENTENNIAL YEAR OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION. IN MY VISIT I WILL HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO HAVE A DEEP AND THOROUGH EXCHANGE WITH THE PRESIDENT, WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE, MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND OTHERS, WHICH I BELIEVE IS ADVISABLE TO DO NOW, THAT IS IN VIEW OF WHAT HAS BEEN DEVELOPING IN THE AREA, THE PROBLEMS THAT WE FACE AND THE NEED TO ESTABLISH BETTER UNDERSTANDING AND COOPERATION IN THE EFFORTS TO MOVE THE PEACE PROCESS AHEAD. OF COURSE I WILL HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO MEET MEMBERS OF THE CONGRESS AND, AS YOU KNOW, I HAVE BEEN INVITED BY THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE AND THE SENATE TO DELIVER A SPEECH BEFORE A COMMON SESSION OF THE TWO HOUSES. AFTER THAT, I WILL TRAVEL FROM THE EAST TO THE WEST COAST AND I WILL BE ABLE TO MEET MANY PEOPLE AND TO PRESENT THE ISRAELI POSITION, THE ISRAELI THOUGHTS. THE ISRAELI EFFORTS TO BRING ABOUT PEACE, TO MANY PEOPLE ALL OVER THE UNITED STATES. OF COURSE THERE IS A SPECIAL MISSION TO THE JEWISH COMMUNITY, WITH THE LEADERS OF IT AND MANY MEMBERS I WILL HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO MEET ALL OVER THE UNITED STATES. I DON'T BELIEVE THAT GOING INTO ADDITIONAL DETAILS AT THIS STAGE IS ADVISABLE. AFTER ALL, THE PURPOSE OF THE TALKING IS TO MEET THE LEADERS OF THE UNITED STATES IN A PERSONAL WAY TO EXCHANGE VIEWS WITH THEM AND NOT WITH THE MEDIA. THANK YOU VERY MUCH.

AD KAN.

RANON --

רחם רנון

אב/אט

כל המוסר חובן מסמך זה. כולו  
או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לכן - עובר על החוק לתיקון  
דיני העונשין (בסמון המדינה  
יחסי-חוקן וסודות רשמיים).  
תשי"ז - 1957.

## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס-מסווג

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בשלה: 211800 ינו 76

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אל: המשרד

מאת: רוסינגסטון

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מעט הענק לשכת רוהם ביקור רוהם .  
כדי להוציא כתבי וטאמנה לזמן ביקור דרושנים לבו מיידית הפרטים הבאים  
של יוסף רוט (ידיעות אחרונות) מרלין לזין (סילס) ושלושת אנשי צוות הטלביזיה  
הגרמנית :  
מקום לידה : האריך לידה ומס דרכון ייתכן שהעפוזנאים עצבו כבר את הארץ אנא תחקשו  
למערכות . תבריקו בחוזר מיד .

פזנר

אורגון מעט לש רוהם

מ/א



2nd

stage - ✓

no. 100 - ✓

no. 100 - ✓

no. 100 - ✓

if - ✓

plans is - ✓

1st Penn. Corp.

stage - ✓

(univ. of Ill.)

הוא נמצא

1.1.76

200.7

הוא

הוא נמצא

הוא נמצא - 1.1.76

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הוא נמצא - 1.1.76

Risso - 1.1.76

1.1.76

הוא נמצא - 1.1.76

הוא נמצא - 1.1.76

הוא נמצא

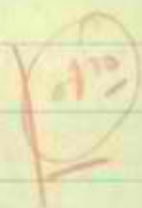


2300. 20.1.

1.10

the end of the year

the end of the year



the end of the year

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the end of the year

the end of the year

the end of the year

July 1914



not at - other part not

no, after certain cases

after this is, p. 3 is best

the the small

some what smaller part after it

the whole part is with

2. "I have not much more to say"

the other part is

not so deep as, the other is

the first part is the first

any other words -

the - the - the - the

the - the - the - the

the - the - the - the

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the - the - the - the

the - the - the - the

the - the - the - the

Living



- in 9 on the left

10.11.21

- water up -

11.11.21

12.11.21

- 11.11.21

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השקם הארץ הארצה.

every No 101 on file

5

11020 1/2 6-1/2 60

237, באקלא, אקספאן.

[illegible][illegible]



— steps run by the city  
— (1995) 1995

— 1995 1995 — 1995 1995

— 1995 1995 — 1995 1995  
— 1995 1995 — 1995 1995

— 1995 1995 — 1995 1995  
— 1995 1995 — 1995 1995

## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה,  
כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו  
מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק  
לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון  
המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות  
רשמיים), תשי"ז — 1957.

מברק נכנס — מסווג

דף מספר 1 מתוך 15 דפים  
עותק מספר 6 מתוך 15 עותקים

## סודי ביותר

מס. 356

נשלח 201800 ינו 76

אל המשרד

באת דושינגטון

מיוזי

אל אלי מזרחי לשכת רה"מ.

העתק לשכת שח"ח.

פגישת רה"מ עם סגן הנשיא נקבעה ליום ג' 27.1 ב-1730.

פלג

שחח רה"מ מנכל ממנכל

רע/ער



1977-1978

1977-1978

1977-1978  
1977-1978  
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1977-1978

מברק נכנס-משווג

## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

כל המוסר חוכן מסמך זה, כולו  
או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לכך - עובר על החוק לחיקון  
דיני העונשין (בסחון המדינה  
יחסי-חוץ וסודות רשמיים).  
תשי"ז - 1957.

טורדי - אישי

אל המשרד

מאת דושינגטון

354.00

בשלה 201800 127 76

מילרד

אלי מזרחי - לשכת רחמ - אישי.

למברק ארד 349.

גב' פורד מזמינה את גב' רבין לנהל ביטוי ד' 28.1 בשעת 1600.

פלג

מזרחי/לש.רחמ

ער/רע



כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה  
כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו  
מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק  
לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון  
המדינה יחסיוחוף וסודות  
רשמיים). תשי"ז — 1957.

## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מזכיר נכנס — מסווג

מס. 350

בשלה: 201200 ינו 76

סודי

אל: תמשרד

מאת: וושינגטון

מלידי

אלי מזרחי / לשכת רחמים. א י ש י

לחלן הכניית הארועים של הגבית רבי'נ:

יום ב' 26.1.76 פילדלפיה:

1. 1400 שטס קבלת פנים קצ' בשוח הזעופה.

2. 1500 שטס ליד פעמון החדות.

3. 1800-2000 קבלת פנים מטעם הקונכיל ורעיתו לרחמים ורעיתו.

יום ג' 27.1.76 וושינגטון.

1. 1030 שטס על מדשאת הבית הלבן.

2. 1300 ארוחת אחרים מטעם מזכיר המדינה במחמ'יד.

3. 1530 ראיון ליי וושינגטון סטאר' עם גוי' בילינגטון ביי בלייר האוסי'.

4. 2000 ארוחת ערב מטעם הנשיא בבית הלבן.

יום ד' 28.1.76 וושינגטון.

1. 1215 מקום שמור ביציע האורחים המכובדים יישאר לגבי רבי'נ בעת

הופעת רחמים בפני ישיבה משותפת של הסנט ובית הנבחרים.

2. 1330 ארוחת אחרים מטעם הגבי' דיניצ לכבוד הגבי' רבי'נ ביי מרכז קנדי' ביי יחדד ישראל'.

3. 2000 ארוחת ערב מטעם השגריר ורעיתו לכבוד רחמים ורעיתו בבית

השגריר.

יום ה' 29.1.76 וושינגטון.

1. 1215 ארוחת אחרים באועדון העתונות הלאומ'.

2. 1800-2000 קבלת פנים מטעם רחמים ורעיתו לכבוד נשיא ארז'י'ב

ורעיתו בשוחצם - אמריקנה.

יום ו' 30.1.76

1. 0900-1200 ביקור במרכז לילדים אוטיסטיים ב-

LINDWOOD FARMS ELLICHT CITY.

במלייה הגבי' דיניצ הגבי' דא'נ ברנשטיין,

MRS. MARY AKERLEY AND DR. REGINALD LOUIRIE



כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה,  
כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו  
מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק  
לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון  
המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות  
רשמיים). תשי"ז — 1957.

## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס — מסווג

- 2 -

2. 1530 תאריח לניו יורק

3. 1900 ארוחת ערב מטעם השגריר והצוג ורעייתו לכבוד החיים ורעייתו.  
יום שבת 31.1.76 - ניו יורק.

1. 1700 ראש עיריית ניו יורק וגבי בים יבקרו אצל החיים ורעייתו  
במלון.

2. 1830-2000 קבלת פנים מטעם מושל מדינת ניו יורק מר קרי.

3. 2000 ארוחת ערב מטעם המגבית.

יום ראשון 1.2.76 ניו יורק.

1. 1700-1830 קבלת פנים מטעם הבונדס.

2. 1930 ארוחת ערב מטעם השבועון טיים.

יום שני 2.2.76

1. 1130 קבלת פנים מטעם יי המועדון הכלכלי בדטרויט.

2. 1200 ארוחת אחרים מטעם יי המועדון הכלכלי בדטרויט.

3. 1900 ארוחת ערב מטעם ראש העיר לכבוד החיים ורעייתו.

יום שלישי 3.2.76 לוס אנג'לס.

1. 1200 קבלת פנים ובחמש ארוחת אחרים מטעם ה- WORLD AFFAIRS COUNCIL

2. 1930 מצעד כוכבים - SALUTE TO ISRAEL

יום רביעי 4.2.76 לוס אנג'לס.

1. 1000-1230 ביקור ב- U.C.L.A. במרכז ליכדים אוטיסטים.

3. 1300 ארוחת אחרים מטעם סקצית הנשים של ה- U.S.A. בלוס אנג'לס

בביתם של

MR. AND MRS. DAVED WEIZ

617 NORTH AREEN DRIVE, BEVERLY HILLS.

וארוחת מיועדת ל-80 נשים חתונות למעלה מ-5000 דולר.

לשיקולה של גבי רבינאם בציונה להשתתף במצרות העם בפילדלפיה ובשיקאגו.

א"ח

מזהיר / לש רחמ.

רע/בר



מחלקת הקשר

דף מספר 2 מתוך 5 עותקים

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה,  
כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו  
מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק  
לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון  
המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות  
רשמיים). תשי"ז — 1957.

סודי ביותר

כמות: 1000

מ ל ז

אלי מזרחי לשכת רווח.

מכיוונת גב' מורד לערוך את לכבוד גב' רכין. התאריך ושעת עדיין לא נקבעו.

אלי מזרחי/לשרתם הש

צב/גב

*(Handwritten signature)*



הקדמה

המבוא

אם קורה בנמצא המבוא.  
אם אולי זה לא צריך להיות ככה. - זה  
בסך הכל נראה לי טובה - והנמצא.  
- "אולי המבוא"

הוא היה מתחיל ב" 18-20 <sup>300</sup> + 10/2

זהו קול - נהיה קצת נהלי - וזהו פה.

[הנהיג. - הנהיג, הנהיג, הנהיג, הנהיג]

המבוא

הוא מביא את המבוא - קצת נהלי והנהיג.

הנהיג - הנהיג - הנהיג (הנהיג והנהיג)

הנהיג - הנהיג - הנהיג - הנהיג

הנהיג.



Slide group at Lyon report now

• 100% (100% - 100%) = 100% (100%)

• ... 4 for Ball - system

הנהגה נכונה

Ex. 20-30 - equal time 14/11  
14/11 14/11

הערה: יש להוסיף את המספרים הנכונים.

let's meet at Japan house with John

اس میں

דף ב' 26- נ"ה 28 במסכתות. הוא נ"ה

Rabbinical Council of America 11/1/80

נ"י טיפול . מים חמים . תה

15-1 קריאה וחינוך  
(הקדמה, חלק, חלק, חלק)

$[1, 1, 1]$

~~2011~~

مسند

1.  $\int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{3} (1^3 - 0^3) = \frac{1}{3}$

7<sup>th</sup> - 6 - 11 - 12

sp k

[illegible][illegible]



121

$\frac{1}{\mu_0} \frac{d}{dt} \int \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{l}$

• Capson shows. p16) - 14<sup>30</sup>

1. Stille Arbeit - Aufgabe 20. In einem Jahr

2011-12-12

math to my name - info

1. (11.1)  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |u|^2 dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} u \Delta u dx = - \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx$

01/2/20 - 1.1.20 N°

17/12/2017  
 17/12/2017

מברק נכנס-מסווג

משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

ס ר ד י

מ י ר ד י

אל: המשרד

מאח: רוסינגטון

אל: א. מזרחי לשכת רחמ.

ביקור רחמ.

אנא הודיעני בחוזר האם הידוע להתקין קוד טלפון ישירים בחזר רחמ בכל המלונות בהם ישות.

סמיר

א. מזרחי / לש. רחמ קבט גחלה

מב/כר

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה. כולו  
או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לכך - עובר על החוק לחיסון  
דיני העונשין (כטחון המדינה  
יחסיחוק וסודות רשמיים).  
תשי"ז 1957.

נשלח: 161300 יבואר 76

מזרחי  
לשכת רחמ

ס' 101 -  
ס' 101



## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס — מסווג

דף מספר 1 מתוך 6 דפים  
עותק מספר 5 מתוך 12 עותקים

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה,  
כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו  
מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק  
לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון  
המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות  
רשמיים). תשי"ז — 1957.

## סודי ביותר

מסי 266  
נשלח: 142100 ז'נו 76

מ י י י י

אל: המשרד

מאת: לווינגטון

סודי ביותר.

אל: אלי מזרח-לשכת רווח דע לשכת שהח

להלן תכנית ביקור רווח כפי שמצטיירת עד כה.

יום ב' 26.1.76

1400 נחיתה בפילדלפיה אל על 001. מתקבל בשדה התעופה על ידי ראש  
העיר יור חגיגות ה-200 ונכבדים יהודים. ראש העיר יברך קצרות  
ומצפים שרווח ישא דברים קצרים (עד חמש דקות) ינוגנו הימנונים,  
הקהילה תביא למקום כ-500 ילדים עם דגלי ישראל וארחב ואחד הילדים  
יברך את רווח בעברית.

1500 טכס ליד פעמון החרות בנוכחות ראשי ועידת חגיגות ה-200  
ראש העיר ומנהיגים אחרים. הוזמנו גם המושל הסנטורים וצירי הקונגרס  
של פנסילבניה רווח ישא דבר.

1600 עצרת עם (בנוכחות כ-3000 איש) המאורגנת על ידי הקהילה היהודית  
בפילדלפיה באולם האקדמיה לאמנויות (במרחק 5 דקות נסיעה  
באולם הזכויות של פעמון החרות).

1800-2000 קבלת פנים במלון שרתון מטעם הקונסל לראשי הקהילה ואישים  
בולטים במדינת פנסילבניה ובעיר פילדלפיה (כ-300 איש).  
לינה במלון שרתון.

יום ג' 27.1.76

REFLECTING POOL

0945 תמראה לווינגטון בהליקופטר. נחיתה ליד ה-

ומשם במכוניות לבית הלבן.

1030 טכס על מדשאת הבית הלבן. הנשיא ורווח ישאו דברים קצרים (חמש דקות)



## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס - מסווג

דף מספר 2 מתוך 6 דפים

עותק מספר 5 מתוך 12 עותקים

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה, כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך לכך - עובר על החוק לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות רשמיים). תשי"ז - 1957.

## סודי ביותר

=2=

1100 פגישה עם הנשיא

1300 ארוחת צהריים מטעם מזכיר המדינה במחמד, רוזם והמזכיר ירימ כוסיט.

פגישה עם סגן הנשיא.

1530 פגישה עם בוש בבית השגריר.

2000 ארוחת ערב מטעם הנשיא בבית הלבן ( BLACK TIE ) הנשיא

רוזם ישאו דבריימ) ( TOAST

לינה בבלייר האוז.

יום די 28.1

0800 ארוחת בוקר עם המזכיר בבלייר האוז.

1100 פגישה שניה עם הנשיא.

1215 רוזם גואם בפני ישיבה משותפת של הסינט ובית הנבחרים. (20-30 דקות)

1330 ארוחת צהריים מטעם ועדות החוץ של שני החזים בנוכחות סגן הנשיא (לגברים בלבד)

(?) פגישות עם ועדת ההקצבות של הסינט.

1600 פגישה עם שר האוצר סימון בבלייר האוז.

1730 פגישה עם שר ההגנה ומספד בבלייר האוז.

2000 ארוחת ערב מטעם השגריר לכבוד רוזם) ( BLACK TIE , TOAST

יום הי 29.1

0800 ארוחת בוקר עם סנטורים בבלייר האוז.

0930 נציגי העתונות הישראלית ובחמש ראיון לשלביזיה הישראלית.

(?) פגישות עם סנטורים או צירי קונגרס

1215 מועדון העתונות הלאומי

1600 ועדת ההקצבות של בית הנבחרים

1800-2000 קבלת פנים עי רוזם או השגריר במלון שוורצמא אמריקנה.



## משהד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס — מסווג

דף מספר 3 מתוך 6 דפים  
עותק מספר 5 מתוך 12 עותקים

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה,  
כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו  
מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק  
לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון  
המדינה יחסייחוי וסודות  
רשמיים). תשי"ז — 1957.

## סודי ביותר

=3=

יום ו' 30.1

0830 ארוחת בוקר עם מעצבי דעת קהל בבלייר האו"ז.  
1000 פגישה עם הקבינט הארצי של המגבית בבלייר האו"ז.  
1100 פגישה עם הקבינט הארצי של הבונדס בבלייר האו"ז.

משכ פגישות עם סנטורים

ארוחת צהריים בבלייר האו"ז.

1530 תמראה לניו יורק

1630 נחיתה בלה גווארדיה

1900 ארוחת ערב אצל השגריר הרצוג אליה הוזמנו אישים יהודים.

אדרי הארוחה נציגים ושליחים ישראלים.

לינת-במלון וולדורף אסטוריה.

יום שבת 31.1

בוקר פגישות אישיות במלון (סקגורג בנדי, סיירוס ואנס, יוג'ין רוסאטו  
וצרלס ורנקה).

פגישה עם השגריר מויננהא במלנו של רוחם.

צהריים ארוחת צהריים עם עורכים ומעצבי דעת קהל במלון.

1700 ראש עיריית ניו יורק וגב בימ יבקרו אצל רוחם במלון.

1830-2000 קבלת פנים מטעם מושל מדינת ניו יורק מר יו קרי

ב- המושל יבוא למלון בשעה 1800

485 PARK AVE. APT. 14

ויסע יחד עם רוחם למקום קבלת הפנים.

2000 - ארוחת ערב מטעם המגבית במלון סטטלר הילטון בניו יורק

(800-1000 איש).

יום ראשון 1.2

0930 פגישה עם מועדון הנשיאים ומשתתפי כנס ההזדהות בירושלים

במלון (80-90 איש)





## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס — מסווג

דף מספר 4 מתוך 6 דפים  
עותק מספר 5 מתוך 12 עותקים

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה, כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות רשמיים), תשי"ז — 1957.

## סודי ביותר

==4==

1200 ייפגוש את העתונות) ותכנית מתחילה ב-1230 באולפני NBC  
ביוקפולר סנטר.  
1430-1600 פגישה עם מנהיגים מקרב האיגודים המקצועיים וארגונים  
כושיים ונוצרים (300-400 איש) במלון. פתוח לעתונות. רוחם ישא דברים  
וישיב לשאלות.  
1700-1830 קבלת פנים מטעם הבונדס כמאתיים איש במלון.  
1930 ארוחת ערב מטעם השבועון טיים בבנין טיים (בהשתתפות  
רעיות כ-70-90 משתתפים) רוחם ישא דברו.

יום שני 2.2  
0900 המראה לדטרויט  
1030 נחיתה בדטרויט  
1100 מסיבת עיתונאים מטעם יימועדון הכלכלי  
1130 קבלת פנים מטעם יימועדון הכלכלי  
באותו המקום.  
1200 ארוחת צהריים מטעם יימועדון הכלכלי  
מצפים להשתתפות כ-2,000-2,500 איש.  
1345 יציאה לשדה התעופה  
1430 המראה לשיקגו  
1430 (זמן שיקגו) נחיתה בשיקגו מתקבל על ידי ראש העיר  
ראיון לתכנית הטלביזיה KUPCINET SHOW הקלטה באולפן.  
1645 פגישה עם מנהיגי הקהילה (כ-16 איש) בחסות הקונכל קחדר הישיבות  
MCCORMECK BLDG ב-

920 FREE PRESS BLDG

RIVERVIEW BALLROOM

..../5



## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס — מסווג

דף מספר 5 מתוך 6 דפים  
עותק מספר 5 מתוך 12 עותקים

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה, כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות רשמיים). תשי"ז — 1957.

## סודי ביותר

=5=

HARRY CROWN THEATRE MCCORMECK BLDG  
PALMER HOUSE רוחם ישן דברים

1730 עצרת עם (כ-2000 איש) ב-  
1900 ארוחת ערב מטעם ראש העיר ב-  
( TOAST )

2200 פגישה עם שליחים ישראלים פעילי סטודנטים ומנהיגים יהודים  
צעירים במלון.  
לינה-במלון דרייק.

יום ג' 3.2

0700 יציאה מהמלון לשדה התעופה  
0810 המראה ללוס אנג'לס

1030 מגיע ללוס אנג'לס קבלת פנים בשדה התעופה על ידי ראש העיר.  
1130 מסיבת עיתונאים מטעם ה-  
WORLD AFFAIRS COUNCIL בלוס אנג'לס הילטון.

בלוס WORLD AFFAIRS COUNCIL

1200 ארוחת צהריים מטעם ה-  
אנג'לס הילטון.

1600 פגישה עם שליחים ישראלים סטודנטים ופעילים (80-90 איש) במלון.

BEVERLY HILTON במלון SALUTE TO ISRAEL

רוחם יאמר דברי ברכה קצרים.

CENTURY PLAZA HOTEL

לינה

יום ד' 4.2

0830 ארוחת בוקר עם השגריר

1000 ביקור ברנד קורפורטיין בשנטה מוניקה. רוחם יראה בפני צוות



000000

0871 0795 00(C-0009 H'U) E-  
0091 H'U 0795 00(C-0009 H'U) E-  
( )

[illegible]

ש"ס-תש"ז

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

0850 \*244 0850 0850 0850

08:30 morning drive west

[illegible]

0811 00707 01444000 0000 00

உதா: 94400 670094

[illegible]

PLATO 1700 L.

[illegible]

0501 0XVT C1CC\*0

סימנים וצורות חיים

5

760 7<sup>th</sup> S.E.

0380 מ"מ ציוד לבד

[illegible]

## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס — מסווג

דף מספר 6 מתוך 6 דפים

עותק מספר 5 מתוך 12 עותקים

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה,  
כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו  
מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק  
לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון  
המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות  
רשמיים). תשי"ז — 1957.

## סודי ביותר

=6=

המחקר וישיב על שאלות בפני צוות המחקר של המכון (600) איש ובחמש  
פגישה של כ-20-30 דקות עם הנהלת המכון (15 איש)

BEVERLY HILLS HOTEL

1200 ארוחת אחרים מטעם הבונדס (כ-150 איש) ב-

1400 פגישה עם הלויס אנגלס טיימס במערכת הלויס אנגלס טיימס.

SINAI TEMPLE

1500 עצרת חלמידים וסטודנטים כ-1000 איש ב-

BEVERLY HILTON

1900 ארוחת ערב מטעם המגבית במלון

2300 תמראה לניו יורק

יום ה' 5.2

0900 נחיתה בניו יורק

פגישה עם טד קימינגס.

ארוחת אחרים עם אינטלקטואלים ופרופסורים (50 איש) במלון.

אחצ- פגישה עם שליחים ישראלים עובדי המשרדים הישראלים בניו יורק

AMERICA ISRAEL FREINDSHIP HOUSE 136 EAST 39 ST.

ומשתלמים ב-

ערב-תמראה ארצה.

לגבי אותה פגישות שטרם צויינה השעה לא ניתנה היה לקבוע עד שעה

תמועד הסופי. כמובן שיחכב שינוי במועד זה או אחר.

דיניצ-

שחח רחמ

צג/א



מדינת ישראל  
שירות ביטחון כללי

סודי

16 / 317 / 730  
76 ינו 14

דף אחד בלבד  
עותק 2 מחור 4 עו

סל 4/2  
רח"מ  
יבא

תא"ל וולטר כראון  
הצנזור הראשי

הנדון: מניעת פרסום סיפורת רה"מ לארה"ב - ינו 76

1. רה"מ ופמלייתו ייצאו לארה"ב ביום שני 26 ינו 76 בטיסה אל-על 001 המראה בשעה 09.00. וינחתו בשדה התעופה הבינלאומי בפילדלפיה בשעה 14.00 זמן מקומי.
2. לאחר רדת רה"מ והפמליה, תמשיך הטיסה לביו-יורק.
3. הנך מתבקש למנוע פרסום הקשור במספר הטיסה, מטלולה, ולוח הזמנים עד לאחר ההפראה.
4. עד עתה פורסם שרה"מ יהיה בווינגטון ג-27 ינו 76, אך לא פורסם שייצא ג-26 ינו 76.
5. אנו נעמוד בקשר עם לשכת רה"מ, ונקבע דרך הזמנה העתוגאים לקראת הטיסה.
6. פרטים הקשורים בחזרה, עוד נודיעך.

ב ב ר כ ה

*am*

עמירם שמיר  
ר' היחידה לאבטחה אישים

העוק: אלי מזרחי - לשכת רה"מ

# SECRET

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2. This information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your organization.
3. This information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your organization.
4. This information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your organization.
5. This information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your organization.
6. This information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your organization.
7. This information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your organization.

SECRET

SECRET



## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס - מסווג

דף מספר 1 מתוך 1 דפים  
עותק מספר 6 מתוך 15 עותקים

## סודי ביותר

אל: המשרד

נמסר: דושינגטון

אלי מזרחי - לשכת רת"מ, לשכת שה"ח.

1. על דעת דיניץ וחורצוג ממליצים שרת"מ יפגש בניו יורק עם מורינהאן. אנא אישורכם.

2. העבירו נא רשימה הממלית לפי ה- SENIORITY, הנ"ל לבקשת הטכס האמריקאי.

פלג

שהח רחמ מנכלל עברון

מב/ער

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה: כולו  
אומקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לכד - עובר על החוק לתיקון  
דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה  
והסיוע וסודות רשמיים).  
תשי"ז - 1957

163.00

נשלח: 111100 ינו 76

כל המוסד הוכן מסמך זה, כולו  
או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לכך - עובר על החוק לתיקון  
דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה  
חסינות וסודות רשמיים).  
חשי"ז - 1957.

## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס-מסווג

מס. 152

בשלה 101900 יבו 26

טודי

אל: המשרד

מאת: וושינגטון

מזרחי-לשכת רחם.

דע לשכת שח.

בפור רחם.

1. אירינג ברנשטיין וטיילסר מבקשים שהגב רבינ העיין שוב בבקשתם  
להופיע באירוח צהריים מטעם הטיבת הנשים של הפדרציה בלוס אנג'לס ביום  
ד' 4 פברואר. האירוח מיועד לקבוצה של 80-100 נשים החורמות 5000 דולר  
המעה. הם מייחסים הטיבות רבה ביותר להשתתפות באירוח הנל.
2. הנחלת הבונס מבקשת לקיים אירוע מיוחד של הטיבת הנשים שלהן בווינגטון  
בהשתתפות הגב רבינ במשכ שהוחכם כאן.
3. בגלל לוח הזמנים הדחוף של רחם לא יכולנו להענות לבקשת יחיאל לקט  
מנהל מח העלית, ולקיים כנס בשעות הערב עם פעילי עליה ועולים  
פוטנציאליים במשכ שהוחכם בגיו יורק.
4. לאור זה מבקש לקט פגישה מצומצמת של רחם עם שליחי עליה בגיו יורק.  
אם הנכם מאשרים, ניהג לקבוע הפגישה ביום ה' 6 בפברואר בשעה 11:00.
5. בשיתוף השלפונית ציינת הצעה לקיום פגישה עם מחנכים עבריים אנו  
לא קבלנו בקשה כל שהיא ולא ידוע לנו על הצעה כזו כאן.
6. ואם באים עמכם שתונאים לסקור הביקור ואם כן מי ?  
אנא תשובותיכם.

א"ד,==

שהח רחם מנכל עכיון

מכ/מח



ISBN: 1 85142 601 1

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525

TV docu with...

עצמאות

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

החל מיום חתימת הסכם השילומים נעשה שימוש במונח "השילומים" במקום "התשלומים".

[illegible][illegible]

8. פרוטוקול פגישת הוועדה להקמת מועצה מקומית, 1950.

W.M. PETERSON, JR.

YFT 412010

was not detected.

OC/OT

כל המוסד תוכן מסמך זה, כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך לכך - עובר על החוק לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה יחסי-חוק וסודות דשמיים), תשי"ז - 1957.

# משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס - מסווג

ס מ ר

מס. 49

בשלה 052000 ינו 76

אל : המשרד

מאת : וושינגטון

מ י י ד י

*Handwritten notes:*  
למזכיר  
למזכיר  
למזכיר

אלמלי מזרחי

לשכת רווח דע לשכת שחה

ביקור רווח.

במשכ לשיתח. חוג. רשימת האישים שלדעתו צריכ להכין עבורם מלגות.

1. ש עירית פילדלפיה.

2. יור ועדת האגרות ה-200 בפילדלפיה.

3. תשיא ורעיותו.

4. סגן תשיא ורעיותו.

5. המזכיר וגב קיסנאגר.

6. יור בית תנבחים.

7. מוסל מדינת ניו יורק.

8. ראש עירית ניו יורק.

9. חדלי דונוב. TIME

10. יור המועדון הכלכלי בדטרויט.

11. ראש עירית שיקגו.

12. ראש עירית לוס אנגלס.

13. יור המועדון.

14. עורכ הלוס אנגלס טיימס.

מזכ. יש להכין מתנות לטיסקו באג יתלווח לרווח במסעו מחוצ

לוושינגטון. לראש השקס וכ. מספר מתנות עבור המלון וראשי המסחון

המריקנים מנהלת הייכלייר הארזי וסגניתה וכדו.

אם החיינה לשגריר הערות או הצעות נוספות לבית אליס בפרד.

אד-בצור.

WORLD AFFAIRS COUNCIL בלוס אנגלס

שחה רווח מכלל ממכלל

מב/מב



שחן רחם מובל / מ/מובל ממנו נקטת הסכרת חקר  
מאמר





מברק יוצא — מסווג

משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה,  
כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו  
מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק  
לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון  
המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות  
רשמיים). תשי"ז — 1957.

שמו

אל: וושינגטון

מאת: המשרד

בחול

בנצור.

שלך 627.

לשכת רה"מ מאשרת פריסום ההודעה ב-31.12 שעה 1800 שעוננו (1100 שעונכם)

ל.השר

שתח רהמ מנכל ממנכל

אב/ער

מס. 532

נשלח: 301200 דצמ 75

מברק נכנס-מסווג

משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה, כולו  
או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לכך - עובר על החוק לתיקון  
דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה  
יחסי-חוק וסודות רשמיים),  
חסי"ז - 1957.

שומר

אל: המשרד

באת: וושינגטון

מיידי

לשכת שח. לשלכם 532.

מן הבית חלבן מבקשים שפרטוט התודעה על ביקור רוהמ יבחן ב-31.11 ת-1130 שערן וושינגטון  
ולא ב-1100.

בנצור

שח רחמ מכלל ממכלל

א/גא



100-2-0011

100-2-0011

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משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס - מסווג

דף מספר מתוך דפים

עותק מספר 15 מתוך 15 עותקים

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה, כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך לכך - עובר על החוק לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות רשמיים). תשי"ז - 1957.

סודי ביותר

*Handwritten signature and initials*

מסי 547

נשלח: 241500 דאב 75

ב ה ו ל

אל-זמסרד

מאת: וושינגטון

סודי ביותר.

א ר י א ל

לשכת רוחם לשכת שהח - למען ים בלבד

סיסקו שלח לי את הצעת ההודעה הבאה שמציעים למינסה בירושלים ובוושינגטון עי הבית חבל כ-20 בדצמבר. אגא הערותים בחו"ד.

HIS EXCELLENCY, YITZHAK RABIN, PRIME MINISTER OF ISRAEL, HAS ACCEPTED PRESIDENT FORDS INVITATION TO VISIT THE UNITED STATES FROM JANUARY 27 TO FEBRUARY 4. IN ADDITION TO HAVING DISCUSSIONS WITH THE PRESIDENT AND OTHERS IN WASHINGTON, PRIME MINISTER RABIN WILL VISIT SEVERAL OTHER CITIES. PRESIDENT AND MRS FORD LOOK FORWARD TO RECEIVING PRIME MINISTER AND MRS RABIN ON THIS VISIT WHICH WILL SERVE TO SYMBOLIZE THE CLOSE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ISRAEL THE THE US. THE VISIT WILL PROVIDE AN APPORTUNITY FOR THE PRESIDENT AND THE PRIME MINISTER TO DISCUSS IN DEPTH THE CURRENT SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

ד י נ י צ

שהח רחמ מנבל עברון

צג/כר



# משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק יוצא - מסווג

כל המוסר חוכן מסמך זה. כולו  
או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לכך - עובר על החוק לחיקון  
דיני השגשגין (בטחון המדינה  
יחסינות וסודות רשמיים).  
השגשג - 1957.

דף מספר מתוך דפים

עוֹתֵק מספר 5 מתוך 16 עוֹתֵקִים

## סודי ביותר

מס; 416

בשלה; 241430

אל; רושינגטון

מאת; המשרד

ס יד י

דיביז.

לשלך 494. ביקור ורהם.

להלן מא. מזרחי.

1. ורהם מאשר הצעת מסגרת הביקור כמבוקש הנל.

2. הברקנא הצעתך להודעה משותפת על הביקור.

לשכת השר

נחה ורהם מנכל ממנכל

תא/דל

משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס - מסווג

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה,  
כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו  
מוסמך לכך - עובר על החוק  
לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון  
המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות  
רשמיים). תש"ז - 1957.

דף מספר 1 מתוך 2 דפים  
עותק מספר 6 מתוך 11 עותקים

סודי ביותר

מס': 494

נשלח: 22.2100 דצמ. 75

אלהם שרד.  
מאת: רושינגטון.

- י י י י -

א ר י א ל

לשכת רוחים.

לשכת שחיה.

למען כלבד.

ביקור רוחם.

בשיחות שקיימתי עם סיסקו וחמזכיר סימנו את ומסגרת הכאה לתב"ית ביקור  
רוחם. כמובן שכל הפרטים שרמ לובבו סופית.

א. רוחם יגיע לפילדלפיה ביום שני 26 בינואר בשעות אחד האחרים. יערכ  
טקס ליד מעון החדות. לינה בפילדלפיה.

ב. ביום שלישי 27 בינואר בבקר טיסה לרושינגטון מתקבל ע"י הנשיא.

ג. 27 ו-28 בינואר מוקדשים לפגישות רשמיות עם הנשיא סגן הנשיא מזכיר  
המדינה שר ההגנה ושר האוצר. הפגישות שנקבעו עם הנשיא יתקיימו ב-27  
ב-28 בבקר וב-28 ב-1100 בבקר.

ד. הנשיא יערוך ארוחה רשמית לרוחם ב-27 בערב והשגריר ב-28 בערב.

ה. רוחם יופיע בישיבה משותפת של שני בתי הקונגרס ביום רביעי 28 בינו  
ב-1215. לאחר הישיבה תחב ארוחת אחרים מטעם סגן הנשיא למנהיגות שני  
הבתי.

ו. ביום 28 ו-29 יערוך רוחם פגישות עם סנטורים וחברי קונגרס כולל  
הופעות בוועדות החוצ והקצבות של שני הבתי.

NATIONAL PRESS CLUB

ז. ביום שישי 30 בינואר באחרים מתכנן ים הופעה ב-

ח. ביום שישי אחד האחרים תמראה לניו יורק.

ט. יום שישי בערב ארוחת ערב אצל הדימוג.

י. שבת פגישות במלון.

יא. מוצאי שבת 31 בינואר ארוחה מטעם המגבית ו/או הבונדס.



# משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס - מסווג

דף מספר 2 מתוך 2 דפים  
 עותק מספר 6 מתוך 15 עותקים

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה, כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך לכך - עובר על החוק לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה יחסיחוץ וסודות רשמיים). תש"ז - 1957.

## סודי ביותר

יב. יום ראשון 1 בפברואר - בבקר פגישה עם מועדון הנשיאים ומשתתפי כנס החזקהות בירושלים.

MEET THE PRESS

- באחרים - הופעה ב-

- אחד הצדדים הופעה במדיטון סקוואר גרדן.

- לפנות ערב - קבלת פנים מטעם המושל או קבלת פנים של הכוננס.

- ארוחת ערב מטעם משרכת TIME לאנשי הכלכלה והתעשייה.

יג. יום שני 2/2 בבקר תמראה לשיקגו.

- ארוחת צהרים מטעם ה-MID-AMERICA CLUB

- אחד הצדדים פגישה עם המנהיגות היהודית.

- בערב ארוחת ערב מטעם ראש העיר.

יד. יום שלישי 3/2 בבקר תמראה ללוס אנג'לס.

- אחרים מטעם ה-WORLD AFFAIRS COUNCIL

- אחד הצדדים פגישה עם המנהיגות היהודית.

- בערב SALUTE TO ISRAEL של אמנים וכוכבים.

טו. יום רביעי 4/2 תמראה בן יו יורק.

חזרה לישראל ביום רביעי או תשישי.

הערות: כל תל הקורים העיקריים למסגרת הביקור. מובן שיש לעבד הפרטים. אגף הצעותימ והשרותימ.

תמגיבית הכוננס שואלים אם רותם יהיה מוכן. לאסוף ספנים בעת הופעותיו בסבילם בן יו יורק.

ד"ר יצחק

שחח רחמ מנכל עכרון

צג/חב





429  
708  
885

יגל: קבט ניו יורק  
קבט וושינגטון  
וע: רמב"ם ניו יורק  
במחל משחח  
מאת: שפיר גחלה 730

ס ו ר י  
ס ו ר י  
ר ג י ל

462

ב י ס ו ר ד ה י י מ

1. לחל"ה החוכנית כפי שידועה עתה:-  
יום שני 26 ינואר יציאה, שרם ידוע עם ישירות לווינגטון או דרך  
ניו יורק, החרב תלוי בטעם האמריקאי.
2. יום שלישי 27 ינואר-1100 פגישת עם הנשיא בערב ארוחת ערב מטעם הנשיא.
3. יום רביעי 28 ינואר-1100 פגישת שניה עם הנשיא.  
1215-במאום לפני שני בתי הנבחרים.  
בערב ארוחת מטעם השגריר.
4. יום חמישי 29 ינואר- פגישות בקונגרס.
5. יום שישי 30 ינואר- תזכר הופעה בפני עתונאים.  
בשעות הצהריים טיסה לניו יורק.
6. כיסום סבת ראשון ושני שהיה בניו יורק ותזכר הופעה במדיסון וסקוור  
גורדן.
7. יום שלישי 3 פברואר- בשעות הבוקר יציאה לטרוויט. בשעה 1000 פגישת  
במקום עם יהודים. בצהריים ארוחת אחרים עם חברי המועדון הכלכלי  
בחסות מכס פילדל. תזכר יציאה מטררוויט כלום אנגילס בשעות אחרי צ  
ובאותו יום אירוע בשעות הערב.
8. יום רביעי 4 פברואר- יתכנ אירוע נוסף כלום אנגילס.
9. החזרה ארצה תלויה בליות הפעילות כלום אנגילס. באים יספיקו להגיע לטיסת  
אל על ארצה באותו יום.
10. בשלב זה שרם ידוע המספר והמדיניות של אנשי הפמליה והמאבטחים בורדיעס  
בדקום.
11. אגף המעקב בפרטים ועדכנו אותנו, מרכז הביקור השגריר בווינגטון  
והציר משה ארד.
12. יחדיו הגורמים ישונים למניעת פרסום ולצורות החזמנה והביקור עם  
הפוזמנים לארועים.
13. אנו נשגר מקדים לתאום אחרונות בקראת הביקור.
14. פרטים נוספים בורדיעס.



100 UNIVERSAL CITY PLAZA  
UNIVERSAL CITY, CALIFORNIA 91608

PHONE 965-4321

EXECUTIVE OFFICES



December 19, 1975

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin  
Hatiria  
32 Elizear Kaplan Street  
Jerusalem, Israel

Dear Mr. Prime Minister:

I understand you will be here Tuesday, February 3, for a dinner that will not be a fundraiser but only in respect to the motion picture and television industries and that you will appear in only three or four cities prior to meeting with the President.

I of course will see you at the dinner, and if you would like to have a few minutes alone with Ted Cummings or me, please let me know.

With every good wish for the coming year.

Sincerely,

Taft B. Schreiber







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 28 3

29 100

100 100

N.P.C. 100 100  
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- Meet the Press.

M.S.G.

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1.  $x \cdot \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{xy}$  ✓

2.

3.  $(a \cdot b)^2 = a^2 \cdot b^2$  ✓

4.  $\sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{ab}$  ✓

5.  $\sqrt{a^2} = |a|$  ✓

6.  $\sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{ab}$  ✓

7.  $\sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{ab}$  ✓

8.  $\sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{ab}$  ✓

9.



OK

השאלה 212

השאלה 212 -  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle$

השאלה 212 -  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle$

$\langle \text{exposure. } \frac{1}{2} \rangle$

השאלה 212 -  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle$

השאלה 212 -  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle$

השאלה 212 -  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle$

השאלה 212 -  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle$

- -  $H_{12}$  -  $H_{11}$
- $P_{\text{response}} \cdot T_2 - 1/\mu_1 - 1/\mu_2$

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 811 2 (m)  $\mu_1$   $\mu_2$  (m)  $\mu_1$   
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 $H_{12}$   $H_{11}$   $\mu_1$   $\mu_2$



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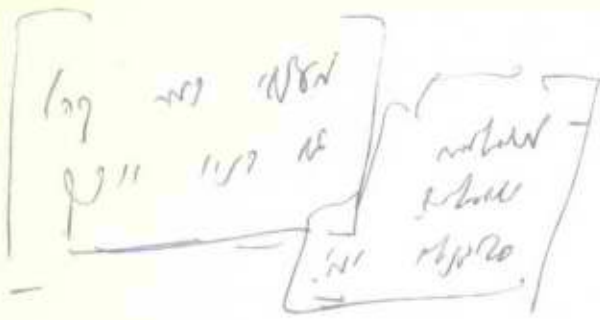
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כלי כסף  
כלי זהב

לשם קדש

הקדש המצוי - (מזבח קדש) - (הקדש המצוי)

1. 29.1. הוועדה ה'ה' יקבל א' מה' ה'ה' המצוי  
(כ-20 א"ש)

2. 31.1. ה'ה' (מ.ה.) ש'ה' י'ה' ג'ה' א'ה'  
מ'ה' 1,200 א"ש.

3. ש'ה' א'ה' ו'ה' ק'ה' ש'ה' י'ה' ל'ה' ש'ה'

א'ה' ה'ה' ג'ה' א'ה' ל'ה' ה'ה' ה'ה' ה'ה'

4. ש'ה' א'ה' ש'ה' א'ה' (4.2) ג'ה' א'ה'  
ג'ה' - ה'ה' 2,000 א"ש

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1988 FEB 10

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה, כולו  
או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך  
לכך - עובר על החוק לחוקן  
דוני העונשין (בסחון המדינה  
הסייחון וסודות רשמיים),  
תשי"ז - 1957.

## משרד החוק

ממלכת הקשר

מברק נכנס - מסווג

דף מספר \_\_\_\_\_ מתוך \_\_\_\_\_ דפים

עותק מספר 7 מתוך 5 עותקים

## סודי ביותר

מס. 352

נשלח: 161600 רצח 75

אל: משרד

ממלכת הקשר

אלי מזרחי - לשכת רא"מ, העתק: לשכת שח"ח.

ביקור רא"מ.

1. סמית במחמד החקשר ובקט אישורכו לפגישות הנשיא עם רא"מ ב-27.1 בשעה 1100 לשכת וחצי וב-28.1 ב-1100 לשעה ב-27.1 בערב יערכו הנשיא ורעייתו אירוח ערב לכבוד רא"מ וגב' זכין.
  2. מאכנבים הופעת רא"מ בפני ישיבה משותפת של הסינכט ובית הנבחרים ב-28.1 ב-1215.
  3. סמית אמר שהשגריר טון חבין מרא"מ שכונתו להיות בחדרו בארץ לישיבה הממשלה של ה-1,2.
- אנא תבחרכם.

פלג

שחח רחמ מנכל ממנכל

אב/קר



דף מספר מתוך דפים

עותק מספר 6 מתוך 15 עותקים

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה, כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך לכך - עובר על החוק לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות רשמיים) תשי"ז - 1957

שחקים  
מאשר  
חתימה  
תאריך 4/12/55

סודי ביותר

ו.ג.ה.  
הוצעה לאה ה. מילר

מ י י י י י מסי 184

נשלח: 032000 דצמ 75

ואג.2.

ינינו

אל:משרד

מאת:וויטגסטון

סודי ביותר.

אל:לשכת רוזם. לשכת שחח.

אריאל.

ביקור רוזם.

לחל. הצעתי להתכבד ראשונה בחוד מסגרת כללית לביקור רוזם. כמובן שטוב נקבע וזה עם המארחים מלבד שני הימים של התפגש עם הנשיא ברושנינגטון ומהתכבות ולקבן תה קודם כל לשיקלולו.

א.רוזם יגיע ביום ב' 26 ינואר ויגיע ישירות לוושינגטון או באל על או במטוס של נשיא מניו יורק. יום שני בעקב יוקדש להתייעצויות פנימיות ברושנינגטון.

ב.ביום ג' 27 בינואר בבוקר תערכ קבלת הפנים והעמית במדשאת הבית הלבן ולאחריה פגישות עם המזכיר והנשיא. בסוף ובאמצע שיקבעו.

ג.ביום ג' בעקב יערוך הנשיא ארוחת ערב רשמית לרוזם בבית הלבן. ביום ד' 28 ינואר ימשיכו השיחות עם הנשיא והמזכיר. יתכן והמזכיר יצא לערוך ארוחת צהריים רשמית לרוזם. באותו יום אפשר גם לקבוע פגישה עם מזכיר החגנה. פגישה עם שר האוצר ויתכן באותו יום או לאחר.

ה.ביום רביעי בערב יערוך השגריר ארוחת רשמית לראש הממשלה. ו. ביום תשי"ז 29 בינואר תיחם החופשה של רוזם בפני שני בתי הקונגרס. שם כ. נקדיש את יומת ישי לפגישות עם חברי קונגרס מרכזיים או במסגרת חופשה בפני ועדות או לפגישות אחרות. שם כ. חשוב שרוזם ייפגש אישית עם כל המועמדים המרכזיים לנשיאות.





כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה, כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון המדינה יחסיוחן וסודות רשמיים). תשי"ז — 1957.

דף מספר \_\_\_\_\_ מתוך \_\_\_\_\_ דפים

עותק מספר \_\_\_\_\_ מתוך \_\_\_\_\_ עותקים

## סודי ביותר

=2=

ז. יום שישי 30 ינואר בבוקר אפשר לצל לפגישות נוספות בווינגטון ואולי הופעה בצדדים במועדון העתונות הלאומי (זאת בנוסף לסיבת העתונאים שיכול אולי רותם לערוך ביום רביעי לאחר סיום הפגישות עם הנשיא).

ח. יום שישי אחר הצדדים טיסה לבין יורק. יום שישי בערב אפשר לערוך ארוחה בבית הדגוג או הקונכל במתכונת זו או אחרת.

ט. יום שבת 31 ינואר בבין יורק להקדיש לפגישות אינ' ידוריאוליות. מוצאי שבת- אפשרות של הופעה מרכזית מטעם המגבית או הכונס, (או משותף) או הופעה במדיסון סקוואר גרדן (או ביום א).

יא. יום ראשון 1 פברואר במשך היום פגישות אינ' דיואליות עם אישים. הופעה ב- MEET THE PRESS אחר הצדדים או בערב הופעה במדיסון סקוואר גרדן (אם לא במוצאי).

יב. יום שני 2 פברואר, פגישת עם מועדון הנשיאים קבלת פנים מטעם המושל וראש העיר. ארוחת ערב מטעם מערכת טיים לראשי התעשייה בארצ.

יג. יום שלישי 3 פברואר-ממריא לשקגו.

קבלת פנים מטעם ראש העיר.

הופעה בארוע יהודי מרכזי.

הופעה בפורום כלכלי-פולטי מרכזי.

מסיבת עתונאים.

יד. יום רביעי 4 פברואר כלום אנגלס-

הופעה בפורום יהודי מרכזי.

הופעה בפורום מדיני כגון.

מסיבת עתונאים.

מפגש הזדהות של אמנים ותעשיית הארטיס.

טו. יום ז' שישי 5/2 תמראה לווינגטון

טז. יום שישי 6/2 פגישות פרידה וסיכום עם הנשיא ורם זכיר בווינגטון

WORLD AFFAIRS COUNCIL



## משרד החוץ

מחלקת הקשר

מברק נכנס — מסווג

כל המוסר תוכן מסמך זה,  
כולו או מקצתו לאדם שאינו  
מוסמך לכך — עובר על החוק  
לתיקון דיני העונשין (בטחון  
המדינה יחסי-חוץ וסודות  
רשמיים). תשי"ז — 1957.

דף מספר \_\_\_\_\_ מתוך \_\_\_\_\_ דפים

עותק מספר \_\_\_\_\_ מתוך \_\_\_\_\_ עותקים

## סודי ביותר

=3=

יז. שבת 7/8 מנחה ברושינגטון ופגישות אישיות.  
יח. מוצע 7/8 תמראה לישראל  
ש. כל תל רק מסגרת כללית ביותר מבלי קביעת לוח זמנים ואירועים.  
לחזרה ומסגרת תל יש לחב יס במקום ותחאים הענקת תואר כבוד  
משע אונ' יבסיטה בכירה (כגון שיקגו UCLA או אחר  
האונ' יבסיטה תארכזיות בניו יורק)  
חיה רצוי לשקול ביקור בעיר נוספת (כגון בטקס או בניסוח  
או בקולורדו) אך זה עלול להחייב לוח הזמנים. בתנאי שתקיים  
פגישה נוספת עם הנשיא בסיים הביקור יש לחזור לרושינגטון לפני סוף  
השבוע. אלא אם ניה להחייב הביקור מעבר ל-72.  
כל תל לשיקולם וראשונ' ולחצרותים כדי שנוכל להחזיר לפעול ולבדוק  
האפשרויות השונות.  
דין יצ-

שח רוחם מנכל  
מב/א



17. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 18. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 19. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 20. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 21. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 22. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 23. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 24. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 25. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 26. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 27. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 28. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 29. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה  
 30. וְהָיָה כִּי יִשְׁמַע ה' אֶת הַקּוֹל וְהָיָה

75%

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