

מדינת ישראל

משרד הממשלה

שרה ראש הממשלה

משרד

המשק חקיקה 5

לשכת ראש הממשלה - ארנה

8/1985



לשכת ראש הממשלה שמעון פרס - אר

א - 6 / 4380

מס פריט: 1734791

191 - 43.4/3

15/08/2010

02-111-01-07-09

מזהה פיוז

מזהה לוגי

כתובת

מחלקה

מס. חקיקה מקורי

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מחור 2

:ל

סיווג בטחוני

רשימות

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מאריך ח"ח:

0322/63

מס. סדר:

:122

Israeli Military to Try General in Arab Deaths

NYT-special-Brig. Gen. Yitzhak Mordechai will be tried before a military court on two counts of unjustified use of violence for participation in the beating deaths of two Arabs who hijacked an Israeli civilian bus. The procedure is milder than a court martial, which was what was recommended by an inquiry appointed by the Israeli Attorney General. (see DN-Meisels)

Medal of the Righteous Ceremony at Israeli Consulate in NY

ND-The Medal of the Righteous will be awarded to three women who risked their lives and the lives of their families to help save Jews during the Holocaust. The ceremony takes place today at the Israeli Consulate in NY. (see DN-Poster)

Nail Studded Beirut Car Bomb Kills 12

NYT-AP-A car packed with nail-studded TNT exploded outside an apartment complex in the Christian area of Beirut. At least 12 were killed and 120 wounded. No group took responsibility. Fighting continues along the Green Line. (see NYP)

Morocco Puts Up 1550 Mile Wall

NYT-p.1-Miller-Within 10 days, Morocco will finish building a huge wall of sand and electronic sensors that is revolutionizing antiguerrilla tactics, according to senior Moroccan officials. The wall was begun 5 years ago is designed to help Rabat in its war against Polisario Front rebels. The guerrillas are armed with Soviet equipment and Western diplomats are studying the Moroccans' use of the US and French radar and sensors that are employed.

Letters

WSJ-6/12-Mark J. O'Connor, the attorney for Nazi war criminal John Demjanjuk writes that a taxpayer funded agency, the US Office of International Affairs, are the official representatives of Israel in extradition proceedings. Israel's request is based upon statements of 5 of its citizens. The Soviets are interested in having him back. But there is no evidence to suggest that Demjanjuk was responsible for the murder of 1 million Jews. The US has a strange alliance with the monolithic Soviet justice system.

ITONUT

מחיר:

מחיר מנהל החלקה: 15.85

שגרירות ישראל - וושינגטון

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דף.....מסור.....דפיס
סוג בשחוני...סמור
דחיות.....מידי
תאריך וז"ח...אוג' 15 1430
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אל: מ/מנכ"ל. מנהל מצפ"א

ממקור יודע דבר מ- NSC לאיש איפא"ק אמט (14).

1. מכירות נשק - נפלה החלטה למכור נשק לסעודיה ולירדן, והממשל נערך למאבק בנדון עם הקונגרס, החל מיד לאחר הכינוס מחדש בראשית ספטמבר.
2. נסיעת מרפי - מרפי עומד (עמד) לשוחח עם חוסיין על דרכי פעולה לקידום תהליך השלום (THE WAY TO PROCEED). יציע לחוסיין שישקול שלושה אלמנטים:
הצהרת אי-לוחמה; הודעה בנושא שיחות ישירות עם ישראל; והוטפת שם של עוד פלסטיני אחד שיהיה מקובל על ארה"ב (ועל ישראל). מרפי יציע גם שאם המלך יסכים למרכיבים אלה או לחלק מהם, יציג את המהלכים המתבקשים כעמדה וכהחלטה ירדנית, ולא כבקשה או תכנית אמריקאית.
3. מובן שאם המלך ילך לקראת ארה"ב כמוצע ע"י מרפי, הדבר יקל על הממשל במאמציו להשיג הסכמת הקונגרס למכירות הנשק לירדן.

למדן

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אל:

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תאריך וד. 91. ד. 91.

בסחון, המסד,

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ממכ"ל, מצפ"א, מע"ת, רמ"ח קטי"ח.

תדרוך דובר ממכ"ל ליום 7. 15.8.85

SEMAAN SEMAAN (NBS Lebanon): Do you have any reaction to the Israeli rejection of any US talks with the joint Palestinian-Jordanian delegation, by Mr. Peres today?

MR. REDMAN: (Laughs.) I wouldn't, in fact, care to agree with your statement that the Israelis have rejected it. Ambassador Murphy is in Israel today. He's having talks with Israeli authorities. The objective of those talks remains the same as when he went out there, which is to see how he can best help advance the peace process.

MR. SEMAAN: Are you still hopeful, then, in light of the recent statements made by Mr. Peres?

MR. REDMAN: I really have no comment there.

Q The Justice Department, months ago, put in a request to the Department of State for the extradition of an Iranian gunrunner by the name of Cyrus Hashemi (?), currently a fugitive in London. Hashemi is on the list of the top 10 gunrunners wanted by the US Customs Department. Can you respond to the charge that the State Department has been stalling on this, on processing this extradition request, for two apparent reasons? One would be the State Department, under the Carter administration years, involvement in covering up for the Khomeini apparatus in the United States? The second would be the apparent credit lines that were extended by Merrill-Lynch, formerly headed by Don Regan, to Hashemi's trading company in New York.

MR. REDMAN: Without any comment on the various assumptions and allegations contained in your question, I'll look into the substance, as it was originally posed.

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..... מנחם פריד

ניו יורק

בטחון.

המסרד,

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אל: הסברה, מע"ת, מצפ"א, ממנכ"ל, יגר, לשי' רוה"מ, לע"מ, דובר צה"ל, רמ"ח קש"ח

דע: ניו-יורק.

NEWS SUMMARY - THURSDAY - AUGUST 15, 1985

EDITORIALS

CHRISTIAN SCI. MON.-15/8-"Murphy's Mission" The US must remain implacably in favor of a West Bank peace accord. By sending Murphy, the Reagan administration is keeping its hand in to that end. Immediate circumstances are not encouraging. Israel's reservations about building up the PLO even indirectly through such meetings are honored in Washington, so the administration has been slow to press for them. In the background is the possibility that a Camp David formula, with moderate Arabs and Israel brought together under US mediation, rather than an international conference format, would present Israel with an opportunity it could not refuse. Hence the pressure on the Reagan administration in Tel Aviv, and in Washington by Israel's supporters, to contain the Murphy mission. The US comes in for criticism or suspicion from every quarter. Israel does not want to be crowded by a process in which "expectations" can generate their own demands. The Murphy mission deserves support, as does continued US commitment to a settlement.

COLUMNS

WASH. TIMES--Bill Kritzberg--"Kmbattled State Tests Strength Of Its Own 'Arms'" The decision by Gen. Yitzhak Zamir to recommend the prosecution of Brig. Gen. Yitzhak Mordechai, highlights Israel's unique military doctrine of "purity of arms." The principle has been a cardinal tenet in Israeli military operations: The war in Lebanon and the struggle against terrorism have pushed this doctrine to its extreme limits. The guerrilla war waged in Lebanon against Israeli forces, has put this theoretical doctrine to its most difficult practical test to date and opened a debate in Israel concerning its usefulness. The debate currently raging in Israel is an old one. This time, however, it has an unprecedented emotional tone. It goes to the core of the issue of how a democracy, at war for almost 40 years, is to deal with an omnipresent terrorist menace.

THE PRESS REPORTS

CHRISTIAN SCI. MON.-(Wires)- Israel and Honduras will upgrade their relations to ambassadorial level, Israel TV reported. Israel's interests in Honduras are now represented by the Israeli embassy in Guatemala, and Honduras has a non-resident ambassador to Israel based in Rome. The report came hours after Honduran Foreign Minister Edgardo Paz Barrios met with Shamir to discuss Israeli agricultural and industrial aid.

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אל

Israel Seeks To Avoid Split In Cabinet

WASH. POST-Claiborne-Opposing factions of Israel's national unity govt. are close to agreement on a compromise formula for handling the Taba land dispute with Egypt and avoiding a Cabinet confrontation that could force an early election. The "inner cabinet" of 10 senior ministers heard a proposal by Yitzhak Modai that Egypt and Israel meet to work out the terms of reference that would be discussed by an arbitrator or conciliator should the current deadlock be resolved over calling one in. Under Modai's proposal, Israeli and Egyptian differences would be discussed as soon as talks could be arranged.

General To Be Tried In Arabs' Deaths

WASH. POST-(Reuter)-The Israeli Army decided not to court-martial Gen. Yitzhak Mordechai in the beating deaths of two Arabs who hijacked a bus, but instead to bring him before a milder disciplinary court. The announcement came after Israel's chief rabbi said the Army would violate Jewish law if it took action against him. "Let not a hair on the head of a savior of Israel be harmed," Chief Rabbi Mordechai Eliahu declared.

Hussein Sees Murphy, Then Meets With Arafat

WASH. POST-(UPI)-Murphy conferred with Hussein and Hussein promptly met Arafat in sessions that may lead to an American meeting with a Jordanian-Palestinian peace delegation. Murphy is in Israel today.

US Envoy's Mideast Visit Highlights Israeli Divisions

CHRISTIAN SCI. MON.-Greenberg-Further movement toward Middle East peace talks may hasten the moment of truth for Israel's divided "national unity" govt. Peres could be faced with the choice of preserving his govt. and risking deadlock on Mideast issues, or making decisions unacceptable to his coalition partner which would likely dissolve the Cabinet. The deep differences are highlighted by Israel's response to the visit of Murphy. By staunchly opposing compromise on Taba and the proposed Murphy talks, Shamir seemed intent on proving he can regain the clout his party has lost in the coalition Cabinet.

Syria's Lebanon Plan Aims For Peace, But Results In Violence

CHRISTIAN SCI. MON.-Jim Muir-Lebanon's warring Muslims and Christians are looking to Syria for help to silence the guns and get the embattled factions talking. Observers in the region link the recent violence to Syria's renewed drive to press its quarrel - some Lebanese neighbors to reach a national accord on their country's future. Some see the recent escalation of violence as an attempt to disrupt intensified, Syrian efforts to revive dialogue between the Lebanese and bring about a settlement of the war.

דף 3... מתוך 3... דפים

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The major networks focused their stories on the return of the MIA's from Hanoi, the findings of the Japanese airliner crash, new treatment for liver cancer and the continuing violence in South Africa.

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שר החקירה. עו"ד עמרם בלום, משרד המשפטים. ממנכ"ל. לכת ראש הממשלה.

"אל - על" ל - מברקו של עמרם בלום נר 327 מ 13/8:

- (1) מברקו של עו"ד בלום משונה ביותר. עובדה היא שלעמוס ערו נודע על הכיסול רק כשעה לפני הפגישה. אמנם נכון שהצעות המכונאים הגיעו רק כ - 5/8, אך כידוע כאמצעי הקשר המורכבים ניתן להעכירן לארץ תוך דקות ספורות. לי נמסר שהסיבה לעיכוב היתה שעו"ד בלום היה בחופשה ולא ניתן לאחריו. גם לא היו בהצעות הנגד חידושים מרעישים שלא ניתן ללמדם תוך דקות ספורות.
- (2) לאיש מכל הגורמים העוסקים בעניין לא היה ואין כל ספק ש"אל-על" ביקשה להרוויח זמן עד לסיום ההצבעה בעניין ה"איגוד מטעם".
- (3) אין אנו עוסקים באירוע חד פעמי או מפתיע אלא בסחבת נמשכת של יותר משנה, שכמעט אף פגישה לא נחקימה במועד המוסכם מראש.
- (4) אני חוזר בפעם המי יודע כמה על הערכתי מאז תחילת הסכסוך: אין פתרון אם לא תסכים "אל-על" להחזרת כל העובדים ששבתו והרוצים לחזור, ללא יוצא מן הכלל, ללא התחמכויות, הסתיגויות ויוצאים מן הכלל. זו גם ההתחייבות שנתן ראש הממשלה לליין קירקלנד פעמים אחדות. הנהלת "אל-על" בניו-יורק לא הסתירה את עמדתה שהתחייבות זו לא תקום ולא תחממש ובמקום זאת ארגנה את ה"יוניון מטעם".

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החלף

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מחרב

מסל: ממנוכל, מצפא.

לשלכם 361 מה-13/8:

ביקור משלחת הקונגרס היהודי האמריקני בירדן ומצרים. בהמשך
לשלכם בנדון ולשיחת עם פיל באום נפגשתי אתמול לשיחה עם
האוארד סקוואדרון ובקשתו שיבטלו נסיעתם בי אין לדעת אם
במהלך הביקור לא יפגשו עם אנשי אשפי וכל ביקור היום שעה
שאנו מנסים למנוע את הפגישה בין ארהב למשלחת ירדנית
פלטמינאית עלול לפגוע באינטרס חיוני של ישראל. סקוואדרון
סיפר לי ש:

ההימנה היא על פי הרמנתו האישית של ראש משלחת ירדן.
מטרת הנסיעה היא לשתף במשלחתם מספר אישים אמריקנים שיוכלו
לתמוך בפעולות בקונגרס היהודי האמריקני.

אם ירצו להפגיש עם אנשי אשפי-יסרבו להענות.
הוא, סקוואדרון, נפגש עם המלך כאן והמלך אמר לו בצורה
החלטית וחד-משמעית שבטום פנים ואופן הוא לא יסכים לנהל מוס'
ישיב עם ישראל, אלא בשיחוף עם אנשי אשפי ההסכם של ה-11 בפברואר
פותח אפשרות כזאת

במהלך השיחה הבהרתי לו שעוד עומדת על הפרק בקשת הנשק של ירדן
וביקור המשלחת של הקונגרס עלולה להשפיע בכיוון הלא נכון גם
כאן בטאנקנו למניעת מתן נשק זה

באשר למצרים-אין סקוואדרון סבור שיש סיבה כלשהי להמנע מביקור,
ההוזהר לי גם שהביקור בירדן אורגן בשיחופו הפעיל של סטיב בהן

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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וסטיב שלום גם כן שמד להיות בין הנוסעים הנסיעה תוכננה ל-4
בספטמבר ועמדו לשהות שלושה ימים בירדן ושלושה ימים במצרים.
הוא עצמו, סקוואדרון ייאליץ לקצר הביקור מסיבות מטפחתיות.
אחר שיחה ארוכה-הסכים סקוואדרון לשקול מחדש ענין הביקור
בירדן. כנראה שלא יסע. (נראה לי שהגורם שהביא לשינוי עמדתו
הוא ביקור מרפי) וישוחח בנדון עם חוי מאן. יש בדעתו של
סקוואדרון להיוועץ גם עם ראש הממשלה. הביקור במצרים ייערך
הבטיח להתקשר עמי שוב ולהודיעני החלטתם הסופית.
מ' רון

מס: שהח, מונבל, ממנבל, מצפא

מל:

מא.ה.ה.

התאריך

15/8/85

מאגד:

מא.ה.ה.

חוק מס'

המדינה:

שיח דיעה - פירוש

שמה מדקס להבין לזיומן שמה
קולל להשיחה (להיה טאסה מאגד):

1. האמריקאים צרכים א כיתה היצונו טאק
למסרם בילאונת. טאקס למסר
הקבוצה במאגד'ה כזי להדיז קמ'ה
במאגד'ה יסיר. אמר ברה"ה חספס - יס
מסריה י. אמר לא - לא קאס להליון
א טאג'ה חאג'ה לבד.

2. האמריקאים לא יבדו מקבוצה להפסק
האור במרכיב בריש'ה היצונו
להפסק האקא א הקבוצה
א'ה.

מא.ה.ה.

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עתונות.

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סביר / לשכת רוה"ט

ביקור רח"מ - תקשורת.

מעבר לראיונות בטלביז

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2. ארוחת צהריים

3. מבטוח מערב

4. תקשורת ישראל

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14.8.85 ב. בינה

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מחיר: 11,011 ₪, 171,516 ₪ : 77077
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להלן דברי ראה'ם' ב' 11111111

אין אנו מענגדיס למבירות אמלי'ח למדינות טרב בשל היותן

אנו מתנגדים למכירתו לפדיונות הנמצאות עמנו בסכסוך.

דאז'ס ה'יא חת מדיניותנו כלפי מדינות אמל"ח למצרים בדוגמא
והוסיף כי זו גם מדיניותנו כלפי ירדן. " כל עוד לא נקחה על
עצמה מחויבות ברורה להפסקת מצב הלוחמה עמנו, מהווה כל אספקת
אמל"ח לירדן משום תמיכה במדינות הלוחמה (POLICY OF
" C BELLIGERENCY

נמרוז 1111

תפ: שהח, רהמ, מנכל, ממנכל, מצפא

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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יציא

אלו 1108, נרו 393, מ ו המשרד
דח: ר, סגו ש, תאז 140885, וח: 1700

שמו/רגני

אלו למדן, קני-מל.

העמון המורח ירושלמי י ג'רוולס סמאר י' מצטט מדברי המורשה
דימלי שומר שצרכי הבטחון של ירון מוצדקים והאשים הממשל
האמריקני בנושה יותר מדי לצד ישראל. תמך בכנוס ועידה בינלא
וציין שמתן הנסך חייב להנתן כדי לעודד היומה הירדנית-
פלסטינאית.

בכבוד הנ"ל ביקר בירדן וביו"ש ביומת ה-
וממירדן.

מצפ"א.

תפ: שהח,רהמ,שהבם,מנכל,מסנכל,ר/מרכו,רם,אמן,ממד,מצפא

2 מחור 2

סיכום בסיסי

רשימות

269/52 תאריך ח"ח: מס' סדר: מס' קב"מ

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101 Shiites Freed

NYT-Israel freed 101 prisoners from Alit prison. Israel still holds some 250 prisoners.

DN-combined-Many former prisoners said they would rejoin the guerrillas. (see UPI photo of prisoners brandishing firearms in Lebanon-5)

Judith Kipper-On the Mideast

NYT-Gamarekian-Judith Kipper of the American Enterprise Institute helps establish dialogues about the Mideast. She also writes columns on the subject and briefs American executives traveling to the region. Kipper is currently co-editing a book about US Foreign policy with Harold Saunders. She describes what is happening on the ground, what people are thinking. She travels often to the Mideast and has friends in Arab countries and in Israel. She fears that if Arab-Israeli negotiations do not come soon, the trend towards religious extremism could transform the international conflict into a climatic confrontation among Moslems, Christians and Jews. She believes that the US must be actively involved. She states that the combatants will find that they like each other once they start talking.

KKK Leader is Jewish

NYP-Rosensohn-The Grand Dragon of the Christian Knights of the KKK in Virginia is a 26 year old Jew from Philadelphia. Jordan Gollub says he was never Jewish although his parents are. He offered his resignation when it became public that he was a Jew but he has not been asked to do so.

Cartoons

NYP-Rigby-Cartoonists rendering of Koch-Jackson talk. Jackson asks Koch "How'm I doin', Admirer of the Zulu Warriors, I believe..." Koch responds "Ah, Yes...and the Famous Hymietown Booster and follower of Brother Farrakhan, I presume..."

WV-Feiffer-A spoof on Norman Podhoretz being portrayed as Norman Podfurious.

Letters

ID-8/13-The National Council of Jewish Women, Jamaica Queens, upholds the right of women to have an abortion.

ITONIT

מס' תאריך: 1485 תאריך: 27.7.77

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אל: המשרד

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דף.....מחוך.....דפים
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תאריך וז"ח. 141300. אוג 85
פסי פברק

ממנכ"ל, מנהל מצפ"א

המשלחת הירדנית - פלסטינית

מארוחת צהריים עם ג'ון וולאק.

להערכתו של ג'ון, בהסתמך על מגעיו ומקורותיו במחמ"ד, הרי שבמסעו הנוכחי לא מחכוון מרפי לפגוש את המשלחת המשותפת אלא קבוצה של ארבעה מחוך רשימת השבעה (2) ה"מקובלים" עלינו וכנראה השנים המקורבים למצרים) ולהתייחס לפגישה כאל פגישה הכנה. ההחלטה על הפגישה עם המשלחת המשותפת לא תפול לפני שובו לווינגטון של מרפי.

וולאק מציע שנשים לב לשמוע החוזר בתוספת המסייגה SUBSTANTIVE המתלווה להצהרות הממשל על אי-מיו"ח עם אש"פ. הממשל יתייחס לפגישה עם הארבעה כפרוצדורלית ולא סובסטנטיבית. וממילא היא גם תעמוד בקריטריון המוצהר של הממשל לא לנהל מגעים סובסטנטיביים עם חארגון.

עחונאי ישראלי שגם הוא שמע את הספור בדק הענין במחמ"ד ונענה משם שהכל עורבא פרח.

יוסי גל.

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המסרד, בטחון

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המנכ"ל, מצפ"א, מע"ה, רמ"ח קש"ח.

תדרוך דובר מחמ"ד ליום ד' 25.8.74

SEMAAN SEMAAN (NBS Lebanon): What can you tell us about the delegation of Jordanians and Palestinians?

MR. REDMAN: Only that Ambassador Murphy did meet with King Hussein and other Jordanian officials today, and that that's all I have for you at this moment. Those meetings, as I understand it, may just have finished. But they've been going on during the day today.

Q Where does he go from there?

MR. REDMAN: I can't give you that, for security reasons.

Q Do you have any change in the way the US looks at the Palestinian list? There are reports in Amman that four have been approved. Has there been any change in that position, that no decision has been made?

MR. REDMAN: Not at all.

Q Let me ask you a parochial question. Yesterday when you were briefing you said that the United States maintains its policy of not having any substantive discussions or negotiation with the PLO or representatives of the PLO. Were you implying that we could have procedural discussions with Palestinians who are members of the PLO?

MR. REDMAN: The statement was in reference to the potential meeting or possible meeting between a joint Jordanian-Palestinian group. In response to that question, I said that our intention, our goal, is to move through a process which leads to negotiations between the parties in the region. It was in that context that I was saying the goal of our meeting with this group is not to have a dialogue with the PLO, per se.

Q No, I understand.

MR. REDMAN: But to move the process forward.

Q I understand.

MR. REDMAN: And I think that's the most you should read into it, John.

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MR. REDMAN: No. I would refer you, again, to what the briefer said that day concerning the possibility of such meetings.

Q Well, is it American policy that we will have absolutely no meetings with Palestinians who are members of the PLO, procedural or substantive?

MR. REDMAN: Well, this goes back to our definition of what kind of Palestinians might be acceptable for participation in this Jordanian-Palestinian group; and there the quote that I'm sure you have that we've repeated several times is that of the Secretary of State, where he said he was sure there were Palestinians, I think he said perhaps members of the PNC who were men of goodwill, who were ready to pursue a dialogue, so that I think that clearly states that there are Palestinians with whom one can engage in this sort of step, toward negotiations.

Q But Charles, in response to -- I mean, Shamir's concern is that the US is backing off on their 1975 agreement. I mean, is there a change? Would the US talk to members of the PLO at this point?

MR. REDMAN: I reiterate it only to say that, as I said, I think very clearly yesterday, there has been no change in that 1975 position.

MR. SEMAAN: What is this 1975 -- what is it, an understanding, an agreement, verbal, or what is it, the '75 commitment, or what, from the United States?

MR. REDMAN: It's the United States policy.

MR. SEMAAN: It has become a "policy"?

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MR. REDMAN: Those people, I assume, are free to be where they want. But I just would not encourage you to put two and two together and probably get five.

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מגירות ישראלי • 11011011
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Q When you say you're not out there, that sort of implies that Murphy hasn't gone out there with tight instructions, that he has considerable leeway as developments warrant, as his practiced eye assesses the situation, to meet or not meet with Palestinians, as he deems suitable. What would it matter if you're out there or not? I mean, either he has a guidance or he has considerable leeway. So, I don't follow it. I mean, what are you trying to say? Isn't it up to Murphy to decide whether it would be productive for him to meet with Palestinians, and that there is no order to him to meet or not meet with Palestinians, it's pretty much in his hands?

MR. REDMAN: That's right. Yes. I haven't said anything different from that today.

Q But when someone asks if they should be surprised whether Murphy meets with the PLO, it's not a matter of surprise; it's up to Murphy, isn't it?

MR. REDMAN: Well, that's up to your interpretation when one is surprised and when one is not.

Q I'm not asking you about -- I'm not asking about my interpretation. I'm asking --

MR. REDMAN: I'm saying simply that, as has been clear from the start, it's within the realm of possibility that such a meeting could take place. But beyond that, we have nothing else to add.

Q Then two things sit side by side. You've got a policy that says you can't meet with the PLO, that the United States does not meet with the PLO unless certain conditions are met. And you say that policy hasn't changed. Standing right alongside that, sitting right alongside that, you're saying that it's really up to Murphy to decide whether he meets with the PLO or not. So, what kind of policy is that?

MR. REDMAN: No, we're not saying that at all.

Q No?

MR. REDMAN: We're saying it's up to Ambassador Murphy whether there should be a meeting with the joint Palestinian-Jordanian group. The representation of the Palestinian people within that group is based on the kind of criteria that I cited earlier in referencing a statement by Secretary Shultz of some months ago.

Q Do you have any comment on reports that the meeting will take place in Jordan within 10 days?

MR. REDMAN: No, I don't.

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מגירות ישראל - 11011011

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Q Okay. Did the United States issue a warning to Israel about not opposing the joint delegation talks because if they will oppose it it means that the promise by Arafat to accept all United Nation Security Council resolutions, 242 and 338, Israel's right to exist, will change if Israel will continue to oppose it? Do you have any comment to these reports?

MR. REDMAN: I have really no comment on those reports whatsoever except to say that with allies and friends among the world one does not issue warnings, in any case.

Q Has the United States delivered an apology to Mr. Shamir because of the remarks of the senior US official a couple of days ago?

MR. REDMAN: No comment on that.

Q Another subject?

MR. SEMAAN: Is his visit to Egypt related to the peace process or the Tabah issue, Mr. Murphy's visit to Egypt?

MR. REDMAN: Visit to Egypt?

MR. SEMAAN: Yes.

MR. REDMAN: I really wouldn't go beyond what was described to you as the purpose of his visit in the background briefing you got. Which is that when Ambassador Murphy goes to the region I think he's perfectly free to address a broad range of issues. Clearly high on his list was the peace process. But that does not mean that one excludes or includes, necessarily, any other subject.

Q How long do you expect Murphy to stay in Amman? A couple of days or what?

MR. REDMAN: I have no prediction.

Q On the list of names, are we to expect an acceptance or rejection by the United States, or is it something we're not supposed to hear, an official acceptance or rejection, from the State Department or the US government about the list of names, submitted by Jordan?

MR. REDMAN: Well, I hope the answer to that question is clear to most others in the room, which is simply that no decision has yet been made, and that it's under consideration.

Q But when it is made we will know about it?

MR. REDMAN: If it is made, you will know about it.

Q And what is the hold? What's the waiting?

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מגירות ישראל - ווענינגטון

אל:

MR. REDMAN: Because it is under consideration. What answer do you want to the question?

Q Well, four names were submitted about five weeks ago. I know the bureaucracy works slow but -- (laughs) --

MR. REDMAN: It's still under consideration.

Q Does the United States have any position about taking the Tabah conflict to international arbitration because it looks like there is taking the whole issue to arbitration between Egypt and Israel?

MR. REDMAN: No, I don't have anything on Tabah.

Q Can you look into that?

MR. REDMAN: I may have something.

Q Qaddafi has offered up to \$10 billion to Pakistan for the bombs?

MR. REDMAN: I'll look into that for you.

Q Can I come back to the PLO thing because, as I understand and you repeated today, the Secretary's criteria is that the US officials would be willing to meet with Palestinians who are PNC members, members who are also men of good will, I think something to that effect --

MR. REDMAN: -- and it went on, it was more elaborate than that. But we could get that text if you want it.

Q Just to be clear, does it make a difference whether the PNC members are also members of the PLO or not?

MR. REDMAN: I believe the way the Secretary phrased it is that he could imagine there were members of the PNC, who were also et cetera.

Q -- members of the PLO.

MR. REDMAN: I would have to look at the exact text. I think it's better to stick with the verbatim text rather than to try to paraphrase it and get it wrong.

Q Was the guidance you had yesterday about substantive discussions drafted for you or was that something that was impromptu?

MR. REDMAN: It was drafted for you.

THE PRESS: Thank you.

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WJF

עגירות ישראל - וושינגטון

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המערד

ממנכ"ל, מצפ"א, מע"ת.

בהצבעה אתמול ב"ועדת המרצים" של ה - NATIONAL PRESS CLUB הוחלט ברוב קולות (15:2) להתיר לכהנא להופיע בפורום הצהרים שלהם. טרם נקבע תאריך. אחד המתנגדים היה מיודענו ג'ו פוליאקוב ואחד הנמוקים המרכזיים למען הופעתו של כהנא היה שחפורום כבר ניתן לפראחן.

יוסי גל.
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אל: הסברה, מע"ח, מצפ"א, ממנכ"ל, יגר, לשי רוח"מ, לע"מ, דובר צה"ל, רמ"ח קט"ח

דע: ניו-יורק.

NEWS SUMMARY - WEDNESDAY - AUGUST 14, 1985

COLUMNS

THE SUN-Dominique Moixi-"Middle East Paradox" There are obstacles in the way of new peace initiatives in the Arab-Israeli conflict. First of all there is division on the Arab side. Syria has strength to play a key role in a regional settlement, but is interested in securing control of Lebanon at the moment. In Jordan, Hussein is sincere in his efforts to start negotiations, but he is aware of Jordan's limitations, which can be equated with his own physical survival. The PLO is too weak and too divided to enter into any meaningful process of negotiation. The Arabs who seem to want peace are not those who can implement it, and those who can bring it about, don't seem to want it. The divisions in the Arab world are matched by those in Israel. Peres lacks the charisma and decisiveness to overcome Israeli divisions and fears. Israelis are still obsessed by security. They also are too distracted by the deterioration of their economy and too pre-occupied with debates on the meaning of the Zionist ideal to engage fully in a process of negotiation. The paradox is that the principal actors, Peres and Hussein are closer to each other than were Sadat and Begin. But neither is strong enough to take the risks of moving forward.

THE PRESS REPORTS

Israel Warns About Trip

***WASH. POST-Clairborne-Israeli officials expressed deep concern over Murphy's visit to Amman in which he reportedly may meet with nominees to the joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation for Middle East peace negotiations. Shamir called the Murphy trip "an unprecedentedly grave step that will have serious implications for peace in the area." Shamir charged that any meeting between US officials and nominees to the delegation before it holds direct negotiations with Israel would move the US one step closer to recognizing the PLO, Aides to Peres also expressed concern that Murphy might begin a peace dialogue without Israeli presence and at which Palestinians not acceptable to Israel might participate. An Israeli Foreign Ministry official said today that Shultz told Ambassador Rosenne that Murphy would meet with Hussein, Jordanian govt. officials, "and maybe some Palestinians."

100 More Arab Prisoners Are Released By Israelis

WASH. POST-(Reuter)-About 100 Arab prisoners freed by Israel returned home to southern Lebanon, leaving 235 still in Israeli hands. The prisoners were part of a group of more than 700 Lebanese and Palestinians who release was demanded in June by Shiite gunmen who hijacked a TWA jet.

Page 1 Page 2 Page 3 Page 4 Page 5 Page 6 Page 7 Page 8 Page 9 Page 10

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Israeli General To Avoid Homicide Charge

WASH. POST-Clairborne-Israel's attorney general has accepted a recommendation by a special investigating commission that an Army general implicated in beating to death two Palestinian hijackers in a bus in the Gaza Strip last April not be charged with homicide. Attorney General Yitzhak Zamir recommended that paratroop Brig. Gen. Yitzhak Mordecai be court-martialed on charges of causing grievous bodily harm and conduct unbecoming an officer.

Israeli Court To Rule On Deportation Of Palestinian

THE SUN-Jefferson Price III-Israel's Supreme Court is set to decide tomorrow whether the military command may deport an alleged Palestinian underground activist even though the army's own review board has taken the unprecedented action of recommending against the deportation. Military sources said that Maj. Gen. Amnon Shahak, the Israeli military commander of the West Bank, considered reversing his earlier order to deport Khalil Abu Ziad after a military review board ruled that "there is nothing to connect him to terrorist acts."

Amal Seizes Man Freed By Israel; Seeks Another

THE SUN-(Wires)-About 100 men freed from an Israeli jail returned to southern Lebanon yesterday, and one of them was immediately kidnapped by Amal militiamen who took him away in a car. A second squad of the Shiite militia searched for one of 19 Palestinians among the group, saying he was suspected of links with Israel.

Rival Forces Shell Beirut; Gemayel Weighs Reforms

THE SUN-(Wires)-Christian and Moslem militiamen sent shells crashing into residential areas of Beirut yesterday as Gemayel sought to revive the country's dispirited and divided govt. Gemayel and parliamentary speaker Hussein Husseini discussed recalling the Cabinet and "some means of creating a new govt. or widening the present govt." Mr. Husseini told reporters after their talks at the presidential palace.

Palestinian Editor May Propose Halt In Attacks On Israel

***BOSTON GLOBE-(Wires)-Hanna Siniora, an East Jerusalem newspaper editor who has been proposed as a possible Palestinian negotiator in preliminary Arab-American talks on Middle East peace, said yesterday that he may propose a moratorium on attacks against Israel to encourage the peace process. Speaking to the Foreign Press Association in Jerusalem, Siniora said that if the preliminary Arab-American talks show promise, he will propose to the Palestinian leadership that attacks against Israel be suspended. "I think we have to try to reach the Israeli public, and something like this might also help stop the radicalization of the Israeli public," Siniora said afterward in an interview. "It might really touch the hearts of Israelis more than any other statement the Palestinians might come up with."

טגירות ישראל - נשינגטון

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מאריך וז"ח
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TELEVISION: NIGHTLY NEWS

The major networks focused on the airplane crash in Japan, the leak at the Union Carbide plant in Institute, West Virginia, the demonstration in New York against apartheid and the riots in South Africa. The release of prisoners from Atlit to Southern Lebanon was also mentioned briefly.

אנחות

המסמך נמצא בבעלות משרד הביטחון והוא חשופי סוד. כל העתקה או הפצה ללא אישור מראש מהמשרד היא עבירה על חוקי המודיעין.

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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סודי ביותר / מיד

אל: - ממנכ"ל, מנהל מצפ"א.

דע: - נ. נוביק / יושב דוה"מ.

מאת: קני-טל / וושינגטון.

נשק לירדן

1) בעקבות פגישת דוה"מ עם קבוצת חברי קונגרס, המבקרת בארץ, שמענו כאן כאילו דוה"מ אמר ששטח ישראל בסוגיית מכירת נשק לירדן תושפע מנכונותו של המלך חוסיין לצאת בהצהרה פומבית בריכות אי-לוחמה (NON-BELLIGERENCY).

2) מבקשים הבהרה בהקדם האפשרי. ידידינו בקונגרס נערכים לאפשרות של מאבק בקונגרס לחסימת עסקת הנשק והרכבת נמצאת בתנועה. אם אכן קיימת אפשרות של שינוי כיוון רצוי שנדע על כך מיד.

3) נודה על דיווח מלא ככל האפשר על פגישות דוה"מ ומי' דוה"מ ושה"ח עם קבוצת המורשים שביקרו לאחרונה בארץ. קני-טל / מתני.

תפ: שהח, דהמ, מנכ"ל, ממנכ"ל, מצפ"א

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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נכנס

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עומק 4 מתוך 16 סודי ביותר

מאל: המשרד, נר: 264, מ: 1100
נח: מ, סג: מ, תא: 140885, רח: 1100

סודי ביותר / מידי

מאל: - ממנכ"ל, מנהל ממ"ד, מוא"ר.
דע: - נ. נוביק / יושף רוה"ם.
מאת: קני-טל / וושינגטון.

בריה"ם - ישראל

1) במחמ"ד סיפרו לי שבפגישת וולפה עם רוה"ם אמר פנים שישראל
אינה מעוניינת ממעמים מקטיים ליצור רושם של ריצה אחר
הסובייטים לחידוש יחסים דיפלומטיים.

2) וולפה דיווח על כך מיד לשגרירות שהעבירה הנ"ל למחמ"ד.
הבהרה זו נתקבלה בסיפוק במחמ"ד.

קני-טל.

תפ: שהח, דרה, ממנכ"ל, מוא"ר, ד/מרכז

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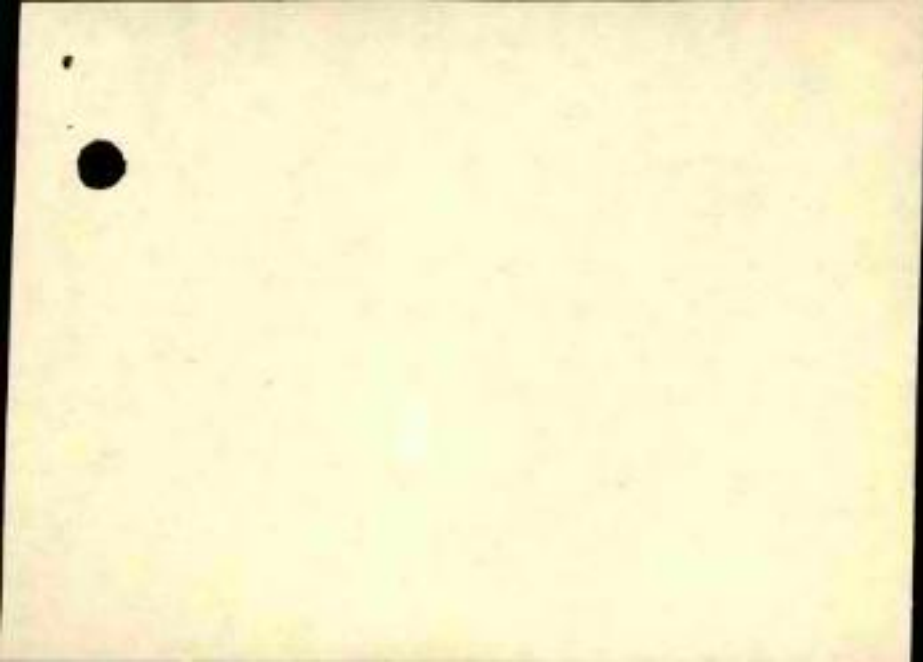
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10/8/87



משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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סודי ביותר/מיד

הסגיד מתני

המרה'ם: ושה'ח כיכל אחצ' השגריד פיקרינג. השתתפו האריסון
מנכ"ל ממנכ"ל והחמ'.

פיקרינג מסר כי דחה נסיעתו לארה"ב כיוון שבשבת כיכל הודעה
על בואו של מרפי לאיוור ונמבקס להשאר כדי לעדכן ולדווח
לשה"ח לקראת בואו.

פיקרינג קרא נוסח הודעת מחמ"ד על הביקור המצ'י וכן קרא
ההנחיות שקיבל מהמזכיר לקראת פגישתו עם שהחלושה.

פיקרינג מסר שמרפי יגיע היום לירדן ויוועד מחר עם חמ"ן,
הנחה מחמ"ד שחוסין ידאה העמדות הנ"ל כנוקשות וירצה לדבר על
בך עם ערפאת. יתכן שמרפי יבוא לישראל ביום ה' או ו' אך אין
בטחון. מבאן ימשיך לכהיר.

פיקרינג הוסיף כי דבריו לרקע של רייפל הובנו שלא בהלכה.
רייפל לא אמר ששה"ח לא מדבר בשם ישראל. פיקרינג הוסיף כי
מסר למנכ"ל הצ'טטה המקורים ממנה עולה שבדרי' הפקיד
האלימוני' הוצאו מהקשרם. פיקרינג ביקש להתנצל על אי הנעימות
שהדברים גרמו וחזר והסעים שלא היתה כל כוונה לצייין לא
במפורש ולא במסתמט - ששה"ח איננו מדבר בשם ישראל.
פיקרינג אמר בהקשר לשליחות מרפי שברצונו לעמוד עמנו בקשר
הדוק. עו רצונו שבתקופת כהונתו יהיה במצב שיעביר עמדות
ישראל לוושיונגטון לאשורן.

שה"ח אמר כי הוא מקבל דברי ההסבר של הסגיד. ברור שהוא שה'ח
מבטא עמדת ממשלת ישראל ולא עמדתו הפרטית. ממשלת ישראל
מתנגדת לפגישת מרפי עם הקבוצה הפלסטינאית ירדנית שהיא בעצם

יִרְדְּנִית - אִשְׁיָפִית.

הַמִּנְכִּ'ל בִּיקֵשׁ לַבֵּר מַעֲרָפִלֹת כְּלִסְהִיא הַעֹלָה מְדַבֵּר הַסְגִּיר כְּאִילוֹ
מִחַד אֵין הַחֲלֵמָה סוֹפִית בְּקֶשֶׁר לַמַּפְגֵּשׁ מְרַפֵּי עִם הַמַּשְׁלַח וְשִׁבְיָקוֹרוֹ
מִיֹּעַד לַבְחִינֹת הַתּוֹנִאִים בְּלִבּוֹ וּמֵאִידֹךְ עוֹלָה הַאֲפִשְׁרוֹת שְׁמֹרֵפִי יָבֹול
לְהַחֲלִים בְּמַהֲלֵךְ בִּיקוֹרוֹ עַל כִּיּוֹם הַמַּפְגֵּשׁ. הַסְגִּיר הַשִּׁיב שֶׁאֵין
לְהוֹצִיא מִכָּל חֶסֶד שֶׁהַמַּפְגֵּשׁ יִתְקִיִּים בְּמִדּוּצָה הַבִּיקוֹר הַנוֹכַח. הַדֹּר
תִּלּוֹי בַּהֲבֵרוֹת שִׁיבֵל מְרַפֵּי מַחוֹסִין לַמַּשֵּׁל אִם אֲרֵה'ב תִּבִּין מַחוֹסִין
שֶׁהַמַּהֲלֵךְ יִתְרוֹם לַמוֹמִי יִשִּׁיר תִּיתֵבֵן פְּגִישָׁה. מֵאִידֹךְ סִבּוֹר פִּיקְרִינֵג
שְׁמֹרֵפִי יַעֲדִיף מִכְּנִיּוֹם לַפִּי יִבְכֵּר לַסּוֹב לוֹוִשִׁינֵגְסוֹן לְדוֹחַ עַל
שִׁיחַתּוֹ עִם הַמֶּלֶךְ וְאַחֵר כֵּךְ לַהֲגִיעַ לַהֲחֻלָּה. וְזוֹ תַחוֹשְׁתּוֹ הַאִשְׁיָפִית שֶׁלֹּא
פִּיקְרִינֵג שְׁמֹרֵפִי יִבְכֵּשׁ הַבְּהֵרוֹת יִתְבַּע מַחוֹיְבוֹת לַגִּבִּי הַמֶּשֶׁךְ הַתְּהִלִּיךְ
וְאַחֲכִי יִמְלִיץ עַל הַחֲלֻמָּה אִם לְקִיִּים הַמַּפְגֵּשׁ אוֹ לֹא. מִכָּל מְקוֹם לֹא
נִתְקַבְּלָה עֲדִין הַחֲלֻמָּה אִם לְקִיִּים הַמַּפְגֵּשׁ וּבְכָל אֹפֶן אֲרֵה'ב תִּיּוֹעֵץ
בְּנוֹ וְתוֹדִיעֵנו מֵרֵאשׁ בְּטֵרֵם תִּפְּזֹל הַחֲלֻמָּה.

לְשִׁמְלֹת שֶׁהִ'ח אִם יֵשׁ אֲפִשְׁרוֹת שֶׁהַמִּפְגֵּשׁ יִתְקִיִּים בְּמַהֲלֵךְ הַבִּיקוֹר הַשִּׁיב
פִּיקְרִינֵג שְׁמֹרֵפִי שֶׁבֶן וְאַפְשֵׁר שֶׁלֹּא.

שֶׁהִ'ח אִמֵּר בִּי עֲמַדַּת יִשְׂרָאֵל נִהִירָה לְאַרְהֵ'ב. אֲנוּ מוֹדָאגִים. לְדַעַתְנוּ
אֵין מֵה לַבֵּר נּוֹסֶפּוֹת. עֲמַדַּת אֲשִׁפּוֹ מִנְהִיגֵי הָאֲרֻגוֹן מִבְּטָאִים עֲמַדַּת
פּוֹמִבִּית בַּהֲטָעִימָם שֶׁאֵין אֲשִׁפּוֹ מַעֲוִינִין בְּמוֹמִי עִם יִשְׂרָאֵל וְשִׁישׁ לַהֲמִשִּׁיךְ
בְּמֵאֵבֶךְ הַמּוֹוִין נִגַּד יִשְׂרָאֵל. אֲשִׁפּוֹ וִירְדֵּן מַעֲדִיפִים וְעִידָה בִּינִ'ל
בְּמִקּוֹם מוֹמִי יִשִּׁיר. וְעִידָה בִּינִ'ל מַשְׁכַּפֵּת מַחוֹיְבוֹת חוֹסִין לַאֲשִׁפּוֹ
וּמַחוֹיְבוֹת אֲשִׁפּוֹ לְסוֹבִיטִים עַל כֵּן אֵין שֶׁהַ צוֹפֵה הַסְתַּמְנּוֹת שֶׁל שׁוֹם
אַלְמָנָם חֹדֶשׁ בְּבִקּוֹרוֹ שֶׁל מְרַפֵּי וְאֵין הוּא דוֹאֵה כִּיצַד יִמְצֵא מְרַפֵּי
אַלְמָנָטִים נּוֹסֶפִים שִׁיִּסִּיעוּ מַהוּמִית לְשִׁיכּוּלָה אוֹ אִי שִׁיכּוּלָה מַחֲדָשׁ
שֶׁל עֲמַדַּת אֲרֵהב בְּסוּגִיָּה. שֶׁהַ חוֹסִיף שִׁיתֵּבֵן וְהַחֲלֻמָּה מֵרֵם נִתְקַבְּלָה
וְעַל כֵּךְ חוֹבְתָנוּ לְבִקֵּשׁ מֵהַמּוֹבִיר לֹא לְקַבֵּלָה בְּכָל. יִתֵּר עַל כֵּךְ עֲדִיף
לְקַבֵּל הַחֲלֻמָּה שֶׁאֵין בְּאֲפִשְׁרוֹת אֲרֵהב לְקִיִּים מַפְגֵּשׁ בּוֹה עֵתָה. שֶׁהִ' אֵין
הַחֲלֻמָּה מִצַּד יִרְדֵּן לְקִיִּים מוֹמִי יִשִּׁיר עִם יִשְׂרָאֵל. אֲנוּ מַעֲוִינִים
בְּמוֹמִי יִשִּׁיר בַּהֲסַתְּפּוֹת עֲרָבִים פְּלִשְׁתִּינָאִים מוֹסַכְמִים עֲלֵינוּ. שֶׁהִ'ח
חֹדֶר וּמִקּוֹה שֶׁאַרְהֵב לֹא תִקְבֵּל הַחֲלֻמָּה עַל כִּיּוֹם הַמִּפְגֵּשׁ.
מִמִּנְכִּ'ל צִיטָט מְדַבֵּר אֲבוֹ אִיאֲזֵן לוֹמֵר וְעוֹמֵד עַל מַשְׁמַעוֹתָן.
שֶׁהַת אִמֵּר בִּי מַפְגֵּשׁ בּוֹה עֲלוֹל לִהְיוֹת בְּטֵל הַשְּׁפָעָה שְׁלִילִית. הַמּוֹבִיר
אִמֵּר לְסַגֵּר שְׁצוֹיִן לְקוֹם תְּהִלִּיךְ הַשְּׁלוֹם. בְּרֵם מַהֲלֵךְ וְהֵ כֹא יוֹבִילֵם
לְהַתְקַדְּמוֹת יִפְגַּע בְּאוֹרֵה הַכְּלִילִית בְּאִיוֹר וִיגְרוֹם לְנִסְיָגָה בְּתִהֲלִיךְ
הַשְּׁלוֹם. אֲנוּ מַצְטַעֲרִים עַל כֵּךְ מְאוֹד וְשֶׁהַ חוֹר וְהַבִּיעַ דֹּאגָתּוֹ.

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W.H.H. 10/10/19
W.H.H.

MEETING CLEARLY LEADS TO OUR OBJECTIVE OF DIRECT
NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE PARTIES. IT REMAINS OUR
CONVICTION THAT ONLY THROUGH A NEGOTIATED SETTLEMENT CAN
A JUST AND LASTING PEACE BETWEEN ISRAEL AND ALL ITS
NEIGHBORS BE ACHIEVED, END QUOTE SHULTZ.

BEGIN TALKING POINTS:

PRESIDENT REGAN HAS ASKED ASSISTANT SECRETARY MURPHY TO
TRAVEL TO THE MIDDLE EAST THIS WEEK TO CONSULT FURTHER ON
HOW BEST TO MOVE THE PEACE PROCESS FORWARD. MURPHY WILL
TRAVEL TO JORDAN FIRST AND THEN TO ISRAEL AND EGYPT. HE
HAS NOT MADE A FINAL DECISION REGARDING AMBASSADOR
MURPHY'S PARTICIPATION IN A MEETING WITH JORDANIANS AND
PALESTINIANS. THESE CONSULTATIONS ARE INTENDED TO EXPLORE
HOW SUCH A MEETING CAN SERVE OUR BROADER OBJECTIVES IN
THE PEACE PROCESS.

WE ARE AWARE OF YOUR CONCERNS ABOUT THE PROPOSED MEETING.
AS WE HAVE SAID OUR POSITION ON FUNCTION OF SUCH A
MEETING IS CLEAR AND REMAINS UNCHANGED: A PRELIMINARY
MEETING IS USEFUL ONLY TO THE EXTENT IT FACILITATES DIRECT
NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN ISRAEL, JORDAN AND THE
PALESTINIANS. WE HAVE NO INTEREST IN A DIALOGUE THAT
DOES NOT CONTRIBUTE TO THIS OBJECTIVE. OUR PUBLIC
STATEMENT YESTERDAY ON THE MURPHY MISSION REFLECTS OUR
CONTINUING EMPHASIS ON DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS OUR POSITION ON
THE PLO IS EQUALLY CLEAR: THE U.S. WILL NOT RECOGNIZE
OR NEGOTIATE WITH THE PLO UNTIL IT ACCEPTS RESOLUTIONS
242 AND 338 AND RECOGNIZES ISRAEL'S RIGHT TO EXIST. WE
DO NOT VIEW THE PROPOSED MURPHY MEETING AS A FORUM FOR
U.S.- PLO DIALOGUE OR NEGOTIATIONS NOR WOULD WE ALLOW ANY
MEETING WITH ASSISTANT SECRETARY MURPHY TO BE USED AS A
"BACK DOOR" FOR PLO CONTACTS WITH THE U.S. WITHOUT THE
FULFILLMENT OF THESE CONDITIONS. THE U.S. AND ISRAEL SHARE
A STRONG INTEREST IN MOVING THE PEACE PROCESS FORWARD
THROUGH DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS. WE WILL REMAIN IN CLOSE
CONSULTATION WITH YOU AS WE CONTINUE OUR MUTUAL EFFORTS.

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר
מס' 5
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WE HOPE YOU WILL AGREE THAT ASSISTANT SECRETARY MURPHY'S
TRIP IS A CONSTRUCTIVE EFFORT IN THIS PROCESS. NO
DECISION HAS BEEN MADE ON A MEETING WITH A JORDANIAN-
PALESTINIAN DELEGATION AND WE HOPE YOU WILL TREAT
AMBASSADOR MURPHY'S TRIP AS A CONSTRUCTIVE EFFORT TO
FURTHER EXPLORE WAYS TO REACH THE GOAL OF PEACE WE BOTH
SHARE. SHULTZ.

THE PLO CANNOT ACCEPT A NEGOTIATING DELEGATION WITHOUT
MEMBERS OF THE PLO BECAUSE IT WOULD MEAN THAT THE PLO
WAS GIVING UP ITS 'RIGHTS AND DIGNITY' OFCOURSE WE WILL
NOT STOP THE STRUGGLE UNTIL OUR FLAG FLIES OVER
PALESTINIAN LAND. UNTIL THIS HAPPENS WE WILL NOT LAY
DOWN OUR RIFLES

TO NAME

1: שרה, מנכ"ל, ממנכ"ל, מצפ"ח

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71 : הסברה. סמ"ת. לש' סמנכ"ל, יועץ רוח"ם להקשרות. מצפ"א.

לש' יור. לע"ס.

סיווג בטחוני:

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News Summary August 13, 1985Columns

WSJ-Pines "It's Syria That Counts in the Middle East" The PLO does not figure in the Arab-Israeli conflict anymore, it is Syria that really counts. This goes against conventional wisdom of many US officials. The Syrian Gov't would unequivocally reject a PLO-Israeli settlement. So would Jordan who would be disappointed at losing the contest for the West Bank. Jordan would continue to compete for influence there, possibly through subversion. Even if a PLO-Israeli accord survived Syrian opposition, the Arab-Israeli conflict would continue. The Syrian military threat would remain as strong as ever. If Jordan was involved, Syria would harass Jordan endlessly. If Syria and Israel signed a peace treaty, the conflict would be over. The PLO would disappear. Two features of Syrian foreign policy limit what the US can do to help bring about such a settlement. Assad has staked out a position as the foremost adversary of the US in the Mideast and the Soviet Union is its key ally. Assad, secondly, wishes to incorporate Israel into Syrian territory. The conflict with Israel helps Syrian leaders stay in power. Until a very different Gov't assumes power in Syria, the Arab-Israeli conflict will continue.

Dr-David Wilson "Israel Policy-Building: A Guide to the Lobby" Paul Findley of Illinois served 22 years in Congress. He was seen as a friend of the PLO and is certain that he was defeated in 1982 due to the Israeli lobby. Findley wrote a book, "They Dared to Speak Out" a thoroughly researched, frank polemical account of how the Israeli lobby has lashed out on many political figures. The awesome competence of AIPAC predisposes public figures sensibly to avoid taking positions on the Israeli-Arab conflict. Such abstinence effectively cedes the floor to Israel's allies and apologists.

Press ReportsMormons in Israel

NYT-Freidman (photo of Orthodox Jews demonstrating against Mormons) The matter of the Mormons wish to build a new University Center in Jerusalem is threatening to turn into an international incident. Orthodox Jews insist that the Mormons have missionary activities in mind. The Mormons deny the charges. The Jews insist that Mayor Kollek was bribed into agreeing to the center by a \$1 million donation to the Jerusalem Foundation.

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Murphy to go on Peace Mission

NYT-UPI-Richard Murphy will begin a series of Mideast peace missions with an option of meeting a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation, the State Dept. said. (see NYF-Flick)

Fighting in Beirut

NYT-A2-At least 15 people were killed and 75 injured as battles continued in Beirut. Syria has been unsuccessful in trying to impose a peace plan. This year's Miss Lebanon was badly hurt. A Shiite field commander stated that "We are going to fight with everything we have got."

New Jewish Philanthropy Group Helps All Poor

NYT-Teltsch-The Jewish Fund for Justice is a new Jewish group that aims to help all poor people, not just Jews. They were prompted to act because political and religious developments in the US were causing Jews to reassess their position in American life. "The Moral Majority's call for the Christianization of America underlines the importance of a more active Jewish participation effort to create a just society," said an organizer for the Fund. There is also an absence of "formal Jewish presence" in financing efforts to combat poverty. Organizers believe that the Fund can also strengthen ties between Jews and Blacks.

Dustin Hoffman on Judaism

ND-Dustin Hoffman says he has become more interested in his Jewish religion and would love to be bar-mitzvahed. Hoffman gave an indepth interview in Ladies Home Journal.

Letters

NYT-Writer states that the polarized population in Israel is not a result of "Kahanism" as stated in the Times, but is caused by the basic problem of a Jewish country at war, with Moslem terror in its midst. Israelis see many things including polls that show that 80% of Israeli Moslems would destroy Israel if given the opportunity. The Israeli establishment is failing to protect the peace and security of the nation.

NYT-Ruth Popkin, Pres. Hadassah rejects the contention that Kahane's appeal is soaring. In all democracies live bigots and racists.

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Kellek dismisses these charges. The Mormons are counting on mainstream support but even moderate Israelis and US Jews who support keeping Jerusalem an open city have reservations about the Mormon activities and the size of their project.

Israel-South Africa

NYT-special-Black Chief Gatsha Buthelezi, the Zulu leader of a so-called homeland in South Africa urged Peres to influence Pretoria to reach a negotiated settlement with blacks. Peres repeated his opposition to apartheid and stated that he would express Israel's view to the South African Gov't. Israel has been criticized for its trade and military relations with South Africa. Israeli leaders defend their position by saying it was in the interest of South African Jews to maintain ties with the Gov't. Israel has not officially condemned South Africa's state of emergency decree.

*** The Nation-Cockburn 8/17-"Apartheid Alliance" B'nai B'rith's figures on economic ties between Israel and South Africa are wrong. According to B'nai B'rith, Israel's trade with South Africa accounts for only 1.5% of the total trade South Africa does, far less than trade with Arabs and other African nations. But B'nai B'rith figures do not take arms contributions and diamonds into the picture. The June issue of Israeli Foreign Affairs gives a truer picture. South Africa buys about one-third of the billion dollar worth of arms that Israel sold during 1983. Figures also exclude a great deal more. South Africa earns millions from the sale of diamonds to Israel. There are many technical advisors in South Africa who work on nuclear projects, intelligence, military ect...They send home money to Israel. Israel markets many South African produce abroad and they would not be bought directly from South Africa.

Koch & Jackson on Apartheid

DM-Rainie-Koch and Jackson got together during an anti-apartheid rally in Washington. Jackson maintains that Israel should "be the light to the world" to which Koch responded, "Jews don't want to leap into the fire alone." Koch believes that all countries should cut economic ties with South Africa as opposed to singling out Israel.

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תמנכ"ל, מצפ"א, מע"ת, רמ"ח קט"ח.

תדרוך דובר מתמיד ליום ה 13.8.85

JIM ANDERSON (UPI): Can you say anything about where Mr. Murphy is today?

MR. REDMAN: He's in Amman.

MR. ANDERSON: And any sign of any meeting with the joint delegation?

MR. REDMAN: With the joint delegation?

MR. ANDERSON: Yeah.

MR. REDMAN: Let me reiterate a bit of what was said yesterday, which is that no decision has been taken on a possible Murphy meeting with a joint Palestinian-Jordanian group. We have said we are prepared to participate in such a meeting, if it clearly leads to our objective of direct negotiations. This is our goal and we will not participate in indirect negotiations or prenegotiations.

We have also said that the purpose of such a meeting is not a US dialogue with the PLO. Our position on that subject is clear. We will not engage in a substantive dialogue with the PLO until it accepts United Nations Security Council resolutions 242 and 338 and recognizes Israel's right to exist. As we move toward negotiations we will consult closely with Israel, as we will with Jordan and Egypt. It is only by proceeding in this manner that we can promote our common objective, a negotiated settlement for the Middle East dispute.

Q When does he arrive in Amman, Mr. Murphy?

MR. REDMAN: He's in Amman today. Given the time differences I'm not sure I'd mislead you with the exact time.

Q An official said yesterday that it will be in the next, coming, two days, Amman, Jordan.

MR. REDMAN: He was referring to the meetings. The meetings will not be until tomorrow, will not begin until tomorrow.

Handwritten notes at the bottom of the page, including dates and names, are partially legible and appear to be a summary or transcription of the meeting.

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SAMIR KHARAM (Arab-American Media Service): You're hardening your position. In your earlier position you never said anything about indirect or prenegotiations. I think this is a new twist in your position. You didn't make this clear before, about indirect or prenegotiations.

MR. REDMAN: I think that's always been part of our position. I think that's been perfectly clear, that the two ways in which we have characterized our approach to this possible meeting with a joint group is that we have to have mutually acceptable and mutually agreeable conditions and modalities and, secondly, that this lead toward our goal of direct negotiations between the parties, and that, by implication, that is to say, that our goal in these meetings is not, if you will, a dialogue with the PLO, but rather, part of a process that has to move toward this goal of direct negotiations.

Q Was this conveyed in a letter from Shultz to the Israeli government just before Murphy left?

MR. REDMAN: I really have no comment on any diplomatic exchanges. But our position is as I have stated it. That's all I can say on that.

Q Yesterday the administration official who briefed here gave me the impression, at least, that Foreign Minister Shamir was not necessarily speaking for the entire Israeli government when he raised public objections to the US meeting, possible meeting, with the joint delegation. Can you clarify that? Do you believe, especially in light of Ambassador Rosenne's meeting with the Secretary yesterday afternoon, do you believe that the objections expressed by Foreign Minister Shamir accurately express the feelings of the Israeli government in general?

MR. REDMAN: I would limit my answer to saying as Foreign Minister Mr. Shamir is the spokesman for the policies adopted by the government of Israel. I would have nothing further to add as to their substance.

Q Well, have you received any -- in the wake of that briefing that we had yesterday have you received any indications from the Israeli government that this is so, that, in fact, Shamir is speaking for the Prime Minister as well as the rest of the Cabinet?

MR. REDMAN: I will stick by my statement which simply says that Mr. Shamir speaks for the government of Israel, as Foreign Minister.

SEMAAN SEMAAN (BBC): Is it your understanding that Mr. Shamir opposes the participation of PLO representatives when he speaks about a Palestinian-Jordanian delegation meeting with US officials?

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MR. REDMAN: I would really not care to characterize the Foreign Minister's position. He can speak for himself.

Q King Hassan of Morocco said in a press conference on Saturday that he will meet President Reagan to tell him about what happened in the summit. Do you have any idea when he is coming or when he is meeting with President Reagan?

MR. REDMAN: No. To the best of my knowledge we have, at this point, no further information on that proposed trip that was reported out of the summit.

MR. REDMAN: Anything else on the Middle East?

Q Well, actually, as long as we're on it, do you have anything on Congressman O'Brien's meeting with Assad?

MR. REDMAN: No, I don't. I have no details.

Q But you can confirm that it happened and they talked about the hostages?

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MR. REDMAN: In terms of the substance of the meeting, I have no comment. The fact that the meeting occurred, yes.

Q Let me ask one thing also. Is the meeting with the delegation still an option, the joint delegation, still an option?

MR. REDMAN: Oh, definitely. There's no change from what you were told yesterday. In fact, I think that question has been answered, and then some.

MR. SEMAAN: A last shot on Mr. Shamir's position. Do you sense any change in his position?

MR. REDMAN: (Laughs.) Again, that would be characterizing his position, as it evolves. I'm not going to do that. Sorry.

MR. KHARAM: Whom will Murphy be meeting tomorrow?

MR. REDMAN: I don't have that.

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MR. KHARAM: Israel is freeing a hundred more Lebanese and keeping 215 in Israeli jails. Do you have any idea when will the rest of these Lebanese be released, and did Israel inform you and tell you about what they are doing with these people?

MR. REDMAN: The answer would be the same as on at least two previous occasions, which is that this is an Israeli decision, which is being determined by Israeli authorities. So, the answer is no, I don't have any information as to when the remainder might be released.

MR. KHARAM: The second question is does the United States government look favorably to Israeli courts challenging the Israeli government deportation orders against the Palestinian-occupied West Bank?

MR. REDMAN: I think I have something on that. (Refers to guidance book.) In fact, our position on this issue is well known and I would refer you to our remarks of a week ago Monday, when I wasn't here.

MR. KHARAM: The second answer to my second question, you mean that -- you go back -- you said -- to go back to your position Monday a week ago, when you were not here, do you stick with this position despite the fact that Israeli government officials, Mr. Peres and others -- Mr. Rabin, I'm sorry -- rejected your protestation against these orders, and they said that this is not -- almost is not your business?

MR. REDMAN: We'll have to look at the guidance from last -- from a week ago Monday. But in any case, this was -- what I have now has been written in the context of what has happened yesterday and today. But if you want to come by afterwards we'll take a look at what was said.

—ג'ל

אל: הסברה, מע"ת, מצפ"א, ממנכ"ל, יגר, לשי רוח"מ, לע"מ, דובר צה"ל, רמ"ח קש"ח

דע: ניו-יורק.

NEWS SUMMARY TUESDAY AUGUST 13, 1985

EDITORIALS

THE MEASURE OF MEIR KAHANE

BOSTON GLOBE In the last Israeli elections Rabbi Meir Kahane, the American Neo-fascist, received about 26,000 votes, or about one of every hundred. His party occupies one of the 120 Knesset seats, three fewer than the Communists. Kahane is antidemocratic, so his slowly growing popularity is important for Americans. Anything that threatens Israel threatens other democracies because Israel is the only democracy in the Middle East. The 208-year-old experiment in American democracy has outlived bigots and demagogues. The 37-year-old experiment in Israel democracy needs the support of all democracies.

ISRAEL AND SOUTH AFRICA

THE EVENING SUN Over the weekend Israel finally has joined the community of nations with the explicit condemnation of South Africa's policy of apartheid. Belated as it is, this is a welcomed step. The condemnation of south African apartheid will serve not merely to hold Israel to it's great heritage but also will serve as a warning that the evil system of making citizenship conditional upon race must not be allowed to arise in Israel - even under the figleaf of "security" or "occupation".

THE PRESS REPORTS

U.S. ENVOY TO VISIT MIDEAST

J. GOSHKO WASH POST Assistant Secretary of State R. W. Murphy is to visit Israel, Jordan and Egypt this week to revive the Mideast peace process, and U.S. officials said he might meet with a Palestinian-Jordanian during the trip or soon after.

ISRAEL MEETS SETBACKS INDEPORTATION PLAN

W. CLAIRBORNE WASH POST The Israel's government's efforts to deport Palestinians convicted of terrorist activity have suffered in both civilian and military judicial systems. A military review board recommended dropping deportation proceedings against a Palestinian convicted of a major security offense. A high court justice delayed the deportation of 12 convicted terrorists.

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ISRAEL TO FREE 100 LEBANESE; 250 TO REMAIN

(RT) WASH POST Another 100 of the Lebanese detainees whose release was demanded by the TWA hijackers in June will be released on Tuesday.

HEAVY BOMBINGS IN BEIRUT KILLS 16

(AP) WASH POST Militiamen battled across Beirut's deviding line today, and gunners on both sides shelled residential areas with artillery fire. Atleast 16 persons were killed and 75 wounded.

DEALING WITH THE KAHANE FACTOR

THE ECONOMIST (FROM THE WASH TIMES) Racism has become a weasel word that is disarmingly elusive when you try to nail it to the precise definition. Just about everybody, however, will pin the label on Rabbi Meir Kahane, the Israeli politician who wants Arabs kicked out of Israel. His brand of racism seems to be gaining ground among Israelis, and the questions posed by his challenge in Israel and beyond should not be too lightly flicked aside.

RABIN BLAMES VIOLENCE IN W. BANK, GAZA ON PLO

THE SUN (AP) Defense minixter Rabin said yesterday that PLO officials in Jordan were encouraging youths in Israel's occupied territories to carry out terror attacks on Israelis.

— זמני —

דע: ממכ"ל, מצפ"א, ניו יורק.

אורי סביר - יועץ תקשורת לרוה"מ

בקור רוה"מ תקשורת - לשלך 312

מציעים לשקולכם הארועים דלהלן:

א. מסיבת עתונאים כללית במלון עם תום השיחות בממשל או לחלופין פגישה עם הכתבים המדיניים.

ב. מפגש עם הכתבים הישראליים.

לשקולכם גם אפשרות לראיון לטלביזיה הישראלית ולרדיו.

ג. מפגש עם עורכים, בעלי טורים, ופרשנים במסגרת מצומצמת.

ד. לגבי תכנית יום א' - תהיה בודאי תחרות עצומה על התכניות בגלל כל ראשי המדינה שיבקרו באוהה עת, אך אם יש ענין נוכל לנסות.

ה. רשמתי לפניכם פניה ה - NATIONAL PRESS CLUB. עוד נחזור עם המלצות לגבי פניה זאת. נעביר כמובן כל הפניות שתגענה.

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SUBJECT: BACKGROUND BRIEFING ON RICHARD W. MURPHY TRIP

THE FOLLOWING IS A TRANSCRIPT OF A BACKGROUND BRIEFING.
ON AMBASSADOR MURPHY'S TRIP TO THE MIDDLE EAST.

SENIOR ADMINISTRATION OFFICIAL: I WON'T BORE YOU OR PUT
YOU TO SLEEP WITH ANY STATEMENTS SINCE I THINK YOU MIGHT
HAVE SOME QUESTIONS. SO WHY DON'T WE GO RIGHT TO
QUESTIONS.

Q. CAN YOU TELL US WHETHER A DECISION WILL BE MADE DURING
THE COURSE OF THIS TRIP TO MEET WITH THE
JORDANIAN-PALESTINIAN DELEGATION?

A. IT'S AN OPTION, BUT NO FINAL DECISION HAS BEEN MADE
REGARDING AMBASSADOR MURPHY'S PARTICIPATING IN SUCH A
MEETING.

Q. WHO WILL HE SEE OUT THERE?

A. WITHOUT GOING INTO THE ORDER OF STOPS FOR OBVIOUS
SECURITY REASONS, HE'LL BE VISITING ISRAEL, JORDAN AND

EGYPT. THAT'S THE PRESENT PLAN. IT'S POSSIBLE THAT THE
TRIP MIGHT BE EXPANDED, BUT NO DECISIONS HAVE BEEN MADE
ON ADDITIONAL STOPS YET.

Q. WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY "HE WILL VISIT SHORTLY," BECAUSE
YOU'VE BEEN SAYING THAT WORD FOR THE LAST MONTH? WHAT DO
YOU MEAN "SHORTLY?" IN THE COMING TWO DAYS, IN THE
COMING WEEK, OR WHAT?

A. HE WILL BE IN THE AREA IN THE NEXT SEVERAL DAYS.

Q. A COUPLE OF DAYS?

A. YES.

Q. HE HASN'T LEFT ALREADY?

A. HE HAS NOT LEFT.

Q. WHEN DOES HE LEAVE?

A. ONCE AGAIN, FOR SECURITY REASONS, I TRY NOT TO GET INTO THE DETAILS OF HIS TRAVEL PLANS IN ADVANCE.

Q. WILL HE BE GOING TO JORDAN FIRST AND THEN ISRAEL AND EGYPT, OR VICE VERSA?

A. ONCE AGAIN, THE PEOPLE IN SY ARE STANDING OUTSIDE WITH HANDCUFFS AND SAID IF I GET INTO THE DETAILS OF THE ITINERARY THEY'RE TAKING ME AWAY.

HE WILL BE VISITING ALL THREE, AND I'D SAY THAT IT'S OPEN THAT HE MIGHT BE MAKING OTHER STOPS BUT I CAN'T GET INTO THE DETAILS. I'M SORRY.

Q. WHAT IS THE STATUS OF THE U.S. CONSIDERATION OF THE PALESTINIAN LIST?

A. WE'VE MADE NO FINAL DECISION. IT'S OBVIOUSLY GOING TO BE A MAJOR TOPIC FOR DISCUSSION WHEN ASSISTANT SECRETARY MURPHY IS OUT THERE.

BUT AS WE SAID BEFORE, I THINK IT'S WRONG TO FOCUS ALL THE ATTENTION ON THE LIST. THE REALLY ESSENTIAL QUESTION ABOUT A MEETING WITH A JORDANIAN-PALESTINIAN DELEGATION IS, WE'RE PREPARED TO TAKE PART IF TWO THINGS HAPPEN: IF ARRANGEMENTS CAN BE MUTUALLY AGREED, AND IF THE MEETING CLEARLY LEADS TO OUR COMMON OBJECTIVE OF DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE PARTIES. THAT'S ONE OF THE KEY ISSUES THAT AMBASSADOR MURPHY WILL BE DISCUSSING.

Q. WHAT'S THE OTHERS?

Q. WHAT IS THE OBSTACLE IN THE WAY OF MEETING WITH THE JORDANIAN-PALESTINIAN DELEGATION AT PRESENT? WHY A DECISION HAS NOT BEEN MADE YET?

Q. WHAT SEEMS TO BE THE PROBLEM?

A. WE'VE BEEN EXCHANGING CABLES AND MESSAGES FOR THE PAST COUPLE WEEKS AND FEEL THAT WE'VE REACHED A POINT; THE PROCESS HAS MOVED FAR ENOUGH ALONG. IT WOULD BE VERY USEFUL FOR AMBASSADOR MURPHY TO GO OUT AND HAVE SOME DIRECT DISCUSSIONS WITH OUR FRIENDS IN THE REGION.

OBVIOUSLY, ONE OF THE ISSUES THAT'S GOING TO BE DISCUSSED IS HOW DOES ANY MURPHY MEETING FIT INTO THE CONTEXT OF PROGRESS TOWARD DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS.

A. ON 12 APRIL, THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
INTENTED TO SIGN THE TREATY OF PEACE
AND FRIENDSHIP WITH THE SOVIET UNION
ON 12 APRIL 1948.

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Q. COULD YOU JUST SAY WHAT SPECIFIC DEVELOPMENTS HAVE LED THE ADMINISTRATION TO CONCLUDE THAT THE TIME IS RIGHT NOW FOR MURPHY TO GO BACK TO THE MIDDLE EAST?

A. IT WAS ORIGINALLY PLANNED THAT AMBASSADOR MURPHY WOULD MAKE THIS TRIP BEFORE THE CASABLANCA SUMMIT. IN OTHER WORDS, THAT WAS THE ORIGINAL THINKING. THAT WAS DELAYED BECAUSE OF JUST CONVENIENCE OF SCHEDULING IN THE REGION.

I THINK WE'VE REACHED THE POINT THAT, SAY, WE'VE EXCHANGED A NUMBER OF MESSAGES WITH ALL THE LEADERS IN THE REGION AND FEEL THAT WE'VE MADE SOME PROGRESS IN THOSE EXCHANGE OF MESSAGES. BUT IN ORDER TO HELP THE PROCESS ALONG, IT WAS TIME FOR DICK TO GO OUT AND ENGAGE IN THE KIND OF DIRECT DISCUSSIONS THAT ARE ALWAYS HELPFUL IN THIS KIND OF VENTURE.

Q. CAN WE CONSIDER THAT THE COMMUNIQUE ISSUED BY THE SUMMIT PUSE YOU TO HAVE THIS DECISION -- I MEAN, TO SEND MURPHY TO THE MIDDLE EAST? WAS IT ONE OF THE FACTORS?

A. NO. THE DECISION WAS MADE TO GO BEFORE THE SUMMIT MET.

Q. THEN, WHAT DO YOU THINK ABOUT THE COMMUNIQUE WHICH WAS ISSUED BY THE SUMMIT? YOU PUT A LOT OF EMPHASIS ON IT ON MONDAY, SO WHAT DO YOU THINK? DO YOU HAVE ANY EVALUATION OF IT?

A. I'M NOT GOING TO GET INTO A DETAILED ASSESSMENT OF

WHAT WE THINK ABOUT THE SUMMIT COMMUNIQUE. THE SUMMIT COMMUNIQUE MAKES A NUMBER OF POINTS ON THE PEACE PROCESS AND OTHER ISSUES. ON EACH OF THOSE INDIVIDUAL POINTS, OUR POSITIONS AND POLICIES ARE WELL KNOWN. BUT WE DON'T THINK IT'S IN OUR INTEREST TO GET INTO A DETAILED EXEGESIS, AS WE SAY IN THE MIDDLE EAST BUREAU.

Q. CAN YOU JUST SAY WHETHER YOU WERE HAPPY WITH IT, DISAPPOINTED? DID IT FURTHER THE PEACE PROCESS, IN GENERAL?

A. NO, I'M NOT GOING TO CHARACTERIZE OUR POSITION.

Q. YOU SAID YOU ARE LOOKING FOR THE CONFERENCE TO RE-ENFORCE KING HUSSEIN'S INITIATIVE. DID IT ENFORCE IT OR NOT; A SIMPLE QUESTION?

A. I THINK YOUR READING OF THE COMMUNIQUE WOULD ANSWER THAT QUESTION.

Q. DID MR. WHITEHEAD REQUEST FROM KING HUSSEIN, WHEN HE WAS IN AMMAN, A NEW LIST OF PALESTINIANS IN THE JOINT JORDANIAN-PALESTINIAN DELEGATION? AND WHAT DO YOU COMMENT ON THE LIST AS IT WAS SUBMITTED TO YOU LAST MONTH?

A. I'M NOT GOING TO GET INTO THE DETAILS OF THE CONVERSATIONS THAT THE DEPUTY SECRETARY HAD. AND OBVIOUSLY ONE OF THE ISSUES THAT AMBASSADOR MURPHY WILL

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BE DISCUSSING IS THE LIST AND OUR VIEWS ON THE LIST, AND I'M NOT GOING TO PREVIEW THAT NOW.

Q. I WANT TO BE SURE ABOUT IT. DID YOU REQUEST A NEW LIST OR NOT? THAT'S THE QUESTION. BECAUSE THERE HAVE BEEN REPORTS IN THE ARAB WORLD THAT YOU REQUESTED A NEW LIST FROM THE JORDANIANS -- THE PALESTINIANS?

A. WE HAVE NOT MADE A DECISION YET ON THE LIST.

Q. GIVEN THE LESS THAN HEARTY ENDORSEMENT BY THE CASABLANCA SUMMIT OF THE JORDANIAN-PALESTINIAN PROPOSAL, AND ISRAEL'S REJECTION OF THE PROCESS AS WE SEE IT, WHAT GIVES YOU GROUNDS FOR OPTIMISM AT THIS POINT?

A. HAVING DEALT WITH THE MIDDLE EAST FOR 13 YEARS, I WONDER WHAT GIVES ANYBODY GROUNDS FOR OPTIMISM AT ANY TIME. (LAUGHTER)

THAT ASIDE, A NUMBER OF THINGS HAVE HAPPENED RECENTLY WHICH INDICATE TO US THAT THE PROCESS DOES HAVE A CHANCE OF WORKING. WE HAD KING HUSSEIN'S VISIT; HAD THE PUBLIC STATEMENTS HE MADE, ALL OF THEM WHICH WERE VERY SUPPORTIVE OF THE PROCESS. WE HAVE PRIME MINISTER PERES MAKING A VERY SUPPORTIVE SPEECH IN THE KNESSET ON JUNE 10, WHICH WAS ALSO SUPPORTIVE OF THE PROCESS.

PRIOR TO THAT, OF COURSE, WE HAD THE FEBRUARY 11 AGREEMENT WHICH WE THINK WAS A VERY HELPFUL STEP. WE THINK ALL THE PARTIES ARE SERIOUS ABOUT MOVING TO NEGOTIATIONS AND FINDING A PEACEFUL RESOLUTION TO THE CONFLICT, AND ALL THOSE ARE VERY POSITIVE THINGS.

WE, FROM THE BEGINNING, HAVE SAID THAT WE DON'T EXPECT PYROTECHNICS. WE DON'T EXPECT MAJOR UNEXPECTED BREAKTHROUGHS.

ONE THING WE'VE LEARNED IN THE MIDDLE EAST IS THAT THINGS TAKE TIME. WE THINK THE PROCESS IS MOVING IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION. ONE REASON DICK IS GOING OUT TO THE REGION RIGHT NOW IS BECAUSE WE BELIEVE THAT MOVEMENT CONTINUES, AND IT'S TIME TO ENGAGE DIRECTLY WITH THE PARTIES TO DISCUSS THE NEXT STEPS. SO IN A MIDDLE EAST CONTEXT, WE REMAIN OPTIMISTIC.

Q. IS THE DIFFERING INTERPRETATIONS BY THE PLO AND THE UNITED STATES, ON THE FIRST MEETING, ONE OF THE OBSTACLES, OR IS IT BECAUSE OF DELAY ON TAKING A DECISION TO MEET WITH THE JOINT PALESTINIAN-JORDANIAN DELEGATION?

A. IF SOMEONE IS TALKING ABOUT THE TALKING, TWO THINGS THAT AMBASSADOR MURPHY WILL BE DISCUSSING: ONE IS THE ARRANGEMENTS OF THE MEETING, WHICH YOU'VE JUST ADDRESSED; AND SECOND IS, HOW DOES IT LEAD TO OUR COMMON OBJECTIVES. SO THAT'S ONE OF THE THINGS THAT AMBASSADOR MURPHY WILL BE TALKING ABOUT.

Q. IN AN INTERVIEW ON FRIDAY, FOREIGN MINISTER SHAMIR IS SAYING THAT A MEETING BY THE UNITED STATES WITH THE DELEGATION -- JORDANIAN-PALESTINIAN DELEGATION -- "WOULD HURT THE WAR AGAINST TERRORISM; IT WOULD HURT PEACE AND STABILITY IN THE MIDDLE EAST; IT WOULD HURT THE FABRIC OF RELATIONS BETWEEN OURSELVES AND THE UNITED STATES." WOULD YOU COMMENT ON THIS?

A. IT'S OBVIOUSLY THE FOREIGN MINISTER'S VIEW. OUR POSITION IS, WHICH WE UNDERSTAND IS THE OFFICIAL POSITION OF THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL AS WELL AS THE GOVERNMENT OF JORDAN, THAT THE REASON TO GO AHEAD WITH THE MEETING IS IF WE BELIEVE IT'S GOING TO LEAD TO NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN

THE PARTIES. IF IT'S GOING TO BE HARMFUL TO THE PROCESS, THEN WE DON'T BELIEVE IT'S USEFUL GOING TO THE MEETING. BUT, OBVIOUSLY, THAT'S ONE OF THE ISSUES THAT AMBASSADOR MURPHY HAS TO DISCUSS IN THE REGION.

Q. ARE THERE ANY ISSUES THAT ARE GOING TO BE COMING UP ON THIS THAT DO NOT INVOLVE THE POSSIBILITY OF JORDANIAN-PALESTINIAN-ISRAELI NEGOTIATIONS? IS THERE ANYTHING ELSE THAT'S HANGING AROUND?

A. NO MAJOR ISSUE. OBVIOUSLY, WHEN DICK IS IN THE VARIOUS CAPITALS HE WILL DISCUSS OTHER BILATERAL ISSUES, IT'S JUST A TARGET OF OPPORTUNITY. BUT I THINK THE MAIN PURPOSE OF THE TRIP IS THE PEACE PROCESS.

Q. UNDER THE ORIGINAL TIMETABLE, SUCH AS THERE WAS AN ORIGINAL TIMETABLE, WASN'T HE SUPPOSED TO BE GOING THERE ABOUT NOW TO AMMAN TO MEET -- TO HAVE A PRELIMINARY MEETING WITH THE DELEGATIONS?

A. WE NEVER HAD A FIXED DATE. THERE WAS OBVIOUSLY A LOT OF SPECULATION OF WHEN IT WOULD HAPPEN, BUT THERE WAS NEVER A DATE CERTAIN WHEN A MEETING WOULD BE HELD.

Q. I MEAN, WOULDN'T YOU SAY THINGS ARE A LITTLE BEHIND WHERE, AT LEAST, THE STATE DEPARTMENT HOPED THEY WOULD BE?

A. I THINK WE ALWAYS HOPE THINGS MOVE FASTER. IT'S A STANDARD MALADY IN THE BUILDING.

I THINK THAT WE VIEW DICK'S TRIP AS AN INDICATION THAT WE ARE STILL MAKING SOME PROGRESS, AND I THINK WE CAN HAVE SOME USEFUL CONVERSATIONS. AS TO WHETHER OR NOT WE WOULD HAVE LIKED TO BE FARTHER ALONG THAN WE ARE NOW, SURE. ARE WE SATISFIED WHERE WE ARE IN THE PROCESS? YES, WE ARE.

Q. YOU ENUMERATED THREE OR FOUR FACTORS WHICH ARE THE FACTORS THAT YOU ARE GOING TO THE AREA, WHICH ARE THE SAME FACTORS THAT YOU SAID EARLY, ABOUT A MONTH AGO. WERE THERE ANY OTHER FACTORS WHICH WERE ADDED? WAS THERE ACCEPTANCE BY MR. PERES OF TWO PALESTINIANS FROM THE LIST OF SEVEN -- ANOTHER FACTOR ADDED TO THE FACTORS WHICH IS ENCOURAGING YOU TO GO NOW TO THE MIDDLE EAST AND SEARCH FOR IT?

A. NO. THE REASON WE'RE GOING, AS WE MENTIONED, WE THINK IT'S THE RIGHT TIME FOR DICK TO GO OUT AND HAVE THOSE CONVERSATIONS. IT'S NOT THAT THE SITUATION HAS

DRAMATICALLY CHANGED IN THE PAST COUPLE OF WEEKS.

Q. YOU JUST SAID THAT YOU ARE SATISFIED THAT THE PEACE PROCESS IS MOVING FORWARD, THAT YOU UNDERSTAND?

A. THAT'S CORRECT.

Q. BUT WHAT DO YOU MEAN, THEN, THAT THE MEETING WILL HAPPEN IF ARRANGEMENTS CAN BE MUTUALLY AGREED? YOU WANT TO TELL US AFTER THREE MONTHS OF NEGOTIATIONS YOU HAVEN'T ACHIEVED MUTUALLY AGREED -- YOU CAN'T AGREE ON ARRANGEMENTS UNTIL NOW?

A. THERE ARE TWO ISSUES. ONE IS MUTUALLY-AGREED ARRANGEMENTS; AND SECOND IS, ALL PARTIES AGREE IT HAS TO LEAD TO A COMMON OBJECTIVE OF NEGOTIATIONS. IT'S MUCH MORE IMPORTANT THAN THE FIRST. THE SECOND IS THE ISSUE THAT AMBASSADOR MURPHY IS GOING TO BE EMPHASIZING DURING HIS DISCUSSIONS UP THERE.

Q. WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY "MUTUAL ARRANGEMENTS?" WHAT DOES THAT MEAN IN ENGLISH?

A. I THINK IT'S RE-ENFORCING MODALITIES.

IT INVOLVES ISSUES RANGING FROM WHO SITS DOWN AT THE TABLE TO OTHER THINGS THAT WE'RE ALL INTERESTED IN, LIKE PRESS CONVERGENCE, LIKE STATEMENTS, LIKE VENUE. JUST THE PARTICULARS OF HOW IT'S GOING TO BE ARRANGED.

Q. COULD YOU HELP US ON SOMETHING YOU JUST SAID. YOU SAID IN THE PAST SEVERAL WEEKS, AS I THOUGHT I HEARD IT, THERE HAS NOT BEEN ANY DRAMATIC -- THE SITUATION IS NOT DRAMATICALLY CHANGED. OF COURSE, THE WORD "DRAMATICALLY" IS OPERATIVE HERE. WE'VE HAD THE SHAMIR STATEMENT ON FRIDAY. WE HAD THE COMMUNIQUE FROM CASABLANCA. THESE ARE NOT IMPORTANT, NOT DRAMATIC? WHAT ARE THEY?

A. THEY'RE CERTAINLY IMPORTANT. WHAT I MEANT BY "DRAMATIC" IS THAT YOU DON'T -- WE COULD ALL ENVISION DRAMATIC STEPS. A SADAT VISIT TO JERUSALEM, I'D ASSUME, YOU WOULD CALL DRAMATIC. I'M SAYING THE PROCESS CONTINUES, THAT THERE HAS BEEN MOVEMENT. WE DON'T THINK THE CASABLANCA COMMUNIQUE LEADS TO ANY DRAMATIC DEPARTURES IN THE PEACE PROCESS.

THE FOREIGN MINISTER'S STATEMENT REFLECTS HIS VIEWS. ONCE AGAIN, I DON'T THINK THAT LEADS TO A DRAMATIC DEPARTURE IN WHAT WE'RE TRYING TO ACHIEVE.

Q. HE IS NOT GOING TO SAUDI ARABIA. ARE YOU WRITING SAUDI ARABIA OUT OF THE PEACE PROCESS?

A. WE SAID RIGHT NOW HE PLANS ON THREE STOPS, AND OTHERS MIGHT WELL BE ADDED.

Q. WHAT IS THE CURRENT AMERICAN ATTITUDE TOWARDS THE LIST OF PALESTINIANS THAT WE'VE BEEN GIVEN -- THE SEVEN? AS FAR AS I RECALL, A COUPLE OF DAYS AGO WE WERE STILL CONSIDERING THE LIST.

A. THAT'S RIGHT. AND WE HAVEN'T MADE ANY FINAL DECISIONS ON THE LIST OF NAMES.

ONE THING I MENTIONED EARLIER, THOUGH, IS, WHEN LOOKING AT THE MURPHY MEETING, I THINK -- AND WE'VE DONE IT AS WELL -- WE ALL TEND TO FOCUS ON THE SPECIFIC NAMES, THIS ONE CAN BE CHECKED YES AND THAT ONE CAN BE CHECKED NO. WHAT WE HAVE TO DO, AND WE ARE DOING, IS REALIZING THAT WHEN YOU TALK ABOUT A MURPHY MEETING, YOU TALK ABOUT

Q. Now, I want to ask you, is it not true that the...
A. Yes, it is true that the...
Q. And the...
A. Yes, it is true that the...

Q. Now, I want to ask you, is it not true that the...
A. Yes, it is true that the...

A. I think it's an interesting question.

Q. Now, I want to ask you, is it not true that the...
A. Yes, it is true that the...

Q. Now, I want to ask you, is it not true that the...
A. Yes, it is true that the...

Q. Now, I want to ask you, is it not true that the...
A. Yes, it is true that the...

Q. Now, I want to ask you, is it not true that the...
A. Yes, it is true that the...

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A. Yes, it is true that the...

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A. Yes, it is true that the...

Q. Now, I want to ask you, is it not true that the...
A. Yes, it is true that the...

Q. Now, I want to ask you, is it not true that the...
A. Yes, it is true that the...

Q. Now, I want to ask you, is it not true that the...
A. Yes, it is true that the...

PROCESS , NAMES ARE ONLY ONE ELEMENT IN THAT MEETING.
IT'S AN IMPORTANT ELEMENT BUT IT'S ONLY A DISCREET
ELEMENT.

THE MUCH BROADER QUESTION IS, HOW THE MEETING LEADS TO
WHERE WE ALL WANT TO GO.

Q. AM I CORRECT IN ASSUMING THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD
BE WILLING TO MEET WITH DIFFERENT PALESTINIANS THAN MIGHT
ACTUALLY SIT DOWN IN A JORDANIAN-PALESTINIAN NEGOTIATION?

A. WE'RE NOT PREJUDGING WHERE AND WHO MIGHT EVENTUALLY BE
ENGAGED IN NEGOTIATIONS -- I MEAN A JORDANIAN AND ISRAELI
NEGOTIATION.

Q. IS IT CONCEIVABLE THAT MURPHY MAY MEET WITH SOME OF
THE PALESTINIANS ON THAT LIST ON THIS TRIP?

A. WE KNOW THAT MOST OF THE TIME DICK HAS BEEN IN THE
AREA HE'S MET WITH PALESTINIANS, BOTH IN JERUSALEM AND
AMMAN. WHAT IS VERY IMPORTANT IS, IF HE HAS ANY KIND OF
A MEETING LIKE THAT, THAT IT ISN'T A SUBSTITUTE IN ANY
WAY FOR THE MURPHY MEETING WITH THE JOINT
JORDANIAN/PALESTINIAN DELEGATION. BUT I DON'T WANT TO
MISLEAD YOU: IT'S CERTAINLY POSSIBLE THAT DICK WILL BE
MEETING WITH SOME PALESTINIANS, BUT THEY WILL BE IN THE
SAME CATEGORY OF PALESTINIANS THAT HE'S ALWAYS MET WITH.

Q. I UNDERSTAND THAT, SIR. BUT INCLUDING PALESTINIANS ON
THAT LIST OF SEVEN?

A. I'M NOT GOING TO GET INTO SPECIFICALLY WHOM HE MIGHT
MEET WITH. THERE ARE NO PLANS FOR THAT KIND OF MEETING.

Q. DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE WITH PERES, FOR EXAMPLE, HE
PICKED TWO ON THE LIST? DO YOU AGREE WITH HIM OR
DISAGREE ON THE TWO HE PICKED FROM THE LIST?

THESE ARE THE ONLY TWO PLACES IN THE WORLD
WHERE THE TWO PLACES ARE THE SAME.

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WHERE THE TWO PLACES ARE THE SAME.

A. I THINK ONCE WE MAKE UP OUR MIND ON THE LIST, WE'LL LET EVERYONE KNOW.

Q. NO, BUT WHAT ABOUT THESE TWO? I MEAN, WHICH --

A. I'M NOT GOING TO GET INTO WHETHER OR NOT WE FIND THOSE TWO ACCEPTABLE.

Q. DO YOU THINK AS A RESULT OF THIS VISIT OF MR. MURPHY, AS THE RESULT OF THESE CONVERSATIONS THAT HE WILL BE CONDUCTING, HE WILL COME BACK WITH APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL OF THE LIST OR A NEW LIST, OR WHAT WILL HAPPEN?

A. OUR ASSUMPTION AND HOPE IS THAT HE'LL COME BACK SHOWING SOME PROGRESS IN THE PROCESS; BUT AS TO WHAT THAT WOULD SPECIFICALLY MEAN, WE'LL HAVE TO SEE HOW HIS TALKS GO.

Q. CAN I GET BACK TO THE QUESTION THAT WAS ASKED, AND YOU SAID, "THAT'S AN OPTION," I WANT TO MAKE SURE I UNDERSTAND -- THAT IT IS AN OPTION THAT THE WHOLE THING COULD BE WORKED OUT WHILE HE IS OVER THERE AND HE COULD ACTUALLY SIT DOWN ON THIS TRIP, WITH THE JOINT DELEGATION, AND HOLD THE MEETING? THAT'S AN OPTION?

A. IT'S AN OPTION.

Q. HOW LIVE AN OPTION? WOULD YOU GIVE US AN ASSESSMENT OF HOW REALISTIC YOU THINK THAT REALLY IS? AND HOW LONG IS HE PLANNING TO BE IN THE REGION?

A. I WAS THE SAME GUY THAT, WHEN THE SHAH WAS OVERTHROWN, AND I'D SERVED IN IRAN FOR FIVE YEARS, SIX MONTHS BEFORE, I WAS ASKED, "WHAT ARE THE CHANCES OF THE SHAH BEING OVERTHROWN?"

I SAID, "I KNOW THIS COUNTRY WELL, AND THERE'S NOT A CHANCE IN THE WORLD HE'S GOING TO BE OVERTHROWN." SO I'M A LITTLE BIT HESITANT TO MAKE ANY KIND OF PREDICTIONS AS TO WHAT IS GOING TO WORK OR WHAT ISN'T GOING TO WORK.

Q. WHAT ABOUT OPTIONS YOU ARE TALKING? YOU SAID ONE OPTION THAT HE WILL MEET WITH THEM. WHAT OTHER OPTIONS DO YOU HAVE, TO COME BACK WITHOUT ANY MEETING? WHAT OTHER OPTIONS, CAN YOU TELL US?

A. THAT'S ANOTHER OPTION.

Q. AND WHAT OTHER? I MEAN WHAT OTHER? THAT MEANS A FAILURE, DOESN'T IT?

A. HMM?

Q. IT WILL BE A FAILURE AT THAT TIME, THEN?

A. IT DEPENDS ON WHAT COMES OUT OF THE TALKS.

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Q. WHAT OTHER OPTIONS BESIDES THESE TWO OPTIONS?

A. I'M NOT GOING TO GET INTO THE DETAILS OF WHAT KIND OF PLANS WE MIGHT HAVE OR MIGHT NOT HAVE.

Q. ARE THE JORDANIANS STILL DEMANDING THAT THIS MEETING TO BE A FIRST STEP IN THE DIRECT STEP OF U.S. RECOGNITION OF THE PLO?

A. AS FAR AS I KNOW, THAT'S STILL THE KING'S VIEW. WE'VE TOLD THE KING, WE'VE SAID PUBLICLY THAT WE DON'T SEE THAT AS THE PROPER, THE BEST WAY TO PROCEED.

Q. AS YOU KNOW KING HUSSEIN HAD SAID HE HOPED THAT THERE WOULD BE DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS BEFORE THE END OF THIS YEAR. DO WE STILL CONSIDER THAT A REALISTIC POSSIBILITY?

A. STILL A HOPEFUL POSSIBILITY.

Q. WHAT HAPPENED TO THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE IDEA? WHERE IS THAT RIGHT NOW? ARE WE STILL TRYING TO DISSUADE THE KING FROM PUSHING THAT LINE?

A. ONE OF THE MAJOR STEPS FORWARD, I THINK, IN THIS PEACE PROCESS OVER THE PAST NINE MONTHS, IN MY VIEW, HAS BEEN

THAT FOR THE FIRST TIME, EVERYBODY WHO IS INVOLVED IS TALKING ABOUT PROCESS -- ISN'T TALKING ABOUT GUARANTEED OUTCOMES. AS YOU KNOW, FOR THE LAST 18 YEARS, THE ARAB SIDE HAS GENERALLY SAID THEY'RE NOT GOING TO SIT DOWN AND

NEGOTIATE TIL THEY KNOW WHAT IS GOING TO HAPPEN, AND WE'VE BEEN VERY "AMERICAN" ABOUT IT, SAYING, "THAT ISN'T THE WAY YOU DO THINGS. YOU'VE GOT TO NEGOTIATE; YOU'VE GOT TO TALK ABOUT PROCESS."

WELL, KING HUSSEIN NOW IS, IN A WAY, SPEAKING "AMERICAN." HE'S SAYING THAT, "O.K. LET'S TALK ABOUT

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PROCESS. LET'S NOT TALK ABOUT GUARANTEED OUTCOME."

THAT'S BEEN A MAJOR^P STEP^F FORWARD.

IT SO HAPPENS THAT WE DISAGREE ON THE STEPS OF THAT PROCESS THAT ARE GOING TO LEAD TO NEGOTIATIONS, BUT I WOULD MUCH RATHER HAVE DISCUSSIONS WITH THE KING--THE PROCESS WHERE WE AGREE AND DISAGREE--THAN BE BACK WHERE WE WERE A YEAR AGO, WHICH IS TRYING TO DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN A GUARANTEED OUTCOME AND A PROCESS.

THERE ARE AT LEAST TWO ISSUES THAT HAVE TO BE ADDRESSED IN ANY PROCESS: ONE IS, THE KING HAS TALKED ABOUT AN INTERNATIONAL CONTEXT FOR THE NEGOTIATIONS; SECOND IS THE OBVIOUS ISSUE OF REPRESENTATION OF THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE. WE DON'T HAVE ANSWERS YET ON THOSE TWO ISSUES. WE'VE GOT SOME IDEAS, AND WE'LL BE TALKING ABOUT THOSE KINDS OF IDEAS. BUT THE FACT IS, THAT'S HOW NEGOTIATIONS WORK; AND SO THOSE ARE TWO OF THE ISSUES IN THE PROCESS WE'RE GOING TO BE FOCUSING ON.

Q. YOU'RE TALKING ABOUT AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE. HOW SIGNIFICANT ARE THE OVERTURES THAT HAVE BEEN GOING ON BETWEEN ISRAEL AND THE SOVIET UNION?

A. IT'S REALLY -- IT'S HARD TO JUDGE.

WE'VE ALWAYS SAID THE SOVIETS HAD IMPORTANT INTERESTS IN THE AREA. WE HAVEN'T DENIED THAT. WE'VE ALSO SAID THAT WE DON'T SEE THE SOVIETS PLAYING A HELPFUL ROLE IN THE PROCESS NOW BECAUSE THEY DON'T SUPPORT THE KIND OF PROCESS THAT ALL THE PARTIES WANT TO SEE WORK IN THE REGION. ANY KIND OF ASSESSMENT OF THESE REPORTED CONTACTS BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND ISRAEL IS DIFFICULT TO MAKE. AS I SAY, WE DON'T KNOW THE CONTENT OF THE CONTACTS.

MY OWN ASSUMPTION IS THAT THE SOVIET UNION, WE KNOW, IS VERY INTERESTED IN WHAT IS GOING ON IN THE PEACE PROCESS, FOR INSTANCE, WHAT'S GOING ON IN THE MIDDLE EAST; AND I THINK THEY ARE LOOKING AT THEIR OWN OPTIONS AND TRYING TO KEEP SOME DOORS OPEN, BUT I CAN'T GO FURTHER THAN THAT.

Q. WHAT IS THE POSSIBILITY OF SEEKING SOME KIND OF A SECURITY COUNCIL UMBRELLA FOR THIS PEACE EFFORT THIS FALL? IS THAT A POSSIBILITY?

A. IT IS ONE POSSIBILITY THE JORDANIANS HAVE MENTIONED.

Q. HOW DO WE FEEL ABOUT IT?

A. IT'S ONE OF THE ISSUES THAT WILL UNDOUBTEDLY BE DISCUSSED WHEN AMBASSADOR MURPHY IS IN THE AREA.

WE KEEP GOING BACK TO OUR CRITERIA OF WHAT IS GOING TO MAKE IT WORK, AND WE HAVE TO ASK OURSELVES, "DOES SECURITY COUNCIL INVOLVEMENT" -- WHICH MEANS IMPLICITLY THE NEED FOR SOVIET ACQUIESCENCE, IF NOT SUPPORT, FOR WHAT WE'RE DOING -- "WHETHER THAT IS GOING TO HELP THE

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

DATE: 10/10/50

RE: [Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

PROCESS WORK OR NOT?" WE'RE SKEPTICAL ABOUT THAT, AND WE REMAIN SKEPTICAL. CERTAINLY, WE'D LIKE TO BE CONVINCED OTHERWISE, BUT RIGHT NOW, WE HAVE REAL QUESTIONS ABOUT THE VIABILITY OF THAT OPTION.

Q. WHEN YOU'RE TALKING ABOUT THE REPRESENTATION OF THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE, WHAT ARE WE TALKING ABOUT, THE PEOPLE WHO LIVE AND INHABIT THE WEST BANK AND GAZA, OR ARE WE TALKING OF GOLAN, OR WHATEVER, OR ARE WE TALKING ABOUT SOMETHING MORE WIDESPREAD THAN THAT, INCLUDING PALESTINIANS IN JORDAN, IN LEBANON, IN SAUDI ARABIA, KUWAIT, WHATEVER?

A. WELL, WE'VE ALWAYS FELT THAT ANY SETTLEMENT TO THE MIDDLE EAST PROBLEM, FIRST, MUST TAKE ACCOUNT OF THE PEOPLE IN THE AREAS CONCERNED -- THE PALESTINIANS LIVING IN THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES. WE'VE ALSO SAID THAT THE PALESTINIANS IN THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES HAVE TO HAVE A FULL SAY IN THEIR OWN GOVERNANCE.

AS TO WHO BEST CAN REPRESENT THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE IN A NEGOTIATION, THAT'S ONE THING THAT KING HUSSEIN IS SEIZED WITH, AND YOU GET INTO THE QUESTION OF WHAT INDIVIDUALS MIGHT REPRESENT THE PALESTINIANS IN A NEGOTIATION.

IN TERMS OF THE MURPHY MEETING, THAT'S OBVIOUSLY ONE OF THE ISSUES THAT HE'S GOING TO BE DISCUSSING. IF YOU'RE TALKING ABOUT THE FINAL, OR THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS THEMSELVES, IT'S AN ISSUE TO WHICH WE JUST DON'T HAVE AN ANSWER YET. IT'S A QUESTION THAT WE'VE GOT TO ADDRESS.

Q. ARE YOU SAYING THAT THE SHAMIR STATEMENTS ON FRIDAY DO NOT REPRESENT THE VIEW OF THE ISRAELI GOVERNMENT?

A. I DIDN'T SAY THAT. I SAID IT WAS THE FOREIGN MINISTER SPEAKING, AND CERTAINLY WE TAKE ACCOUNT OF THOSE VIEWS. I DID SAY THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL, THE GOVERNMENT OF JORDAN, AND OURSELVES HAVE ALL SAID THAT THE PURPOSE

PROCEEDINGS OF THE JOINT SELECT COMMITTEE ON ASSASSINATIONS
HEARD AT WASHINGTON, D. C., ON THE 11TH DAY OF MARCH, 1954
IN SENATE SENATE CHAMBER

THE SENATE CHAMBER, WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH 11, 1954.
THE JOINT SELECT COMMITTEE ON ASSASSINATIONS, COMPOSED OF
MEMBERS OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, MET AT
THE SENATE CHAMBER, WASHINGTON, D. C., AT 10:00 A. M.
FOR THE PURPOSE OF HEARING THE TESTIMONY OF
THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, DURING HIS
TESTIMONY, THE PRESIDENT STATED THAT HE HAD BEEN
INFORMED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF
INVESTIGATION THAT THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
HAD BEEN ASSASSINATED IN WASHINGTON, D. C., ON MARCH 11, 1954.

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D. C., ON MARCH 11, 1954.

OF A MURPHY MEETING IS TO EXPEDITE THE PROCESS LEADING TO NEGOTIATIONS. AND THAT'S THE WAY WE ALL VIEW THE MEETING.

Q. THAT WAS IN JUNE. HERE IT IS THE -- THE STATEMENT MADE ON AUGUST 9 BY THE FOREIGN MINISTER OF THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL -- ISN'T THAT WHAT IS NOW THE PREVAILING POSITION OF THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL? ISN'T THAT NORMAL WHEN A FOREIGN MINISTER SPEAKS OUT LIKE THAT THAT IT IS ASSUMED, AT LEAST, THAT HE IS SPEAKING FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL?

A. WE CERTAINLY MAKE THAT ASSUMPTION. I WOULD GO BACK, THOUGH, TO THE POINT THAT ALSO THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL SAID NUMEROUS TIMES -- AND THE FOREIGN MINISTER HAS AGREED WITH THIS -- THAT WHATEVER CAN BE DONE TO MOVE THE PROCESS FORWARD LEADING TO DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS, THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL SUPPORTS THAT.

UNTIL WE MAKE SOME DECISIONS ABOUT LISTS, ABOUT WHETHER OR NOT TO HAVE A MEETING, ABOUT WHAT IS GOING TO COME OUT OF A MEETING, I WOULD REALLY RATHER NOT GET INTO CONJECTURE ABOUT WHETHER OR NOT IT WOULD MEET THE CONCERNS THAT FOREIGN MINISTER SHAMIR EXPRESSED.

Q. WOULD MR. MURPHY, HOPEFULL, BE ABLE TO TALK WITH THE FOREIGN MINISTER ON THIS VISIT?

A. I'M PRETTY SURE THAT HE'LL HAVE AN APPOINTMENT, YES.

Q. I'VE BEEN AWAY FOR THE PAST MONTH IN PLACES WHERE PEOPLE HAVEN'T BEEN PAYING MUCH ATTENTION TO THE MIDDLE EAST, BUT IT WAS MY IMPRESSION BEFORE I LEFT, THAT DESPITE WHAT YOU HAVE SAID CHARACTERIZING THE GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL'S POSITION, MY IMPRESSION BEFORE WAS THAT THE ISRAELI GOVERNMENT ALSO HAD THE POSITION THAT IT CATEGORICALLY OPPOSED A MEETING BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND A DELEGATION -- A PALESTINIAN/JORDANIAN DELEGATION TO WHICH ISRAEL WOULD NOT BE A PARTY. AM I INCORRECT, OR HAS THERE BEEN A CHANGE?

A. I THINK THERE HAVE BEEN VARIOUS STATEMENTS OUT OF ISRAEL OVER THE PAST MONTH-AND-A-HALF, TWO MONTHS, THE MOST RECENT ONE BEING THE STATEMENT OF THE FOREIGN MINISTER --

Q. -- WHICH WOULD SEEM TO REINFORCE WHAT I'VE JUST SAID.

A. LET'S SEE. ISRAEL AND JORDAN HAVE BOTH SAID THAT THE DECISION ON A MEETING IS OBVIOUSLY AN AMERICAN DECISION. BOTH PARTIES HAVE SAID, "WE DON'T HAVE A VETO AND WOULDN'T WANT A VETO OVER THAT AMERICAN DECISION."

IN RETURN, WE'VE SAID THAT WE'RE NOT GOING TO GO AHEAD WITH THE MEETING UNTIL WE HAVE TALKED, CONSULTED FULLY, WITH BOTH PARTIES, AND UNTIL WE FEEL CONFIDENT THAT IT

MEETS THE GOAL THAT WE'VE ALL ESTABLISHED, WHICH IS MOVING THE PROCESS FORWARD. BEYOND THAT, I'M NOT GOING TO GO.

Q. I KNOW YOU WON'T DIVULGE THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY'S TRAVEL PLANS, BUT WOULD IT BE HELPFUL AT THIS POINT IN TIME TO HAVE A MEETING WITH PRESIDENT ASSAD? AND HAS PRESIDENT ASSAD CHANGED HIS POSITION IN ANY WAY WITH REGARD TO OUR EFFORTS WITH THE PEACE PROCESS?

A. THE SYRIAN POSITION IS BEST STATED BY THE SYRIAN GOVERNMENT. WE SAID THERE IS AN OPTION TO ADD ADDITIONAL STOPS ONTO THE VISIT, DEPENDING UPON HOW THE VISIT GOES. WE REALLY HAVE NOT MADE ANY DECISIONS YET AS TO WHETHER HE'S GOING TO GO TO ADDITIONAL CAPITALS.

Q. BUT WOULD IT BE HELPFUL AT THIS POINT TO TALK WITH PRESIDENT ASSAD? IS HE A KEY PLAYER AS FAR AS WE SEE IT NOW WITH REGARD TO THIS PROCESS MOVING FORWARD?

A. WE'VE ALWAYS SAID THEY HAVE A MAJOR INTEREST IN THE PROCESS. WE'RE IN VERY CLOSE TOUCH WITH THEM. OUR AMBASSADOR SEES THE FOREIGN MINISTER, SEES THE PRESIDENT ON A REGULAR BASIS. WE EXCHANGE A LOT OF COMMUNICATIONS.

AS YOU KNOW, AMBASSADOR MURPHY, WHEN HE GOES TO THE AREA, OFTEN VISITS DAMASCUS, AND IT'S STILL -- IT DOES REMAIN AN OPTION.

Q. HOW DO YOU ASSESS REPORTS THAT AN IMPROVEMENT ON THE USSR RELATIONS WITH ISRAEL AND THE RESTORATION OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WILL GIVE ISRAEL THE OPPORTUNITY TO MOVE FORWARD IN THIS PEACE PROCESS AND POSSIBLY WATER DOWN ITS OBJECTION TO ANY MOVEMENT IN THE AREA?

A. REALLY, IT'S HIGHLY SPECULATIVE. WE'VE ALWAYS BEEN IN FAVOR OF ISRAEL'S BEING ABLE TO ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH AS MANY COUNTRIES AS POSSIBLE.

WE'VE LOOKED ON THAT WITH FAVOR. AS TO HOW THAT AFFECTS THE PEACE PROCESS AND HOW IT WILL AFFECT ISRAELI

THE FIRST OF THESE IS THE FACT THAT THE
RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY
DO NOT CONTAIN ANY RECORDS OF THE
ACTS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY.

THE SECOND OF THESE IS THE FACT THAT THE
RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY
DO NOT CONTAIN ANY RECORDS OF THE
ACTS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY.

THE THIRD OF THESE IS THE FACT THAT THE
RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY
DO NOT CONTAIN ANY RECORDS OF THE
ACTS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY.

THE FOURTH OF THESE IS THE FACT THAT THE
RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY
DO NOT CONTAIN ANY RECORDS OF THE
ACTS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY.

THE FIFTH OF THESE IS THE FACT THAT THE
RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY
DO NOT CONTAIN ANY RECORDS OF THE
ACTS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY.

THE SIXTH OF THESE IS THE FACT THAT THE
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AND THE RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY
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ACTS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY.

THE SEVENTH OF THESE IS THE FACT THAT THE
RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY
DO NOT CONTAIN ANY RECORDS OF THE
ACTS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY.

THE EIGHTH OF THESE IS THE FACT THAT THE
RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY
DO NOT CONTAIN ANY RECORDS OF THE
ACTS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY.

THE NINTH OF THESE IS THE FACT THAT THE
RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE RECORDS OF THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY
DO NOT CONTAIN ANY RECORDS OF THE
ACTS OF THE BUREAU OF THE ARMY
AND THE BUREAU OF THE NAVY.

REACTIONS TO THE PEACE PROCESS, THAT GETS SO SPECULATIVE THAT EVEN I'M NERVOUS TAKING GUESSES.

Q. BUT SOME OF YOUR COLLEAGUES CONSIDER THIS AS SORT OF A CAVEAT OR POSSIBLY A CONDITION TO IMPROVE THE ATMOSPHERE FOR PEACEFUL NEGOTIATIONS IN THE AREA IN THE CONTEXT OF THIS MOVEMENT. THEY SAY THAT YOU'LL SEE AN IMPROVEMENT IN THE AREA WHEN DIPLOMA^TIC RELATI^{ON}S BETW^{EE}N ISR^{EL} AND THE SOVIET UNION WILL BE RESTORED. DO YOU SHARE THIS ASSESSMENT?

A. WE'VE ALWAYS SAID THAT THE SOVIET UNION, WE DON'T THINK, CAN PLAY A HELPFUL ROLE NOW. WHEN ASKED WHAT DOES THE SOVIET UNION HAVE TO DO TO PLAY A HELPFUL ROLE, WE'VE ALWAYS SAID THAT WHILE IT DOES NOT RECOGNIZE ONE OF THE KEY PLAYERS, IT'S VERY DIFFICULT TO SEE IT PLAYING A HELPFUL ROLE. THEREFORE, BY INFERENCE, WE THINK IT WOULD ADD TO THE ACCEPTABILITY OF A SOVIET ROLE IF THEY RECOGNIZED ISRAEL; BUT WHETHER OR NOT THAT WOULD MEAN THAT THERE CAN BE MAJOR BREAKTHROUGHS OR THE ALIGNMENTS ARE GOING TO CHANGE, OR THE SPECIFIC EFFECT IT WOULD HAVE, I REALLY CAN'T SPECULATE.

MODERATOR: LAST QUESTION.

Q. WHO IS GOING WITH MURPHY?

A. HE'LL BE TAKING ALONG SEVERAL PEOPLE FROM THE WORKING LEVEL HERE AT STATE, AND ONE PERSON AT THE WORKING LEVEL AT NSC. IT'S BASICALLY THE SAME GROUP THAT HAS TRAVELED IN THE PAST. I'D RATHER NOT GET INTO THE SPECIFIC NAMES.

Q. DO YOU ENVISAGE ANY NEGOTIATIONS TO START WITHOUT, I MEAN AND ANY RESULT FROM IT, WITHOUT THE USSR PARTICIPATION? CAN YOU ENVISAGE ANY SOLUTION?

A. WE'VE SEEN AN EGYPTIAN-ISRAELI TREATY WITHOUT USSR PARTICIPATION; WE'VE SEEN DISENGAGEMENT AGREEMENTS IN THE SINAI; WE'VE SEEN THEM IN THE GOLAN. THERE ARE AMPLE PRECEDENTS.

Q. HAVE WE ANY IDEA HOW LONG MR. MURPHY WILL BE AWAY -- THE TIME FRAME, YOU KNOW, A WEEK, TWO WEEKS?

A. I THINK IT'S GOING TO BE A --

Q. HOW MUCH BAGGAGE IS HE TAKING?

A. YOU MEAN OTHER THAN THE PEOPLE TRAVELING WITH HIM -- OR IDEAS? RIGHT NOW, OUR ESTIMATE IS IT WILL BE A SHORTER TRIP RATHER THAN A LONGER TRIP, AS WE SAY IN DIPLOMACY.

Q. IS THERE ANY CONNECTION BETWEEN MR. MURPHY'S VISIT AND THE CURRENT VISIT OF MR. WHITEHEAD?

A. NO. SHULTZ
BT

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NNNN

UNCLASSIFIED SECTION 08 OF 08 STATE 248378

התאריך

אל:

מיקום

מאת:

חבר:

לד"ר וואלף
המנהל

לד"ר

~~המנהל~~

הנהל

הנהל

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הנהל

1/10

הנהל

2/10/88

11/11/11

מדינת ישראל

משרד החוץ
ירושלים

תאריך: י"ב באב תשמ"ה
30 ביולי 1985
מספר:

אל: הגב' עליזה אשר, לשכת רוה"מ
מאת: ס/מנהל המחלקה לאורחים רשמיים

הנדון: מר פרד באליצר מארה"ב.

פרד באליצר שעמד בראש הקבוצה - Americans for the Regan Agenda

יגיע לביקור רשמי בין התאריכים 15-7 באוגוסט 1985.

את באליצר תלווה משלחת שתמנה כ-15 איש:

- גב' ביי ביוקאנון ג'ונסון ובעלה (לשעבר ה - Treasurer של ארה"ב וכיום אחראית מבחינה זו של מסעות הבחירות של רייגן).

- חבר הקונגרס דוד דרייר מקליפורניה.

- ד"ר אלן הסלאפ ורעיתו, מנהל מכון רוז לממשל מקומי.

- אריק וייזר ורעיתו, תורם חשוב לנשיא.

- אלפרד באליצר עצמו וארבעה עוזרים.

- גרי אורן מלוס אנג'לס, מסייע לביצוע התכנית.

- ביל לוונברג מסן פרנציסקו, מסייע לביצוע התכנית.

הסיוור בחסות הארגון החינוכי - John Brown Association for Freedom

באליצר הוא נשיא הארגון ומשמש כפרופ' למדעי המדינה בקלרמונו קולג' בקליפורניה.

האורחים מבקשים להפגש עם ראש הממשלה, השגרירות בווינגטון וממנכ"ל ח.בראון מייחסים

חשיבות רבה לביקור וממליצים למלא הבקשה.

המועד המוצע הוא: יום ה' 8 באוגוסט בשעה כל שהיא או ביום ו' 9 באוגוסט לפני הצהרים

בשעה כל שהיא.

אנא אשורכם בהקדם האפשרי.

בברכה,
י. שטרית

העתק: מצפ"א

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מדינת ישראל

משרד החוץ
ירושלים

תאריך: י"ב באב תשמ"ה
30 ביולי 1985
מספר:

אל: הגב' עליזה אשד, לשכת רוה"מ
מאת: ס/מנהל המחלקה לאורחים רשמיים

הנדון: מר פרד בליצר מארה"ב.

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- אריק וייזר ורעיתו, תורם חשוב לנשיא.

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המועד המוצע הוא: יום ה' 8 באוגוסט בשעה כל שהיא או כיום ו' 9 באוגוסט לפני הצהרים

בשעה כל שהיא.

אנא אשורכם בהקדם האפשרי.

בברכה,
י. שטרית

העתק: מצפ"א

13/2/25

۵۸ : کارخانه

22.2.20

ה. (יחל חלילה לבא חורבן)

אלהן נקראו אהבה ביהדות.

ב. בטעם לחיוב באגמא בזה

המסמך למטה

סל"ד' ל"א

(להתחברות פנימית במשרדי הממשלה)

מזכ"ר

אל:

הא"ה

13/8/85

התאריך

סמל:

למ"ד

תיק מס'

חבר:

ה'ק"ה מופ'

פיק"ה מופ' מחל"ת פיק"ה

מופ' לו יד"ה הא"ה ז"ה

המפ"ד ז"ה מופ' יוני"ה

אלו הם למ"ה המפ"ד.

זה"ל - מופ' יוני"ה הא"ה

י"ד - (1) ליו"ה המפ"ד; (2) להמפ"ד "ז"ה

או י"ה (3) למ"ה המפ"ד הא"ה י"ד

מ"ד.

חש"ל מחל"ת: שפ"ה מופ'.

ב"ח ז"ה המפ"ד י"ד ב"ה

המפ"ד מופ' י"ד יוני"ה המפ"ד.

למ"ד

אל:

כ"א/ה"ח

התאריך

13/8/55

סמך:

מ/נ/3


תיק מס'

הכרך:

מלכה אליהו יוסף יעקב

"צה"ל א"ב מ/נ/3.
מכתב אל הידיעה בינע
מכתב - צבא לא בואר א"ב..."

(לא הוצגו א"ב מכתב או מכתבים)



אל:

הא.ה.ה.

סמכות:

למנהל

הנדון:

לפי פקדינו

התאריך

12/8/85

חוק סעי'

השאלה הקובעת הינה האם
החלטה אשר לא מובא אליה
ע"י השב"מ.

מטרה העניינה הינה
היידוניס (בזירה) והמלצה
בניגוד המלצה האמיתית
שצמחו על צעלתי.

אין המצב דרוש מסמך
מאחר ידוע/בליטות.

דיוע שיקל מיצא סמך (הערה א'
ג'חו בקורה) ידוע לבדו ב'3'
לפי ימיו.

למנהל

מושרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר
שמו

אלו ווס, נ' , נרו חווס 725, מ' המשרד
דח: מ, סג: ש, תאי 120895, וח: 1600

שמו/מיידי

אלו יוסי גל-ווס'נגמון

ברוך בינה-ניו יורק

דע:מצפ'א, משרד החוץ

ביקור ראש הממשלה-תקשורת.

נבקש שתגבשו הצעות להמלצות להופעות ראש הממשלה בתקשורת בזמן
הביקור
וכן תעבירו בקשות לראיונות המתקבלים אצלכם.
אין להתחייב בשלב זה. בבוא הזמן נעבירכת תכנית תקשורתית
מגובשת.

משרד לפניית ה- NATIONAL PRESS CLUB נשלח יוסי גל 129 מה-8-7.

עקרונית מקובל אך כאמור נסכם העניין יחד עם יתר ההופעות.

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

מודה וד'ס

אורי סביר

יוסף מקסורם לרזה'מ.

תפ: שהח, רהמ, מנכל, ממנכל, מצפא, יגר, הסברה, סביר

אלו ווט, נרו 322, מ ו המסר
דחי ר, סג' ס, תא: 120885, וחי: 1930

סודי / דג'כ

דון.

הפסגה הערבית.

פלאטן ספר שהתגובות הירדניות שהם קלטו עד כה היו חיוביות
למד' הם טרם שמעו במישורין מחוסיין אך בין מקורביו הורגשה
שביתות רצון מסויימת במיוחד מאי-דחיית הסכם חוסיין-ערפאת.
בר און

תפ: שהח, דהם, מנכל, ממנכל, מצפא, ר/מרכו, ממד, רס, אמן

א"י ו"ש, נ"ו, 321, מ' : המשרד
דח' 1, סג' 5, תא' 120805, וחי' 1930

סודי / בהול

רוון.

פיקרינג, כרגע מסר שדובר מחמ'ד יודיע בתדרוכו היום' שמורפי
עומד לצאת לעמאן, ירושלים וקהיר (נסדר זה) כנראה כבר ביום
ד'.

פיקרינג אמר שהסיוור הוא EXPLORATORY הרי אם יונבחו בשיחה
עם חוסיין שיש יסוד להנחית ממפגש עם משלחת ירדנית-
פלסטינאית יכולה להביא לתוצאות רצויות מהבחינה האמריקנית
(והישראלית) הוסיף פיקרינג הרי אין להוציא מכלל חשבון שהוא
אכן יקיים פגישה כזו.

פיקרינג מקווה לתדרך אותנו ביחד פרט מחר.
בר און.

תפ' : שהח, מהמ, ממנכל, מצפא, ר/מרכו, ממד, סייבל, דס, אמנ

טופס מברק גלוי

מס' תעודת - 11-11-11

2 1

ל: המברה. סע"ח. לש' ממנכ"ל. יועץ רוח"ם להקשורת. סג"א.
לש' יגרי. לע"ס.

מס' תעודת: 0205
מס' מברק: 37

רוסינגסון

News Summary August 12, 1985

Editorials

NYP "Mideast Peace Initiative Would Only Backfire on US" The Arab League endorsed nothing in Casablanca. By issuing a communiqué so veiled, the Arab League hopes the US will be enticed into taking the Amman accord so seriously that it will talk to the PLO. There is little prospect that the accord will lead anywhere as long as Syria has the attitude it does. There cannot be a peace accord without Syria. There cannot be an accord that includes Syria because Israel would oppose it. The diplomatic process is now stalled and it is not in the US power to get it started again. US intervention can amount only to over-eager recognition of the PLO in violation of our pledge to Israel, and a further increase in our reputation for diplomatic failure.

ND "A Dearth of Arab Peacemakers" 16 so-called moderate countries attended the Arab League meeting. They hardly demonstrated their independence from the hard-liners. Arafat has apparently accepted the idea of a Palestinian state federated with Jordan instead of an independent Palestinian state--and has agreed on a joint strategy with Hussein that purports to seek peace with Israel by demanding talks with the US. Washington is wisely cautious. Casablanca should not change this attitude. If Hussein wants to pursue his initiative he should talk to Israel.

Press Reports

Israeli Panel Cool to Deportation

NYT-special-An Israeli military advisory board urged reconsideration of a decision to banish activists from the occupied West Bank. The board said that there was no evidence linking Ziad to direct terrorist attacks.

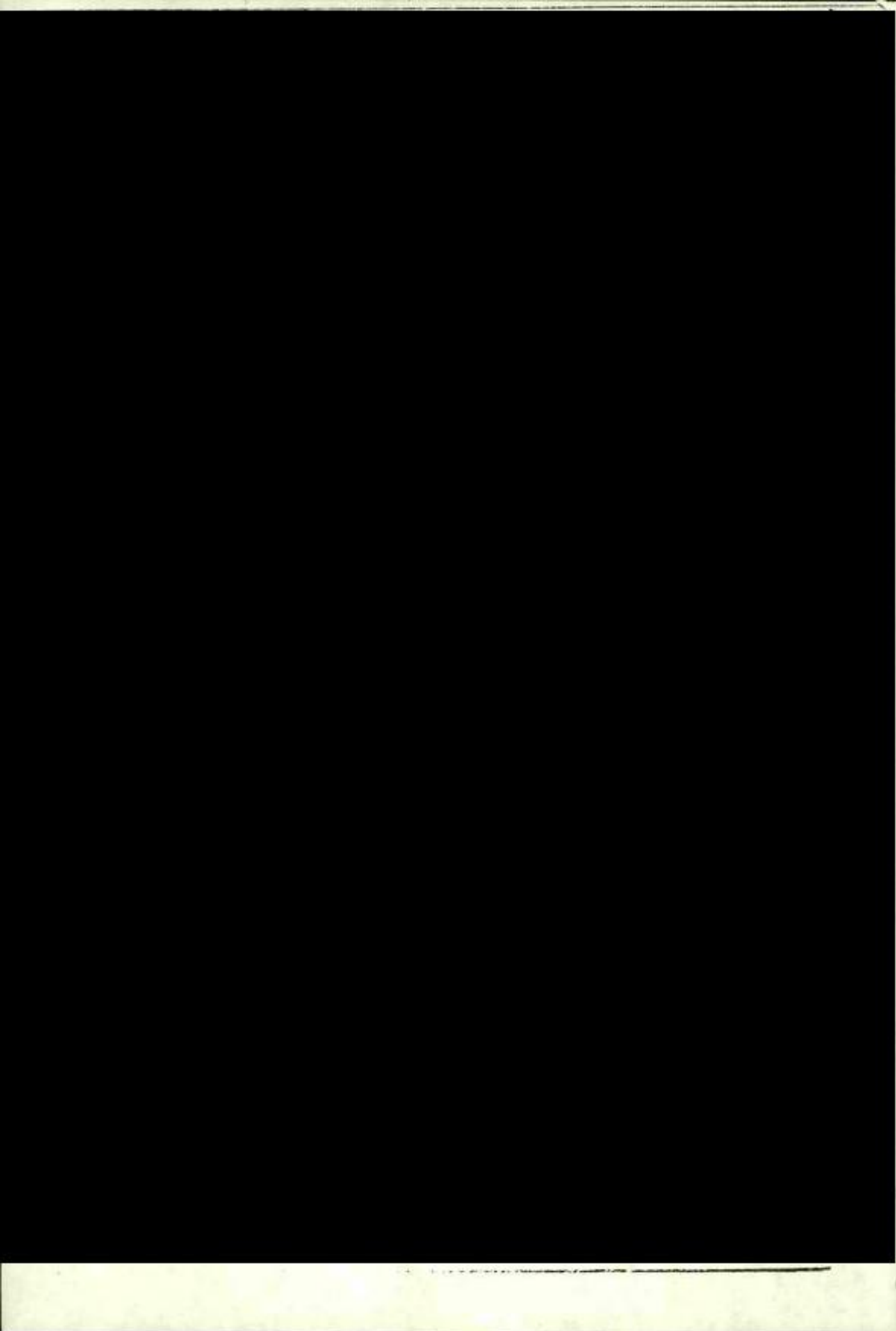
Mubarak on Summit

ND-combined-Mubarak said the meeting in Casablanca was a regrettable spectacle that achieved nothing.

Fighting in Beirut

NYT-UPI-Rival Christian and Moslem militia leaders unleashed their

מס' תעודת: 0205
מס' מברק: 37
Pinto Road Pinto Road 1031 1 2



דף.....J.מחור.....אדסים

סווג בטחוני... שמור

דחיות... רגיל

תאריך וז"ח. 12 1900 אוג' 85

229

מברק... מברק

אל:

המשרד

אל :- מצפ"א, הסברה

לקראת ביקורו של ח"כ כהנא בארה"ב ב-15 באוגי... החליטו רוב הארגונים היהודיים שנציגיהם לא יופיעו בתכניות תקשורת יחד עם כהנא. אם יוזמנו יוריעו כי יסכימו להופיע בנפרד להגיב על הכהניזם אך לא יתווכחו איתו. לדעתם נציגיו של כהנא פעילים אינטנסביבית לתת לו חשיפה רבה ככל האפשר וכנראה שהפעם גם יזכה לה. ביקורו של כהנא יארך 3 שבועות.

ציר הסברה

מה 2
אש 3
א/א 1
א3א 1
א' 1
הסברה 1
כהנא 1+1+1

דף 2... מתוך 2... דפים
סוג בסיסי
דחיות גרועות
תאריך וזמן 1830 2/4/85

322N 17M
 64 227

632 (Hosiery) וסדני כותנה גלגל רבד היום נמצאים לעבר זרמה זלג. קטאניות.
זלו תורגלו, כמאן, רמה גדידה יותר. כל הנמונים האמריקאיים הם בינונים מרובדים ולכן היה
לם קשה להפנות מבקלמני זלגם. אכן צד מבלגא בנצחיות. הסבירו שיש מפתחות הסבה
לפי כל פריט.

הנכס לא קרית להסכם ה-MFA בנוכח יפולד ה-86/7/31 ונחשב תחת
מחלקת ההגנה להסכם הדגל לפני כן בענין זכויות רחובות לא היו מחולקים.
הצטרף חוק הטקסטים (החלטה ז' יפולד הטקסט והחלטות הממשלה) על כך שיש
לממשלה פולחן להקנות המצב. כמו כן הצטרף קרית להסכם טקסט והחלטות לא
מחלקת (נתיב זה) שיש לה 20% מה זכויות המצב החשוב, עם זאת יש לה
ופחת במחלקת השנים ודיון הדגל לפני בקשות להקנות אף כן. מחלקת לפני המצב
כאן בהחלטות על מחלקת שיש לה זכויות מחלקת מחלקת המצב, ולפי מחלקת
המחלקת והחלוקה העקב לפני קרית הביט. זאת למחלקת (חוק הטקסט) ולפי המצב
של הדגל, הרי לא יפולד עליו המצב וכל.

היינו מסוגלים להבין את המצב הכלכלי של המדינה, כי בהמשך התפתחות של המדינה של ה-HFA, המדינה מסוגלת, במידה ויהיה, היה בתחילתו. כלומר, יוסף מציגו העולם הקביל, אלא גם יוסף אציו. הציבנו לו שבמקרה אנו יושב קדימה מפורט של ה-100 (מספר אס"ה) שטקסט מילגא אנו פאג בתחילת אציו, כמו כן אנו או שלט ינו ארית מצב שבו יצא הטקסט מילגא ואלההד זאת ההסכמה יגדל בשיעור נמוך יותר ממשקל של לפני ההסכמה.

ראוי להעיר בקצת הרואה רבנות ובה זכר לזה שיש לו יד בזה
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BACKGROUND BRIEFING
AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT
ON AMBASSADOR MURPHY'S
TRIP TO THE MIDDLE EAST

12:49 PM EDT
MONDAY, AUGUST 12, 1985

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MR. REDMAN: Ladies and gentlemen, as promised, a background briefing concerning Assistant Secretary Murphy's upcoming trip to the Middle East. Your briefer will be -----(title, name)-----.

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: Thanks, Chuck. I won't bore you or put you to sleep with any statement, since I think you might have some questions. So, why don't we go right to questions?

JIM ANDERSON (UPI): Can you tell us whether the decision will be made during the course of this trip to meet with the Jordanian-Palestinian delegation?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: It's an option but no final decision has been made regarding Ambassador Murphy's participation in such a meeting.

MR. ANDERSON: Who will he see out there?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: Without going into the order of stops, for obvious security reasons, he'll be visiting Israel, Jordan, and Egypt. That's the present plan. It's possible that the trip might be expanded. But no decisions have been made on additional stops

Q What do you mean by "he will visit shortly"? Because you have been saying that word for the last months. What do you mean "shortly"? I mean, in the coming two days? In the coming week, or what?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: He will be in the area in the next several days.

Q A couple of days?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: Yes.

Q He hasn't left already?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: He has not left.

Q When will he leave?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: Once again, for security reasons, I'd like not to get into the details of his travel plans in advance.

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JOE POLAKOFF (Jewish Newspapers): Will he be going to Jordan first and then Israel and Egypt, or vice-versa?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: (Facetiously.) Once again, the people in SY are standing outside with handcuffs and said if I get into the details of the itinerary they're taking me away.

He will be visiting all three, and I say that it's open that he might be making other stops. But I can't get into the details. Sorry.

Q What's the status of the US consideration of the Palestinian list?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: We've made no final decision. It's obviously going to be a major topic for discussion once Secretary Murphy's out there. He'll be -- but as we said before, I think it's wrong to focus all the attention on the list. The really essential question about a meeting with a Jordanian-Palestinian delegation is we're prepared to take part if two things can happen, if arrangements can be mutually agreed and if the meeting clearly leads toward the common objective of direct negotiations between the parties. And that's one of the key issues that Ambassador Murphy will be discussing.

SEMAAN SEMAAN (BBC): What is the offer going to be in the way of meeting with the Jordanian-Palestinian delegation, at present? Why has a decision not been made yet? What seems to be the problem?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: We've been exchanging cables and messages for the last couple of weeks and feel that we've reached a point, the process has moved far enough along, and it would be very useful for Ambassador Murphy to go out and have some direct discussions with our friends in the region and, obviously, one of the issues that's going to be discussed is how does any Murphy meeting fit into the context of progress toward direct negotiations.

Q Could you just say what specific developments have led the administration to conclude that the time is right now for Murphy to go back to the Middle East?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: It was originally planned that Ambassador Murphy would make his trip before the Casablanca summit. In other words, that was the original thinking. That was delayed because of just convenience of scheduling in the region. I think we reached the point that, as I say, we've exchanged a number of messages with all of the leaders in the region and feel that we've made some progress in those exchange of messages. But in order to help the process along it was time for Dick to go out and engage in the kind of direct discussions that are always helpful in this kind of effort.

Q Could I follow up on that? Can we consider that the communique issued by the summit pushed you to have this decision, I mean, to send Murphy to the Middle East? Was it one of the factors?

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STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: No. The decision was made to go before the summit met.

Q Then what do you think of the communique which was issued by the summit? You put a lot of emphasis on it on Monday. So what do you think? Do you have any evaluation of it?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: I'm not going to get into a detailed assessment of what we think about the summit communique. The summit communique make a number of points on the peace process and other issues. On each of those individual points, our position and policy is well-known, but we don't think it's in our interest to get into a detailed exegesis, as we say, in the Middle East bureau.

Q If you won't go into a detailed --

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: -- exegesis --

Q -- thank you -- can you just say whether you were happy with it, disappointed? Did it further the peace process in general?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: No, I'm not going to characterize our position.

Q You said you are looking for the conference to reinforce King Hussein's initiative. Did it reinforce it or not? I mean, it's a simple question.

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: Well, I think a reading of the communique would answer that question.

Q Did Mr. Whitehead's requested from King Hussein, when he was in Amman, a new list of Palestinian in the joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation? And would you comment on the list, as it was submitted to you last month?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: I'm not going to get into the details of the conversations that the Deputy Secretary had, and obviously one of the issues that Ambassador Murphy will be discussing is the list and our views on the list, and I'm not going to preview that now.

Q Well, I want to be sure about this. Did you request a new list or not? That is the question. Because this has been reported on the Arab world, that you requested a new list from the Jordanians, of Palestinians.

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: We have not made a decision yet on a list.

Q Given the less than hearty endorsement by the Casablanca summit of the Jordanian-Palestinian proposal, and Israel's rejection of the process, as we see it, what gives you grounds for optimism at this point?

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STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: Having dealt with the Middle East for 18 years, I wonder what gives anybody grounds for optimism at any time. (Laughter.) That aside, a number of things have happened recently which indicate to us that the process does have a chance of working. We've had King Hussein's visit, had the public statements that were made, all of them which were very supportive of the process. We've had Prime Minister Peres making a very supportive speech in the Knesset on June 10th, which was also supportive of the process. We've had, prior to that, of course, we've had the February 11th agreement, which I think was a very helpful step. We think all the parties are serious about moving to negotiations and finding a peaceful resolution of the conflict. All those are very positive things.

We, from the beginning, have said, and Bernie said it from the podium many times, that we don't expect pyrotechnics. We don't expect major, unexpected, breakthroughs. The one thing we've learned in the Middle East is that things take time. We think the process is moving in the right direction, and one reason he's going out to the region right now is because we believe that the movement continues, and it's time to engage directly with the parties to discuss the next steps.

So, in the Middle East context, we remain optimistic. (Laughter.)

MR. SEMAAN: Are the differing interpretations, by the PLO and the United States, on the first meeting, one of the obstacles, or is because of delaying or taking a decision to meet with the joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: When talking about the meeting there are two things that Ambassador Murphy will be discussing. One is the arrangements of the meeting, which you've just addressed, and second is how does it lead to our common objectives. That's one of the things that Ambassador Murphy will be talking about.

MR. ANDERSON: In an interview on Friday, Foreign Minister Shamir said that a meeting by the United States with a delegation, Jordanian-Palestinian delegation, quote, "Would hurt the war against terrorism, it would hurt peace and stability in the Middle East, it would hurt the fabric of relations between ourselves and the United States." Would you comment on this?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: Well, it's obviously the Foreign Minister's view. It's the position which we understand is the official position of the government of Israel, as well as the government of Jordan, is that the reason to go ahead with a meeting is if we believe it's going to lead to negotiations between the parties. If it's going to be harmful to the process, then we don't believe it's useful going ahead with a meeting.

But, obviously, that's one of the issues that Ambassador Murphy has to discuss in the region.

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Q Are there any issues that are going to be coming up on this that do not involve the possibility of Jordanian-Palestinian-Israeli negotiations? Is there anything else that's hanging around?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: No major -- obviously, when Dick's in the various capitals he'll discuss other bilateral issues. It's a target of opportunity. But the main purpose of the trip is the peace process.

Q In the original timetable, such as there was an original timetable, wasn't he supposed to be going there about now, to Amman, to meet, to have a preliminary meeting with the delegation?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: We never had a fixed date. There was, obviously, a lot of speculation about when it would happen. But there was never any date certain when a meeting would be held.

Q I mean when you say things are a little behind where, at least the State Department, hoped they would be?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: I think we always hope things move faster. It's a standard malady in the building.

I think that we view Dick's trip as an indication that we are still making progress and can have some useful conversations. As to whether or not we would have liked to be farther along in the process than we are now, sure. Are we satisfied with where we are in the process? Yes, we are.

Q You enumerated three or four factors which are the factors that you are going to the area, which are the same factors you said earlier, about a month ago. Were there any other factors which are added? Was the acceptance by Mr. Peres of two Palestinians from the list of seven another factor added to the factors which are encouraging you to go now to the Middle East and search for it?

STATE DEPT. OFFICIAL: No, the reason we're going is we just, as I mentioned, we think it's the right time for Dick to go out and have those conversations. It's not that the situation has dramatically changed in the last couple of weeks.

Q You just said that you are satisfied that the peace process is moving forward. Do I understand correctly?

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SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: That's correct.

Q What do you mean by the fact the meeting will happen if arrangements can be mutually agreed? Do you want to tell us after three months of negotiation, you haven't achieved mutually agreed -- you can agree on an arrangement until now?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: There are two issues. One is mutually agreed arrangements and second is all parties agree it has to lead to a common objective of negotiations and that is really -- the second is much more important than the first, and the second is the issue that Ambassador Murphy is going to be emphasizing during his discussions out there.

Q What do you mean by "mutual arrangements?" I mean, what does that mean in English?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: I think it's reinforcing modalities. (Laughter.) It involves issues ranging from who sits down at the table to other things that we're all interested in like press coverage, like statements, like venue, just the particulars of how it's going to be arranged.

Q Can you help us with something? You said in the past several weeks, as I thought I heard it, there's not been any dramatic -- the situation has not dramatically changed. Of course, the word "dramatically" is operative here, but we've had the Shamir statement on Friday, we had a communique from Casablanca. These are not important? Not dramatic? What are they?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: Well, they're certainly important. What I meant by "dramatic" is that you don't -- we could all envision dramatic steps -- a Sadat visit to Jerusalem, I assume we'd call "dramatic". What I'm saying is that the process continues, that there has been movement. We don't think -- the Casablanca communique, I don't think was a dramatic -- leads to any dramatic departures in the peace process. The foreign minister's statement reflects his views. Once again, I don't think that leads to a dramatic departure in what we're trying to achieve.

Q -- Saudi Arabia. Are you writing Saudi Arabia out of the peace process?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: We said right now he plans on three stops and others might well be added.

Q I'm sure you said this before I arrived, but maybe you could just repeat it. What is the current American attitude towards the list of Palestinians that we have been given? As of a couple of days ago, we were still considering the list.

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: Our assumption and hope is that he will come back showing some progress in the process, but as to what that will specifically mean, we'll have to see how his talks go.

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Q Can I get back to the question about an option? I want to make sure I understand. It is an option that the whole thing could be worked out while he's over there and he could actually sit down on this trip with a joint delegation and hold "the" — (emphasizing) -- meeting? That is an option?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: It's an option.

Q How alive an option? Can you give us an assessment of how realistic you think that really is and how long is he planning to be in the region.

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: Um -- I was same guy that when the Shah was overthrown and I'd served in Iran for five years -- six months before I was asked, "What are the chances of the Shah being overthrown," and I said, "I know this country well and there's not a chance in the world he's going to be overthrown." (Laughter.) So I'm a little bit hesitant to make any kind of predictions as to what's going to work or what isn't going to work.

Q What options are you talking? You said what option that he will meet with them? What other option you have? To come back without any meeting? What other options? Can you tell us?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: That's another option. (Laughter.)

Q I mean, what other? That will be a failure, isn't it?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: Hmm?

Q It will be a failure at that time then?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: It depends what comes out of the talks.

Q What other option besides these two options?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: I'm not going to get into the details, what kind of plans we might have and might not have.

Q Are the Jordanians still demanding that this meeting be a first step in the direction of US recognition of the PLO?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: As far as I know, that's still the King's view. We've told the King, we've said publicly, that we don't see that as the proper way, as the best way to proceed.

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Q As you know, King Hussein has said that he hoped that there would be direct negotiations before the end of this year. Do we still consider that a realistic possibility?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: Still a hopeful possibility.

Q What happened to the international conference idea? Where is that right now? Are we still trying to dissuade the King from pushing that line?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: One of the major steps forward, I think, in this peace process over the past nine months, has been that for the first time everybody who's involved is talking about process, isn't talking about guaranteed outcomes. You know for the last 18 years, the Arab side has generally said they're not going to sit down and negotiate until they know what's going to happen and we've been very American about it in saying, "That isn't the way you do things; you've got to negotiate, you've got to talk about process." Well, King Hussein now is, in a way speaking American. He's saying, "Okay. Let's talk about process. Let's not talk about guaranteed

outcome." That's been a major step forward. It so happens that we disagree on the steps of that process that are going to lead to negotiations. But I'd much rather have discussions with the King on the process and where we agree and disagree than be back where we were a year ago which is trying to differentiate between a guaranteed outcome and a process.

There are at least two issues that have to be addressed in any process. One is the King has talked about international context for the negotiations. Second, is the obvious issue of representation of the Palestinian people. We don't have answers yet on those two issues. We've got some ideas and we'll be talking about those kind of ideas. But the fact is that's how negotiations work and so those are two of the issues in the process that we're going to be focusing on.

Q In talking about an international conference, how significant are the overtures that have been going on between Israel and the Soviet Union?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: It's really -- it's hard to judge. We've always said that the Soviets have an important interest in the area. We haven't denied that. We've also said that we don't see the Soviets playing a helpful role in the process now because they don't support the kind of process that all the parties want to see work in the region.

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: Well, we've always felt that any settlement to the Middle East problem first must take account of the people in the areas concerned, the Palestinians living in the occupied territories. We also said that the Palestinians in the occupied territories have to have a full say in their own governance. As to who best -- who can represent the Palestinian people in a negotiation, that's one thing that King Hussein is ceased with and you get into the question of who might, what individuals, might represent the Palestinians in a negotiation. In terms of the Murphy meeting, that's obviously one of the issues that he's going to be discussing. If you're talking about the final or the peace negotiations themselves, it's an issue to which we just don't have an answer yet, it's a question that we've got to address.

Q Are you saying that Shamir statements on Friday do not represent the view of the Israeli government?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: I didn't say that. I said that was the Foreign Minister speaking and I'm assuming we take account of those views. I did say that the government of Israel, the government of Jordan and ourselves have all said that the purpose of a Murphy meeting is to expedite the process leading to negotiations and that's the way we all view the meeting.

Q But that was in June. Here it is, the statement was made on August the 9th by the Foreign Minister of the government of Israel. Is that what is now the prevailing position of the government of Israel? Is that normal when the Foreign Minister speaks out like that that it is assumed at least that he's speaking for the government of Israel?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: We certainly make that assumption. I would go back, though, to the point that also the government of Israel said numerous times and the Foreign Minister has agreed with this, that if there's -- whatever can be done to move the process forward leading to direct negotiations, the government of Israel supports that. Until we make some decisions about lists, about whether or not to have a meeting, about what's going to come out of a meeting, I'd rather not get into the conjecture about whether or not it would meet the concerns that Foreign Minister Shamir expressed.

Q Will Mr. Murphy hopefully be able to talk with the Foreign Minister on this visit?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: I'm pretty sure that he'll have an appointment, yes.

Q I've been away for the past month in places where people haven't been paying much attention to the Middle East.

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: I'm envious.

Q The main question before I left is that despite what you have said in characterizing the government of Israel's position, my impression of what it was is that the Israel government also had the position that it categorically opposed a meeting between the United

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States and a Palestinian-Jordanian delegation to which Israel would not be party. Am I incorrect or has there been a change?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: I think there were various statements out of Israel over the past month and half, two months, the most recent one being the statement of the Foreign Minister.

Q Which would seem to reinforce what I've just said.

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: All the parties have said -- Israeli has said -- both Israel and Jordan have both said -- that the decision on a meeting is obviously an American decision. Both parties have said, "We don't have a veto and wouldn't want a veto over that American decision." In return, we've said that we're not going to go ahead with the meeting until we've talked, consulted fully, with both parties and until we feel confident that it meets the goal that we've all established, which is moving the process forward. Beyond that, I'm not going to go.

Q Just one more question. I know you won't divulge the Assistant Secretary's travel plans, but would it be helpful at this point in time to have a meeting with President Assad and has President Assad changed his position in any way with regard to our efforts with the peace process?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: The Syrian position is best stated by the Syrian government. There is an option to add additional stops onto the visit, depending upon how the visit goes. But we really have not made any decisions yet as to whether he's going to additional capitals.

Q But would it be helpful at this point to talk with President Assad? Is he a key player as far as we see it now with regard to this process moving forward?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: We've always said they have a major interest in the process. We're in very close touch with them. Our Ambassador sees the Foreign Minister, sees the President on a regular basis. We exchange diplomatic communications. As you know, Ambassador Murphy when he goes to the area often visits Damascus and it does remain an option.

Q How do you assess reports that an improvement in the UOOR relations with Israel and the restoration of diplomatic relations will give Israel the opportunity to move forward in this peace process and possibly water down its objection to any movement in the area?

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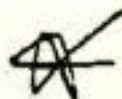
Q How much baggage is he taking with him? (Laughter.)

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: You mean other than the people traveling with him? (Laughter.) Right now our estimate is it will be a shorter trip rather than a longer trip, as we say in diplomacy.

Q Do you see any connection between the Murphy and the current visit of Mr. Whitehead?

SR. ADMIN. OFFICIAL: No.

MR. REDMAN: Thank you.



עגירות ישראל - וויינגטון

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NEWS SUMMARY MONDAY AUGUST 12, 1985

THE PRESS REPORTS

ISRAEL CONDEMNS APARTHEID; BUTHELEZI ARRIVES FOR VISIT

W. CLAIRBORNE WASH. POST The Israeli cabinet officially and "unconditionally" condemned apartheid today for the first time, but ministers said the government would make no move to sever diplomatic ties or end the commercial and arms trade between Israel and South Africa. The declaration came as Chief Buthelezi, a leading south african black moderate and head of the country's 6 million Zulus, arrived for a long-scheduled visit here despite continuing racial violence in south Africa, much of it in his own territory.

6 DEAD IN BEIRUT FIGHTING

WASH POST Rival Christian and Moslem militia gunners unleashed their bloodiest barrage on Beirut in 6 months, killing at least 6 people and injuring more than 47, security officials said.

MODERATES, U.S. SUFFER SETBACK AT ARAB LEAGUE SUMMIT

B. KRITZBERG WASH TIMES Last week's Arab league summit conference is a significant defeat for so-called Arab moderates countries and represents a major setback for American policy in the Middle East, according to a consensus of Mideast observers.

4 EGYPTIANS CHARGED IN LIBYAN PLOT

(UPI) WASH TIMES Egypt announced it had foiled a Libyan plot to kill an opponent of the Libyan government, arresting 4 would-be assassans moments before they were to ambush the political refugee.

HELMS URCES ISRAELI-U.S. DEFENSE PACT

A. MEISELS WASH TIMES Senator J. Helms (R. N.C.) a leading conservative, called for a defense agreement between the U.S. and Israel similar to the U.S. agreement with NATO.

ARAB SUMMIT CONTRIBUTES LITTLE TO MIDEAST PEACE EFFORT

J. MUIR CHRIS SCI MON The Arab league that ended last Friday was clearly not a turning point - either

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ARAB SUMMIT CONTRIBUTES LITTLE TO MIDEAST PEACE EFFORT

J. MUIR CHRIS SCI MON The Arab league thts ended last Friday was clearly not a turning point - either in the perennial search for Mideast peace or in the effort to restore Arab unity.

ISRAEL WARNINGS ON PLO-JORDANIAN TIES DIM HOPES FOR MIDEAST PEACE

J. GREENBERG CHRIS SCI MON Israel stepped up efforts to drive a wedge between King Hussein and the PLO chairman Arafat as the Jordanian Monarch struggled in vain to win formal endorsement of his negotiating agreement with the PLO at last week's Arab summit.

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שגרירות ישראל - וושינגטון

218 - א

206 - נ

MR. REDMAN: -- I think he would talk about that. It will probably be more relevant than anything I could say at this point.

O Okay. But nothing on the record?

MR. REDMAN: I can give you just a few very brief remarks. We have been carefully studying the communique issued by the summit. I'm not going to get into a detailed analysis of that communique. Our positions on the issues addressed are well known, and any steps taken to advance the search for peace are, obviously, welcome.

Insofar as the communique enhances the prospects for negotiation and a peaceful resolution of differences, it obviously has our support. But, beyond that, I would not go into any fine tooth analysis.

פאנאלי -

ט.ר.ס. ס.ב.ר.

דף... מתוך... דפים

סוג כספי...

מיון...

דיוט...

תאריך 85121230

211 מס' סדר...

אל: המשרד

אל: מצפ"א

ביקור רוה"מ

קיימנו דיון בסגירות לקראת הביקור (פרטים להלן), לפיו נראה לנו שימי חמישי ושישי בשבוע (ה-17 ו-18 באוקטובר) אינם מאפשרים ביצוע מקסימלי לשהותו של רוה"מ בנושנינגטון, כי חלק גדול מאנשי הקונגרס עוזבים את העיר, וכניסת השבת מקצרת את הטעילות ביום שישי. ועל כן מציעים לחזור להצעה לפיה יבקר כאן רוה"מ בשבוע של ה-28 באוקטובר.

להלן הצעות למסגרת הביקור

- (1) פגישות בממשל: הבטיא, סגן הנשיא, המזכיר, מזכיר ההגנה, גייס בייקר - מזכיר האוצר וקייסי.
- (2) פגישות בקונגרס: - עם 2 ועדות החוץ
- עם מנהיג הרוב והמיעוט ב-2 הבתים
- עם ה- Speaker
- עם "החברים" היהודים בגבעה
- (3) תקשורת: עם עורכי עיתונים ופרשנים
הופעה בתוכניות בקר ו/או תוכניות יום א',
מסיבת עיתונאים
- (4) מנהיגות יהודית: - מועדון הנשיאים
- מגבית, בונדס
- ראשי ה- Task Force (צירלס ברונפמן, מקס פיישר וכו')
- (5) איפאק - עם ה- Officers של איפאק
עם הרובד האקזקוטיבי
- (6) מיעוטים: עם המהיגות השחורה (קוקוס טחור, ראשי ערים)
היספנים
- (7) אגודים מקצועיים: עם לין קירקלנד (סיהיה בחוף המערבי)
- (8) אישים: - הנשיא לשעבר ניקסון
- ארתור גולדברג
- קיסנינג'ר
- סול לינוביץ

ס' מה ה'ג 2
ג' 1+1
ג' 3
ג' 3

סגרירות ישראל - רושנינגטון

אל:

ע ר פ ס

י.פ.ג. מתוך... דפים

טורג בעמנוני

דניסיה

תאריך נז"ח

211 ע"י סגרית

ס"ח ח"א
מדי

(9) ארועים: הצעה לק"פ או א"ע בשגרירות לכ-250 איש.

נודה מאד על התייחסות לכל הנקודות הנ"ל, ולקביעה באשר לתאריכי השתייה
בוושנינגטון, ע"מ שנוכל להתחיל בהכנון הביקור.

תודה
לואיז שימרון

משרד החנוך-מחלקת הקשר
מחוק 3
מחוק 4

מאל: המשרד, נד: 230, מ: 101
מדת: מ, סג: מ, תא: 120885, ח: 2000

מסודי ביותר/מיד

מאל: שהח, מנכ"ל, מנהל מפא

מפגישת השגריר-שולץ

1. מפגישת נמשכה 45 דקות. מצידם: שולץ, ארני, רפאל ווילקוקס
ממצידנו: השגריר, גל והחמ'

2. השגריר הודה לשולץ על הצהרותיו בהתיינותי והעלאת נושא
המורים היהודים בדרום. עבר לנושא הסבות של מפגש

מאמריקני-ירדני-פלסטינאי

מא. אשפ' רואה מפגישת בקבלת לגיטימציה. אמרו זאת בגלל בפסגה
מבמרוקו. אשפ' לא שונה האמנה ולא קיבל 242 ו-338 הנציגים
מבמשלחת מונו ע"י אשפ' ולכן הם אנשי אשפ'

מב. כתוצאה משיחות באלה גם לא המשך זה יהווה הצדקה למדיניות

ממעט כה סרבו להקים משרד אשפ' לעשות זאת.

מג. יפגע במדינות הערביות המתונות שרוצות לחיות עשנו

מושמתגדות לאשפ'

מד. יוכיח שאלימות ומעשי סרור משתלמים

מה. הדבר יפגע בהסכמי ק.ד.

מז. מומי כזה יחזק את אשפ'

מז. שולץ: נקודותיו טובות. חשבנו עליהן. כולל אצל הנשיא בשבוע

ממעבר. אין לנו אינטרס לקיים דיאלוג עם אשפ' אך יש לנו עניין

מלמצוא בן שיחה נוסף שישב עם ישראל לשלום. נראה לי שעלינו

מלהאזין המצב באופן הנרחב ככלתי יציב ולכן רצוי לנוע לעבר

מציניות ושלוש עם ירדן. אנו חושבים שאין לוחות כל הדמנות

מכיון מצבו של חוסין שונה ממצרים של סאדאת. חוסין יותר פגית

ממצרים, לירדן גבול עם סודיה הנשק שלו נחזק לעומתה והסדר
 המצוי במות' פועל כבר נגד ירדן בגלל שחוסין חידש קטריו עם
 מצרים.

עוד כמה שהבנתי. אינכם רוצים שחוסין יבוא לשיחות לבדו ללא ה-
 CONSTITUENCY שלו מבחלקה הגדול כוללת ערבים פלסטינים ביוש'
 ועזה. בהסכמי ק.ד יש הכרה בזכויות הפלסטינים זהו נאבק להקים
 ה- CONSTITUENCY ויש לו בעיותיו.
 אנו חושבים שהרשימה שהגיע גורמת בעיות אחרת לא היינו דנים בה
 ככה ארוכות. יש שניים שהם מקובלים עליכם.

4. בנקודה זו ציין השגריר שדברי רהמ' פרס הובנו לא נכון. רהמ'
 הדגיש שאם במוס' ישיר עם ישראל יבואו הפלסטינים דוגמת השני
 שברשימה נהיה מוכנים לנהל עמם מוס' ולא היתה שום בווזה
 לרהמ' להסכים למוס' אמריקני-ירדני-פלסטיני.
 באשר לירדן הדגיש השגריר שלפני 15 שנה ידע המלך כיצד להתגונן
 בפני אשפ' והרג מספר רב של מחבלים, יותר מישראל. חילוק אשפ'
 יהווה סכנה לירדן עצמה ועל כן אין לחוק מעמדו.
 5. שולץ: מרפי חוזר לאירוד לא לקיים מוס' מוקדם אלא לבדוק
 EXPLORE סד עם חוסין, עם ישראל ומצרים. עלינו לבדוק אם הרעיון
 הוא טוב ואם לא להמשיך הלאה. שולץ אמר שאינו שייך לאסכולה של
 ההרמנות אחרונה. אך זו הרמנות שנוצרה. אני עד לבעיות וכך
 גם חוסין. אם רוצים שחוסין יהיה בן שיחה מוצלח עליו להביא ה-
 CONSTITUENCY שלו, אשר לאשפי התנאים שלנו להיבדדו עמו נשארו
 כפי שהיו. אני מבין לדאגתכם ואנו ננהג בזהירות ותוך התייעצות
 הדוקה עם ישראל.

משיחותי עם חוסין כאן ובעקבה אני משוכנע שהוא רוצה יחסי שלום
 עם ישראל. חוסין עשה תפנית בעמדתו בעוד שבעבר התמקד על
 התוצאות הדי שעתה המוקד הוא כיצד יוצרים מוס' עם ישראל.
 לסביוס, נקודותיו VALUABLE אך אינו חושב שפרושם הוא לשבת ולא
 לעשות דבר אלא שעלינו להיות זהירים-לא לעשות דבר דע.
 6. השגריר השיב שהסכמון הוא בין ישראל לארצות ערב כך שאם
 צריך להתנהל מוס' הוא לא צריך להיות בין ישראל לארהב או בין
 ארהב לארצות ערב. כוונת גורמים ערבים היא להביא לקדש, ליצור
 חץ בין ארהב לישראל כך קרה כשהוגשה תכנית דוג'רס ב-1968
 ותכנית הנשיא ריגן ב-1982.

הדרך היחידה האפשרית היא המדיניות האמריקאית כפי שנראה לידי
ביטוי בדברי הנשיא ריגן בעת ביקור מלך סעודיה כאן: 'אם
מדינות ערב רוצות בשלום עליהן לנהל מומי ישר עם ישראל'
7. שולץ אמר שתפיסתו ותפיסת הנשיא היא שהטיפול בנושא הוא
למנוח ישראל כאשר מכירים בבעיות הבטחון של ישראל. הוכיח השפל
ביחסים ב-1982. הסכמי 17.5 שיפרו היחסים עם ארהב ועם מערב
אירופה.

8. השגריר הוכיח שכל המהלך הנוכחי נולד כתוצאה מכך שמצרים
הציטה ועידה בקהיר בין ישראל, מצרים וירדן ונציגים של
הפליסטינים. ההצעה המקורית לה הסכימה הפכה למהלך שנועד להשיג
הכרה באשפי (ההצעה הועלתה בשעת ביקור אלגו בירושלים).

9. שולץ אמר שהם לא נבנסים למומי מוקדם עם אשפי וממרת מדפי
לבדוק הבעיות והאפשרויות עם חוסין ומתכוון לבקר בישראל
ובמצרים ולא להשאיר להרבה זמן. עליכם להיות בטוחים שניזוועץ
עמכם על מחשבותינו ועל מה שאנו מנסים לעשות.

10. בסיום השיחה, שהיתה באוירה נינוחה, הודה השגריר לשולץ על
פעולתם בניירובי. המוכיח יוצא לחופשה עתה וישוב רק לאחר ה-
LABOUR DAY.

11. השלמה בדיפ'.

מס' 10

מס' 11

מס' 12

מס' 13

מס' 14

מס' 15

מס' 16

מס' 17

מס' 18

מס' 19

מס' 20

16764 318042 Y0 878 0000000

五、

ממור	1	77	***
2 ממור	1	2014	***

376 2117

מחיר: 171, 811, 266 ₪ : המסר
מחיר: 110885, 110, 110 ₪ : תחילת

1010 / בינואר / מ"ד'

הסג"ר.

•• פג ישה עם פיקרינג ••

*נפגשנו אצלו בבית ל-
להלן עיכרי הדברים:

100. התהליך המדיני:

TOUR D'HORIZON

פִּיכְרִינֹג, שְׁמֵר כְּשׁוֹב בִּימֵיט אִמְהָ כְּאִדָּה יִיב כְּבֹל הַיּוֹם הַזֶּה

להתפתח STAND-BY -1

•האמריקאים שוקלים האפשרות לשלח את טרפי לאיוור, כנראה עוד

...השוב, לא כדי לקיים המפגש עם משלחת ירדנית-פלסטינאית. אלא

•לקיים בירורים לגבי ההסכם למכירת בזה. האסטרטגים רוצים לקבל

*תמונה ברורה יותר באשר לתוצאות האפשריות של המפגש והסכנה

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192 0131 מ10 ספ 0101 מ11 ספ 1771 1772 1773 1774 1775 1776 1777 1778 1779 1780 1781 1782 1783 1784 1785 1786 1787 1788 1789 1790 1791 1792 1793 1794 1795 1796 1797 1798 1799 1800 1801 1802 1803 1804 1805 1806 1807 1808 1809 1810 1811 1812 1813 1814 1815 1816 1817 1818 1819 1820 1821 1822 1823 1824 1825 1826 1827 1828 1829 1830 1831 1832 1833 1834 1835 1836 1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843 1844 1845 1846 1847 1848 1849 1850 1851 1852 1853 1854 1855 1856 1857 1858 1859 1860 1861 1862 1863 1864 1865 1866 1867 1868 1869 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 2045 2046 2047 2048 2049 2050 2051 2052 2053 2054 2055 2056 2057 2058 2059 2060 2061 2062 2063 2064 2065 2066 2067 2068 2069 2070 2071 2072 2073 2074 2075 2076 2077 2078 2079 2080 2081 2082 2083 2084 2085 2086 2087 2088 2089 2090 2091 2092 2093 2094 2095 2096 2097 2098 2099 2100 2101 2102 2103 2104 2105 2106 2107 2108 2109 2110 2111 2112 2113 2114 2115 2116 2117 2118 2119 2120 2121 2122 2123 2124 2125 2126 2127 2128 2129 2130 2131 2132 2133 2134 2135 2136 2137 2138 2139 2140 2141 2142 2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152 2153 2154 2155 2156 2157 2158 2159 2160 2161 2162 2163 2164 2165 2166 2167 2168 2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175 2176 2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188 2189 2190 2191 2192 2193 2194 2195 2196 2197 2198 2199 2200 2201 2202 2203 2204 2205 2206 2207 2208 2209 2210 2211 2212 2213 2214 2215 2216 2217 2218 2219 2220 2221 2222 2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229 2230 2231 2232 2233 2234 2235 2236 2237 2238 2239 2240 2241 2242 2243 2244 2245 2246 2247 2248 2249 2250 2251 2252 2253 2254 2255 2256 2257 2258 2259 2260 2261 2262 2263 2264 2265 2266 2267 2268 2269 2270 2271 2272 2273 2274 2275 2276 2277 2278 2279 2280 2281 2282 2283 2284 2285 2286 2287 2288 2289 2290 2291 2292 2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298 2299 2300 2301 2302 2303 2304 2305 2306 2307 2308 2309 2310 2311 2312 2313 2314 2315 2316 2317 2318 2319 2320 2321 2322 2323 2324 2325 2326 2327 2328 2329 2330 2331 2332 2333 2334 2335 2336 2337 2338 2339 2340 2341 2342 2343 2344 2345 2346 2347 2348 2349 2350 2351 2352 2353 2354 2355 2356 2357 2358 2359 2360 2361 2362 2363 2364 2365 2366 2367 2368 2369 2370 2371 2372 2373 2374 2375 2376 2377 2378 2379 2380 2381 2382 2383 2384 2385 2386 2387 2388 2389 2390 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397 2398 2399 2400 2401 2402 2403 2404 2405 2406 2407 2408 2409 2410 2411 2412 2413 2414 2415 2416 2417 2418 2419 2420 2421 2422 2423 2424 2425 2426 2427 2428 2429 2430 2431 2432 2433 2434 2435 2436 2437 2438 2439 2440 2441 2442 2443 2444 2445 2446 2447 2448 2449 2450 2451 2452 2453 2454 2455 2456 2457 2458 2459 2460 2461 2462 2463 2464 2465 2466 2467 2468 2469 2470 2471 2472 2473 2474 2475 2476 2477 2478 2479 2480 2481 2482 2483 2484 2485 2486 2487 2488 2489 2490 2491 2492 2493 2494 2495 2496 2497 2498 2499 2500 2501 2502 2503 2504 2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510 2511 2512 2513 2514 2515 2516 2517 2518 2519 2520 2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529 2530 2531 2532 2533 2534 2535 2536 2537 2538 2539 2540 2541 2542 2543 2544 2545 2546 2547 2548 2549 2550 2551 2552 2553 2554 2555 2556 2557 2558 2559 2560 2561 2562 2563 2564 2565 2566 2567 2568 2569 2570 2571 2572 2573 2574 2575 2576 2577 2578 2579 2580 2581 2582 2583 2584

2017-01-17 10:10:10

פ' כר"נ ג המשיך ואמר ששם לבו לתגובה החדירה שלי לדברי

*** וְיִיטַהַד וּבְמִיּוֹחַד לְדַבְרֵי פִלְסָרוֹ נִטַּת אֲרוּחָם הַבּוֹקֵר שֶׁלֵּנוּ לַפֶּנִּי

****יומיום, כאשר דברו על האפשרות של קבלת עקרון ההגדרה העצמית**

==סל מדינה קונפדרטיבית. פיקרינג בקט להרגיעניו ארה"ב ממשיכה

• להחנות מכל וכל למדינה פלסטינאית עצמאית לבסוף שמחוגג 25 שנה

מחיר: 100 ₪

[illegible]

12H 110'2 0121093 7'0002 0417 21'73'9**

פיקציונל בייכס שאנמכ התנגדותנו לתמיכה בעקרון של הגדרה

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

דף 2 מתוך 2
 עותק 1 מתוך 2
 סודי ביותר

הנגוד לכמפי' דיויד. כן בקש לדעת האם התנגדותנו לוועידה
 בינלאומית היא מבסלוגטית ומהם נימוקינו. אישרתי שקיים
 קונסנזוס בהתנגדותנו והסברתי הסיבות. פיקרינג שאל האם הצעדים
 האחרונים של הסובייטים לא יכולים לשנות גישתנו כלפי ועידה.
 השבתי בשלילה, והוספתי שדעתי אין בצעדים אלה סימן של ממש
 לשינוי מדיניות כלפינו. פיקרינג שאל כיצד ניתן ללכת לקראת
 חוסיין בנושא כיסוי בינלאומי. השבתי שאין תחליף למו"מ יסיר.
 ואסור להתפשר בנושא זה. המכסימום שניתן לעשות הנו קריאה
 בינלאומית למו"מ יסיר, ההצעה הזאת היתה כלולה באיגרת
 התשובה שלנו לשולץ לפני חודש.

פיקרינג דבר על הצורך להקל על חוסיין ובהקשר זה שאלתי איך
 הוא מסביר את נחישותו של חוסיין כאשר אמר לו ייטהד שלא יסכים
 לשינוי ברשימת השמות וכא יסתפק בפחות מארבע מהם. פיקרינג
 השווה חוסיין לאדם שנמצא יחצי בהריון ורוצה לדעת אם להבוס
 להריון מלא או לעשות הפלה לפני שיהיה מאוחר מדי. אם לא יקבל
 תמיכה אמריקאית עתה יבטל יוזמתו ויצא מתהליך השלום. להערוותי
 שחוסיין שוגה אם הוא מאמין שיכול לגבור בקלות על אש"ף
 ושהיתר להקים מחדש מפקדות של אש"ף בירדן הנו מסוכן. השיב
 פיקרינג שהירדנים מפכים פיקוח מלא על המפקדות ועל המחנות
 ואין סכנה שיוכלו לפעול בצורה כלשהיא. יחד עם זאת הוא מודה
 שעצם קיומם משפיע שלילית על המצב הבטחוני בשטחים.

2. מצרים

פיקרינג רצה לדעת כיצד ניתן לצאת מהמבוי הסתום בנושא
 מאבה. השבתי שהמצרים לא היו מובנים לזוו מילימטר אחד
 מעמדותיהם ומצפים לכך שהיה הויתורים יבואו מאתנו. אמרתי שרק
 האמריקאים יוכלו אולי להשפיע על מובאדב' לשנות גישה בלתי
 מציאותית זו.

3. הבהרתי לפיקרינג שה- CASE שלנו טוב ושנוכל להוכיח
 שהגבול אינו במקום שהמצרים חושבים שהוא נמצא. פיקרינג אישר
 שהצלחנו להדאיג את המצרים. לדעתו האישית ישנו צורך לשבט את
 המצרים להסכים להסדרים בשטח שייבנסו לתוקף אחרי ההסדר.

3. אונ'פיל

פיקרינג שאל על גישתנו והסברתי לו את מדיניותנו. הוא הסכים

11.8.1985

אל: ראה"מ

מאת: נמרוד

הנדון: משלחת חברי קונגרס דוברי ספרדית

1. מהווים עבור ספרד את השדולה העיקרית בארה"ב. מכאן - ספרד טיחסת משקל רב לעמדותיהם.

2. לפני מס' חדשים כתבו לשגריר ספרד בארה"ב והאיצו לחדש היחסים עמנו. בכוונתם לצאת מיוזמתם בהכרזה נמרצת בנושא זה בעקבות ביקורם בארץ.

3. ארבעתם מאד ידידותיים לישראל.

4. ארבעתם דמוקרטים, אינם תומכים במדיניות רייגן באפריקה הלטינית. מודאגים מנושא ניקרגואה.

5. חברי המשלחת:

- א. גרסיה (מניו-יורק) חבר ועדת החוץ. מתכוון לרוץ לראשות עיריית ניו-יורק בעוד שנתיים (אחרי קוץ'). מאד פופולארי בניו-יורק.
- מאד פרו-ישראלי, ביצועיסט טובהק, איש רציני.
- ב. מרטינז (לוס אנג'לס), חבר ועדת הכוחות המזויינים. נחשב לרב השפעה.
- ג. בוסטמנטה (טקסאס), נציג ההיספניקים ממוצא מקסיקני.
- ד. פלוסר (מפורטו ריקו).

נמרוד נבזיק



Anti-Defamation League
of B'nai B'rith

הליגה נגד השמצה
של בני ברית

August 22, 1985

The Honorable Shimon Peres
Prime Minister of Israel
Bureau of the Prime Minister
Kiryat Ben-Gurion, Jerusalem

Dear Mr. Prime Minister:

On behalf of the ADL, I would like to thank you for meeting with our group of Hispanic Congressmen earlier this month. Your candid and warm presentation as well as the giving of your time were greatly appreciated.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Roberta Fahn Reisman
Assistant Director

cc: Nimrod Novick
RFR/ff

National Chairman
MARVIN L. GINSBERG

Chairman
National Executive Committee
KENNETH J. BIALKIN

National Director
NATHAN PERLMUTTER

Associate National Director
ABRAHAM H. FOXMAN

יועץ ראשי
מנהל קשרי ציבור
Director, HARRY WALL

30 KING DAVID ST., JERUSALEM 94101, PHONE (02) 224844 TELEX 26323 סלדקס. (02) 224844 טל. 94101, ירושלים 30, תלך דוד 30

HEADQUARTERS: 823 United Nations Plaza, New York, NY 10017 (212) 490 2525/Cable: ANTIDFAME/Telex: 649278

סיווג בטחוני

דחיפות: _____ מילרד

תאריך נתיחה: 11/7/00
 מס. מברק: 277

הסכם אס"ח - טכסטיל.

להלן איגרת ממ"מ ראש הממשלה לשר החוץ למזכיר שולץ בנדרון. אנא מסור לתעודתה.

בן-אהרן

7-2.77

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תאריך: 11.8.1985 השו"ח: אישור מנהל המחלקה: אישור המנכ"ל: 128

213

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JERUSALEM, 9 AUGUST 1985

DEAR MR. SECRETARY,

THANK YOU FOR YOUR KIND LETTER OF 3 AUGUST 1985. MEANWHILE, I HAD THE PLEASURE OF MEETING JOHN WHITEHEAD. WE HAD A WIDE-RANGING AND PLEASANT CONVERSATION IN WHICH WE CONVEYED OUR ASSESSMENT OF THE CURRENT POLITICAL SITUATION, IN PARTICULAR WITH REGARD TO THE PEACE PROCESS.

IN THE COURSE OF THE CONVERSATION, WE ALSO TOUCHED UPON THE ECONOMY. I REITERATED TO SECRETARY WHITEHEAD OUR DETERMINATION TO CARRY THROUGH THE ECONOMIC PLAN IN SPITE OF THE DIFFICULTIES WE ARE ENCOUNTERING ALONG THE WAY.

IN THAT CONTEXT, I DREW MR. WHITEHEAD'S ATTENTION TO A PARTICULARLY TROUBLING AND URGENT PROBLEM IN THE FIELD OF TRADE AND OUR FREE TRADE AREA AGREEMENT. I AM REFERRING TO THE ISSUE OF TEXTILE EXPORTS TO THE UNITED STATES. VERY RECENTLY, OUR TEXTILE INDUSTRY INVESTED A CONSIDERABLE EFFORT IN GEARING ITS PRODUCTION TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE AMERICAN MARKET, AND IN ANTICIPATION OF THE ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE FTA AGREEMENT. THE IMPENDING MEASURES AND IMPORT RESTRICTIONS ON TEXTILES BY THE UNITED STATES WILL DEAL A SEVERE BLOW TO OUR INDUSTRY AT THIS CRUCIAL JUNCTURE. THUS, CONTRARY TO OUR HOPES AND EXPECTATIONS, OUR SITUATION WILL TAKE A TURN FOR THE WORSE WITH THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE FTA AGREEMENT.

IN ADDITION, I WISH TO DRAW YOUR ATTENTION TO THE FACT THAT OUR TEXTILE INDUSTRY IS LOCATED IN WHAT ARE KNOWN AS DEVELOPMENT TOWNSHIPS, WHICH ARE ALREADY SUFFERING FROM A RELATIVELY HIGH RATE OF UNEMPLOYMENT. THE CLOSURE OF THE U.S. MARKET TO THEIR PRODUCTS WOULD BE LIKELY TO PRECIPITATE A CRISIS AND CAUSE ANOTHER WAVE OF UNEMPLOYMENT IN SENSITIVE AREAS OF OUR COUNTRY.

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I UNDERSTAND THAT THE VOLUME OF TRADE IN THE TEXTILE PRODUCTS IN QUESTION IS NEGLIGIBLE IN THE U.S. CONTEXT. AT A TIME WHEN WE ARE DEMANDING SACRIFICES FROM ALL SECTORS OF OUR POPULATION, WE WOULD LIKE TO BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THE COURSE WE HAVE CHOSEN IN DEVELOPING OUR EXPORT POTENTIAL, IS A CORRECT AND REWARDING COURSE.

I WOULD GREATLY APPRECIATE YOUR PERSONAL ATTENTION AND ASSISTANCE IN THIS MATTER.

WITH WARM PERSONAL REGARDS,

YITZHAK SHAMIR

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be 'Yitzhak Shamir', written in a cursive style. The signature is located to the right of the typed name 'YITZHAK SHAMIR'.

HIS EXCELLENCY
MR. GEORGE SHULTZ
SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

סופס חברה גל

תת חשוד - ניו-יורק

3 1

מחור

71: הסכרה. מע"ח. לש' מסנכ"ל. יועץ רוח"ם להקשורת. מסנכ"א.

לש' יגד. לע"מ.

סיווג בטחוני:

דחיות:

רוסינגטון

תאריך חיד:

ס.ס. מברק:

מסנכ"א
מסנכ"ב
מסנכ"ג

12/105
6/0202

News Summary August 10-11, 1985

Columns

NYT-8/11-Irving Kristol "America's Doomed Mideast Policy" The US peace process is heading towards a fiasco but it may collapse before it goes to far, hopefully. Israel will not sit with PLO members. Jordan cannot sit without them. Jordan wants the Soviet Union involved but their participation is utterly unacceptable to the US and Israel for it would open the door for mischief. The bottom line is that Israel will trade territory for peace but that is an anachronism. First problem is Jerusalem. No Israeli Gov't will give up any part of it. No Jordanian or Palestinian body will ever accept it as a Jewish city. There is no room for compromise here. Jordan cannot accept anything less than the whole of the West Bank returned. If they did they would be viewed as a traitor to the Arab cause. Israel cannot give back the whole West Bank firstly for military reasons. The so-called settlements are really newly constructed suburbs. They were constructed where few Arabs live and are pleasant communities. They encompass 10-15% of the West Bank and no political faction or party in Israel will waste their breath on negotiating their status. The land is already annexed. The truth is that there is no peace making role for the State Dept. No turning point is at hand.

Press Reports

West Bank Arabs Feel Cornered

NYT-Freidman 8/11-Week in Review-The Israeli-Palestinian conflict has entered a new phase. This phase is frightening to Israelis and difficult to cope with. A new mood of despair among Arabs is growing, especially among the young. West Bank Arabs are dismayed by the destruction of the PLO in Lebanon and their failure to develop an effective political initiative and by Israel's refusal to negotiate with credible Palestinian leaders. Conflicts between Jews and Arabs are now between individuals not armies. Elias Freij believes that the Arabs and Jews are behaving like tribes. Young Palestinians, he says, have nothing to look forward to. Israeli forces have found it difficult to deal with youths, who decide on the spur of the moment to murder. There is a feeling in Israel that the Gov't is partly to blame. Yediot is looking into allegations that "top political figures" have illegally taken over hundreds of acres of private Arab-owned land so that settlements could be built. al-Hanishmar reported that Jewish settlers

תאריך: _____ מסנכ"א: _____ מסנכ"ב: _____ מסנכ"ג: _____

Page 1 of 1

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אל:

תחנות:

57

6/0202 תאריך חידוש: 0202
פגיון: 0202

תאריך:

beat up an 11 year old boy who was selling gum outside an Arab shrine. Benvenisti says that Israeli leaders cannot explain the causes of "this terrorism" because to do so would admit that there is a political community in despair. If they accept that, he reasons, they have to accept that there are political reasons for the despair and that the solutions might be political as well.

West Bank Settler Stabbed

NYT-Freidman 8/11-In what appeared to be the latest in a series of individual attacks on Jews and Arabs, an Israeli settler was stabbed as he walked past the Arab market in Hebron. Kiryat Arba's settlement head blamed Rabin for the attack for "failing to ensure order" in the West Bank and for releasing terrorists last May. Settlers gathered to protest the stabbing. (see DN-UPI "Ex-New Yorker Stabbed on W. Bank")

Arab Leaders Fail to Endorse Jordan-PLO Pact

NYT-Miller-8/10-A special meeting of the Arab League that was attended by moderate Arab countries "noted" the Jordanian-Palestinian accord outlining joint efforts to negotiate with Israel, but it did not endorse it. The communique was a compromise between those who wanted a stronger endorsement and those who did not want it mentioned at all. It was the Fez plan that was called to be heeded. The US is sure to be disappointed. (Photo of Hassan and Arafat- NYT & DN)

NYT-AP-8/11-King Hassan said that the Arab League delegates had approved cooperation between Jordan and the PLO in seeking peace in the Mideast, but not necessarily in the plan that the two countries had offered.

NYT-Reuters-8/11-A senior Lebanese official accused the Arab League of having evaded their responsibilities to fight the Israeli occupation of southern Lebanon.

New Fighting in Lebanon

NYT-8/11-special-At least 6 people were killed as new fighting, the most intense in several weeks, flared overnight between Christian and Moslem militias in Beirut and its suburbs.

טופס מברק גלוי

החלקת הקשר - נ"ו-יוקרס

3 מתוך 3

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דחיות:

פר:

36/0202 תאריך חידו: מס. מברק: } 3

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Wives of French Hostages Recieve Letters

NYT-special-Reports in Paris state that the wives of three Frenchmen kidnapped in Beirut had recieved letters for their husbands.

Iran-Iraq

NYT-8/11-Reuters photo of bodies of Iraqi soldiers at an outpost overrun by Iranian forces. Iraqi officials said their forces mounted an attack east of the Tigris, inflicting heavy casualties and capturing large amounts of arms and equipment.

Blacks-Jews

NYT-8/11-Smothers-A survey of black Congressmen by the World Jewish Congress found that the legislators feel blacks deeply resented the way Jews reacted to Jesse Jackson during the campaign last year. The lawmakers also said that tensions between the two ground had hightened due to issues such as affirmative action and Israel's relations with South Africa. But the lawmakers saw enough "affinity of ideals and interests" to overcome obstacles in cooperation.

Paid Ad- to Negotiations With PLO

NYT-p-Ed page 8/11-The Zionist Organization of America took out a one-quarter page ad against the US negotiating with the PLO. It cites the pledge of the US never to negotiate with terrorists and the PLO.

ITONUT

חידו:

אישור מנהל החלקה:

11.8.85 חשונה: 21/8

3B

עגירות ישראל - וושינגטון

ס.נ.ס	ס.נ.ס	אל:	המסר,	בטחון,	ניו יורק
דף...מחור.....דפים	1				
טווג בטחוני...גלגל...	2				
דחיות...גלגל...				200	59
מאריך וזיח...גלגל...			197		
מס' מברק.....					

אל: הסברה, מע"ח, מצפ"א, ממנכ"ל, יגר, לש' רוה"מ, לע"מ, דובר צה"ל, רמ"ח קט"ח

דע: ניו-יורק.

NEWS SUMMARY SATURDAY AUGUST 10, 1985

THE PRESS REPORTS

ARAB SUMMIT AVOIDS STAND ON PEACE BID

C. DICKEY WASH POST A summit meeting of moderate Arab leaders ended today by declining to endorse a joint Jordanian-Palestinian peace initiative that it's proponents called "the last feasible chance" for peace in the Middle East.

ISRAELIS DEBATE ARAB-JEWISH MEETINGS

W. CLAIRBORNE WASH POST A proposed ban on meetings between Jewish and Arab pupils in State religious schools to prevent intermarriages has touched off a controversy between Israel's religious and secular communities.

THREAT TO DOMINANCE IN LEBANON HELPS CHRISTIANS FORGET FEUDS

N. BOUSTANY WASH POST A new mood of conciliation appears to be surfacing among the Christians tucked away here in the mountainous Northern Lebanon hinterlands where feuds are traditionally more common than compromise. There now seems to be a determination among the feudal clans to turn away from memories of past slaughters by rival Christian militias and seek solidarity with other Christians, who now see themselves threatened as a group with the loss of their decades-long political domination of Lebanon.

FOREIGN AID BILL SIGNED BY REAGAN

(WR) CHIC TRIB President Reagan signed on Thursday the first foreign aid bill passed by congress in four years, complaining that while it does give needed help to Nicaraguan rebels, it is "dissappointing" in aid levels to other foreign aid projects. The bill authorizes \$12.7 billion in each of the next two years, and awards the largest amounts to Israel and Egypt.

ישראל

א 1 אב 34 פתח תקוה - 10.8.85

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דפ... מתוך... דפ... 2

סוג בסחונ... גל... 2

דחיפות... כגל... 2

תאריך וז"ח... 2

מס' מברק... 2

2

ניו יורק

53

בסחונ

200

המשרד

197

אל:

אל: הסברה, מע"ח, מצפ"א, ממנכ"ל, יגר, לסי רוח"ח, לע"מ, דובר צה"ל, רמ"ח קס"ח

דע: ניו-יורק.

NEWS SUMMARY SUNDAY AUGUST 11, 1985

JOINT PEACE PLAN GAINS LITTLE MOMENTUM AT ARAB SUMMIT

C. DICKEY WASH POST For more than nine months Jordan's King Hussein has tried to forge ahead in his joint peace initiative with the PLO despite the sometime erratic behavior of his PLO partners and threats from Syria. The plan also faces the roadblocks of Israel's apparent preoccupation with its own economical and political troubles and the virtual immobility of the U.S. Now, added to his problem, is the view of analysts, is the public skepticism and reticence of his closest allies in the Arab world gathered at a special summit in Casablanca.

ISRAEL DISCOVERS SHIMON PERES

A. HERTZBERG THE SUN In recent days Israel had discovered that it had a Prime Minister. Peres has succeeded in imposing economic austerity, and the labor unions, which had threatened a general strike, have accepted the program after some modification. In the light of this victory, Mr. Peres no longer seems to be the ambitious technocrat that his enemies had portrayed him to be.

תני -

9.8.85

אל: ראה"מ

מאת: נמרוד

הנדון: משלחת CSA

1. ה - CSA (Council for a Secure America) הינה התארגנות חדשה הנשענת

על: (א) מה שידוע כ"חברות הנפט העצמאיות" השואבות בעיקר בתוך גבולות

ארה"ב ורואות באופ"ק וב"שבע האחיות" הקשורות בו (חברות הנפט

הגדולות המיבאות מהמפרץ ומקומות אחרים) את האויב העיקרי;

(ב) חברי קונגרס, ליברלים בחלקם, המתנגדים להשפעת הפטרו-דולרים

בארה"ב.

בכך נוצר מפגש ליברלי-שמרני בין תומכי ישראל חזקה כנכס דמוקרטי אסטרטגי

לבין המטיפים לשחרור ארה"ב מתלות ביבוא אנרגיה.

יעריכו מאד כל העהרה מפין בדבר חשיבות עצמאות אנרגיה של ארה"ב והמעבר.

מדגישים מאד את נושא המלחמה בטרור הבינלאומי.

2. עיקר פעילותם בדרום ובדרום-מערב ארה"ב, אזורים בהם אין התארגנות פרו-

ישראלית מסורתית. יש בכך פריצת דרך ל - constituency חדש לגמרי עבורנו.

3. קבוצה זו אמורה למלא תפקיד ביצירת האווירה סביב ביקורך (אם יוחלט לשלב

את יוסטון).

4. במשלחת נמצא גם המניע להקמת ההתארגנות: המורשה רב העצמה Tony Coelho

(מבוטא קֶוֶלוֹ) המכהן כיו"ר ועדת הבחירות הדמוקרטית וידוע כמגייס

הכספים מס' אחד במפלגה. הוא צפוי להיות יו"ר בית הנבחרים. כוכב עולה.

ביקר בארץ חמש פעמים בשנתיים האחרונות.

5. במשלחת חמישה מורשים נוספים (רובם ליברלים) ואנשי נפט עצמאיים מהדרום

(רובם שמרנים).

6. בעד היהודי היוזמה להקמת הקבוצה ולפגישה עמך באה ממלקום הונליין

(מהכוחות העולים ביהדות ארה"ב).

נמרוד נויבך

PARTICIPANTS IN MISSION TO ISRAEL

AUGUST 5 - 13, 1985

Mr. Richard Altman--Executive Director, NATPAC

Mr. David Bar-Illan--New York Director, Council for a Secure America
Mrs. Beverly Bar-Illan

Mr. Michael Cantrell--President, Oklahoma Basic Economy Corporation
Mrs. Linda Cantrell

Hon. Tony Coelho--Congressman (D-California)

Mr. Joseph Crapa--Vice President, Dutko and Associates
Mrs. Barbara Crapa
Judd Crapa

Hon. Butler Derrick--Congressman (D-South Carolina)

Hon. Joseph DiGuardi--Congressman (R-New York)

Mr. Daniel Dutko--President, Dutko and Associates

Mr. Sandy Eisenstat--President, Council for a Secure America

Mr. Donald Gotthelmer--President, D & B Cosmetics

Mr. Malcolm Hoenlein--Executive Director, Jewish Community Relations Council

Ms. Debra Jospin--Associate, Dutko and Associates

Mr. Thomas Merritt--Regional Vice President, Texas Independent Producers & Royalty Owners

Hon. Tommy Robinson--Congressman (D-Arkansas)
Mrs. Carolyn Robinson

Mr. Shawn Smeallie--Legislative Assistant to Sen. Alfonse D'Amato

Hon. Richard Stallings--Congressman (D-Idaho)
Mrs. Ranae Stallings

Mr. Mack Wallace--Chairman, Texas Railroad Commission; Co-Chair, Council for a Secure America
Mrs. Carol Ann Wallace

Hon. Wes Watkins--Congressman (D-Oklahoma)
Mrs. Lou Watkins
Martha Watkins
Wade Watkins

Hon. Peter Vallone--Councilmember, New York City Council

Mr. Jay Zises--President, Integrated Resources; Secretary, JCRC

Mr. Selig Zises--Chairman of Board, Integrated Resources; Co-Chair, Council for a Secure America

9.8.85

אל: ראה"מ

מאת: נמרוד

הנדון: משלחת CSA

1. ה - CSA (Council for a Secure America) הינה התארגנות חדשה הנשענת על: (א) מה שידוע כ"חברות הנפט העצמאיות" השואבות בעיקר בתוך גבולות ארה"ב ורואות באופ"ק וב"שבע האחיות" הקשורות בו (חברות הנפט הגדולות המיבאות מהמפרץ ומקומות אחרים) את האויב העיקרי; (ב) חברי קונגרס, ליברלים בחלקם, המתנגדים להשפעת הפטרו-דולרים בארה"ב.
בכך נוצר מפגש ליברלי-שמרני בין תומכי ישראל חזקה כנכס דמוקרטי אסטרטגי לבין המטיפים לשחרור ארה"ב מתלות ביבוא אנרגיה.
יעריכו מאד כל הצהרה מפין בדבר חשיבות עצמאות אנרגיה של ארה"ב והמערב. מדגישים מאד את נושא הטלחמה בטרור הבינלאומי.
2. עיקר פעילותם בדרום ובדרום-מערב ארה"ב, אזורים בהם אין התארגנות פרו-ישראלית מסורתית. יש בכך פריצת דרך ל - constituency חדש לגמרי עבורנו.
3. קבוצה זו אמורה למלא תפקיד ביצירת האוירה סביב ביקורך (אם יוחלט לשלב את יוסטון).
4. במשלחת נמצא ³כח המניע להקמת ההתארגנות: המורשה רב העצמה Tony Coelho (מבוטא קוֹלוֹ) המכהן כיו"ר ועדת הבחירות הדמוקרטית וידוע כמגייס הכספים מס' אחד במפלגה. הוא צפוי להיות יו"ר בית הנבחרים. כוכב עולה. ביקר בארץ חמש פעמים בשנתיים האחרונות.
5. במשלחת חמישה מורשים נוספים (רובם ליברלים) ואנשי נפט עצמאיים מהדרום (רובם שמרנים).
6. בצד היהודי היוזמה להקמת הקבוצה ולפגישה עמן באה ממלקום הונליין (מהכוחות העולים ביהדות ארה"ב).

נמרוד נוביק

[Handwritten signature]

TO: DR. NIMROD NOVICK, POLITICAL ADVISOR TO THE PRIME MINISTER
FROM: M. FOX, JEWISH WORLD AFFAIRS DIVISION, FOREIGN MINISTRY
SUBJECT: DELEGATION ORGANIZED BY J.C.R.C.
RE: MEETING OF THE P.M. SCHEDULED FOR AUGUST 9, 1985.

1. THE MAJORITY OF THE DELEGATION CONSISTS OF OFFICERS AND SUPPORTERS OF THE COUNCIL FOR A SECURE AMERICA. THIS NEW CSA
INTEREST GROUP HAS BROUGHT TOGETHER AMERICAN FRIENDS OF ISRAEL
WHOSE MAJOR CONCERNS ARE THAT AMERICA'S COMMITMENT TO A STRONG
ISRAEL WITHSTANDS THE TEST OF PRESENT ECONOMIC PRESSURES AND
ANY FUTURE ENERGY CRISES; AND THAT THE DOMESTIC ENERGY INDUSTRY
REMAINS INDEPENDENT BELIEVING THAT UNPERTURBED DOMESTIC ENERGY
PRODUCTION IS ESSENTIAL TO ASSURE THAT AMERICA'S SECURITY AND
ECONOMIC FUTURE WILL NOT BE HELD HOSTAGE TO FOREIGN OIL.

2. AMONG THE STAUNCH SUPPORTERS OF THE COUNCIL FOR A SECURE AMERICA SIX MEMBERS OF THE CONGRESS ARE PARTICIPATING IN THE DELEGATION VISITING ISRAEL. THEY ARE:

TONY COELHO (D-CALIFORNIA),
BUTLER DERRICK (D-SOUTH CAROLINA),
JOSEPH DIOGUARDI (R-N.Y.),
TOMMY ROBINSON (D-ARKANSAS),
RICHARD STALLINGS (D-IDAHO),
LES WATKINS (D-OKLAHOMA).

AMONG THE SIX CONGRESSMEN ONE (DIOGUARDI) IS A REPUBLICAN AND THE REST ARE DEMOCRATS. THREE CONGRESSMEN (DIOGUARDI, ROBINSON, STALLINGS) ARE FRESHMEN ELECTED IN 1984. LES WATKINS IS A MEMBER OF THE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE. HE REPRESENTS A VERY POOR AGRICULTURE DISTRICT AND HAS NEVER SUPPORTED FOREIGN AID BILLS. BUTLER DERRICK SUPPORTED THE AWACS SALE TO THE SAUDIS IN FALL 1981. TONY COELHO HAS BECOME VERY INFLUENTIAL THANK TO HIS SUCCESS AS CHAIRMAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE. IN FACT HE HAS BECOME THE NO.1 FUND RAISER FOR THE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CAMPAIGNS.

3. AMONG THE OIL PEOPLE MESSER, MACK WALLACE AND MICHAL CANTRELL ARE CONSIDERED TO BE HIGHLY INFLUENTIAL IN TEXAS AND OKLAHOMA WHERE THEY CONTROL THE LEASING FIELDS FOR OIL DRILLING.

4. THE DELEGATION IS SCHEDULED TO MEET WITH THE PRIME MINISTER, FOREIGN MINISTER, MINISTER OF ENERGY, GOVERNOR OF THE BANK ISRAEL, M.K. ABBA EBAN, M.K. UZI LANDAU, FOREIGN MINISTRY OFFICIALS, I.D.F. INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS.

COUNCIL FOR A SECURE AMERICA

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The Council for a Secure America, a new development in political education, advocates policies which will assure the survival and growth of America's domestic energy industry and a broader based support for Israel, our only democratic ally in the Middle East. The Council has brought together two suprisingly natural allies in pursuit of these goals:

American Friends of Israel, whose major concern is that America's commitment to a strong Israel withstands the test of present economic pressures and any future energy crises; and *the Domestic Independent Energy Industry*, which believes that continued domestic energy production is the only way to assure that America's security and economic future will not be held hostage to foreign oil.

The Council aims: 1) to clarify the differences between independent domestic producers and the multi-national oil companies connected to OPEC, to educate the public on the dangers inherent in proposals that would discourage domestic development of oil and natural gas, and to formulate alternatives to present national energy policies; and 2) to educate constituencies in the South and the Southwest - where understanding of Israel's case is not yet complete - on the indispensibility of Israel as a strategic ally of the United States, and on the community of Israel's interests with those of the domestic energy industry.

To achieve these educational goals, the Council holds press interviews and conferences, generates literature and publishes articles on these issues. In addition, the Council sponsors trips to independent energy production and refining facilities for legislators and businessmen from consumer states for on-site study of the technical difficulties and investment risks associated with independent exploration. In addition, the Council sponsors trips to Israel for independent producers and legislators from producing states.

The Council believes that both a strong Israel and a strong independent energy industry are essential components for a secure America. Contributions to the Council for a Secure America are tax deductible.

Meek Wallace, Co-Chairman
Austin, Texas

Red Zises, Co-Chairman
New York, New York

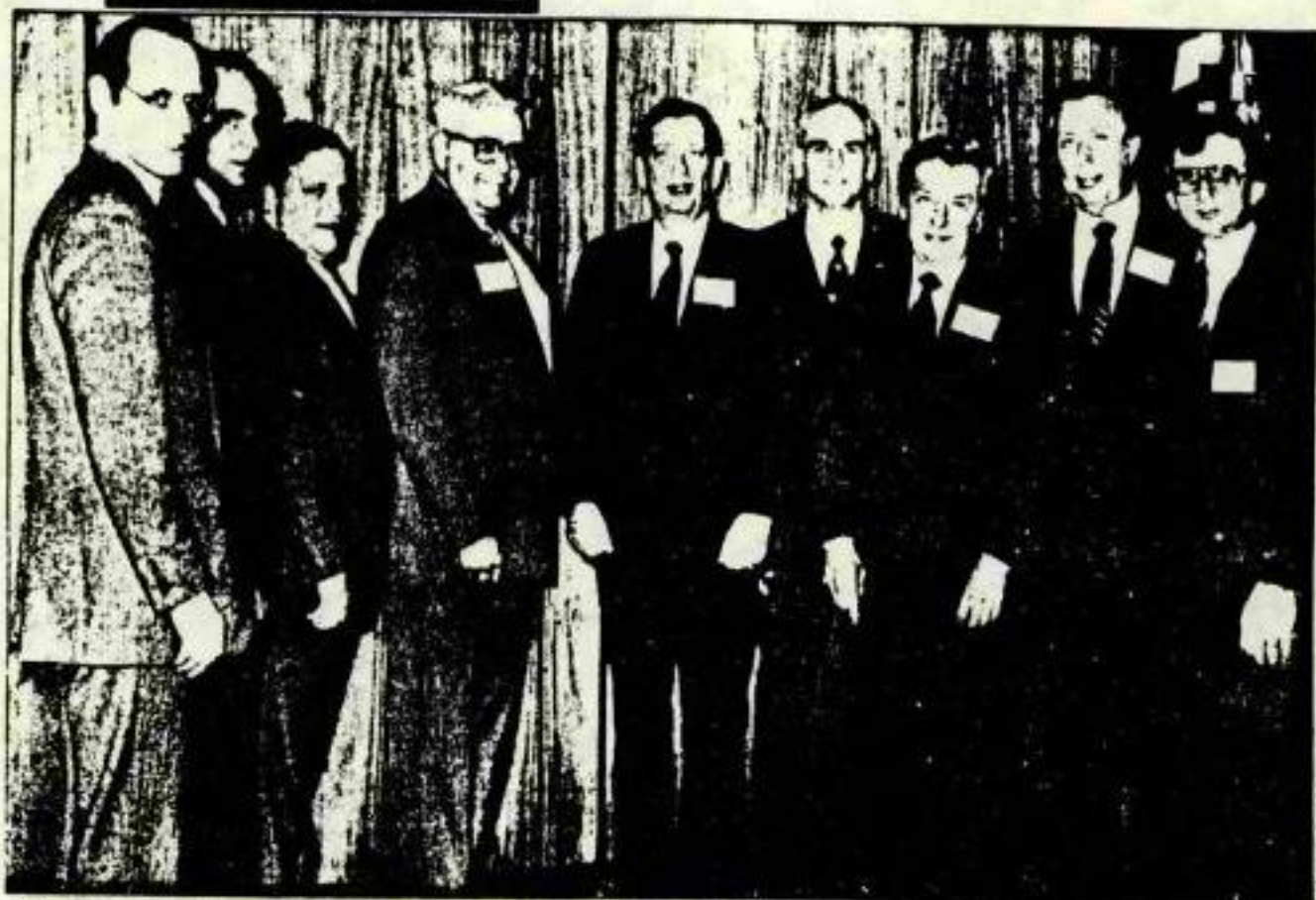
Selig Zises, Co-Chairman
New York, New York

New Council for a Secure America:

Jewish leaders join together with independent oil producers

20 JEWISH WORLD • JANUARY 18-24, 1985

BUSINESS



ISAAC BEREZ

Jewish leaders join forces with independent gas and oil producers in the Council for a Secure America. Above, from left to right: Malcolm Hoenlein, executive director, Jewish Community Relations Council of New York; Sig Zises, New York businessman; Sandy Eisenstadt, New York businessman; Charles Perry, Texas oil producer; Mack Wallace, Texas Railroad Commission; U.S. Secretary of Energy Donald Hodel; L. Frank Pitts, Texas oil producer; Howard Squadron, American Jewish Congress; Dan Dutko, Washington DC political consultant.

By WALTER RUBY

One of the nation's newest and most unexpected political alliances—bringing together the Jewish community and the independent oil and gas industry—will be officially inaugurated at the end of this month, when the newly created Council for a Secure America opens an office in Washington.

According to Malcolm Hoenlein, executive director of the Jewish Community Relations Council, the Council for a Secure America will have several full time staffers, representing both the Jewish community and the oil producers, who will engage in "educational efforts to drive home to Congress and the nation the critical importance of creating an energy-independent America."

Sigmund Zises of Integrated Resources, Inc., co-chairman of the council together with Mack Wallace, chairman of the Texas Railroad Commission, said that the council will have a first year budget of about \$250,000, contributed equally by the Jewish groups and oil producers.

Hoenlein said that the independent oil producers, who are based largely in Texas and Oklahoma, and whose oil and gas production is almost exclusively carried out within the United States, "will work to educate legislators and the public from their part of the country that Israel represents an invaluable strategic asset for the U.S. in the Middle East."

"Jewish leaders active in the coalition will educate our own community as well as legislators from this part of the country that the domestic independent oil producers have very different interests from the large international oil companies known as the 'Seven Sisters,' which are heavily committed in Saudi Arabia and other OPEC countries," Hoenlein added, "The independents are natural allies for the Jewish community in creating an America that is no longer susceptible to Arab oil blackmail."

Rep. Coelho was Matchmaker

Hoenlein said that the matchmaker who brought together the new alliance was Rep. Tony Coelho (D-CA), the influential chairman of the Democratic Campaign Committee. According to Hoenlein, "In late 1983 Tony met with both groups to point out to them that we have a shared agenda in terms of pushing for domestic energy production. Tony made people on both sides understand that what appeared at first glance to be an unnatural alliance was in fact the most natural of alliances."

According to Hoenlein, a wide assortment of Jewish leaders representing a number of key organizations and constituencies met with Coelho and leaders of the independent oil producers and later became involved in efforts to cement the alliance.

Among those mentioned by Hoenlein were New York businessmen Sandy Eisenstadt; Sig and Jay Zises; George Klein; Richard Ravitch; Laurence Tisch; Joseph Elmaleh; Kenneth Bialkin, chairman of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations; Morris Abram, president of the National Conference on Soviet Jewry; Tom Dine, executive director of the American Israel Public Affairs Committee (AIPAC); Peggy Tishman, president of the New York Jewish Community Relations Council; Howard Squadron, past president of the American Jewish Congress; and Jacob Brackman, of the Fort Worth United Jewish Appeal, whose personal contacts with many of the independent oilmen proved invaluable in cementing the contacts.

Among the oil producers, a leading role in augmenting the alliance was undertaken by L. Frank Pitts, president of the Dallas-based Pitts Oil Co. Also playing a key role is Wallace, whose powerful Texas Railroad Commission is the body responsible for energy regulation in the oil rich state.

Alliance Forged Last Year

The alliance was forged at a JCRC breakfast early in 1984 in which an assortment of Jewish leaders and seven Texas oilmen participated, and at a glatt kosher dinner at Coelho's Washington home which followed an intensive three-hour discussion on legislative concerns.

The two groups held their first public meeting last month at a JCRC-sponsored energy conference in New York at which Secretary of Energy Donald Hodel warned that passage into law of Treasury Secretary Donald Regan's proposal to eliminate most tax deductions and write-offs could hamper goals of U.S. energy independence. Hodel, who was proposed last week by President Reagan to become Secretary of Interior, stressed at the conference, "We need to remove disincentives to exploration and investment" and expressed concern that the Regan tax plan would lead to exactly the opposite result. (See *Jewish World*, December 21-27, 1984.)

Jewish leaders were able to arrange for leaders of the oil producers to meet the editorial boards of the *New York Times* and *New York Post* and to take leaders of the group on missions to Israel. According to Hoenlein, plans are afoot to take groups of northeastern Congresspeople to Texas "to give them a chance to see the state of the oil and gas industry." Hoenlein said that the Council for a Secure America will continue to engage in "educational efforts" to sensitize the two constituencies on issues that each faces. Hoenlein said that as a symbol of support for Israel by the oil and gas producers, the group plans to sponsor a float in the 1985 Salute to Israel parade.

According to Hoenlein, the two groups were able to give each other some important help during the last session of Congress. Hoenlein said that the oil producers had interceded with southwestern Congresspeople to encourage them to support the Free Trade Area agreement, which eventually passed both houses of Congress overwhelmingly, and to oppose the sale of Stinger missiles to Jordan.

Intercede With New York Congresspeople

Hoenlein explained that the Jewish community interceded with members of the New York Congressional delegation to explain how a legislative effort to reimpose some price controls on domestically produced oil and gas could negatively impact the northeast. The bill, which was bitterly opposed by the independent oil producers, eventually died after being bottled up in the House of Representatives Rules Committee.

Hoenlein said he expects that Jewish members of the council will engage in educational efforts within the Jewish community and with northeastern Congresspeople to oppose the Regan 'flat tax' proposal. "This legislation," he said, would be absolutely devastating in terms of destroying any incentive to domestic oil and gas production."

Hoenlein said he believes that there has been an unfortunate "downplaying" in recent years of the drive for the U.S. to reach energy independence. "Right now there is no immediate threat and we are comfortable, but unless we strengthen domestic oil production, we could easily fall back into a situation where the Arabs could employ the oil boycott weapon again," he warned. "We must strengthen incentives to domestic production, build our strategic petroleum reserve, and help the American people to understand that the days of gas lines could recur unless we are careful."

Hoenlein indicated he believes that the independent oil producers are an important political counterweight to the enormous power and influence of the 'Seven Sisters.' "The fact is that the traditional interests of the Seven Sisters do not coincide with our own. That is not to say that they are all hostile to Israel, because they are not, but many have common interests with Saudi Arabia and other OPEC countries."

Independent Producers' Powerful Constituency

In comments to the *Jewish World*, Pitts stressed that the independent oil and gas producers represent a powerful constituency that can be useful to Israel and American Jewry. According to Pitts, "We represent 11,000 to 12,000 independent oil and gas producers centered in Texas, Oklahoma and Louisiana, but also extending to New Mexico, Colorado and California, and extending through the Midwest and Appalachians to Pennsylvania and upstate New York."

Pitts stated, "It is important to understand that there is a major difference between the major oil companies and the independents. We are smaller and do not deal with the refining and marketing end of the oil business. We sell our oil directly from the wellhead and drill 82 to 84 percent of all the wells drilled in this country."

Pitts said that the major political priority is to kill Regan's flat tax proposal, of which he said, "If enacted into law, it will critically damage the independent oil and gas industry. It would reduce drilling by 30 to 40 percent."

Pitts said that until the formation of the new alliance, traditional supporters of Israel tended to be suspicious of oil and gas interests. "Those who support Israel need to understand what they do not now understand—that it is in Israel's interest to have a strong domestic oil and gas industry. We hope that this council will be able to move friends of Israel to a more enlightened point of view."

Pitts added, "It is also true that southwestern oil producers have not tended to be well-informed enough on Israel. We need more information on the needs of Israel to make its case effectively. We do understand the basic situation—that Israel is the only U.S. ally in the Middle East theatre with a strong army and is therefore an invaluable asset to the United States."

According to Pitts, "We expect to be called on by friends of Israel for help [in getting legislation passed], and we stand ready to do everything we can. We see this as a symbiotic relationship. You scratch my back, and I'll scratch yours."

Potential Reserves in Untested Areas

Turning to the issue of increasing domestic oil and gas production, Pitts dismissed as "completely wrong" the notion that there is not much more oil or natural gas to be found within the borders of the U.S. "Ninety eight percent of the land and offshore waters in this country have not yet been tested for oil and natural gas sediments," he said. "There are great potential reserves in untested areas."

Pitts was asked if northern liberal Congresspeople were not likely not to be concerned that throwing vast areas of land and offshore waters for oil exploration might not pose environmental risks. He responded, "In fact there have been very few offshore oil spills. The great majority of spills have come from tankers. I fished in the Gulf of Mexico around the oil wells in the 1940s, '50s and '70s, and caught many more fish in the '70s than 30 years before. We haven't hurt the fishing."

Pitts said there has hardly been any drilling along the entire east coast of the U.S., despite the strong possibility that areas like the Georges Bank, with its vital fishing industry, might contain significant oil deposits. According to Pitts, "You cannot find oil unless you drill the holes." He said there is a "lot of misinformation" in the northeast about the likely affects of offshore drilling off the east coast.

Pitts said that the flat tax bill would "require the independents to have a lot of liquid capital... we may have capital, but it is in oil and natural gas that is still in the ground." Stressing that the independents put 108 to 112 percent of their cash back into drilling costs, Pitts estimated that a flat tax law would put 4,000 of the independent producers out of the business of drilling new wells.

According to Pitts, "The less drilling that is done here the more dependent we become on Persian Gulf oil. How intelligent is it to beef up our defense and to build more airplanes, ships and tanks without secure sources of oil to run them?" He added, "What it comes down to is that, if passed, the so-called simplified tax plan will increase dependence on foreign oil, increase the trade deficit and reduce tax revenues. It all comes down to the unmistakable fact that the whole production process depends on the drilling of holes and there must be incentives for doing that."

Two Legislative Priorities

Reached by the *Jewish World*, Sig Zises confirmed that the two main legislative priorities for the council will be to turn back any tax simplification bill which damages the independent oil producers and to push for the foreign aid package for Israel requested by the Israeli government.

On the tax-simplification proposal, Zises said, "This proposal is fraught with terrible dangers, not only in the energy area, but in other strategic industries as well. Only the most naive individuals or group of Administration officials could begin to defend such a proposal."

Zises said that he is hopeful that the announcement this week that Regan would become White House Chief of Staff and that James Baker would become the new Treasury Secretary means that "hopefully the proposal that will come through from the Administration will be changed dramatically. It is hard for me to believe that the proposal could survive in Congress in its present form."

Zises was asked whether the fact that the council had been begun by Coelho, a powerful Democrat, and that it is vociferously opposing the Administration's tax reform proposal, might not lead Administration officials to suspect that it is a pro-Democratic group. (Wallace, the only elected official in the group, is a Democrat.) According to Zises, "This is now a bipartisan group. We have people like Dick Rosenbaum, former chairman of the Republican Party in New York, as well as a group of Texas Republicans who are participating on the energy side."

Zises said of Coelho, "Tony deserves all of the credit for putting this group together. Of course, this will not hurt him politically, but I am convinced he did this because he cares deeply about Israel and about U.S. energy independence. He is a very sensitive, bright and caring individual."

According to Squadron, "The concern on both sides is that...this country is rapidly slipping back into a relaxed posture on the issue of energy independence. We must work together to convince the Administration and Congress to encourage domestic oil production."

Squadron was asked if liberal Congresspeople who have traditionally been close to the Jewish community might not have trouble supporting aspects of the independent producers' wish list, including various tax breaks and relaxation of environmental constraints.

Squadron responded, "I do not think that the entire program that the oil producers would recommend is something that all of the Jewish participants in the group would support. But there are a number of their ideas that are clearly supportable—for example, they would be in favor of a tax on imported oil. Some say that it would hurt the poor by driving up the price at the gas pump, but it would either cause producers of oil in the Gulf states to reduce their price...or would lead to a more economical result for independent oil and gas exploration in this country."

According to Squadron, "One of the great problems we have to face is how to get the Seven Sisters to invest in the United States instead of the Gulf, and to deal with that we have to look at the tax laws that give them benefits for royalties paid [abroad]. I do not think that benefit is valid any longer. They should now be encouraged to the development here."

"Ironically, that would help the independents. If the big companies came here it would change domestic market substantially, and the independents would profit from it

because it would expand the market and give them more openings in which to operate."

Reached by the *Jewish World*, Coelho said that bringing together the Jewish community with the independent oil producers "is something I have dreamed about for a long time. As a long-time friend of Israel and supporter of the oil and gas industry in my district in central California, I felt that an opportunity was being missed. Many people who support the oil and gas industry don't support Israel, and many supporters of Israel don't support the industry. It's obvious they ought to be working together."

Terming himself a 'marriage broker', Coelho said he believes it is still premature to talk about joint legislative efforts. However, the Congressman noted, "Israel needs economic assistance and it is important to educate Congress about this...and as to why it is important to strengthen Israel as a strong strategic ally of the U.S., because a strong Israel is an investment in the U.S. strategic interests by the American taxpayer."

He added, "The gas and oil industry is facing tax challenges—both industry and the Jewish community should appreciate the need for tax incentives to increase investments in the industry."

Asked whether the fact that the new group was brought into existence by a leading Democrat might not lead some to conclude that it has a partisan, anti-Administration bent, Coelho commented, "Not really. It's not a Democratic effort. I'm not involved with either group as chairman of the House Campaign Committee. Both parties have friends of Israel and of the oil and gas industry. There is no intention of a partisan effort."

He added, "This is a natural marriage of interests that should be pursued. If it benefits the Democratic Party, that is only a by-product." □



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20515

TONY COELHO
15TH DISTRICT
CALIFORNIA

September 26, 1985

Prime Minister Shimon Peres
Office of the Prime Minister
Kaplan St., #3
Hakirya, Jerusalem 91919 Israel

Dear Prime Minister Peres:

It was a great pleasure meeting with you on my recent trip to Israel. I appreciated your taking the time to talk with the members of the Council for a Secure America.

Hearing your perceptions on current Israeli and Middle East affairs provided us with a better understanding of the political dynamics of the region.

Again, I thank you for your warm hospitality and I look forward to seeing you again.

Sincerely,

TONY COELHO

המאריך

אל:

הנושא

מאת:

הערך:

לגבי זאבן, אל מולד

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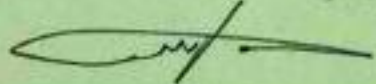
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מדינת ישראל

משרד החוץ
ירושלים

תאריך: ח' באב תשמ"מ
26 בדולי 1985

מספר:

אל: לשכת רוה"מ ✓

מאת: מצפ"א

COUNCIL FOR A SECURE AMERICA

הנדון: משלחת

מר מלקולם הונלייון מה - JCRC בניו יורק עומד בראש קבוצה מהארגון
הנ"ל העומדת לבקר בארץ בין 6 - 13 אוג' 85.

הקבוצה מורכבת מחברי קונגרס, מפקדי נפט בלתי תלויים ויהודים
ממערבים בתעשיית הנפט.

להלן פרטים על חברי הקונגרס הצפויים להשתתף במשלחת:

TONY COELHO

- (ד' קליפורניה) חבר בוועדת החקלאות, ועדת
הפנים והוועדה לענייני בית המחוקקים. בקונגרס
מ 1975, בוגר מדע המדינה בעל מעמד חשוב בבית
ושתקדם בעקביות לבכירות בתוך הבית, בנושאים
הקשורים לנו תומך באופן רצוף ונלהב ופרו-ישראלי ביותר.

BUTLER DERRICK

- (ד' ד-קרוליינה) חבר בוועדת התקציב ו - RULES
בקונגרס מ 1974 במקצועו עו"ד. בדרך כלל תומך
בענייניו והפעם הצביע, כנראה, לאשור חוק הסיוע
למרות שבעבר הצביע נגד. כעקרון יודע מעט מאד על
אזורנו ובעיותיו.

JOSEPH DUOGUARDI

- (ר' ניו יורק) חבר בוועדה לפעולות הממשל והוועדה
לעסקים זעירים נבחר לקונגרס ב 1984, במקצועו רואה חשבון
קתולי, קיבל סיוע כספי נרחב מהקהילה היהודית ופופולרי
מאד בקרב היהודים.

RICHARD STALLINGS

- (ד' אידהו) חבר בוועדת החקלאות ובוועדה למדע וטכנולוגיה
נבחר לקונגרס ב 1984. בעקרון תומך בעניינינו, קיבל סיוע
יהודי רב לקראת בחירתו, מקורב מאד למושל ג'ון אבנס.
מורמוני ומתעניין בארועים סביב בניית האוניברסיטה
המורמונית בירושלים.

TOMMY ROBINSON

- (ד' ארקנזס) חבר בוועדה לעסקים זעירים ובוועדה למשחורי
המלחמות. נבחר לקונגרס ב 1984. שיין לקבוצת הדמוקרטים
השמרניים ביותר, תומך בעניינינו והצביע לאשור חוק סיוע החוץ
מתעניין בנושאי בטחון וטרור. הוזמן לבקר באזור ע"י NAAA
ולאחר שקבל ההזמנה שוכנע ע"י איפאק' בשלילה הנובעת מכך
וביטל השתתפותו. קיבל סיוע יהודי נרחב לבחירתו.

DATE: 1954
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מדינת ישראל

- 2 -

משרד החוץ
ירושלים

תאריך:

מספר:

WES WATKINS

- (ד' אוקלהוטה) - חבר בוועדת לעם ההקצבות ונבחר
לקונגרס ב 1976 מיצג את האזור העני ביותר באוקלהומה
ובתחומו אין כמעט יהודים שייך לדמוקרטים השמרניים,
המידע שלו על יהודים ב ישראל מצומצם ביותר.

במסגרת ביקורם מבקשים להפגש עם רוה"מ. אנו ממליצים מאד לאשר חקשה. למרות
שהמשלחת מונה למעלה מ 20 איש כוונתנו כי בספגש עם רוה"מ ישתתפו רק חברי
הקונגרס ועזריהם ולא כל הפמליה.

אם וכאשר תאושר הפגישה, ניתן לתאם הפרטים עם מר מיכה רונן ממאו"ר שהוא
עורך התכנית.

להלן חומר נוסף לגבי המורשים.

ב ב ר כ ה,

ברוך דם

העתק: מנהל מצפ"א
מאו"ר - מר מיכה רונן

UNITED STATES
NATURALIZATION SERVICE

Form

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133,979	(61%)	(\$235,364)
79,883	(36%)	(\$65,486)
51,599	(100%)	
95,962	(53%)	(\$251,948)
76,602	(43%)	(\$240,114)

alley district, one of two dominated by to, this is the part of the Valley that has the reason is the large (15%) Mexican—except for the next-door 17th district. high; they are often middle-class citizens. Moreover, the Fresno area has a more valley. There are especially large numbers of the original Okies, the people who left during the 1930s in search of the promise in *The Grapes of Wrath*, these hot fields for next to nothing and lived daughters are not particularly sympathetic plight of Mexican-Americans in erable margin the most Democratic dis-

ny Coelho, has strong roots in this part world beyond as well. He served as an is retirement in 1978; Sisk was an old- ant from Texas who often voted with ics seems rather different. Like Sisk, he ave made the Central Valley one of the ave made some of the landowners here sues is more closely in line with that of mpetence. In his first term he won a seat importance to this district—and in his en James Corman, the chairman of the ated, Coelho moved in fast and got the g tactics and on the Democrats' need to ical capacities. But it will take all his re the 1982 elections.

impressive achievement for a man who rather than the district. He will almost stricting plan for 1982.

0s. Median family income, 1970, \$7,930.

The Voters

Employment profile 1970 White collar, 43%. Blue collar, 31%. Service, 14%. Farm, 12%.
Ethnic groups Black 1980, 5%. Hispanic 1980, 25%. Am. Ind. 1980, 1%. Asian 1980, 2%. Total foreign stock 1970, 21%. Germany, 2%; Canada, USSR, 1% each.

Presidential Vote

1980	Reagan (R)	79,871	(48%)
	Carter (D)	73,088	(44%)
	Anderson (I)	11,593	(7%)
1976	Ford (R)	66,972	(41%)
	Carter (D)	81,797	(54%)

Rep. Tony Coelho (D) Elected 1978; b. June 15, 1942, Los Banos; home, Merced; Loyola U., L.A., B.A., 1964.



Career Staff of U.S. Rep. B. F. Sisk, 1965-78, Admin. Asst., 1970-78.

Offices 216 LHOB, 202-225-6131. Also Fed. Bldg., 415 W. 18th St., Merced 95340, 209-383-4455.

Committees Agriculture (18th). Subcommittees: Cotton, Rice and Sugar; Domestic Marketing, Consumer Relations and Nutrition; Livestock, Dairy and Poultry.

Interior and Insular Affairs (23d). Subcommittees: Oversight and Investigations; Water and Power Resources.

Group Ratings

	ADA	COPE	PC	LCV	CFA	RPN	NAB	NSI	NTU	ACA	ACU
1980	72	71	47	45	71	—	8	40	14	9	11
1979	58	65	43	50	32	—	—	—	24	13	8

Key Votes

1) Draft Registn S	AGN	6) Fair Hsg DOJ Enfre	AGN	11) Cut Socl Incr Dfns S	AGN
2) Ban S to Nicaragua	AGN	7) Lim PAC Contrbtms	FOR	12) Hosptl Cost Controls	—
3) Delay MX Missile	FOR	8) Cap on Food Stmp S	AGN	13) Gasin Ctrls & Alletns	FOR
4) Nuclr Mortorium	—	9) New US Dep Educatn	FOR	14) Lim Wndfl Prof Tax	FOR
5) Alaska Lands Bill	FOR	10) Cut OSHA S	FOR	15) Chrysler Loan Grantee	FOR

Election Results

1980 general	Tony Coelho (D)	108,072	(72%)	(\$140,382)
	Ron Schwartz (R)	37,895	(25%)	(\$5,136)
1980 primary	Tony Coelho (D)	56,466	(100%)	
1978 general	Tony Coelho (D)	75,212	(60%)	(\$266,094)
	Chris Patterakis (R)	49,914	(40%)	(\$104,164)

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT

The 16th congressional district of California boasts some of the nation's most spectacular scenery, from the Monterey cypresses at Carmel's Pebble Beach, through the mountainous wild Big Sur coast, to William Randolph Hearst's San Simeon. Just a few miles from the ocean is some of the nation's richest farmland: the lettuce fields of the Salinas valley, the

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT CALIFORNIA — CITIES: Campbell, Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, San Jose (pt.), Santa Clara and Sunnyvale (pt.). **COUNTY:** Santa Clara (part). Dist. pop. ('82) 526,579.

REP. NORMAN Y. MINETA (D CA—13) of San Jose. Washington office, 2350 RHOB, dial 225-2631. House service, Jan. 3, 1975 to present. Deputy Whip, March 26, 1982 to present. Born Nov. 12, 1931 in San Jose. Student, Univ. of California at Berkeley, B.S., 1949-53. Korean Conflict svc. in U.S. Army, 1953-56. Business exec.; owner, Mineta Insurance Agency. Member, San Jose Human Relations Commission, 1962-64; San Jose Housing Authority, 1966-67. City councilman, 1967-71; Vice Mayor, 1968-71; Mayor, 1971-74 of San Jose. Married. Methodist. **DISTRICT OFFICE—** San Jose 95128: Suite 310, 1245 S. Winchester Blvd., dial 408-984-6045.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT CALIFORNIA — CITIES: Alta Sierra, Alturas, Auburn, Burney, Cameron Park, Chester, Diamond Springs, Dunsmuir, El Dorado Hills, Grass Valley, Greenville, Ione, Jackson, Kings Beach, Lincoln, Lincoln Village, Locketore, Lodi, McCloud, Meadow Vista, Mount Shasta, Nevada City, North Auburn, Placerville, Pollock Pines, Portola, Quincy-East Quincy, Rocklin, Roseville, South Lake Tahoe, Stockton (part), Sunnyside-Tahoe City, Susanville, Sutter Creek, Truckee, Weed, Westwood, Woodbridge and Yreka. **COUNTIES (12):** Alpine, Amador, El Dorado, Lassen, Modoc, Nevada, Placer, Plumas, San Joaquin (part), Shasta (part), Sierra and Siskiyou. Dist. pop. ('82) 525,893.

REP. NORMAN D. SHUMWAY (R CA—14) of Stockton. Washington office, 1203 LHOB, dial 225-2511. House service, January 3, 1979 to present. Born July 28, 1934 in Phoenix, Ariz. Stockton Jr. College, A.A., 1954. Univ. of Utah, B.A., 1960. Univ. of Calif., Hastings College of Law, J.D., 1963. Admitted to Calif. Bar, 1964. Lawyer. Chairman, San Joaquin County Board of Supervisors, 1974-78. Member, San Joaquin County Commission on Aging; Advisory Water Comm.; City-County Port Liaison Committee. Married. Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. **DISTRICT OFFICES—** Auburn 95603: Suite B, 11899 Edgewood Road, dial 916-885-3737. Stockton 95207: Suite 1A, 1150 W. Robinhood Dr., dial 209-957-7773.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT CALIFORNIA — CITIES: Atwater, Bonadelle Ranchos-Madera Ranchos, Caruthers, Ceres, Chowchilla, Coalinga, Delhi, Dos Palos, Easton, Firebaugh, Fowler, Fresno (part), Gustine, Hilmar-Irwin, Huron, Kerman, Kingsburg, Livingston, Los Banos, Madera, Madera Acres, Mendota, Merced, Modesto (part), Newman, Oakhurst, Orange Cove, Parlier, Patterson (part), Planada, Reedley, Riverdale, San Joaquin, Selma, West Parlier and Winton. **COUNTIES (5):** Fresno (part), Madera, Mariposa, Merced and Stanislaus (part). Dist. pop. ('82) 525,888.

REP. TONY COELHO (D CA—15) of Merced. Washington office, 403 CHOB, dial 225-6131. House service, January 3, 1979 to present. Born June 15, 1942 in Los Banos. Loyola Univ., B.A., political science, 1964. Aide to U.S. Rep. B. F. Sisk, Calif., 1965-78. Staff dir., Subcommittee on Cotton, House Committee on Agriculture during 92nd Congress. Named Outstanding Young Man of America in 1975. Married. Roman Catholic. **DISTRICT OFFICES—** Fresno 93721: Federal Building, 1130 O St., dial 209-487-5004. Merced 95340: Federal Building, 415 W. 18th St., dial 209-383-4455. Modesto 95354: Federal Building, 1125 Eye St., dial 209-527-1914.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT CALIFORNIA — CITIES: Aptos, Atascadero (part), Baywood-Los Osos (part), Ben Lomond, Boulder Creek, Cambria, Capitola, Carmel-by-the-Sea, Carmel Valley, Castroville, Cayucos, Del Rey Oaks, Felton, Fort Ord, Freedom, Gonzales, Greenfield, Hollister, King City, LaSelva Beach, Las Lomas, Live Oak, Marina, Monterey, Morro Bay, Opal Cliffs, Pacific Grove, Rio del Mar, Salinas, Santa Cruz, Scotts Valley, Seaside, Soledad, Soquel, Twin Lakes and Watsonville. **COUNTIES (4):** Monterey, San Benito, San Luis Obispo (part) and Santa Cruz. Dist. pop. ('82) 525,893.

REP. LEON E. PANETTA (D CA—16) of Carmel Valley. Washington office, 339 CHOB, dial 225-2861. House service, January 3, 1977 to present. Born June 28, 1938 in Monterey. Univ. of Santa Clara, B.A. (magna cum laude), 1960. Univ. of Santa Clara Law School, J.D., 1963. U.S. Army svc., 1963-65. Admitted to Calif. Bar, U.S. Supreme Court Bar and U.S. Dist. Court Bar, 1965. Legis. asst. to U.S. Sen. Thomas H. Kuchel of Calif., 1966-69. Special asst. to the Secy. of H.E.W., 1969. Director, Office for Civil Rights, Dept. of HEW, 1969-70. Exec. asst. to the Mayor of New York City, 1970-71. Practicing attorney, 1971-76. Author. Member, Monterey County Democratic Central Committee, 1972-76. NEA Lincoln Award, 1969. NAACP Leadership Award, 1972. Married. Roman Catholic. **DISTRICT OFFICES—** Monterey 93940: 380 Alvarado St., dial 209-939-0000. Fresno 93721: 1130 O St., dial 209-487-5004.

STATE DELEGATION

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT (part), Calwa (part), Clovis, Farmersville, Fresno (part), Lindsay, McFarland, Orosi, East, Tulare Northwest, Kern (part), Kings and Tu

REP. CHARLES PASH 225-3341. House service, College, B.A., 1963. Hi Army service, 1968-70. Bar, 1977. Lawyer. Spi Fresno County Bar Assn. Church of America. Dis Fresno 93701: 33 E. 209-582-2890. Visalia

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT Country Club, Escalon, F teca, Ripon, San Andrea (5): Calaveras, Fresno (5)

REP. RICHARD LEH 225-4540. House servi College, president of St service, California Asse cally Handicapped Child Life Member, California 93721: Suite 301, 190X dial 209-533-1426. Sto

NINETEENTH DISTRICT Lompoc, Meiners Oaks (Ventura), Santa Barber Vandenburg Village. CO

REP. ROBERT J. LAG 225-3601. House serv Calif. at Santa Barbara, U.S. Navy, 1944-48. A 1958 and Mayor, 1958 Year Award by Calif. & **OFFICES—** Santa Bar 1628), dial 805-922-44

TWENTIETH DISTRICT (part), Bakersfield (part), Highlands, Edwards, El Lamont, Lancaster, Mc Quartz Hill, Ridgecrest, chapi (part), Weed Patc San Luis Obispo (part).

REP. WILLIAM M. TI 225-2915. House servi Santa Ana Community 1965. Professor of po Assemblyman, 1974-7 **FICES—** Bakersfield 9 Room 118. REP. Will

Space Science &

PELL, JR. (D FL-4)

Appropriations
Defense
Energy & Water

Military Construction

PIE (R CA-2)

Agriculture
Cotton, Rice & Sugar
Forests, Family Farms &

Small Business

Antitrust & Restraint of
Affecting Small Business
Export Opportunities &
Business Problems
Narcotics

KEY (R WY-AL)

Interior & Insular Affairs
Public Lands & National

Water & Power Resources

CLARKE (D NC-11)

Interior & Insular Affairs
Energy & the Environment
Insular Affairs
Public Lands & National

Public Works &

Economic Development
Public Buildings & Grounds

CLAY (D MO-1)

Education & Labor
Employment Opportunities
Labor-Management
Labor Standards
Post Office &

Postal Personnel &

CLINGER, JR. (R PA-23)

Government Operations
Commerce, Consumer &
Environment, Energy &
es

Subcommittee on Legislation & National
Security

Committee on Public Works &
Transportation

Subcommittee on Economic Development
Subcommittee on Surface Transportation
Subcommittee on Water Resources

REP. DAN COATS (R IN-4)

Committee on Energy & Commerce
Subcommittee on Energy Conservation &
Power
Subcommittee on Fossil & Synthetic Fuels
Select Committee on Children, Youth
& Families

REP. TONY COELHO (D CA-15)

Committee on Agriculture
Subcommittee on Cotton, Rice & Sugar
Subcommittee on Department Operations,
Research & Foreign Agriculture
Subcommittee on Livestock, Dairy & Poultry
Committee on House Administration
Subcommittee on Accounts
Subcommittee on Personnel & Police
Committee on Interior & Insular Affairs
Subcommittee on Public Lands & National
Parks
Subcommittee on Water & Power Resources

REP. E. THOMAS COLEMAN (R MO-6)

Committee on Agriculture
Subcommittee on Conservation, Credit &
Rural Development
Subcommittee on Domestic Marketing,
Consumer Relations & Nutrition
Committee on Education & Labor
Subcommittee on Employment Opportunities
Subcommittee on Human Resources
Subcommittee on Postsecondary Education
Subcommittee on Select Education

REP. RONALD COLEMAN (D TX-16)

Committee on Armed Services
Subcommittee on Military Personnel &
Compensation
Subcommittee on Research & Development
Committee on Government Operations
Subcommittee on Commerce, Consumer &
Monetary Affairs
Subcommittee on Government Activities &
Transportation
Subcommittee on Information, Justice &
Agriculture

REP. CARDISS COLLINS (D IL-7)

Committee on Energy & Commerce
Subcommittee on Fossil & Synthetic Fuels
Subcommittee on Telecommunications,
Consumer Protection & Finance

Committee on Government Operations
Subcommittee on Government Activities
& Transportation, Chairwoman
Select Committee on Narcotics Abuse
& Control

REP. BARBER B. CONABLE, JR. (R NY-30)

Committee on Standards of Official
Conduct
Committee on Ways & Means
Ranking Minority Member
Joint Committee on Taxation

REP. SILVIO O. CONTE (R MA-1)

Committee on Appropriations,
Ranking Minority Member & Ex Officio
Member of all subcommittees
Subcommittee on Labor, Health & Human
Services & Education
Subcommittee on Legislative
Subcommittee on Transportation
Committee on Small Business
Subcommittee on General Oversight &
the Economy

REP. JOHN CONYERS, JR. (D MI-1)

Committee on Government Operations
Subcommittee on Commerce, Consumer, &
Monetary Affairs
Subcommittee on Intergovernmental
Relations & Human Resources
Committee on the Judiciary
Subcommittee on Civil & Constitutional
Rights
Subcommittee on Criminal Justice, Chairman

REP. JIM COOPER (D TN-4)

Committee on Banking, Finance &
Urban Affairs
Subcommittee on Domestic Monetary Policy
Subcommittee on Economic Stabilization
Subcommittee on Financial Institutions
Supervision, Regulation & Insurance
Subcommittee on Housing & Community
Development
Subcommittee on International Trade,
Investment & Monetary Policy
Committee on Small Business
Subcommittee on General Oversight &
the Economy

REP. TOM CORCORAN (R IL-14)

Committee on Energy & Commerce
Subcommittee on Fossil & Synthetic Fuels
Committee on Post Office & Civil Service
Subcommittee on Postal Operations &
Services

-72; four children: Jeffrey Peter, elected to the 93d Congress, Novem-

rk, and the southern portion of Union City; n of San Jose and all of Milpitas. Population

; district offices: 1625 The Alame-
; born in San Jose, Calif.; attended
d University; Stanford Law School,
l agent, Federal Bureau of Investi-
gence and gunnery officer; occupa-
member, Veterans' Affairs and Judi-
tional Rights Subcommittee; elected
ected to each succeeding Congress.

Brisbane, Burlingame, Colma, East Palo Alto,
Pacific, Redwood City, San Bruno, San Carlos,
io Park and Daly City. SANTA CLARA COUNTY.
525,937.

n Mateo, Calif.; born in Budapest,
anti-Nazi underground; came to the
; B.A., University of Washington,
; D., University of California, 1953,
ent, TV news analyst and commen-
50-66; administrative assistant, eco-
married to Annette Tillemann; two
d Katrina Lantos-Sweet; two grand-
ber 4, 1980; reelected to the 98th
fairs and Government Operations,

dominaza. SAN MATEO COUNTY. The southern
Menlo Park (part), Pescadero, Portola Valley,
Pacheco Pass) including Cupertino, Gilroy, Los
Hill, Mountain View, Saratoga, and Sunnyvale.
Population (1980), 525,964.

; born in Omaha, Nebr. on January
uated, Westside High School, 1957;
ton, N.J., 1961; M.B.A. (1963), M.S.
Stanford, Calif.; assistant professor,
ty, 1965-69; visiting assistant profes-
r and president, System Industries
Association, 1974-79, and chairman,
Formation, 1979-82; married to the
n: Ed, Liz, and Cameron; elected on

Sampbell, Lee Gibson, and Santa Clara; San Jose
(1980), 525,895.

San Jose, Calif.; born in San Jose,
San Jose; B.S., business administra-
1953; served in the U.S. Army, 1953-
member: San Jose Human Relations
Jose councilman, 1967-71; Japanese-
of Commerce; vice mayor, 1968-71;
a County Boy Scout Council; married
David and Stuart; elected to the 94th
ach succeeding Congress; committee
Transportation, chairman of Subcom-
nd Technology; Select Committee on
h, 97th Congress; member, Board of

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.—COUNTRIES: Alpine, Amador, El Dorado, Lassen, Modoc, Nevada, Placer, Plumas,
Sierra, and Siskiyou. SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY: That part not contained in the Eighteenth District. SANTA
CLARA COUNTY: Census tracts: 118 (part), enumeration district 357, 119 and 125-127. Population (1980), 525,800.

NORMAN D. SHUMWAY, Republican, of Stockton, Calif.; born in Phoenix, Ariz.,
July 28, 1934; educated in the Stockton public schools; graduated, Stockton High
School, 1952; A.A., Stockton College, 1954; B.S., University of Utah, 1960; J.D.,
Hastings College of the Law, University of California, 1963; attorney; admitted to
the California bar in 1964 and commenced practice in Downey, Calif.; appointed to
the San Joaquin County Board of Supervisors by Governor Reagan, 1974; elected in
1974 and reelected, 1976; chairman of the board of supervisors, 1978; past chairman,
Goodwill Industries of San Joaquin Valley, Inc.; member, board of directors of
Goodwill Industries of America; formerly a partner in Stockton law firm of Cava-
lero, Bray, Shumway & Geiger; former bishop and missionary to Japan, Church of
Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints; former instructor at San Joaquin Delta College
and Humphreys College of Law, both in Stockton; married to the former Luana
June Schow; six children: Jennifer, Neal, Perry, Tyler, Stuart, and Brenda; elected
to the 96th Congress November 7, 1978; reelected to the 97th and 98th Congresses;
member: House Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs; House Commit-
tee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries; Select Committee on Aging.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.—COUNTRIES: Modoc, Mariposa, and Merced. FRESNO COUNTY: Cities of Biola, Barrel,
Cantua Creek, Caruthers, Coalinga, Easton, Firebaugh, Five Points, Fowler, Helms, Huron, Kerman, Kings-
burg, Laton, Mendota, Orange Cove, Parlier, Raisin City, Reedley, Riverdale, San Joaquin, Selma, and
Tranquillity. STANISLAUS COUNTY: Cities of Ceres, Crows Landing, Modesto, Newman, Patterson, and Turlock
(part). Population (1980), 525,593.

TONY COELHO, Democrat, of Merced, Calif.; born in Los Banos, Calif., June 15,
1942; attended the public schools; graduated Dos Palos High School, Dos Palos,
Calif., 1960; B.A., Loyola University, Los Angeles, Calif., 1964; administrative assist-
ant to U.S. Congressman B. F. Sisk; staff director, Subcommittee on Cotton of the
House Agriculture Committee, 92d Congress; consultant, House Parking Committee,
92d and 93d Congresses; staff coordinator, House Subcommittee on Broadcasting of
the House Rules Committee; House Select Committee on Professional Sports, 94th
Congress; listed in Who's Who in American Politics, and in 1975 was selected an
Outstanding Young Man of America; married to the former Phyllis Eileen Butler,
1967; two daughters: Nicole and Kristin; elected to the 96th Congress, November 7,
1978; reelected to the 97th and 98th Congresses; serves on Agriculture, House
Administration and Interior Committees; elected chairman, Democratic Congressional
Campaign Committee, 1981, reelected 1983; serves as Democratic Whip at Large
and serves on Democratic Steering and Policy Committee.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.—COUNTRIES: Monterey, San Benito, and Santa Cruz. SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY. The
coastal strip extending down to the north side of Los Osos Valley Road in Los Osos, including the towns of
Boywood Park, Cambria, Cayce, Harmony, Los Osos (part), Morro Bay, and San Simeon. Population
(1980), 525,567.

LEON EDWARD PANETTA, Democrat, of Carmel Valley, Calif.; born in Monte-
rey, Calif., June 28, 1938; attended San Carlos Elementary School; graduated, Monte-
rey High School, 1956; B.A., magna cum laude, University of Santa Clara, 1960;
J.D., University of Santa Clara Law School, 1963; served as 1st lieutenant in the
U.S. Army, received Army Commendation Medal, 1963-65; admitted to the bar in
1965 and commenced practice in Monterey; legislative assistant to U.S. Senator
Thomas H. Kuchel, Calif., 1966-69; special assistant to Secretary of U.S. Department
of Health, Education, and Welfare, 1969; director of the U.S. Office for Civil Rights,
1969-70; executive assistant to the mayor of New York City, 1970-71; attorney, law
firm of Panetta, Thompson & Panetta, 1971-76; member: U.S. Supreme Court Bar;
U.S. District Court Bar, Northern District, Calif.; California Bar; Board of Visitors,
University of Santa Clara Law School, and founder, Monterey College of Law;
served as counsel to the Monterey Peninsula Regional Park District; Monterey
County Democratic Central Committee, 1972-76; vice president of Carmel Valley
Little League; member, Parish Council for Our Lady of Mount Carmel Church;
author, "Bring Us Together," 1971; recipient: NEA Lincoln Award, 1969; Lawyer of
the Year Award, 1970; A. Philip Randolph Award, 1971; Bred for the World Award,
1978; chairman, 95th New Members Caucus; northern California regional whip, 97th
and 98th Congresses; chairman, Reconciliation Task Force, Budget Committee, and
chairman, Subcommittee on Nutrition and Domestic Marketing, Agriculture Com-
mittee; married to the former Sylvia Marie Varni, 1962; three children: Christopher,

1010 SOUTH CAROLINA

Rep. Butler Derrick (D) Elected 1974; b. Sept. 30, 1936, Johnston; home, Edgefield; U. of So. Car., B.A. 1958, U. of Ga., LL.B. 1965.



Career Practicing atty., 1965-74; S.C. House of Reps., 1969-75.
Offices 133 CHOB, 202-225-5301. Also 315 S. McDuffie St., Anderson 29621, 803-224-7401.

Committees Rules (7th). Subcommittee: The Legislative Process.

Select Committee on Aging (24th). Subcommittee: Health and Long-Term Care.

Group Ratings

	ADA	COPE	PC	LCV	CFA	RPN	NAB	NSI	NTU	ACA	ACU
1980	56	68	40	55	50	—	50	38	27	50	25
1979	37	44	38	43	30	—	—	—	28	24	23
1978	45	86	58	77	46	36	46	80	20	44	38

Key Votes

1) Draft Registr S	FOR	6) Fair Hsg DOJ Enfr	FOR	11) Cut Socl Iner Dfns S	AGN
2) Ban S to Nicaragua	—	7) Lim PAC Contrbts	FOR	12) Hosptl Cost Controls	AGN
3) Delay MX Missile	AGN	8) Cap on Food Stmp S	AGN	13) Gasln Ctrls & Alctns	FOR
4) Nuclr Mortorium	AGN	9) New US Dep Educatn	FOR	14) Lim Wndfl Prof Tax	FOR
5) Alaska Lands Bill	FOR	10) Cut OSHA S	AGN	15) Chryslr Loan Grntee	FOR

Election Results

1980 general	Butler Derrick (D).....	87,680	(60%)	(\$88,255)
	Marshall Parker (R)	57,840	(39%)	(\$66,047)
1980 primary	Butler Derrick (D), unopposed			
1978 general	Butler Derrick (D).....	81,638	(82%)	(\$84,641)
	Anthony Panuccio (R)	17,973	(18%)	

FOURTH DISTRICT

The major textile producing area in the United States is a strip of land along Interstate 85 in North and South Carolina. Two of the biggest textile centers here are Greenville and Spartanburg, South Carolina—the two cities that, with the counties that surround them, make up South Carolina's 4th congressional district. It will probably come as a surprise to many readers that this is one of the most industrialized and most blue collar parts of the nation; the fact surprises even tourists who drive through the South Carolina Piedmont on their way south. For the mills are not concentrated in a few big factories, like giant steel plants, in the inner part of grimy cities. They are all over, in small towns and suburbs, at interchanges on the Interstate as well as in Greenville and Spartanburg themselves. Few blacks live here—only 19% districtwide, the lowest percentage in South Carolina. And there are even fewer union members: South Carolina has just about the least unionized work force of any state in the nation, and a major reason is the intransigent opposition of the mill owners to unionization. These conditions—low wages, no unions, large work force—have helped South Car-

olina attract new industry, and many Greenville installations not far from Interstate 85. It

Politically Greenville and Spartanburg are premier Republican cities; there are lots of establishments of considerable distinction, including nominee Clement Haynsworth and former now a federal judge. Spartanburg is a more democratic. Its most famous citizens were the (1941-42), Secretary of State (1945-47), Governor (1935-39, 1943-45) and Senator an oldtime southern populist.

But the dominant fact of political life here is that it has fewer votes than any other district in the state. 80% of its ballots were for Richard Nixon and insurance agents, the country club members with low wages and perhaps no roots in the space, were not. Local population growth Party, when it nominated Jimmy Carter. Between 1972 and 1976, the Republican

nominal vote rose by 44,000; Carter carried. That trend seems to have been reversed by the booming economic growth of the 1980s. The district's total went down 3,000, while the 1970s showing records not only population growth but enterprise system that seems to be rewarding work with all kinds of new plants (many of them have tried to attract the workers here, and succeeded in winning a contract from J. people seem happy or at least content with a political conservatism—that record.

The Republican trend here is a prelude to the congressional election of 1978. That year the district's Greenville establishment, retired, succeeded him. One was Max Heller, the district's city 40 years before as a refugee from Atlanta. As a stock boy, he built his own shirt manufacturing business, then turned it into a successful downtown redevelopment project. His popularity into votes in the congressional election in a part of the country where many voters

The winner of the election was the Republican, Max Heller, he had run for lieutenant governor in 1976. In both his politics and his personality, he is a newly affluent urban voters of such status. In the prize system, he believes taxes are too high. His party label helped him win a majority in the district. Winning a majority in Spartanburg. He

ian Society, Arion Society, Sertoma
 deur No. 36, A.F.M.; Shriner, Omar
 gion, Post No. 10; Charleston Chamber
 John L. Weeks Post No. 3142; elected
 Charleston County, 1948, 1950, and 1952;
 legation; speaker pro tempore, South
 twice by unanimous vote, 1951, 1953;
 1954; elected Governor, November 4,
 to Hoover Commission May 15, 1955;
 ry Commission on Intergovernmental
 sident Kennedy February 1962; chair-
 Energy; instituted technical training
 mission, and Commission on Higher
 se Liddy of Charleston, S.C.; four chil-
 felen Hayne, June 24, 1952; Patricia
 Hollings III, March 8, 1959; author of
 National Policy," 1970; elected Novem-
 of the late Senator Olin D. Johnston;
 reelected 1974 and 1980.

ATIVES

ston, Dorchester, Hampton, and Jasper. **BECKLEY**
 Population (1980), 520,107.

ican, of Mount Pleasant, S.C.; born
 ate Thomas C. and Catherine (Forbes)
 in business administration, College of
 University of South Carolina, 1978; real
 Georgia, 1978; senior certified appraiser,
 as; president, Hartnett Realty Co.; past
 Breakfast Exchange Club of Charleston,
 iation; former member, board of direc-
 vory board, Coastal Carolina Council,
 Society of Charleston; Knights of Co-
 ss Lodge, No. 242; Greater Charleston
 s Association; National Association of
 i-November 1963; USAF Reserve, 1963-
 representatives, 1965-72; South Carolina
 Lee Kennerly of Charleston, 1965; two
 nne, 10; elected on November 4, 1980 to
 Congress in 1982.

gion, Orangeburg, and Richland (3 counties). Popula-

n, of Lexington, S.C.; born in Columbia,
 Lucas Spence and the late James Wilson
 ke of Drake, S.C., on December 22, 1952;
 and Caldwell; educated: Lexington High
 cent, All-State Football and member of
 h Carolina; A.B. in English, 1952, presi-
 Carolina Association of Student Govern-
 bcommander of USN-ROTC, captain of
 l fraternity, honor council honor board,
 team, and YMCA; named to Omicron
 y, Kappa Sigma Kappa honorary service
 Students in American Colleges and Uni-
 and recipient of Algernon-Sydney Sulli-
 University of South Carolina in 1952,
 tian Athletes, U.S. Supreme Court Bar,
 National Defense", coauthor, the "Case
 Who in America", and "Who's Who in
 y of the South; attended college on foot-
 olina Law School, J.D., 1956; editor of
 e of Phi Alpha Delta legal fraternity and

vice president of the Law Federation; enlisted as a recruit in Naval Reserve when in
 high school, commissioned upon graduation from college, served aboard U.S.S.
Carter Hall (LSD-3), and U.S.S. LSM-397 in European, Arctic, Atlantic, and Carib-
 bean Theaters of Operations; present rank, captain, U.S. Naval Reserve; former
 group commander, all Naval Reserve units, Columbia, S.C., area; elected to South
 Carolina House of Representatives and served from 1956 to 1962; elected to South
 Carolina Senate in 1966, and reelected in 1968; minority leader of South Carolina
 Senate 1966-70; chairman of Joint Senate-House Internal Security Committee in
 South Carolina, 1967-70; lawyer; former partner in law firm of Callison & Spence,
 West Columbia, S.C.; member, Sunday School teacher and council member, St.
 Peter's Lutheran Church; first president of Lexington County Historical Society;
 former county chairman and member of board of directors of Mid-Carolina Mental
 Health Association; Sons of Confederate Veterans, commander of Wade Hampton
 Camp; advisory board of Civil Air Patrol; former circuit vice president and counsel-
 or-at-large, University of South Carolina Alumni Association; executive board
 member of the Central South Carolina Council of the Boy Scouts of America;
 member of Farm Bureau, Chamber of Commerce, American Legion, Veterans of
 Foreign Wars, Lexington Vulture, 40 & 8 Society, Reserve Officers Association,
 Naval Reserve Association, Lexington County, South Carolina, and American Bar
 Associations, American Judicature Society, American Trial Lawyers Association,
 South Carolina Historical Society, South Carolina Society, Columbia Carillon, Ar-
 cheological Society of South Carolina, University of South Carolina Association of
 Lettermen, Order of Kentucky Colonels; graduate of Defense Strategy Seminar at
 National War College, graduate of National Security Seminar of Industrial College
 of the Armed Forces; elected to 92d Congress in November 1970; reelected to each
 succeeding Congress.

THIRD DISTRICT.—**COUNTIES:** Abbeville, Aiken, Allendale, Anderson, Barnwell, Edgefield, Greenwood, McCor-
 mick, Oconee, Pickens, and Saluda (11 counties). Population (1980), 513,283.

+ **BUTLER CARSON DERRICK, JR.**, Democrat, of Edgefield, S.C.; born September
 30, 1936, son of the late Butler Carson and Mary English (Scott) Derrick; attended
 University of South Carolina, 1954-58; LL.B., University of Georgia, 1962-65; ad-
 mitted to South Carolina Bar, 1965; partner, law firm of Derrick & Byrd; member,
 South Carolina House of Representatives, 1969-74; president, 94th caucus; awards:
 1977 National Conservationist of the Year, National Wildlife Federation; South
 Carolina Conservationist of the Year, South Carolina Wildlife Federation; 1977
 Distinguished Rivers Conservation Award, American Rivers Conservation Council;
 1980 named one of "Our Ten Best Friends in Congress", Outdoor Life magazine;
 member, senior warden, Trinity Episcopal Church; two children: Lydia Gile and
 Butler Carson III; elected to the 94th Congress, November 5, 1974; reelected to each
 succeeding Congress; member, House Rules Committee and House Budget Commit-
 tee.

FOURTH DISTRICT.—**COUNTIES:** Greenville, Spartanburg, and Union (3 counties). Population (1980), 520,217.

CARROLL ASHMORE CAMPBELL, JR., Republican, of Greenville, S.C.; born in
 Greenville, Greenville County, July 24, 1940; attended Greenville Public Schools,
 McCallie, the University of South Carolina and American University; licensed real
 estate broker and farmer; past president, Handy Park Co., 1962-78; past vice presi-
 dent, Rex Enterprises of Tallahassee, Fla., which operated Burger King Restaurants
 in Florida and Georgia, 1967-78; elected to South Carolina House of Representa-
 tives, 1970 and reelected, 1972; assistant minority leader and first vice chairman,
 medical, public, and municipal affairs committee; appointed executive assistant by
 Gov. James B. Edwards, 1978; represented Governor on board of trustees, Medical
 University of South Carolina, 1975-76; South Carolina Senate, 1976, served on
 banking and insurance, education, medical affairs, judiciary, and general commit-
 tees; attended National Foreign Policy Conference, 1972 and 1977; chairman,
 Reagan for President Campaign, South Carolina, 1980; vice chairman, Reagan for
 President House Steering Committee, 1980; cochairman, Reagan congressional advi-
 sory committee on housing and urban development, 1980; Reagan assistant floor
 leader, 1980 Republican National Convention, also chairman, South Carolina Dele-
 gation; Reagan delegate, 1976 Republican Convention, served on Platform Commit-
 tee; alternate, 1972 Republican National Convention; active in civic, community,
 and government legislation; listed in Who's Who in American Politics, Who's Who
 in South Carolina and Personalities of the South; member, State developmental
 disabilities council, Governor's committee on employment of the handicapped, State

Post Office & Civil Service
Human Resources
Postal Personnel &

CRANE (R IL-12)
Aids & Means
Social Security
Trade

CROCKETT, JR. (D MI-13)
Foreign Affairs
Africa
International Operations
Judiciary
Immigration, Refugees &
Monopolies & Commercial
on Aging
Housing & Consumer

E. D'AMOURS (D NH-1)
Banking, Finance &

on Economic Stabilization
Financial Institutions
Regulation & Insurance
Housing & Community
Merchant Marine & Fisheries
Fisheries & Wildlife
the Environment
Oceanography, Chairman

EL (D VA-5)
Armed Services
Investigations
Readiness, Chairman

DANNEMEYER (R CA-39)
Energy & Commerce
Fossil & Synthetic Fuels
Health & the

Post Office & Civil Service
Census & Population
Compensation &
Benefits

W. DARDEN (D GA-7)
Armed Services
Readiness
Research & Development

A. DASCHLE (D SD-AL)
Agriculture
Conservation, Credit &
ment
Livestock, Dairy & Poultry

Subcommittee of Wheat, Soybeans & Feed
Grains

Committee on Veterans' Affairs
Subcommittee on Compensation, Pension
& Insurance
Subcommittee on Hospitals & Health Care

REP. HAL DAUB (R NE-2)
Committee on Public Works &
Transportation
Subcommittee on Surface Transportation
Subcommittee on Water Resources
Committee on Small Business
Subcommittee on SBA & SBIC Authority,
Minority Enterprise & General Small
Business Problems
Select Committee on Aging
Subcommittee on Health & Long-Term Care

REP. ROBERT W. DAVIS (R MI-11)
Committee on Armed Services
Subcommittee on Procurement & Military
Nuclear Systems
Subcommittee on Research & Development
Committee on Merchant Marine & Fisheries
Subcommittee on Coast Guard & Navigation
Subcommittee on Merchant Marine
Subcommittee on Panama Canal &
Outer Continental Shelf

REP. E (KIKI) DE LA GARZA (D TX-15)
Committee on Agriculture, Chairman &
Ex Officio Member of all subcommittees

REP. RONALD V. DELLUMS (D CA-8)
Committee on Armed Services
Subcommittee on Research & Development
Committee on District of Columbia,
Chairman
Subcommittee on Fiscal Affairs & Health
Subcommittee on Military Installations &
Facilities, Chairman

DEL. RON DE LUGO (D VI)
Committee on Interior & Insular Affairs
Subcommittee on Insular Affairs
Subcommittee on Public Lands & National
Parks
Committee on Post Office & Civil Service
Subcommittee on Postal Operations &
Services
Committee on Public Works &
Transportation
Subcommittee on Aviation
Subcommittee on Surface Transportation
Subcommittee on Water Resources

+ REP. BUTLER DERRICK (D SC-3)
Committee on Budget
Budget Process Task Force
Energy & Technology Task Force
Tax Policy Task Force

Committee on Rules
Subcommittee on the Legislative Process
Select Committee on Aging
Subcommittee on Health & Long-Term Care

REP. MICHAEL DEWINE (R OH-7) *born 5/1/31*
Committee on the Judiciary
Subcommittee on Civil & Constitutional
Rights
Subcommittee on Courts, Civil Liberties
& the Administration of Justice
Subcommittee on Criminal Justice
Select Committee on Aging
Subcommittee on Health & Long-Term Care

REP. WILLIAM L. DICKINSON (R AL-2)
Committee on Armed Services,
Ranking Minority Member
Subcommittee on Military Installations &
Facilities
Subcommittee on Personnel &
Compensation
Subcommittee on Research & Development
Committee on House Administration
Subcommittee on Office Systems
Subcommittee on Services

REP. NORMAN D. DICKS (D WA-6)
Committee on Appropriations
Subcommittee on Defense
Subcommittee on Interior
Subcommittee on Military Construction

REP. JOHN D. DINGELL (D MI-16)
Committee on Energy & Commerce,
Chairman & Ex Officio Member
of all subcommittees
Subcommittee on Oversight & Investiga-
tions, Chairman
Subcommittee on Telecommunications,
Consumer Protection & Finance

REP. JULIAN C. DIXON (D CA-28)
Committee on Appropriations
Subcommittee on D.C., Chairman
Subcommittee on Foreign Operations
Committee on Standards of Official
Conduct

REP. BRIAN J. DONNELLY (D MA-11)
Committee on Budget
Budget Process Task Force
Entitlement, Uncontrollables & Indexing
Task Force, Chairman
Tax Policy Task Force
Committee on Merchant Marine & Fisheries
Subcommittee on Fisheries & Wildlife
Conservation & the Environment
Subcommittee on Merchant Marine
Committee on Public Works
Subcommittee on Aviation
Subcommittee on Surface Transportation
Subcommittee on Water Resources

*Rep. Robert Danner M. Cantel
1/17/71*

SEN. ERNEST F. HOLLINGS (D SC) of Charleston. Washington office, 125 SROB, dial 224-6121. Senate service, November 8, 1966 to January 3, 1987. Ranking Minority Member, Senate Com. on Commerce, Science & Transportation, Lt. Governor, 1955-59 and Governor of S. Car., 1959-63. Born January 1, 1922 in Charleston. The Citadel, B.A., 1942. Univ. of S. Car., LL.B., 1947. WWII service in U.S. Army. Admitted to S. Car. Bar, 1947. Practicing attorney, 1947-58, 1963-66. S. Car. State Rep., 1948-54; speaker pro tem., 1951-54. Member, Hoover Commission on Intelligence Activities, 1954-55. Member, President's Advisory Commission on Intergovt. Relations, 1959-63. Outstanding Young Man (one of ten) by U.S. Jaycees, 1954. Married. Lutheran. **STATE OFFICES**— Charleston 29401: 200 E. Bay St., dial 803-723-5211. Columbia 29201: Room 1551, Federal Bldg., 901 Sumner, dial 803-765-5731. Florence 29503: Room 233, Fed. Bldg., dial 803-662-8135. Greenville 29603: Room 242, Fed. Bldg., 300 E. Washington St., dial 803-233-5366. Spartanburg 29301: Room 103, Fed. Bldg., 201 Magnolia St., dial 803-585-3702.

[Dem.—3; Rep.—3]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FIRST DISTRICT SOUTH CAROLINA — CITIES: Avondale-Moorland, Beaufort, Beaufort Station, Burton, Charleston, Dorchester Terrace-Brentwood, Estil, Fairfax (part), Folly Beach, Goose Creek, Hampton, Hanahan, Hilton Head, Isle of Palms, James Island, Ladson (part), Laurel Bay, Mount Pleasant, North Charleston, Parris Island, Pinehurst-Sheppard Park, Port Royal, Ravenel, St. Andrews, St. George, Shell Point, Sullivan's Island, Summerville, Vamville, Walterboro and Wando Woods. **COUNTIES (7):** Beaufort, Berkeley (part), Charleston, Colleton, Dorchester, Hampton and Jasper. Dist. pop. ('82) 520,338.

REP. THOMAS F. HARTNETT (R SC—1) of Mt. Pleasant. Washington office, 228 CHOB, dial 225-3176. House service, January 3, 1981 to present. Born Aug. 7, 1941 in Charleston. Student, Coll. of Charleston, 1960-62; Citadel, 1963; Univ. of South Carolina; Univ. of Georgia, 1978. Realtor; president, Hartnett Realty Co., 1978-present; senior certified appraiser, S. Car. State Rep., 1965-73; S. Car. State Senator, 1973-80. Member, Amer. Assn. of Certified Appraisers. Married. Roman Catholic. **DISTRICT OFFICES**— Beaufort 29902: Box 1538, dial 803-524-2166. Charleston 29401: Suite 640, Federal Office Bldg., 334 Meeting St., dial 803-724-4175. Walterboro 29488: 263 Hampton St., dial 803-549-5395.

SECOND DISTRICT SOUTH CAROLINA — CITIES: Bamberg, Batesburg (part), Branchville, Brookdale, Capitol View, Cayce, Columbia, Denmark, Dentsville, Edisto, Forest Acres, Greenview, Holly Hill, Irmo, Leesville, Lexington, North Orangeburg, North Trenholm, Oak Grove, Orangeburg, St. Andrews, St. Matthews, Seven Oaks, South Congaree, Springdale, Valencia Heights, West Columbia, West Orangeburg, Wilkinson Heights and Woodfield. **COUNTIES (5):** Bamberg, Calhoun, Lexington, Orangeburg and Richland. Dist. pop. ('82) 522,688.

REP. FLOYD D. SPENCE (R SC—2) of Lexington. Washington office, 2466 RHOB, dial 225-2452. House service, January 3, 1971 to present. Ranking Minority Member, House Select Committee on Standards of Official Conduct. Born April 9, 1928 in Columbia. University of South Carolina, A.B., 1952; J.D., 1956; Omicron Delta Kappa, Kappa Sigma Kappa. Capt., U.S. Naval Reserves. Practicing attorney, South Carolina State Representative, 1956-62. S. Car. State Senator, 1966-70; minority leader, 1966-70. Member, advisory board, Civil Air Patrol. Married. Lutheran. **DISTRICT OFFICES**— Columbia 29201: 1916 Assembly St., dial 803-765-5871. Orangeburg 29115: 372 St. Paul Street, NE, dial 803-536-4641.

THIRD DISTRICT SOUTH CAROLINA — CITIES: Abbeville, Aiken, Aiken West, Allendale, Anderson, Appleton Mills, Anail, Barnwell, Batesburg (part), Bath, Belton, Belvidere, Blackville, Calhoun Falls, Central, Clearwater, Clemson, Easley, Edgefield, Equinox Mill, Fairfax (part), Gloverville, Greenwood, Homeland Park, Honea Path, Jackson, Johnston, Langley, Liberty, McCormick, New Ellenton, Ninety-Six, North Augusta, North Greenwood, Orr Mill, Pendleton, Pickens, Piedmont (part), Saluda, Seneca, Union, Walhalla, Ware Shoals (part), West Greenwood, Westminster, Williamston and Williston. **COUNTIES (11):** Abbeville, Aiken, Allendale, Anderson, Barnwell, Edgefield, Greenwood, McCormick, Oconee, Pickens and Saluda. Dist. pop. ('82) 519,280.

REP. BUTLER DERRICK (D SC—3) of Edgefield. Washington office, 201 CHOB, dial 225-5301. House service, January 3, 1975 to present. Born Sept. 20, 1926 in Johnston. University of South

STATE DELEGATIONS

Carolina, B.A., 1958. University of South Carolina, LL.B., 1962. Practicing attorney, 1965-74. Active, 1969-74. Married. Episcopal. dial 803-649-5571. Anderson 29606: Greenwood 29646: Room 12

FOURTH DISTRICT SOUTH CAROLINA — CITIES: Boiling Springs, Camp Croft, Coker, Greenville, Green, Hayes, Hillbilly, Piedmont (part), San Souci, Springfield, Taylors, Travelers Rest, Whitney, Woodburn Hill. Dist. pop. ('82) 520,525.

REP. CARROLL A. CAMPBELL (D SC—4) of Greenville. Washington office, 225-8030. House service, January 3, 1981 to present. Born Jan. 1, 1928 in Greenville. University of South Carolina, B.S., 1950; LL.B., 1952. 1962-78; vice president, Rex Representative, 1970-74; assistant, South Carolina. 1975-76. **DISTRICT OFFICES**— Greenville 29605: 1330, dial 803-582-6422. U

FIFTH DISTRICT SOUTH CAROLINA — CITIES: Cherryville, Chester, Clinton, Gaffney, Great Falls, Joanna, Newberry, North Rock Hill, P. Springdale, Sumter, Tega City. **COUNTIES (11):** Cherokee, Newberry, Sumter and York.

REP. JOHN M. SPRATT, JR. (D SC—5) of Columbia. House service, January 3, 1981 to present. Born Jan. 1, 1928 in Davidson College, A.B., 1950. LL.B., 1969. Phi Beta Kappa. U.S. Army service, 1947-51. executive. Member, South Carolina Presbyterian. **DISTRICT OFFICES**— Columbia 29201: 29730; (Box 272), C.S.S., dial 773-3382.

SIXTH DISTRICT SOUTH CAROLINA — CITIES: West, Conway, Crestview, Da Kingtree, Ladson (part), Lake Murrells Inlet, Myrtle Beach, South Hartsville, Surfside Beach, Clarendon, Darlington, Dillon. Dist. pop. ('82) 519,273.

REP. ROBIN TALLON (D SC—6) of South Carolina. House service, January 3, 1981 to present. Born Jan. 1, 1928 in South Carolina, 1964-65. S. Car. Delegate, White House Conference of the Board, Tallon Sales County Courthouse, dial 803-

ington office, 125 SROB, dial 87. Ranking Minority Member, 1955-59 and Governor of S. A., 1942. Univ. of S. Car., LL.B., 1942. Practicing attorney, 1947-58. Member, Hoover Commission on Intergovt. U.S. Jaycees, 1954. Married. dial 803-723-5211. Columbia 1. Florence 29503: Room 233, Bldg., 300 E. Washington St., dial 803-585-3702.

a-Moorland, Beaufort, Beaufort Fairfax (part), Folly Beach, Goose Ladson (part), Laurel Bay, Mount Royal, Ravenel, St. Andrews, Walterboro and Wando Woods, Chester, Hampton and Jasper.

ton office, 228 CHOB, dial 225-41 in Charleston. Student, Coll. of Georgia, 1978. Realtor; member, S. Car. State Rep., 1965-68. Appraisers. Married. Roman dial 803-524-2166. Charleston 24-4175. Walterboro 29488:

g, Batesburg (part), Branchville, Forest Acres, Greenville, Holly Oak Grove, Orangeburg, St. Helena Heights, West Columbia, Bamberg, Calhoun, Lexington,

ton office, 2466 RHOB, dial Minority Member, House Select Columbia, University of South Sigma Kappa. Capt., U.S. Naval 1956-62. S. Car. State Sena-ard, Civil Air Patrol. Married. mibly St., dial 803-765-5671.

Aiken, Aiken West, Allendale, Belton, Belvedere, Blackville, Fox Mill, Fairfax (part), Gloverville, Grey, Liberty, McCormick, New Belton, Pickens, Piedmont (part), Westminster, Williamston and Arnwell, Edgefield, Greenwood,

ce, 201 CHOB, dial 225-5301. Johnston, University of South

Carolina, B.A., 1958. University of Georgia, LL.B., 1965. Admitted to South Carolina Bar, 1965. Practicing attorney, 1965-74; partner, Derrick & Byrd law firm. South Carolina State Representative, 1969-74. Married. Episcopalian. **DISTRICT OFFICES**—Aiken 29801; Suite 5, 211 York St., dial 803-849-5571. Anderson 29621: 315 McDuffie Street, (Box 4126), dial 803-224-7401. Greenwood 29646: Room 129, Federal Bldg., dial 803-223-8251.

FOURTH DISTRICT SOUTH CAROLINA — CITIES: Arcadia, Arkwright, Ben Avon, Beres, Boiling Springs, Camp Croft, City View, Cowpens, Dunbar, Fountain Inn (part), Genett, Golden Grove, Greenville, Greer, Hayes, Hillbrook, Inman, Inman Mills, Landrum, Mauldin, Monarch Mills, Pacolet, Piedmont (part), San Souci, Saxon, Simpsonville, Slater-Manetta, Southern Shops, Spartanburg, Springfield, Taylors, Travelers Rest, Union, Valley Falls, Wade Hampton, Welcome, Wellford, Westview, Whitney, Woodburn Hills and Woodruff. **COUNTIES (3):** Greenville, Spartanburg and Union. Dist. pop. ('82) 520,525.

REP. CARROLL A. CAMPBELL, JR. (R SC—4) of Greenville. Washington office, 103 CHOB, dial 225-6030. House service, January 3, 1979 to present. Born July 24, 1940 in Greenville. Student, University of South Carolina. Real estate broker. Farmer. Businessman; president, Handy Park Co., 1962-78; vice president, Rex Enterprises of Tallahassee, Florida, 1967-68. South Carolina State Representative, 1970-74; assistant minority leader, 1972-74. Executive assistant to Governor of South Carolina, 1975-76. South Carolina State Senator, 1976-78. Married. Episcopalian. **DISTRICT OFFICES**—Greenville 29603: (Box 10183), dial 803-232-1141. Spartanburg 29304: (Box 1330), dial 803-582-6422. Union 29379: (Box 479), dial 803-427-3172.

FIFTH DISTRICT SOUTH CAROLINA — CITIES: Bishopville, Blacksburg, Camden, Cheraw, Cherryville, Chester, Clinton, Clover, East Gaffney, East Sumter, Eureka, Ft. Mill, Fountain Inn (part), Gaffney, Great Falls, Joanna, Kershaw, Lancaster, Lancaster Mills, Laurens, Lugoff, Mulberry, Newberry, North Rock Hill, Pageland, Rock Hill, Shaw AFB, South Sumter, Sumter, Sumter SW, Springdale, Sumter, Tega City, Ware Shoals (part), Whitmire, Winnsboro, Winnabow Mills and York. **COUNTIES (11):** Cherokee, Chester, Chesterfield, Fairfield, Kershaw, Lancaster, Laurens, Lee, Newberry, Sumter and York. Dist. pop. ('82) 519,716.

REP. JOHN M. SPRATT, JR. (D SC—5) of York. Washington office, 1118 LHOB, dial 225-5501. House service, January 3, 1983 to present. Born November 1, 1942 in Charlotte. North Carolina Davidson College, A.B., 1964. Oxford University, England, M.A., 1966. Yale Univ. Law School, LL.B., 1969. Phi Beta Kappa, Omicron Delta Kappa. Admitted to South Carolina State Bar, 1969. U.S. Army service, 1969-71. Attorney; partner, Spratt, McKeown & Spratt law firm; farmer; bank executive. Member, South Carolina and York County Bar Associations. Married, three children. Presbyterian. **DISTRICT OFFICES**—Laurens 29360: (Box 964), dial 803-984-5323. Rock Hill 29730: (Box 272), C.S.S., dial 803-327-1114. Sumter 29150: 17 East Calhoun Street, dial 803-773-3362.

SIXTH DISTRICT SOUTH CAROLINA — CITIES: Andrews, Bennettsville, Bennettsville South-west, Conway, Crestview, Darlington, DeLmae, Dillon, Florence, Forestbrook, Georgetown, Hartsville, Kingstree, Ladson (part), Lake City, Latta, Lora, McColl, Manning, Marion, Moncks Corner, Mullins, Murrells Inlet, Myrtle Beach, Nob Hill, North Hartsville, North Myrtle Beach, Oakdale, St. Stephens, South Hartsville, Surfside Beach, Timmonsville and Windy Hill. **COUNTIES (10):** Berkeley (part), Clarendon, Darlington, Dillon, Florence, Georgetown, Horry, Marion, Marlboro and Williamsburg. Dist. pop. ('82) 519,273.

REP. ROBIN TALLON (D SC—6) of Florence. Washington office, 128 CHOB, dial 225-3315. House service, January 3, 1983 to present. Born August 8, 1946 in Hemingway. University of South Carolina, 1964-65. South Carolina State Representative, 1981-82; Deputy Majority Whip. Delegate, White House Conference on Small Business, 1979-80. President, 1976-81 and Chairman of the Board, Tallon Sales Co., Inc. Methodist. **DISTRICT OFFICES**—Conway 29526: Horry County Courthouse, dial 803-248-6256. Florence 29502: Box 6286, dial 803-669-9084.

ATORS

eminole, Okla.; born in Washington, D.C., in Seminole, Okla.; graduated Bethesda-Fale University, New Haven, Conn., 1963; England, 1965; J.D., University of Oklahoma, 1968; captain, 6 years, Oklahoma National government, Oklahoma Baptist University, Oklahoma Bar in 1968 and commenced sections committee, and member, Oklahoma rnor of Oklahoma, 1975-79; member: Meth-antry Division Association; named 1 of 10 States by the U.S. Jaycees, 1976; married to 27, 1977; two children: Carrie Christine and 26, November 7, 1978, for the 6-year term

of Ponca City, Okla.; born in Ponca City, City public schools; graduated, Ponca City ation, Oklahoma State University, 1971; e president and general manager, Nickles te Senate, 1979-80; cofounder and member, Strength; served on the boards of: Ponca Church Parish Council, Chamber of Com-d Children; member: Rotary Club, Fellow-the former Linda Lou Morrison; four chil-ected to the U.S. Senate, November 4, 1980, 1981.

ENTATIVES

ing east of a line described as follows: Beginning at a point being the southwest corner of Section 14, Township 14 to the northwest corner of Section 4, Township 16 North, of Section 22, Township 17 North, Range 11 East; thence nearly one-half mile to a point on a county road; thence one mile to a point on a second county road; thence on the east line of Section 23, Township 17 North, Range quarter mile to a point on U.S. Highway No. 66; thence where the Saint Louis-Santa Fe Railroad intersects U.S. railroad to a point on the corporate limits of the City of western along said corporate limits to a point on State highway to the southwest corner of Section 1, Township 18 county road approximately three-quarters of a mile; thence road to point on the south line of Section 1, Township 18 outh line and county road to a point on the St. Louis-San railway to a point on the Creek-Tulsa County line, said ship 18 North, Range 12 East, OKLA. COUNTY: That part not hat part not contained in the Second District. WASHINGTON trict. Population (1980): 533,739.

sa, Okla.; born in Muskogee, Okla., May 5. ols, Muskogee, Okla., and graduated from .B. in journalism and government, Universi-town University Law Center, 1961-64; served as, with rank of captain, 1964-65; attorney; a.; legislative assistant to Congressman Ed t to President Lyndon Johnson, 1965-69; Tulsa Bar Associations; American Legion; mmerce; married Olivia Barclay, 1968; two 970; and Adam Winston, born April 27, 1973; r 7, 1972; reelected to each succeeding Com- mittee; member, Budget Committee, 96th , 97th Congress; chairman, House Democrat-

Research Organization; member, House Democratic Steering and Policy Commit- tee.

SECOND DISTRICT.—COUNTIES: Adair, Cherokee, Craig, Delaware, Haskell, McIntosh, Mayes, Muskogee, Nowata, Okfuskee, Okmulgee, Oklahoma, Pawnee, Rogers, Sequoyah, and Wagoner. CITIES: That part not contained in the First District. TULSA COUNTY: That portion described as follows: Beginning at the point where the stream channel of the Arkansas River intersects the Tulsa-Wagoner County line, said point being on the east line of Section 25, Township 17 North, Range 14 East; thence meandering northwesterly along said stream channel to a point on a county road in Section 26, Township 18 North, Range 13 East; thence easterly on said county road to the intersection of South Delaware Avenue; thence northerly on South Delaware Avenue to the intersection of East 91st Street; thence westerly on East 91st Street to a point on a county road; thence southerly, westerly, and northerly on said county road to a point on South Lewis Avenue; thence northerly on South Lewis Avenue to the intersection of East 81st Street; thence east on East 81st Street to the intersection of South Evanson Avenue; thence northerly on South Evanson Avenue to the intersection of East 76th Street; thence east on East 76th Street to the intersection of South College Avenue; thence north on South College Avenue to the intersection of East 74th Street; thence west on East 74th Street to the intersection of South Evanson Avenue; thence north on South Evanson Avenue to the intersection of East 75th Street; thence west on East 75th Street to the intersection of South Lewis Avenue; thence north on South Lewis Avenue to the intersection of East 61st Street; thence east on East 61st Street to the intersection of South Birmingham Avenue; thence northerly on South Birmingham Avenue to the intersection of East 57th Street; thence easterly on East 57th Street to the intersection of South Delaware Avenue; thence north on South Delaware Avenue to the intersection of East 56th Place; thence easterly on East 56th Place to the intersection of South Harvard Avenue; thence south on South Harvard Avenue to the intersection of East 59th Street; thence easterly on East 59th Street to the intersection of South Louisville Avenue; thence northerly on South Louisville Avenue to the intersection of East 59th Street; thence east on East 59th Street to the intersection of South Marion Place; thence southerly on South Marion Place to the intersection of East 59th Place; thence east on East 59th Place to the intersection of South Newhaven Avenue; thence southerly on South Newhaven Avenue and South Newhaven Avenue extended to the intersection of East 50th Place; thence east on East 50th Place to the intersection of South Oswego Avenue; thence south on South Oswego Avenue to the intersection of East 61st Street; thence east on East 61st Street to the intersection of South Sheridan Avenue; thence south on South Sheridan Avenue to the intersection of East 71st Street; thence west on East 71st Street to the intersection of South Yale Avenue; thence south on South Yale Avenue to the intersection of East 81st Street; thence east on East 81st Street to the intersection of South Mingo Road; thence south on South Mingo Road to the intersection of East 101st Street; thence east on East 101st Street to the intersection of South 145th East Avenue; thence south on South 145th East Avenue to the intersection of East 121st Street; thence east on East 121st Street two and one-half miles to a point on the north line of Section 1, Township 17 North, Range 14 East; thence south to a point on the stream channel of the Broken Arrow Creek; thence meandering northwesterly along said stream channel to a point on East 121st Street on the north line of said section; thence east on East 121st Street to the northeast corner of said section, said point being on the Tulsa-Wagoner County line; thence south along said county line to point of beginning. Population (1980): 505,276.

MIKE SYNAR, Democrat, of Muskogee, Okla.; born in Vinita, Okla., October 17, 1950; attended the public schools of Muskogee; graduated from Muskogee Central High School, 1968; BBA, University of Oklahoma, 1972 LL.B., University of Oklahoma, 1977; Rotary International scholarship, University of Edinburgh, Scotland (economics), 1974; M.S., Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill., 1973; rancher, real estate broker, lawyer; admitted to the Oklahoma Bar in 1977; recipient of 4-H Club and agricultural honors; chosen one of 10 Outstanding Young Men of America, 1980; elected to the 96th Congress, November 7, 1978; reelected to the 97th and 98th Congresses.

THIRD DISTRICT.—COUNTIES: Atoka, Bryan, Carter, Choctaw, Coal, Hughes, Johnston, Latimer, LeFlore, Lincoln, Love, McCurtain, Marshall, Murray, Payne, Pittsburg, Pontotoc, Pushmataha, and Seminole. POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY: That portion not contained in the Fourth District. Population (1980): 504,268.

WESLEY WADE WATKINS, Democrat, of Ada, Okla.; born in DeQueen, Ark., December 15, 1938; graduated, Bennington, Okla., high school, 1956; attended Oklahoma State University; B.S., agriculture education, 1960; M.S., educational administration; postgraduate studies at Oklahoma State University and University of Maryland, 1961; served in Oklahoma Air National Guard, 1961-67; employed by U.S. Department of Agriculture in Washington, D.C., 1963; assistant director of admissions, Oklahoma State University, 1963-66; executive director, Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma, 1966-68; engaged in residential construction business starting in 1968; served in Oklahoma State Senate, 1975-76; served as: president, Higher Education Alumni Council of Oklahoma; State chairman, National FFA Foundation; member, Oklahoma Health Planning Council; president, Oklahoma Future Farmers of America; selected: one of three Outstanding Young Men in Oklahoma by Oklahoma Jaycees; awarded: Honorary American Farmer Degree by national FFA; Oklahoma 4-H Alumni Recognition Award; Oklahoma State University Distinguished Alumnus Award; member: Masons, Lions, chamber of commerce; elder, United Presbyterian Church, U.S.A.; married to the former Elizabeth Lou Rogers, 1963; three children: Sally, Martha, and Wade; elected to the 95th Congress, November 2, 1976; freshman majority whip; reelected to the 96th Congress; member: Science and Technology Committee; Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee; Congressional Rural Caucus; reelected to the 97th Congress; member: House

Brooklyn Heights, Brook Park, Heights, Middleburg Heights, COUNTY: Cuyahoga (part). Dist.

ington office, 2436 RHOB, dial 5-114: Room 523, Federal Court

rd Heights, Bratenahl, Cleveland Heights (part), Shaker Heights, Cuyahoga (part). Dist. pop. ('82)

e, 2304 RHOB, dial 225-7032, Committee on Standards of Official Coll. of Western Reserve Univ., Service in U.S. Army, 1943-46, Supreme Court. Practicing attorney, Cleveland 44189: Room 2947, New Heights 44118: 2140 Lee Road,

e, 453 SROB, dial 224-4721, 1975-78. Born April 21, 1941 in Rhodes Scholar, Oxford Univ., Alpha, Order of Coif. Oklahoma y, 1968-74. Chairman, Dept. of , 1967-75. Member; Okla. Bar ycees, 1969. Married. United 621 N. Robinson, dial 405-231- dial 918-581-7785. Seminole

3 SHOB, dial 224-5754. Senate 8 in Ponca City. National Guard er, Nickles Machine Co., 1971- y County Council for Retarded 6—Lawton 73501: Room 106, 73102: Room 820, 215 Dean oad, dial 405-767-1270. Tulsa 581-7651.

(part). Broken Arrow (part), Col- and Springs, Sapulpa, Skiatook,), Tulsa (part) and Washington

e, 203 CHOB, dial 225-2211. Committee. Born May 5, 1939

in Muskogee. University of Oklahoma, A.B., 1961. Georgetown University Law School, LL.B., 1964. U.S. Army service in the Counter-Intelligence Corps, 1964-65. Admitted to Oklahoma Bar, 1964. Legislative assistant to U.S. Rep. Ed Edmondson, Okla., 1961-64. Special assistant to President Lyndon B. Johnson, 1965-69. Practicing attorney. Married. Roman Catholic. **DISTRICT OFFICE**—Tulsa 74103: Fed. Building, dial 918-581-7111.

SECOND DISTRICT OKLAHOMA — CITIES: Bixby (part), Bristow, Broken Arrow (part), Catoosa, Checotah, Chelsea, Chouteau, Claremore, Cleveland, Commerce, Coweta, Drumright, Eufaula, Ft. Gibson, Grove, Haskell, Henryetta, Inola, Jay, Mannford, Miami, Muldrow, Muskogee, Nowata, Okemah, Okmulgee, Pawnee, Picher, Pryor Creek, Roland, Salisaw, Stigler, Stilwell, Tahlequah, Tulsa (part), Vian, Vinita and Wagoner. **COUNTIES (18):** Adair, Cherokee, Craig, Creek (part), Delaware, Haskell, McIntosh, Mayes, Muskogee, Nowata, Okfuskee, Okmulgee, Ottawa, Pawnee, Rogers, Sequoyah, Tulsa (part) and Wagoner. Dist. pop. ('82) 505,149.

REP. MIKE SYNAR (D OK—2) of Muskogee. Washington office, 1713 LHOB, dial 225-2701. House service, January 3, 1979 to present. Born Oct. 17, 1950 in Vinita. University of Oklahoma, B.A., 1972 and J.D., 1976. University of Edinburgh, Scotland, Rotary Intl. Scholarship, 1972-73. Northwestern Univ., M.A., 1974. Admitted to Okla. Bar, 1976. Rancher. Real estate broker. Lawyer. Member, Okla. Bar Assn. Episcopalian. **DISTRICT OFFICE**—Muskogee 74401: Room 2822, Federal Bldg., 125 South Main St., dial 918-687-2533.

THIRD DISTRICT OKLAHOMA — CITIES: Ada, Antlers, Ardmore, Arkoma, Atoka, Bethel Acres, Broken Bow, Chandler, Coalgate, Cushing, Davis, Durant, Hartshorne, Healdton, Heavener, Holdenville, Hugo, Idabel, Konawa, Krebs, Lone Grove, McAlester, Madill, Manetta, Perkins, Pocola, Poteau, Prague, Seminole, Shawnee, Spiro, Stillwater, Stroud, Sulphur, Tecumseh, Tishomingo, Wetumka, Wewoka, Wilburton, Wilson and Yale. **COUNTIES (20):** Atoka, Bryan, Carter, Choctaw, Coal, Hughes, Johnston, Latimer, LeFlore, Lincoln, Love, McCurtain, Marshall, Murray, Payne, Pittsburg, Pontotoc, Pottawatomie (part), Pushmataha and Seminole. Dist. pop. ('82) 504,268.

REP. WES W. WATKINS (D OK—3) of Ada. Washington office, 2440 RHOB, dial 225-4565. House service, January 3, 1977 to present. Born Dec. 15, 1938 in DeQueens, Ark. Oklahoma State University, B.S., 1960; M.S., 1961. Postgraduate studies, University of Maryland, 1961. Blue Key. Oklahoma National Guard service, 1961-67. Assistant director of admissions, Oklahoma State Univ., 1963-66. Executive dir., Kiamichi Economic Development District of Oklahoma, 1966-68. Realtor; homebuilder, 1968—. Okla. State Senator, 1975-76. Named Outstanding Young Man of Okla., 1968. Married. Presbyterian. **DISTRICT OFFICES**—Ada 74820: Room 232, Post Office Bldg., dial 405-436-1980. McAlester 74501: Room 118, Federal Bldg., dial 918-423-5951. Stillwater 74074: Suite 4, 720 South Husband, dial 405-743-1400.

FOURTH DISTRICT OKLAHOMA — CITIES: Altus, Blanchard, Cache, Chickasha, Choctaw (part), Comanche, Del City (part), Duncan, Ft. Sil, Frederick, Harrah (part), Lawton, Lexington Lindsay, McLoud, Marlow, Midwest City (part), Minco, Moore, Newcastle, Noble, Norman, Oklahoma City (part), Pauls Valley, Purcell, Ringling, Rush Springs, Slaughterville, Stratford, Tipton, Tuttle, Walters, Waureka and Wynnwood. **COUNTIES (12):** Cleveland, Comanche, Cotton, Garvin, Grady, Jackson, Jefferson, McClain, Oklahoma (part), Pottawatomie (part) Stephens and Tillman. Dist. pop. ('82) 505,869.

REP. DAVE McCURDY (D OK—4) of Norman. Washington office, 313 CHOB, dial 225-6165. House service, January 3, 1981 to present. Born March 30, 1950 in Canadian, Texas. University of Oklahoma, B.A., 1972 and J.D., 1975. Student, University of Edinburgh Graduate School of Economics, Scotland, fellowship from International Rotary Foundation. Admitted to Oklahoma Bar, 1975. Attorney; associate, Luttrell, Pendarvis & Rawlinson law firm. Asst. Attorney General of Okla., 1975-77. Author: "Analysis of the Amended Law on Commitment of the Mentally Ill," Oklahoma Bar Assn. Journal, Dec., 1975; "Report of the Attorney General on Medical Malpractice & Insurance," Oklahoma State Medical Assn. Journal, Jan., 1976; "The Emerging Constitutional Rights of the Mentally Disabled," Okla. Bar Assn. Journal, Spring, 1977. Member: American & Oklahoma Bar Assns. Lutheran. **DISTRICT OFFICES**—Lawton 73501: Room 103, Federal Bldg., dial 405-357-2131. Norman 73070: Box 1265, dial 405-329-6500.

REP. WES W. WATKINS (D OK-3)
 Committee on Appropriations
 Subcommittee on Agriculture, Rural
 Development & Related Agencies
 Subcommittee on Energy & Water
 Development

REP. HENRY A. WAXMAN (D CA-24)
 Committee on Energy & Commerce
 Subcommittee on Health & the Environment,
 Chairman
 Subcommittee on Telecommunications,
 Consumer Protection & Finance
 Committee on Government Operations
 Subcommittee on Commerce, Consumer &
 Monetary Affairs
 Subcommittee on Legislation & National
 Security
 Select Committee on Aging
 Subcommittee on Health & Long-Term Care

REP. JAMES H. WEAVER (D OR-4)
 Committee on Agriculture
 Subcommittee on Conservation, Credit &
 Rural Development
 Subcommittee on Forests, Family Farms &
 Energy
 Committee on Interior & Insular Affairs
 Subcommittee on Mining, Forest Manage-
 ment & Bonneville Power Administration
 Subcommittee on Public Lands & National
 Parks
 Subcommittee on Water & Power Resources

REP. VIN WEBER (R MN-2)
 Committee on Public Works &
 Transportation
 Subcommittee on Aviation
 Subcommittee on Water Resources
 Committee on Small Business
 Subcommittee on Antitrust & Restraint of
 Trade Activities Affecting Small Business

REP. TED WEISS (D NY-17)
 Committee on Foreign Relations
 Subcommittee on Africa
 Subcommittee on Human Rights &
 International Organizations
 Committee on Government Operations
 Subcommittee on Intergovernmental
 Relations & Human Resources, Chairman
 Select Committee on Children, Youth
 & Families

REP. ALAN WHEAT (D MO-5)
 Committee on Rules
 Subcommittee on the Legislative Process
 Select Committee on Children, Youth
 & Families

REP. G. WILLIAM WHITEHURST (R VA-2)
 Committee on Armed Services
 Subcommittee on Military Installations &
 Facilities
 Subcommittee on Readiness
 Permanent Select Committee on
 Intelligence
 Subcommittee on Legislation

REP. CHARLES WHITLEY (D NC-3)
 Committee on Agriculture
 Subcommittee on Cotton, Rice & Sugar
 Subcommittee on Forests, Family Farms &
 Energy
 Subcommittee on Tobacco & Peanuts

REP. BOB WHITTAKER (R KS-5)
 Committee on Energy & Commerce
 Subcommittee on Health & the Environment
 Subcommittee on Oversight &
 Investigations

REP. JAMIE L. WHITTEN (D MS-1)
 Committee on Appropriations, Chairman
 & Ex Officio Member of all
 subcommittees
 Subcommittee on Agriculture, Rural
 Development & Related Agencies,
 Chairman

REP. LYLE WILLIAMS (R OH-17)
 Committee on Government Operations
 Subcommittee on Environment, Energy &
 Natural Resources
 Committee on Small Business
 Subcommittee on Tax, Access to Equity
 Capital & Business Opportunities
 Select Committee on Aging
 Subcommittee on Retirement Income &
 Employment

REP. PAT WILLIAMS (D MT-1)
 Committee on Budget
 Economic Policy & Growth Task Force
 Education & Employment Task Force

Entitlements, Uncontrollable
 Task Force
 Committee on Education & Labor
 Subcommittee on Elementary,
 Vocational Education
 Subcommittee on Employment
 Subcommittee on Human Res
 Subcommittee on Postsecondary
 Subcommittee on Select Edu

REP. CHARLES WILSON (D
 Committee on Appropriations
 Subcommittee on Defense
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 Subcommittee on Foreign Op

REP. LARRY WINN, JR. (R
 Committee on Foreign Affairs
 Subcommittee on Europe & th
 Subcommittee on International
 Committee on Science & Tech
 Ranking Minority Member &
 Member with vote on all sub

REP. TIMOTHY E. WIRTH (D
 Committee on Budget
 Education & Employment Task
 Energy & Technology Task Fo
 International Finance & Trade
 Committee on Energy & Com
 Subcommittee on Health & i
 Subcommittee on Telecommu
 Consumer Protection & Finan

REP. BOB WISE (D WV-3)
 Committee on Government Op
 Subcommittee on Environment
 Natural Resources
 Subcommittee on Government
 Transportation
 Subcommittee on Information,
 Agriculture
 Committee on Public Works &
 Transportation
 Subcommittee on Economic D
 Subcommittee on Investigation
 Select Committee on Aging
 Subcommittee on Housing & O
 Incidents

REP. FRANK R. WOLF (R VA
 Committee on Post Office & C
 Subcommittee on Civil Service
 Subcommittee on Postal Perso
 Modernization
 Committee on Public Works &
 Transportation
 Subcommittee on Aviation
 Subcommittee on Surface Tra

טופס מס' 2

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7: הסברה. ס"ח. לש' סטנ"ל. יועץ רות"ם לחקירות. סופ"א.
לש' יגור. לע"מ.

סיווג בטחוני:

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News Summary August 9, 1985

Press Reports

Israelis Order Expulsion of Arab

NYT-Freidman-The Israeli Army announced that it ordered the deportation of Halil Abu Ziad who is said to have participated in "subversive activities." Ziad is appealing the expulsion order. This is the first expulsion since 1983 and signals the Government's new tough policy towards residents of the West Bank. The US disagrees with such a policy but Israel appears to have no intention of being dissuaded in its attempt to thwart Palestinian violence. As part of the same policy, Israeli jets struck Palestinian camps deep inside Lebanon. Police Chief Haim Bar-Lev declared that Jordan had been warned via private and public channels that it must prevent Palestinian guerrillas from using its territory as a base for infiltrating men, money or arms into Israel. Ziad has served 10 years in Israeli prison for terrorist activities. Ziad is able to take his case to the Israeli Military Court and then the Israeli Supreme Court. (see ND-DN-combined)

Arab League Summit

NYT-AP-Arab leaders extended their summit in Casablanca in an effort to seek ways to gain support for the Jordanian-Palestinian peace talks with Israel without further alienating hard-line nations that boycotted the meeting. Sources at the conference said participants felt a unified Arab position on the Palestinian question must be reached before the US-Soviet summit in November. (see ND-combined)

NYT-AP photo of Gemayel meeting Assad in Damascus.

Canadian Freed by Kidnappers

NYT-Robert Burkholder, a kidnaped Canadian missionary was released in Southern Lebanon. He was kidnaped hours after gunmen released Shakib Humaidan of ABC. (see NYT-AP)

174 Jews Leave Soviet Union in July

NYT-UPI-The Intergovernmental Committee for Migration said that the Soviet Union allowed 174 Jews to leave the country in July, the highest emigration since December 1982. An official of the committee said

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מס. כבד:

"Only coming months will show whether the Soviet authorities are adopting a new policy."

Iranian Cleric Defects

ND-combined-Ayatollah Ahmed Mushbah said he defected to Iraq and would go on a world tour to denounce Iran's leadership.

Egypt's Al Fayed

WSJ-Forman-Mohamed Al Fayed, the billionaire patriarch from Egypt continues to buy. He and his family have bought Harrods, MGM's library, the Ritz in Paris etc...He now lives in London.

Yiddish Cinema

NYT-Shepard-"Almonds and Raisins" is a documentary on the Yiddish film phenomenon. Orson Wells narrates this intelligent, feeling film.

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הגירות ישראל - ווינגטון

אל: טשרד

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דף.....1. מתוך.....דפים

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לשכת השר מ"ס' מברק.....

אל: טשנכ"ל, מנחל טצפ"א

דעז לשכת השר, לשכת רוח"מ, לשכת שר האוצר

הנדון: חוק סירע החוץ

הנשיא רייבן חתם על החוק הנ"ל אתמול (8).

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שבירות ישראל - וושינגטון

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דף... 2... מתוך... 3... דפים
סוג בטחוני מסוג.....
דחיות..... גרל, לענ"א' בנקד
תאריך וז"ח"פ. אג"מס. 85
מס' מברק.....

אלו
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58, 89

סיכום

לפני זמן קצר התקשר אלי השגריר קרלייל מהס.ט.ר. וביקש שאפגש עימו
ביום ב' כדי לחפש הסדר. להערכתו כיוון שהחשבת שלום הוא תיקרת כמותית.
במכתב שה"ח מוזכר כי עד "חמישית האחרון מחיצור בארה"ב". הגדרה זו מביעה
למעלה מ-200 מ' דולר, כלומר, הנדלת היצוא פי חמישה לעומת 84 ובערך
פי ארבעה לעומת השנה השוטפת. אינני מאמין שיסכימו לקבל זאת כתיקרה
אך עם זאת אני מציע שנציג זאת בשיחה ראשונה כי עד לשנת 87 ולאור תגובתם
נתייעץ. תיתכן גם אפשרות להציע יעד מעטבר לשנתיים שלוש למשל 350 מ' דולר
לשנים 1985 (השנה הנוכחית) 86 ו-87 שאף הוא גבוה וטמאיר לנו מירורח צמיחה
טעל ומעבר לעפרי.

הד"ר
הלפרין

Tougher Administration Trade Policy Looms

By CLYDE H. FARNSWORTH

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8 — The Reagan Administration is moving toward a more aggressive international trade policy to try to forestall passage of far-reaching protectionist legislation in Congress, Administration officials and Congressional aides reported today.

The first indication of the tougher policy is expected to come Friday with a decision by the President to protect the domestic shoe industry

against imports that have captured nearly 80 percent of the American market.

A faction of so-called political realists within the Cabinet has recommended that the Government itself initiate unfair-trade cases to give bite to the tougher policy. That idea is opposed by a faction of free trade advocates.

Congress is watching closely. "Unless they can show that the trade laws work and are credible, you're going to see a real protectionist binge in Congress," said a Senate aide specializing in trade issues. "One industry after the other will demand that we rewrite the laws."

Legislators have introduced more than 300 bills to protect everything from textiles to waterbeds. A Democratic bill to impose a 25 percent tax on all imports from Japan, South Korea, Taiwan and Brazil is given a good chance of passage in the House when Congress reconvenes in September.

"A harder line is inevitable," one Congressional aide said. "Either they do it, or we will do it."

It is still an open question whether

the Administration will succeed in its strategy toward the Congressional trade debate. "It really depends on what they end up doing or are perceived to be doing," another Congressional analyst said.

The President underscored the new emphasis on trade in his opening remarks at Monday's news conference, saying the issue would get "special attention."

The Cabinet-level Economic Policy Council, which advises the President on major economic issues, is preparing a trade policy paper that would enunciate the more activist approach, Administration officials reported.

"They are trying to figure out some way to pre-empt Congress, but they

don't have a clear view yet," said one official familiar with the internal debate. "I would guess that when they finish thinking about it we'll have a more aggressive policy."

The initiative to harden the line has been taken by the "political realists," who are led by the United States trade representative, Clayton K. Yeutter, and the Secretary of Commerce, Malcolm Baldrige. The chairman of the Economic Policy Council is Treasury Secretary James A. Baker 3d, also one of the realists.

"The Administration is clearly vulnerable on trade issues, particularly at the Congressional level," said Prof. Charles S. Pearson, a trade expert at the Johns Hopkins School of Advanced International Studies. "It's difficult to know how it will play out."

The reason for the vulnerability is that Government fiscal policies are widely seen to have contributed to the strength of the dollar, which in turn has hurt exports and made imports cheaper, driving the trade deficit toward a record of perhaps \$150 billion this year.

John M. Albertine, former chief economist for the Joint Economic Committee of Congress and now president of a coalition of growth companies called the American Business Conference, said the Democrats view the trade issue as driving a wedge between the Administration and its traditional supporters in the business community.

"The manufacturing community, which normally supports Reagan, is off the wall on this issue," he commented. The protectionist pressures

in Congress are coming chiefly from manufacturing interests.

The Cabinet's political realists are meeting some resistance from ideological free traders in toughening the policy. These free traders include Beryl W. Sprinkel, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers, and George P. Shultz, the Secretary of State. In addition, Mr. Shultz opposes dramatizing arguments with other countries.

Mr. Yeutter has told legislators that the Administration recognizes the high level of concern in Congress over trade issues.

"I share this concern as does the President," he recently said at a Senate Finance Committee hearing. "We intend to move forward quickly and aggressively to develop a sound strategy to address these trade problems."

One of the issues now being debated by the Economic Policy Council is what specific actions the United States should take against countries that refuse to dismantle trade barriers against American products.

Some Requirements of Bill

A little-noticed provision of a trade bill the President signed into law last year requires the Administration to catalogue all foreign barriers by October, estimate what American exporters are losing and report what the Government intends to do to correct the situation.

One solution that has the support of the Cabinet's political realists is for the Government itself to initiate unfair-trade cases.

Now the Government processes trade complaints filed by companies or industries that are suffering from imports. In some cases it encourages the filing of complaints. But it does not initiate the action itself, which represents a much higher level of involvement.

The recommendation is to initiate cases charging unfair foreign trade practices brought under Section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended last year. The office of the United States trade representatives processes complaints filed under this law and makes a recommendation to the President, who has broad discretionary power in making a final determination.

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..... מסי' מברק

57/197

המפרין צריך שאנו נהיה שותפים עמו
(רצאת בהקשר לשירות בנושא שחור בארץ, בה גילו האמריקאים התענדיות רבה בנושא).
יותר אמר שהם יצטרכו לשבת ולדון בבעיות ולראות איך יכולים להגיע לפתרון כשהירות,
הוחלט שימשיכו המגעים בימים הקרובים בין השגרירות לס.ט.ר. בנושא.
לאחר הפגישה עמנו נערכה ישיבה פנימית מצומצמת ב-ס.ט.ר. לפי הודעה לנו נילה

סגירות ישראל - וושינגטון

אל: משרד נ"י

57/15

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דף... מתוך... דפים

סוג בטחוני...

דחיפות... כהול לגוס א' בבוקר

תאריך וז"ח... 9 אנוסטס

מס' מברק

בה ייטב גישה חידנית לכיוון של הסדר כלל עם ישראל אשר יטבע בעדות
כמו סדיני הכותנה בעתיד (כנראה בכיוון של העצה לטיבסה כוללת אך לא
כדוגמת ההסדר עם השוק).

הערה: הפגישה התקיימה לפני שקיבלנו העתק מכתב שר החוץ. צילעלנו
אח"כ והפנינו תשובת ליבס לכך.

א/א. פסלניץ

אודי פלונסקי.

1985 '85

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דע: ניו-יורק.

THE SUN G. PRICE Israel Military Authorities ordered a suspected Palestinian underground activist to be deported from the occupied west bank.

החיות

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ס ו ס ס ו ר ה

ד.ד.1...סחור...גדפים
סוג בסחורני...גלוי
דחיות...רגיל
תאריך וזי"ח...ס.ס.15.09.85
מס' מברק

אל:

משרד, בטחון

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ממכ"ל, חצפ"א, מע"ח, רמ"ח קש"ח.

תדרוך דובר מחמ"ר ליום 7 9.8.85

Q Do you welcome any delegation coming from the Arab Summit, here to Washington?

MR. KALB: I have nothing on that. It's a proposal that I have read in the newspapers, that's been read here, and I have nothing by way of any kind of comment.

Q One followup. Since you said in the beginning, last Monday, said that the summit is a significant step, and you look forward to reinforcing King Hussein's initiative -- now it's finished -- do you think that they achieved what you looked forward, from them, to do?

MR. KALB: I have nothing by way of an assessment. I had those observations that were shared on Monday, and at this particular point -- what is it, the third day of the summit, now? -- I have nothing by way of a US assessment and its approaching conclusion, if it, in fact, winds up today.

Q You will in the future?

MR. KALB: I don't know.

Q Do you think you need more time in order to assess the summit conference, or just you're refraining from any comment on the summit, after what you said on Monday?

MR. KALB: Probably the latter. And if there should be one, we'll have it. And if there shouldn't be one --

Q There is a very specific proposal put to the summit about sending a delegation to the United States. So how can the United States have no position, as specific as this, to the same proposal taken there?

MR. KALB: I can only say what I've already said on that subject, that I have nothing to say about the idea of an Arab delegation originating with the summit, coming to the United States. I just have no comment on it at this point. Whether there is comment subsequently, I can't assure you. But that's the position as of today.

Handwritten notes at the bottom of the page, including a signature and various numbers and words in Hebrew and English.

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דף... 2... מתוך... 3... דפים
סוג בסחונני
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תאריך וז"ח
מס' מברק

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אלו

Q But in general do you welcome such an initiative, in general?

MR. KALB: I have said what I've got to say on that.

ABDUL SALAAM (Arab-American Media Service): Bernie, going back to this question again --

MR. KALB: What question? Which one? (Laughter.)

MR. SALAAM: This question about the delegation. There was a date which was set, I believe, August the 5th, for a delegation of seven people to come to Washington. I think it was under preparation here, to welcome a delegation from the Arab League, the same delegation which came before or after the September, '82 initiative, and it was postponed until after the summit conference.

So you couldn't say that you have nothing on that, and it was a proposal, because you know that there was a delegation coming here.

MR. KALB: Let me just tell you my understanding of this. Insofar as this proposed delegation, that originates at the Casablanca session, I have nothing to say about that. This other delegation you're talking about, that predates -- is that what we're saying, that predates the summit? I don't have anything on that. That there was a commitment, let me take a look at that, but I don't have anything on that specific delegation you're referring to.

If there was such an assurance, a readiness to meet, let us check that. But I don't have anything on that. If we're drawing a contrast between two specific delegations, which I suspect -- I think is what you're doing, is that right?

MR. SALAAM: It's the same delegation, in my understanding, I think.

MR. KALB: Oh, if it's the same, well --

Q No, on the first it was on the Iraq-Iran War anyway. They cancelled it.

MR. KALB: Oh. (Laughter.) Please, Mike?

Q Do you have any comment on the Libyan move at the United Nations in order to protest against the Brightstar maneuvers?

MR. KALB: Yes. Libya's efforts to undermine regional security are well-known and need no elaboration. (Laughter.) This is double speed today. Let me go to the chap who was right next to him who had his hand up -- and vanished.

OK

..... **החודש הבא** **מס' מברק**

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ניסינו בשיחותינו עם כתבי מחמ"ד ללמוד יותר על "תהליך השלום" אך עזתה רופט שגט'ס המבוכה לא מעטה. אט בתחילת השבוע ראו כולם בהודעת דובר מחמ"ד על חשיבותה של הפסגה במורקו בחינת "מי שברר" לחוסיין הזקוק לעדוזה, הרי שלקראת סוף השבוע כבר היתה ההתייחסות לפסגה כאל ארוע שאינו בעל חשיבות מדינית וניכר מאמץ מצד מחמ"ד להוריד ציפיות. בדבר אחד מאוחדים רב הכתבים - מרפי הוא הרוחף המרכזי

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והאיש מאחורי הגישה האמריקאית הנוכחית. רבים מבני שיחנו, אגב, פקפקו אם אכן קורא מרפי נכון את המפה הפוליטית בארץ. אם תחושת הדחיפות שהוא מנסה להקנות נובעת מרצונו לעשות משהו כל עוד רה"מ הנוכחי מכהן בתפקידו הרי שהוא טועה כי מבחינתו של פרס העתוי הנוכחי גרוע ביותר בגלל ההתרכזות בנושאי הכלכלה ובגלל גל התגובות בארץ למעשי הרציחות והפעילות החבלנית.

בשיחותינו עם הכתבים שנלוו למזכיר המדינה בהלסינקי שמענו הערכות די זהות למח שאנו שומעים כאן ממקורות אחרים. מספר נקודות מרכזיות חזר כמעט בכל שיחה:

א. נוכחותו של דוברינין היתה מורגשת מאד, והדבורים על החלטתו או החזרתו נראו מוקדמים מדי. חלק מהכתבים לא הוציאו מכלל אפשרות שהיה פה מאמץ מכוון בעקבות הפומביות שזכתה לה שיחת שגרירנו בפריס עם וורנצוב.

ב. האוירה בשיחות, בפגישות וביחס לעיתונאים היתה פתוחה יחסית לקפאון נעבו. שברדנדזה הרבה יותר חייכן ורגוע יחסית לקודמו. הכתבים לא ידעו אם ליחס זאת לאופיו של האיש החדש או למאמץ סוביטי במסגרת מלחמת התעמולה וההכנה לועידת הפסגה ובמסגרת זאת גם התייחסו כאן בשבוע שעבר לחלופי ההצעות בין שתי המעצמות - הזמנת צוות סוביטי לאחר ניסויים בנבדה מחד וההודעה הסובייטית על הפסקת ניסויים חד- צדדית עד סוף השנה מאידך.

ג. כמעט כל הכתבים ספרו שהתרשמותם היא שלא נשתנה דבר מבחינת תוכן ולא היה דבר ממשי חדש. ההגדרה ששמענו מכמה, וסביר להניח שכך תדרך הממשל, היא שכל צד פשוט הקריא את עמדותיו הידועות בעוד הצד השני מקטיב בניהוט.

חשוב עם כל זאת לציין שהנושא המז"תי אינו חופש כל מקום מרכזי וגם הידיעות מהארץ מוצנעות בדרך כלל בעמודים הפנימיים.

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...ב'קוד ו'י'אהד

- התכנית אתמול לסירור של וייטהד ביו"ש והצפון, נכחו גם
- פכמראו פיקרינג ועוד שניים ממלווי של וייטהד
- בנוסף כחדרובים הרגילים הודמן לנו גם לשוחח על עניין המשלחת
- הפסטינאית - ירדנית ותפיסותיו של וייטהד. למעשה המסבנו את
- השיחה
- של המנכ"ל (שכנו נר 213).

- ויעלו אומן הנקודות. מתוך דבריו של וייטהד התרשמתו שלמרות
- נטייתו הברורה לצדד במפגש הדי הוא הדגיש שתוצאות פיסגת
- כובלנקה יכבשו לא מעט את גישתם.

==הוא תמה מה יקרה אם המפגש לא יתקיים. הצבעתי בפניו על קצת
==דיו'ד וכו'.

== 114-7200

•תפ: שהח, רהפ, מנבל, ממנבל, מצפא, ד/מרכו
•תח: דאש מוסד דאש אמו



(unofficial - personal)

THE VICE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON

August 8, 1985

His Excellency
Shimon Peres
Prime Minister of Israel

Dear Mr. Prime Minister:

I have asked my dear friend, Jerry Weintraub, to convey to you my warm, personal best wishes. Jerry has my friendship and full confidence.

The times ~~have~~ been difficult, but I continue to admire the way ~~you are~~ leading and managing.

I hope our paths cross again before too long.

Sincerely,


George Bush

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תת הקשר - ניו-יורק

טופס מברק גל

מס' 2 מתור 1

ל: הסכרה, סכ"ת, לש' ממנכ"ל, יועץ רוח"ם להקשורת, סכ"א, לש' יגד, לש"ס.

סיווג בטחוני:

דחיות:

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האגף חיד:

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מס. מברק:

לש' יגד
לש' סכ"א
לש' סכ"א

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News Summary August 8, 1985

Editorials

DN "Muzzling the BBC" BBC journalists insist that they were being censored because of a show on terrorism that interviewed an IRA terrorist was banned. It's an important issue. In the Irish Republic, broadcasting interviews with terrorists is illegal. In the US, terrorists often seem to be given free run of TV. There's a difference between giving terrorists air time during a crisis and at a time of relative tranquility. The BBC documentary would not have harmed the process of promoting peace. Any serious peaceful effort to get the British to focus on the problem should be welcomed.

Columns

WSJ-Kron "The Brave and Stylish Anchor of Beirut's Talk Show" Raymonde Anghelopoule Boutros is the host of the Beirut weekly talk show "Woman Today." The hour long show reaches some areas of Syria, Jordan and Israel. Viewers number 500,000. She often discusses fashion, "Fashion," she states, "is a way for us to dream." Her first husband was murdered when he was 30 and she had two small children. During the hostage crisis she made an appeal to "her brother the sniper" to go back to their loved ones.

Press Reports

Arab Summit

NYT-Miller-Hassan opened the Arab League meeting with a speech expressing sorrow at the absence of five hard-line gov'ts. The conciliatory tone was soon dispersed by Arafat who "thanked those Arab countries present for responding to the Palestinian woman's cry for help from the camps of Sabra and Shatilla," an implicit attack on Syria. Arafat's speech appeared designed to establish the importance of the Palestinian issue and to publicly express his view that Arab interests would best be served if the moderate governments would no longer allow Syria and the other hard-line countries to thwart the will of the majority. Many moderate countries do not agree with Syria but they are afraid to have Damascus as an enemy. (see WSJ-Seib; ND-combined)

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החלקת הקשר - ניו-יורק

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0146/25 תאריך חידוש: מס. סדר: 25

ממל:

PM Peres "Fittest Statesman in the World"

ND-Cohn-The body building magazine "Muscle Training Illustrated" named Peres the "fittest statesman in the world." The magazine's publisher, Dan Laurie, presented Peres with a trophy in Jerusalem. Questions about the vigor of the world's other leaders need to be asked. Peres smokes heavily and after reading his biggest recreation is watching Arabic soaps in TV.

Billy Carter-Libyan Connection Cont.

WSJ-p.1-Kwinty-An Italian spy was arrested last year in NY and is waiting while judges decide whether or not he should be extradicted or not. Francesco Pazienza was the man who broke the Billy-Carter-Libyan affair.

Letters

DN-Writer states that Israel needs the US not the other way around. "Without Israel there would be no current problem in the Mideast."

ITONUT

תאריך: 25/11/78 מס. סדר: 25



file

official text

DATE* 08/08/85

REAGAN SIGNS AID BILL, OBJECTS TO RESTRICTIONS (1530)
(Text: President's statement on signing foreign aid bill)

Following is the text of President Reagan's statement*
(begin text)

Today I am signing into law S. 960, the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985. This Act authorizes appropriations for security and development assistance programs and related activities and makes certain substantive changes in the statutory requirements governing these programs.

S. 960 is the first foreign assistance authorization bill since 1981 to be passed by both Houses of the Congress and presented to me for signature. I am pleased that the authorization process on foreign aid is back on track.

Enactment of foreign assistance legislation is never easy, and I appreciate the tough decisions members made in their support of it. In helping our allies and friends meet their security, development, and humanitarian needs, we directly support U.S. interests and objectives. Our foreign assistance programs, despite any perceptions to the contrary, are manifestly in our own national interest.

S. 960 authorizes appropriations for both fiscal year 1986 and 1987. I understand the desire of the Congress to enact a two-year authorization, and I support it. I will, of course, assess the requirements for foreign aid programs in preparing the fiscal year 1987 budget and will transmit to the Congress any additional authorizations that are required to support our national interests.

I am concerned about the sizeable reductions made in S. 960 to my fiscal year 1986 requests for security assistance programs. Security assistance enables us to help our friends deter aggression, deepen bilateral ties, build forces which are more compatible with our own, and develop the confidence necessary for advancing peace and stability. These reductions, coupled with legislated earmarkings of numerous programs for individual countries and international organizations, will necessitate severe cuts in other programs that are critical to U.S. security interests. I will review the impact of these reductions and determine whether additional funding in fiscal year 1986 will be required in support of these interests.

Security assistance is, quite simply, the most effective instrument we have for helping to shape a more secure international environment. And, yet, since the decades of the fifties and sixties, the resources committed to these programs have shrunk drastically in real terms. I invite the Congress to work with us to see how we might best go about reinvigorating this important area. We need to strengthen our security assistance partners so as to give them the confidence and the capability to better defend our common interests. Foreign assistance resources are essential to a successful foreign policy. One of our highest national security priorities in the years ahead must be to reinvigorate our foreign assistance program. At a time of defense reductions, we must pay particular attention to our most compelling international security needs.

I am pleased that S. 960 contains many of the substantive legislative provisions that I proposed over the past two years, in particular the main policy recommendations of the National Bipartisan



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Jerusalem, 19 Keren Hayesod Street, 94188 Tel. 222376

USIS

Commission on Central America. Although it has required extensive debate and compromise on all sides, I believe that this bill sets forth a viable policy framework for Central America which enjoys strong bipartisan support; it will guide our assistance programs as we seek the goals of peace, democracy, and development in that region of such great importance to the United States. The reductions in security assistance levels, however, will inhibit our ability to achieve these goals in fiscal years 1986 and 1987.

Equally important, S. 960 authorizes vital humanitarian assistance for the democratic resistance in Nicaragua. This aid is an important element in our overall efforts to assist neighboring countries in their defense against Nicaraguan attack and subversion. Unfortunately, the provision unduly and unnecessarily restricts efficient management and administration of the program. Nevertheless, I will continue to work with the Congress to carry out the program as effectively as possible and take care that the law be faithfully executed.

I am gratified by the assistance authorized in this bill for the Afghan people and the non-communist opposition in Cambodia who are resisting foreign aggression and occupation groups. The repeal of the Clark amendment relating to Angola is also welcome, eliminating a symbol of unnecessary and inappropriate restrictions in the conduct of U.S. foreign policy.

On the other hand, I do have serious reservations about sections 717 and 1302 of S. 960. In spirit, both sections are consistent with my foreign policy. Section 717 directs the secretary of state to enter into negotiations with the government of Mexico over certain trade issues. I am deeply committed to efforts to facilitate international commerce and welcome congressional attention to this matter. Similarly, Section 1302(a) correctly describes U.S. policy not to recognize or negotiate with the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) so long as the PLO does not recognize Israel's right to exist and does not accept United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338. This administration reaffirms that policy and welcomes congressional support for it.

I am compelled, however, as a matter of principle to reiterate my refusal to accept any congressional effort to impose legislative restrictions or directions with respect to the conduct of international negotiations which, under Article II of the Constitution, is a function reserved exclusively to the president. I will, therefore, consider sections 717(b) and 1302(b) as constituting only nonbinding expressions of congressional views on these issues.

I also wish to mention the new certification requirement relating to arms sales to Jordan. I believe that this requirement is unnecessary and inappropriate in light of King Hussein's recent public statements confirming Jordan's commitment to the recognition of Israel and to negotiate promptly and directly with Israel under the basic tenets of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338. Furthermore, the king has made and is continuing to make significant and courageous efforts in putting these principles into practice by moving Jordan toward direct negotiations with Israel.

Finally, I would note that the bill contains a number of other restrictions and requirements that the administration must meet in carrying out its foreign affairs programs. For example, tying security assistance for Greece and Turkey to an arithmetic formula ignores the changing conditions in the region and unnecessarily limits our flexibility to respond. None of these restrictions, by itself, is unacceptably onerous, but in the aggregate, they seriously constrain my ability to carry out foreign policy, particularly in rapidly changing situations. I believe that rigid, detailed, prescriptive provisions of law can also frustrate the desires of the Congress. Thus, I plan to work with the Congress to minimize such constraints in the future.

The programs authorized by S. 960 are central to attaining U.S. foreign policy objectives and to promoting international security and stability by helping our allies and friends to achieve economic growth, to deal with problems requiring humanitarian assistance, and to deter and defend against military threats. It is therefore imperative that we join in a mutual effort with Congress to assure the success of these programs during the years ahead.

(end text)

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תדרור דובר מחמ"ד ליום ה- 8.8.85

MR. KALB: Murphy's plan to go to Jordan? Look, you won't have to go through the process of circling days on the calendar with me. No, I have nothing on that. No, it is not meant as a prelude to a back and forth affair. I really have nothing on that.

Q There's a report from Jerusalem this morning that Secretary Whitehead was told by King Hussein that Jordan would not provide any additional names beyond the seven that were already put in for the Palestinian representation on the Jordanian-Palestinian group. Do you have anything on that?

MR. KALB: That Israel told Whitehead?

--- Q --- No, no, that Whitehead told Israeli, and Israeli, as things happened, leaked it that the king had told Whitehead that there would be no additional names of Palestinian representation.

MR. KALB: I don't have anything on that. I understand — although slightly attached — is that that original list is still under consideration here. But about the specific question you're asking, I don't have anything on that.

Q Wait a minute. What's under consideration?

MR. KALB: The list of names that was originally submitted by the Jordanians.

Q As to, as to -- wait a minute -- as to whether or not the United States would meet with that kind of --

MR. KALB: The US is considering the list -- is still considering the list, etc.

Q When do you think you would finish this consideration?

MR. KALB: I have no way of telling you that.

Q It's been more than one month now, almost. Is it so long a list, you can't finish the names?

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MR. KALB: I don't know how to answer that question. Someone pointed out when I had raised the question that it took how long for the list to be prepared? Does anybody know how long it took? About how long?

Q Eight months.

MR. KALB: Eight months for the preparation of the list. I don't mean to suggest by that that there's gonna be an equal —

Q What is the situation involving Mr. Whitehead —

MR. KALB: Wait a second. I'm finishing a question from one of our colleagues. And I have nothing on that question. (Laughs.) You wanted a situation report on Whitehead?

Q Yes.

MR. KALB: I have nothing on that.

Q Okay. Do you have a reaction to the convening of the Arab conference, Arab summit conference?

Q Can we stay with Israel half a second?

MR. KALB: You got a reaction but you played hooky the other day. You weren't here Monday. Was it Monday? Monday, Monday. That's right. — That's what happens. —

Q No, after the convening.

MR. KALB: I have nothing — I have no new reaction —

Q What's the reaction that they are convening now? Because my understanding is Mr. Murphy's visit to the Middle East depends on the outcome of this conference.

MR. KALB: I'm not gonna call that exclusive or a story of your own. As I told you, I have nothing on a Murphy departure. I saw him today. He's here in the building. At least I saw him at 9:00.

X

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Q Did you say --

MR. KALB: I said "hi" in several languages.

Q Are you saying that he's still committed to meet or still willing to meet with a joint Palestinian-Jordanian delegation?

MR. KALB: I say that the readiness of the United States to meet is as before. The US is prepared to meet, etc.

Q Do you have any more comment on Foreign Minister Shamir? He repeated yesterday his warning to Jordan about they should not have any PLD in Jordan, and he said he doesn't care about your reaction about his warning, you know. Do you have a reaction?

MR. KALB: Nothing.

Q Nothing?

MR. KALB: Mike?

Q Following your statement the other day that the United States was hopeful that Israel would not carry out its threat to deport, etc., people from the West Bank, today Israel has issued a deportation order. Do you have any reaction on that?

MR. KALB: Reiterating what I said before, earlier this week, we regret the use of deportation. And I would call your attention to what was said, I think it was on Monday from this platform.

Q I want to follow on this. You already expressed a displeasure and your objection to this deportation and this latest cracking down on liberty. Are these measures that Israel is undertaking now gonna affect the offering of foreign aid to Israel in light of the fact that this is contributing to the requirement of giving foreign aid to any country?

MR. KALB: I have nothing that would suggest what you're saying.

Q You said awhile ago, you answered about if these measures taken by Israel will affect the foreign aid to Israel or not. You have been making the case of human rights in all countries around the world as a critical (inaudible) for foreign aid. These practices by Israel are in violation of your requirement for foreign aid. You sounded Monday the protest or your displeasure with us. What beyond displeasure today have you done in order to delegate these things?

MR. KALB: I have said as well that we have had no hesitation in making our views known to Israel. And it's at that point that I have nothing to add.

Q But does this not affect foreign aid?

MR. KALB: I have heard nothing along those lines and I'll have to leave it at that.

X

דף...מחור...דפים

.....בטחוני

.....דחיינות

.....מאריך וז"ח

.....מס' מברק

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157-17

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Q Have anything on the seven American hostages, whether -- is there anything at all to confirm the Kuwaiti newspaper stories?

MR. KALB: Well, you know, I went through that with some of you last night. There is nothing that has changed in that story except some of the reports that we heard about yesterday, insofar as the validity of the story as seen from here. There is nothing here to confirm that story. The rumors seem to be based on the original report on a Kuwaiti newspaper. The accuracy of that story has not been verified here. And the families of the remaining American hostages in Lebanon have been informed that the State Department cannot confirm these rumors. In other words, there was -- just a moment -- in other words there was something of a fallout in the wake of yesterday's blip about Father Jenco.

Q Has the department been in touch with the Syrian government to try to determine whether any of these hostages have been moved to Damascus?

MR. KALB: I can't help you, John. I have nothing on that.

Handwritten note: "התקן"

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סגירות ישראל - וושינגטון

סגירות ישראל - וושינגטון

דף... מחזור... דפים

סוג בשחוני... לל...?

דחיות... כל?

85 August 8, 1200 חאריך וז"ח

מס' מברק

ניו יורק

בטחון

המשרד

אלו

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142

אל: חסברה, מע"ח, מצפ"א, ממנכ"ל, יגר, לש' רוה"מ, לע"מ, דובר צה"ל, רמ"ח קש"ח

דע: ניו-יורק.

NEWS SUMMARY - THURSDAY - AUGUST 8, 1985

EDITORIALS

***WASH. TIMES-8/8-"Anti-Semitism On The Rebound" Has anybody noticed the recent resurgence of anti-Semitism? Jew baiting is an integral part of the Third World foreign policy. The UN General Assembly scarcely bothers to veil its energizing anti-Semitism anymore. In Europe, subterranean anti-Semitism is resurfacing. In this country, anti-Semitism seemed to be on the decline, but suddenly we have Farrakhan bringing huge crowds to their feet with Hitleresque phrases. Less puzzling but more dangerous is the recent growth of Aryan neo-Nazi groups. Nearly every day, newspapers and magazines around the country receive in the mail "fresh evidence" that the Holocaust never happened and "compelling proof" that the media are controlled by a "Jewish conspiracy." Accusations of "racism," "homophobia," and "anti-Semitism" are on the rage, to be sure. To ignore anti-Semitism is worse than to see it everywhere. It is seeping back into mainstream America, and debasing us all.

COLUMNS

THE EVENING SUN-Augustus Norton-Wash. is searching for a US policy toward Islamic fundamentalism. The fact is that it is a rather familiar kind of political phenomenon, less difficult to grasp than we assume. Although it is widely varied and often a product of particular domestic political circumstances, there are certain common traits shared by many of the Islamic movements. The most important of these is a deeply felt sense of disfranchisement. Islam has not been rediscovered; it was never "lost." It was reappropriated for a new purpose. For many Moslems, it has a renewed appeal as a familiar and culturally authentic idiom of protest and political action. Such organizations need an enemy in order to mobilize support: It is easier to blame America than to take responsibility oneself. Many Moslems object to some aspects of US policy in the Middle East. But objecting to policy and agitating violently against it are two very different things and small cells of fanatical terrorists who have forced their way to our attention in recent years are hardly representative. Fundamentalism is an important new political movement to come to terms with.

THE PRESS REPORTS

Israeli Security Zone Tensions Grow Into Full Guerrilla War

CHRISTIAN SCI. MON.-Greenberg-Israeli debate over policy toward its northern neighbor has been heightened in the wake of the first Israeli combat deaths in

Page 1 of 1 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 1043 1044 1045 1046 1047 1048 1049 1050

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south Lebanon since April. Israeli officials and Army officers concede that the three to 12 mile security strip Israel has established just north of the border is anything but secure. Reports from the security zone area indicate that it has become the arena of a full-scale guerrilla war. Israeli intelligence officials say that Syria is behind many of these attacks. Attempts to reach an understanding with Amal on policing the border area have foundered on intra-Amal rivalries and the group's fears that any agreement with Israel will brand it a traitor in the eyes of other Lebanese factions.

Falashas Recognized As Jews

WASH. TIMES-(Wires)-Israel's newly immigrated Ethiopians have been recognized by the country's two chief rabbis as Jews in every way, Peres said after meeting leaders of the Ethiopian immigrants Monday. The chief rabbis have made a concession after the Ethiopian Jews protested undergoing a collective symbolic conversion.

Partial Arab Summit Convenes

WASH. POST-Dickey-A summit meeting of about half of the leaders of the Arab world convened amid persistent confusion and declining expectations about what it might achieve. King Hassan called for conciliation with those nations that did not attend. But Arafat, took the floor in what appeared to be an unexpected power play and insisted on denouncing Syrian-backed attacks against Palestinians in Lebanon.

Palestinians Arrested In Israeli Army Bombing

THE SUN-(Wires)-Israeli security forces in the West Bank yesterday arrested several Palestinians suspected of throwing firebombs at Israeli troops. Rabin said Israel would use all necessary means, including expulsion and administrative detention, to maintain order in the occupied territory.

Qaddafi Threatens To Expel Egyptians

WASH. TIMES-(UPI)-Qaddafi angered by Egypt's efforts to secure peace with Israel, threatened to expel about 100,000 Egyptians working in Libya. "If the Egyptians working in Libya support the Egyptian regime with their hard currency remittances, this means they are helping Israel indirectly," Qaddafi said.

Gemayel, Assad Agree To A Summit

WASH. TIMES-(Wires)-Fighting erupted between Christian and Moslem militias in Beirut yesterday, and Gemayel and Assad agreed to hold a summit in Damascus, probably to discuss Lebanon's future. News of the planned Gemayel-Assad summit came amid reports that Christian leaders were working on their own list of peace proposals one day after some 45 pro-Syrian factions in Lebanon formed a mostly Moslem alliance.

טגירות ישראל - ווסינגטון

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דף...3...מחור...3...דפים

.....טווג בסחוני

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.....תאריך וז"ח

.....מסי מברק

TELEVISION: Nightly News

The major new networks focused their main stories on the baseball strike, Nicaragua (American peace activists being captured by rebels), South Africa and the remaining hostages in Lebanon.

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שגרירות ישראל - וושינגטון

אלו המשרד

ס נ ש
דף.....ממור.....דפים
סודי
סוג בסחוני
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אוג' 8 1030
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מס' מברק 141

מנכ"ל, אירופה 3. ממ"ד

פגישת שולץ - שברנדזה
מתוך שיחה עם אריק אדלמן (מחמ"ד - המחלקה הסובייטית)

1. אדלמן היה חבר במשלחת ארה"ב למפגש הליסינקי. סיפר כי נושא מזה"ת לא הועלה בשיחת שולץ-שברנדזה. שיחתם עסקה באפגניסטן, דרום מזרח אסיה, פירוק הנשק. בשיחות בלתי-פורמליות עסקו בפגישת ספטמבר ופסגת ריגאן-גורבצ'וב.
2. הנחינו בשינוי סגנוני אם כי בהצגת העמדות המהותיות טרם מסתמן שינוי בעמדת בריה"מ.
3. השגריר דוברינין נטל חלק פעיל בשיחות, לרבות חלופי הדברים הפרטיים בין שולץ לבין שברנדזה. ההערכה הינה שדוברינין יוסיף לכהן כשגריר לפחות עד אחרי תפסגה של נובמבר.

קני-טל

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פגישת השגריר-מרמי

(ו) צעדי החרום

הסגרייר - השמיע השגותינו, כלהלן:

- מרפי - ציין שפלאטן ביקר במסרד טרם ישיבת הממשלה והתריע כי ארה"ב תצהיר

- מבינים עמדת הממשלה והצורך לשמור על הבטחון.

מבינים המניעים כולם, עד לצעדים -אך אינם מסכימים עם הצעדים.

(2) מסגרת מרופד

מרים עבור שובן זרע זה אין חדש נפגת מרוקו והתחושה היא שהפסגה תחיה
בחדת non-event.

וילוי זה נסרה מרפי למזכיר והשיחה נסתיימה. תוך כדי לווי השגריר אל מחוץ לבנין
ההנצל וילקוקס על כי לא דוות מראש לשגריר על הביקורת שתושמעה; הוסיף כי לא
מן חנני שבמדרוכי מחמ"ד יס' אלו בענין אל-נג'אח ויצטרכו להתייחס בהחלט. השגריר
לקחו שיימנעו מכך.

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המשרד

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..... **מס' חבר**

יש להניח כי ההתענינות בהתפתחויות בארץ והכתבות מהארץ על עליה הפופולריות של כג'א ימקדו תשומת לב סביב בקורו כאן.

April 22

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משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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 ייצא

סודי ביותר

דף 1
 עותק 3
 מתוך 16
 מתוך 1

מא: ווס, נד: 218, מ: המשרד
 דח: מ, סג: מ, תא: 080885, וחי: 0800

סודי ביותר/מיד

לרון

ביקור רה"מ

לשל סימרון 115 נובו בקטה לתשובה לשלכם 16 סעיף 3
 חוזרים ומאשרים אפשרות ביקור רה"מ ב-18-17 בוויינגטון
 בנצוד

תפ: שהח, רהמ, מנכל, ממנכל, סצפא

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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סודי/דחוף

רוון

הודעת דובר מחמ'ד על צעדי ענישה.

מציע שתגיד למחמ'ד שעצם פרסום ההודעה איננו מובן לנו.
הרציחות הטראגיות של השבועות האחרונים אלצו את הממשלה לנקוט
באמצעי בטחון מחד אך גם באמצעים התרעתיים. הממשלה הלכה כבוד
דרך ארוכה לעבר ליברליזציה מירבית ביוש'נאיכות חיים וכו')
אך יחד עם זאת מחובתה לדאוג לבטחון התושבים וברור שלאור גל
פעולות הטרור ובמיוחד לאור אופי החמור היא נאלצה לנקוט
באמצעים הסתמיים תוך שמירה מירבית על סדרי החיים. ובר'ס
אכה אמרתי טלפונית גם להריסון בשג' ארהב'.
כאמור לאור מצב זה פרסום הודעתם תמוהה.
בר און.

תפ: שהח,רהמ,שהבס,מנכל,מנככ,ר/מרכו,רס,אמן,ממד,מצפא,
סייבכ,ורד,שטחים,מתאססשטחים

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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אלו ווס, גרין 170, מ' המשרד
רח' ר, סג' 20, ט' תא: 070805, רח' 0800

סמור / רגיל

רובינשטיין

V.O.A

במסיבה לכבוד פיקרינג ספרו פלאמן והאחראי על USA
בשגרירות ססמית ביקש לקבוע את השיחות לשבוע המתחיל 26-1
לאזכורם אך שהשגרירות על זעתה היא בקשה ממנו להסתיין להצעת
מועד על ידינו.
הם אמרו שהם חשים באי סבילות בוויינצטון ולחשדות שדחיות
השיחות נובעת מנסיגה מדינית מצידנו. הם אמרו שעליהם לעמוד
קשר לשבוע את מחמ'ד שהסיבה אכן נובעת מבעיות טכניות
קשות.

בר און

תפ: שהח,רהמ,מונכ,ממוככ,מצפא,פרנ,סייבל,מונככקשורר

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תחילת הקשר - ביר - יורק

כופס כסרס צפון

אל : מספר רנה"ס

דע : וועסנמסון

מאת : השגריר, גאנ"ם

דר : סחור דפים

סיווג בסיווג פור

דחפוח : מידי

לשיכוח בח' המדי

האריך חו"ח:

מס' כסרס:

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מסיר/אישי. דע : רוזן/אישי.

ביקור רנה"ס. לשלנו 56.

מנאו"מ/ארה"ב הודיעונו שרייבן יחיה בניו-יורק ב-23 וב-24 באוקטובר לרובל ארועי יובל ה-40 של האו"ם. אם כמסגרת הארועים מועב"ס חקיים ישיבה חגיגית ב-25.10 כמחובבן, אזי בוש או שולץ (ולא רייבן) ייצגו את ארה"ב במעמד זה. הנ"ל נא לא ליחוס.

החל 31.10.85
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האריך : 7.8.85 : השו"ל : ב. בתנאי אישור : מס' הדחפוח : תחילת :

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News Summary August 7, 1985

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joint-accord at the meeting.

Israel Defies US Critics Of Security Measures

ND-Reuters-Rabin said that Israel would take any actions necessary to insure its security in the West Bank despite criticism by the US of new tough antiguerrilla measures. The US disagrees with the policies of deportation and detention without trial. A Kuwaiti newspaper said that Syria, seeking to divert attention away from the Arab League meeting, will arrange for the release of 8 US and French hostages in Lebanon.

Suicide Bomber on Mule

NYT-AP-A man riding a mule detonated saddle baskets full of explosives in south Lebanon killing himself and the mule. The explosion took place near an SLA building. Israel said one Lebanese civilian was wounded. The National Resistance Front asserted that the building was demolished with 30 Israelis and 40 militiamen inside. (see ND-UPI; DN-Meisels and photo of sister of an Israeli soldier killed on Monday in south Lebanon.)

Israeli Officers Cleared in Deaths of 2 Terrorists

NYT-special-None of the security officers involved in storming an Israeli bus hijacked by Palestinian terrorists last year will be charged with the deaths of two of the hijackers. The investigation did reveal that there was enough evidence to charge the commander of the operation and several officers with inappropriate behavior and the use of force.

Lebanese Opposition Group Calls for Closer Ties to Syria

NYT-Reuters-About 100 Druse, Moslem and moderate Christian leaders announced that they were forming a National Unity Front, calling for closer ties with Syria. They called for tough anti-Israeli action in the south. The meeting was lead by Amal.

Professor Who Sold Hebrew Books Dismissed

NYT-Reif-Alexander Guttman, a professor at Hebrew Union College in Ohio, was dismissed for consigning and selling manuscripts and books that he did not own. In the same case, the NY State Supreme Court postponed a final decision on a settlement reached last month involving the materials sold at Sotheby's.

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סיווג בטחוני

דחיות

מאריך חידו

לשימוש
המטה

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מס. מברק

Letters

NYP-There is a US based group known as the Institute for Historical Review that claims the Nazis did not gas victims of the Holocaust. The writer of the letter wishes to know more about this group and who supports it.

Cartoons

VV-Faiffer-Reagan states that the US will not tolerate terrorism from misfits in Iran, Looney Tunes in Lebanon etc..."One more act of Mideast terrorism and we will retaliate against Nicaragua."

ITONUT

תחיתת:

אישור פנהל המחלקה:

788 השולח: *פ. זכר*

אריך:

אל: הסברה, מע"ח, מצפ"א, מחנכ"ל, יגר, לש' רוה"מ, לע"מ, דובר צה"ל, רמ"ח קש"ח

דע: ניו-יורק.

NEWS SUMMARY - WEDNESDAY - AUGUST 7, 1985

COLUMNS

*** CHRISTIAN SCI. MON. - Milton Viorst - "Syria's Goals And Its Need For Peace"
Americans would feel more comfortable if they could place Syria and Assad into categories - friend or enemy, etc. There is talk that Assad is guided by this new Arab reality that the debate is over boundaries. Assad's objective in south Lebanon seems clearly to be to get the Israelis out so the territory can serve as a buffer. Without doubt, Assad's long term goal is to build a Syria free of the heavy hand of both Soviet communists and Islamic fundamentalists. His goal is for a prosperous country, Western in style, secular in outlook. The principal difference between Israel and Syria is the Golan Heights. Syria will obstruct any peace proposal that ignores it. But Syria has indicated a openness to Sadat's Sinai formula - the reassertion of pre-1967 sovereignty in return for demilitarization. There is momentum for peace now. Assad recognizes it. His greatest concern is that he may be left out, without allies and without the Golan. Assad extended his hand in the hostage crisis, and it is in US interests - perhaps in Israel's as well - to grasp it.

THE PRESS REPORTS

Israel Uses Arrests, Deportation Orders On West Bank

*** WASH. POST - Claiborne - In the face of State Dept. criticism of the revival of security measures in the West Bank, Israeli authorities have arrested four Palestinian college students there without charges ~~under "administrative detention"~~ and have moved to deport seven Palestinians freed in a May prisoner exchange, security officials said. Israeli officials said that despite the US criticism of the renewed use of deportations and indefinite administrative detention, those and other measures will be used to combat Arab terrorism in the occupied territories and in Israel. Rabin told reporters, "I'm sorry that the US officials are sorry. We will continue to do all we find necessary to ensure security for the Arab inhabitants who wish to live in peace, and security for the Jewish inhabitants. We will fight terror without playing around, and we will maintain law and order."

Kahane's Stock Rises With Israelis

THE SUN - (Wires) - Today, nobody is dismissing Kahane. He is the most talked about political figure in Israel and his popularity is soaring. The appeal of his ideas, which is especially strong among young voters has several roots.

התאחדות הציונים הכללית - פירוש פירוש פירוש

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Arabs and Jews are treated differently under the law in the occupied territories; nationalism has become acceptable; personal violence between Jews and Arabs has increased, and confidence in the leadership provided by Israel's major parties has weakened. Kahane's election, appears to have made his ideas more respectable in the eyes of many Israelis.

Jordan Hopes For Support Of Arab Summit

CHRISTIAN SCI. MON.-Curtius- Hussein is hoping that the Arab summit starting in Casablanca will give a boost to his joint peace effort with PLO's Arafat. If the summit ends with a supportive statement for the Hussein-Arafat initiative, that will be seen as a setback for Syria and the ~~other~~ hard-line states that oppose negotiations. If the summit results in "even a mild condemnation" of the Hussein-Arafat accord, one diplomat in the Middle East says, "it could kill the whole process." Syria is leading a boycott of the summit. Neither Syria nor Lebanon, Algeria nor South Yemen will attend. Their absence further illustrates the deep divisions among the Arabs, and limits the ability of the participants to make any bold moves.

Pro-Syrian Factions Form Front In Lebanon

WASH. POST-Boustany-Pro-Syrian Moslem and Druze opposition leaders and Greek Orthodox figures met in Shtawrah to proclaim a National Unity Front and to demand changes in Lebanon's system of political representation, which now favors the Maronite Christians. The new alliance, made up of 15 political parties and 30 independent politicians, issued a statement calling for a "democratic and secular" Lebanon, with wide-ranging constitutional and electoral reforms. In the statement proclaiming the National Unity Front, the signatories also called for the trial of "agents" dealing with Israel and of officials accused of "crimes against the population."

Sunni Suicide Bomber Uses Mule

WASH. POST-(AP)-A suicide bomber riding a mule detonated saddle baskets full of explosives near a southern Lebanese building that Israel says is used by the SLA. Israel's military command said one Lebanese civilian was wounded, and the blast shattered windows.

Syria Said To Be Releasing US Hostages In Lebanon

WASH. TIMES-(AP)-A Kuwaiti newspaper yesterday quoted a Western diplomat as saying that most of the Americans being held hostage in Lebanon would be released today to steal the thunder from the opening of an Arab summit conference, according to a State Dept. monitoring service. The diplomat was quoted as saying that Syria "wants to create a large-scale international propaganda festival to steal the limelight from the Arab summit conference."

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סוג בסחונ'י

דחיות

תאריך וזמן

מס' מברק

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אלו

Court Orders Moslem Zealot Freed

WASH. TIMES-(Wires)-The State Security Court ruled yesterday that the govt. was holding an Islamic fundamentalist leader illegally, and ordered him released. Sheik Hafex Salama, advocates imposing sharia, or Islamic law, in Egypt.

TELEVISION - NIGHTLY NEWS COVERAGE

For another evening, the major networks began their broadcasts with the baseball strike. The two main stories that followed were focused on the Shuttle Challenger and the situation in South Africa.

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סגרירות ישראל - וושינגטון

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מס' פנק... 129

מצפ"א. דא:מע"ת, לשי ממנכ"ל, סביר - לשי רה"מ

בקר רה"מ

התקשרו אלינו מה - NATIONAL PRESS CLUB להציע הופעת רה"מ אצלם
(בפורמט המקובל) במהלך ביקורו בווש'נגטון.

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ד.פ.ל. מתוך דפים

סווג בסחונני גלוי

דחיות רגיל

תאריך וז"ח. 07/55

מס' מברק

אלי

המסרד, בטחון

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ממנכ"ל, מצפ"א, מע"ח, רמ"ח קט"ח.

תדורן דובר מחמ"ד ליום 7.8.55

Q ... Bernie, do you have any reaction to the reaction of Israel to the statement you made and the similar one made in the White House about the Israel policy?

A MR. KALB: You're talking about the revival of various measures?

Q Yes.

MR. KALB: No, I do not have anything beyond what was said here the other day.

Q Did you expect this sort of reaction by the Israelis?

MR. KALB: I'm not going to enter into speculation.

Q Do you have anything at all on the hostage report, that they might be freed?

MR. KALB: No, nothing beyond what I said yesterday, that I had nothing by of confirmation and, obviously, we would look forward to the release of the American hostages and all others that are being held -- whether they're called "kidnappees or prisoners" or whatever, but by way of confirmation, I have nothing on that.

Q On Monday, the spokesman expressed regret and hope those measures would not be implemented. Is the US pursuing any kind of dialogue with the Israelis to stop the Israelis from doing so or persuade them not to do so?

MR. KALB: Nothing to add to that other than the fact that obviously the US government does makes its views known on a regular basis to the Israelis and beyond that, I have nothing to add.

Q Do you believe the meeting with the Israeli ambassador in the State Department today is related to this problem of the --

MR. KALB: Don't know. I have nothing on that. Robin?

Q Has the United States asked Egypt to release two Americans that have reported been arrested as part of a, quote, "Israeli spy ring?"

MR. KALB: I have nothing on that.

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Q Bernie, back to the Middle East, if I may. Do you have anything on the press report saying that Syria may be ready to release some or all the hostages still remaining in Lebanon?

MR. KALB: I think we took it up in a slightly different form seven minutes ago during the course of this briefing.

Q Do you have any comment on a meeting between Murphy and a Israeli representative at the United Nations and a report that his meeting with the Palestinian-Jordanian delegation is growing dimmer?

MR. KALB: Dimmer?

Q Yes.

MR. KALB: Yesterday you were asking me when it had been postponed. (Laughter.)

Q Today the Israelis are saying that after the meeting between Murphy and Israeli UN representative.

MR. KALB: I don't know. I have really nothing on that, but by way of possibly anticipating your question, I did see Ambassador Murphy here just a few minutes ago in the building.

Q Did he meet with the --

MR. KALB: And I said, "Hello," and he said, "Hi."

Q But can you confirm that he met with the Israeli UN representative?

MR. KALB: Wait a minute. I have a very substantial here. Jim.

Q Yes, what did he mean by that, do you think?

MR. KALB: Yes, back to you. (Laughter.) I have nothing on that.

Q Can you confirm that Murphy met with the Israeli UN representative?

MR. KALB: Why roll the dice on my part? Since I'm unaware of it, I could check that and see what we can get.

Q Do you have anything on the visit of Mr. Whitehead and Mr. Pelletreau to the Middle East?

MR. KALB: Nothing beyond what I offered yesterday and I think it was that we said he was in Israel. I don't have any precise geographical fact today.

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מס' פנק...

Q Do you have anything on the Arab Summit, in any sense, yet how that might affect the —

MR. KALB: Nothing other than some things that were offered here, I think it was, on Monday. Beyond that, I have nothing to say. John?

למנו

משרד החוץ - מחלקת הקשר

טופס מברק צפון

אל

ד 91 מתוך 3

סיווג בטחוני:

דחיות:

תאריך וזמן רישום 91445
מס. מברק 230

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אש"פ אמר זאת בגלוי: אין אש"פ מעוניין במו"מ עם ישראל, אין אש"פ רוצה ומעוניין בשלום עם ישראל, מה שאש"פ רוצה להשיג באמצעות המפגש עם מורפי זה סכרת ארה"ב באש"פ. לחדש זה ייחשב להישג גדול והם גם מחויבים לרעיון הסובייטי של ועידה בינלאומית, זו גם הסיבה בגללה תושך חוסיין ברעיון הועידה הבינלאומית. הוא מחויב לאש"פ, קיים פער גדול בין יעוד המפגש כמצטייר ע"י ארה"ב במביא למו"מ ישיר לבין הצטיירותו בעיני אש"פ: להוליד להכרה אמריקאית באש"פ, הדבר גורם לנו דאגה רבה. דאגה זו מתחזקת לאור העובדה שאש"פ עודנו ארגון טרור העוסק בטרור מעשה טבידת יום. שה"ח הזכיר מאמרו של תאלד אל חסאן הקורא להמשך הטאנק המזניין, באמצעי טרור, נגד ישראל.

מפגש עם אנשי אש"פ יקנה לגיטימציה לטרור הבינלאומי ויהיה לו אימפקט עצום על מעמד נציגיו. שה"ח הוסיף שיתכן וחוסין רוצה להשיג יציבות בירדן באפשרו נוכחות אשפ"ת מוגברת בירדן. אפשר וחוסין מאמין שהוא שולט באש"פ אך עם אנשי אש"פ בירדן לעולם אינך יכול לדעת כיצד הדבר ייגמר. שה"ח העיר כי אין אנו יודעים עמדתה הסופית של ארה"ב לגבי קיום המפגש, ברם אנו מודאגים ממה שעלול לקרות לתהליך השלום. אש"פ מהווה סכנה לשלום. בלי אש"פ, בלי טרור קל היה יותר להגיע לשלום. אש"פ מהווה מכשול לשלום.

וידעתד הגיב שהחלטת קשה על ארה"ב. ארה"ב קיבלה הבטחה מחוסין שאם המפגש עם המשלחת היירדנית פלשתינאית יתקיים יחדל אש"פ מהעיסוק בטרור, יכיר בישראל ויקבל החלטות מועב"ט 242 ו-338. ואם הבטחה זו תופסת כי אז המפגש המוצע סולל הדרך למו"מ ישיר. לענת חוסין אם ארה"ב תמאן להפגש עם המשלחת או תידחה קיומו לזמן ניכר כי אז תיפגע בתהליך שהוא מאמין ובטוח בו. מאידך אם ארה"ב תבוא למפגש ואש"פ לא יעמוד בהתחייבויותיו מה תהינה התוצאות? ככלכלך האמון על סקר וצמצום הסיכונים סבור וידעתד שהסכנות אינן כה חמורות. כיוון שאם אש"פ לא יעמוד בהתחייבויותיו תימצא ארה"ב כמי שנתנה לו הזדמנות, עשתה כל שביכולה, חוסין יכיר באכזבתו, ישראל לא תהיה מעורבת והם ונשלם בלי שתיגרם מבוכה רבתי. ומאידך טמון פוטנציאל גדול בסיכויים אש"פ חוסין ישיג את מה שהוא מבטיח לארה"ב שבכוחו לחלץ מאש"פ. ארה"ב עדיין מתמודדת עם רשימת המועמדים שהיא מאכזבת. מצאנו שני שמות כשירים (מברק טוען שיש שם שלישי כשיר, של אחד השותפים במצרים ולו דעות עמצאיות). מכל מקום ארה"ב איננה רוצה לעשות דבר מה שיפגע לרעה ועל כן ההחלטה כה קשה עליה.

שה"ח אמר כי זה נשמע כחלום - לראות אש"פ משתלב בתהליך השלום, ומסכים לשלום עם ישראל. שה"ח אמר שאם אש"פ מוכן למה שהוא לוחש על אזני חוסין, מדוע מנהיגיו אומרים היפוכם של דברים מדי יום, היינו שלא יחדלו מטרור ואף יתמידו בו, שלא יקבלו החלטות מועב"ט ולא יסכימו למו"מ ישיר. אם כה אז רצונם לשכנע ארה"ב להיוועד עמם עליהם לוטר כדברים האלה במוטבי. הם אינם יודעים זאת והסת"כ שזו עוד לגנדה ערבית. וידעתד אמר שארה"ב יודעת שחוסין מסתכן משהו בטענתו שיש לו הסכם עם אש"פ והבטחה ברוח זו. ברם לסלק הבטחותיו הצידה ולהתירם כלפיו שאין מאמינים לו, זה מעט קשה. שה"ח אמר כי אנו לא נוכל להשיא עצה לארה"ב ברם אנו בטוחים שכאשר ארה"ב מבטיחה שהיא לא תיפגש עם אש"פ היא תעמוד בהבטחתה.

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השולח: _____ אישור פנהל המחלקה: _____ אישור לשכת המגביל: _____

[לציון תאריך וזמן העברה לק...]

תאריך וזמן חיבור (ימולא ע"י השולח)

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

טופס מברק צפוי

דף 3 מתוך 3 דפים
סיווג בטחוני:

אל

דחיות:

תאריך וזמן רישום: 091445
מס. מברק: 230

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בניסוח העיר שחבל שהדיפלומטיה בימינו היא בזירה הפתוחה. עדיף היה לקיים מפגש פרטי (חשאי) ואז לראות מה קורה. אם לחיוב-להתקדם בתהליך ואם לאו- אז להיעצר. שהחל אחר שהנזק מן המפגש יוגרס ע"י עצם קיומו - גם אם אח"כ תסרב ארה"ב להמשיך במגעים. תוך הוצאת כבישולן ההידברות. ישראל מודאגת. אנו בטוחים שטיעוני חוסין אינם ריאליים. וייתכן הגיב שמכל מקום ארה"ב תיקח בחשבון עמדת ישראל שהיא כמובן גורם חשוב במיכלול. שה"ח העיר לניסוח שכאיש מן העסקים חזקה עליו שהוא יודע כי ניתן לבחון כוונתו, לגשש לסקור ולעמוד על טעמו ודעתו של קהל בטרם חחלטה. וייתכן הגיב. שארה"ב, בדקה את השטח ותחושתה שאם המפגש יתקיים יעמוד אש"פ בהבטחותיו. חוסיין חוזר ומבטיח שאש"פ יעמוד בהבטחותיו במפגש עם ארה"ב או מיד לאחריו. שה"ח אמר כי אנו רוצים מאד בשלום עם ירדן והשלום בר-השגה, זאת אם נתמיד בדרך ק.4 נוכל להגיע אל היעד. אך מעורבות אש"פ מציבה מכשול. בהקשר זה העיר שה"ח כי יש בידינו מידע על התארגנות טרור בסיני אך אין לנו בטחון ששלטונות מצרים מודעים לכך. גם משרד אש"פ בקהיר פוגע בתהליך. וייתכן שאל האם העלנו הסוגיה עם המצרים. שה"ח השיבו שעשינו זאת פעמים. מספר בשיחות עם חסן עלי. גם על סוגיות טאבה, ונורמליזציה דיברנו עם המצרים בהרחבה. אנו מוכנים להמשיך השיחות על כל נושאי המחלוקת אך איננו יכולים להסכים שפיתרון בעיה אחת יהיה תנאי מוקדם לפתרון כל הבעיות האחרות. לא תיתכן ההתנגדות: שתמונה טאבה יחזירו שגריר, או יחדשו הסחר או התיירות. צריך שיהיה שגריר מצרי בישראל מכח הסכם השלום והוא הדין לגבי סחר ותיירות. קבלת עמדת מצרים איננה יכולה להיות תנאי לכל הדברים האחרים. סחר יגידו ירושלים, מחרתיים רמת הגולן ואין לדבר גבול. לא יתכן שיתנו תנאים. השגריר המצרי הוחזר בעקבות סברת ושתילה ורק לאחר מכן הלבישו המצרים תנאי על תנאי להחזרתו. וייתכן הגיב כי הוא מבין רתיעת שה"ח (מההתנגדות המצרית) אך רצוי מאד מבחינת ישראל לראות בשיפור יחסי ישראל מצרים, באופן שלא תיגרס לישראל מבוכה ובלא שתוותר להתנגייה. שלום באיזור חשוב למדינות האזור ולארה"ב. שה"ח אמר שהוא מסכים בהחלט לקביעת זו. צריך לחזק הישגים השלום. צריך להמשיך ולטפח השלום אך לא נוכל לקבל מצב בו כל בעיה תלויה ועומדת הופכת תנאי לקידום השלום. אנו יכולים לעשות טאמץ לפתור בעיה אך לא לקושורו בנושאים נוספים. וייתכן פנה לשאול על המצב הכלכלי בארץ אמר כי בארה"ב יש תחושה שהצעדים אינם מתיישמים באותה נמרצות כפי שתוכננו. שה"ח עמד על מאטעינו להוריד רמת החיים, ההידברות עם ההסתדרות בציינו כי אנו עדים להתקדמות איטית ושאונו נחויים לגבי ביצוע התוכנית. זה התפקיד העיקרי של ממשלת האחדות הלאומית והצידוק לקיומה ונמשיך בדרך זו. זה יקח קצת זמן אך נתגבר על הקשיים. וייתכן סיפר שהמזכיר משוכנע שממשלת ישראל נקטה בצעדים כלכליים נכונים ואמיצים. שה"ח העלה עניין הכספיל שאנו מבקשים לו פתרון לפני שההסכם ייכנס לתוקפו. מטנכ"ל הסביר הנייר ששה"ח הגישו לוויטעהד (והמוברק בנפרד). וייתכן אמר כי אין באפשרותו להגיב מעבר לאמירה הכללית שלובי הקסטיל. שואף לחקיקה פרוטקציוניסטית בשל מצבו הקשה והלא ריווחי של הקסטיל. מאידך הממשל נאמן לעקרון הסחר החופשי. פיקרינג אמר שצריך יהיה לבדוק הניתן לפטור פרוטים מסויימים במסגרת האיסורים ביבוא. מטנכ"ל אמר כי אנו הראשונים לחתום על הסכם איזור סחר חופשי וסוביה זו קטורה לא רק בלשון ההסכם אלא גם ברוחו.

בנצור

השוח: איתן בנצור אישור מנהל המחלקה: אישור לשכת המנכ"ל: ח.י.

תאריך וזמן חיבור (ימולא ע"י השולח) 8 באוגוסט 1985

7.8.85


אל: ראה"ט

מאת: נמרוד

לקראת פגישתך עם John C. Whitehead

1. מחליפו של קנט דאס כסגנו של שולץ.
2. רואה עצמו כמכר ותיק -- אך לא ידיד קרוב -- של שולץ.
3. מבכירי מגייסי הכספים עבור מסעות הבחירות של רייגן.
4. בן 63; מולטימיליונר; שלשה ילדים (גילאי 14; 30; 32).
5. שרת בצי ארה"ב.
6. בוגר מנהל עסקים בהרוורד.
7. עיסוקו היחיד עד כה (למזן 1947) בחברת ההשקעות הידועה Goldman, Sachs & Co. בהנהגתו הגיעה החברה לריווחיות עצומה.
8. חבר בשלש קבוצות חשיבה בינלאומיות ידועות:
א. Council On Foreign Relations
ב. Trilateral Commission
ג. International Rescue Committee (העוסקת ברווחתם של פליטים).
9. דובר מחמ"ד רמז כי יהיה "עוזר על" לענייני המזה"ת (מעל מרפי).
10. שמרן, הרואה בברה"מ את האיום העיקרי ליציבות הגלובאלית תוך שמעביע על חולשותיה הפנימיות.
11. אופטימיסט לגבי עתיד המערכת הבינלאומית ומקום העולם החופשי בתוכה.
12. הוא שאישר אישית למשלחת ארה"ב בניירובי לפרוש מהועידה אם תעבור ההחלטה המשווה ציונות לגזענות.


נמרוד נוביק


DEPUTY SECRETARY OF STATE

JOHN C. WHITEHEAD

Mr. Whitehead was born in Evanston, Illinois on April 2, 1922. He graduated from Haverford College in 1943 with a B.A. degree in Economics. He served in the U.S. Navy during World War II.

After the war, Mr. Whitehead attended the Harvard Business School, receiving his MBA degree with distinction in 1947. He later received honorary doctorate degrees from Haverford College and Pace University.

Mr. Whitehead joined the firm of Goldman, Sachs, and Co., in 1947 as a junior statistician and has worked there ever since. He became a partner in 1956 and a senior partner and co-chairman in 1976. During that period Goldman Sachs developed into one of the world's foremost investment banking and brokerage firms. Mr. Whitehead stepped down as co-chairman and general partner of Goldman Sachs on November 30, 1984, but continued as a limited partner and chairman of the firm's international advisory board. Since that time he has devoted most of his time to activities in the non-profit sector.

Mr. Whitehead has served on the Boards of Directors of numerous companies. He has long been active in a variety of educational, civic, and charitable activities. He was formerly President of the International Rescue Committee, in which capacity he traveled widely around the world in the cause of political refugees. He remains a member of the Conference Board and the Council on Foreign Relations.

For many years, Mr. Whitehead has been active in Republic party political affairs. He is former co-chairman of the Republican National Finance Committee and has been an active fund raiser for local, state, and national candidates.

Mr. Whitehead was sworn in as Deputy Secretary of State on July 9, 1985.

10/10/20

DEPUTY ASSISTANT SECRETARY

ROBERT H. PELLETREAU, JR.

Ambassador Pelletreau was born in New York in 1935. He received his B.A. degree from Yale University in 1957 and a law degree from Harvard University in 1961. He served in the Navy during 1957-58 and as an associate in a law firm in 1961.

Since joining the State Department in 1962 Ambassador Pelletreau has served in Nouakchott, Amman, and Algiers. He was Deputy Chief of Mission in Damascus from 1975-1979 and Ambassador to Bahrain during 1979-80. He was Director for Arabian Peninsular Affairs from 1981-83 and has served as Deputy Assistant Secretary for Near Eastern Affairs since 1983.

AMBASSADOR WESLEY W. EGAN, JR.

Ambassador Egan was born in 1946 in Wisconsin. He received his B.A. degree in 1968 from the University of North Carolina and served in the Air Force from 1969-71.

Ambassador Egan has served previously in Durban and Lisbon. From 1975-77 he was Special Assistant in the Office of the Secretary of State. He has served as Deputy Chief of Mission in Lusaka and Ambassador to Guinea-Bissau.

Ambassador Egan now serves as Executive Assistant to the Deputy Secretary.

MR. DAVID A. WEISS

Mr. Weiss was born in 1953 in Washington, D.C. He received his B.A. degree from Hamilton College in 1975 and an M.S. from Georgetown University in 1978. From 1979-80 he was Special Assistant to the Director of the Peace Corps. Since joining the State Department in 1980 he has served in Port-au-Prince and in Washington.

Mr. Weiss is currently Special Assistant to the Deputy Secretary.

MS. RITA C. JOHNSON

Ms. Johnson was born in Pennsylvania in 1942. Before joining the State Department, she worked for the Marine Corps, the Office of the Special Representative for Trade Negotiations, and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

Ms. Johnson joined the Department of State in 1981. Since 1982, she has served as Staff Assistant to the Deputy Secretary of State.



THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL

המשנה למנהל הכללי

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White Travels

Mr. Whitehead "should do well as Deputy Secretary of State, although there's no necessarily be certain on-the-job training," said George W. Ball, who held the No. 3 post at the State Department for six years in the Kennedy and Johnson Administrations.

In dealing with international business matters, and in pursuit of his outside interests, Mr. Whitehead has traveled around the world. He is a member of the Council on Foreign Relations and the Trilateral Commission. He is also president of the International Rescue Committee, a major organization to promote the welfare of refugees, for which he has traveled to Hungary, Pakistan, the Sudan, Cambodia, Thailand and Vietnam. On Monday, he returned from visiting Vietnamese refugees in Hong Kong.

I've Got a Lot to Learn

Nevertheless, Mr. Whitehead acknowledged in an interview yesterday that much studying lies ahead for him. He declined to discuss foreign policy issues, saying: "I have a huge amount of reading to do, and I'll be spending as much time as I can in the next few weeks being briefed. I've got a lot to learn."

In the financial world, Mr. Whitehead has been among the most respected leaders. Until he stepped down in November, he had been co-chairman of Goldman, Sachs with John L. Weinberg. The two guided the firm to enormous profitability.

While hardly a maverick, Mr. Whitehead has been one of Wall Street's most outspoken leaders.

When he announced his retirement plans last August, he denied that he would take an Administration post if Mr. Reagan were re-elected. Yesterday, Mr. Whitehead said that Mr. Shultz called two weeks ago, and "when they came and twisted my arm, I guess I couldn't say no." He said he and the Secretary of State have "been acquainted with each other for quite a long time but never been close friends."

Mr. Whitehead, who has thick white hair, blue eyes and a trim build, has been among the most easygoing and approachable of Wall Street's executives, and in 1972 and 1973 he served as chairman of the Securities Industry Association. The post involves acting as the industry's spokesman before Congress and various Washington agencies.

Mr. Whitehead has been an avid supporter and fundraiser for President Reagan. In an article written for The New York Times last October, he gave a glimpse of his feelings for foreign affairs.

"It begins to appear," he wrote, "that the tide of Soviet power, the principal threat to stability in the world for many years, has begun to ebb. Beset by aging, unstable leadership, serious internal economic problems, an embarrassingly unsuccessful war in Afghanistan, and recurring rebellion within its own orbit, Russia has lost its appeal to third world nations and may now be slipping backward. Over time, these developments may permit some moderation in the increase of defense expenditures and lead to a more easily balanced budget."

Began as Statistician

John Cunningham Whitehead was born on April 2, 1923, in Evanston, Ill., and grew up in Montclair, N.J., the son of an electrical engineer for the Bell System.

After graduating from Haverford College in 1943 he entered the Navy, and after World War II he earned a master's degree from Harvard Business School. Scrapping plans to become an economics professor, he joined Goldman, Sachs as a statistician in 1947. He became a partner in 1966 and co-chairman in 1978.

The father of three children, ages 14, 30 and 32, he and his second wife, the former Jean W. Chartener, live in Manhattan and Essex Fells, N.J.

Mr. Whitehead, widely believed to be a multimillionaire, said he was not sure what financial arrangements he would have to make to take his new post, although he said he would resign from the numerous corporate boards on which he serves.

"That's mostly for legal reasons," he said, "but I expect there won't be time for outside activities."