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מדינת ישראל

משרד הממשלה

לשרת ראש הממשלה

משרד _____

לשם, מס

לשכת ראש הממשלה -

אברהם

5 | 1986 - 4 | 1986

המשק בתוקף מט' 2



שם: לשכת ראש הממשלה שמעון פרס - אר

א - 1 / 4383

מזהה פיזי: 43.4/3 - 8
מזהה לוגי: 270245 מס פריט: 25/08/2010
כתובת: 02-111-01-07-10

מחלקה _____

מיום
מס' חשבונית
מקורי, _____
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משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

מס' 1

דף 1

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סודי ביותר

מס' 12

עמ' 4

** מאל: המשרד, (ד): 534, מ: 1111

** פח: מ, סג: מ, תא: 210486, רח: 1600

הנהגת המסמך

סודי ביותר/מס' 1

מחבר

מאל: רהמ"ת תפוצת חרב

יהודי תימן

** דון גרג יועצו לבטחון לאומי של סגן הנשיא בוש מסר לו כי

** מרבקסת רהמ"ת העלו את שאלת יהודי תימן עם שליטי מדינה זו

** במקור סגן הנשיא לדברי שאהרהב בתימן יש כ-500-600 יהודים

** מפורזים. שר החוץ התיימן עמו שוחחו אמר, כי הדוברים לצאת

** יכולים לעשות כן ישירות לכל מדינה פרט לישראל, ורואה לדבר היא

** שישנם אחדים שנסעו לקהיר ומשם ודאי נסעו לישראל עם זאת לדעת

** שר החוץ, רוב היהודים שבתימן מרגישים בבית שם ולא ירצו

** לצאת, אך כאמור - יש דרך ליציאה ביקש מאד לשמור על דיסקרטיות

הנ"ל

ד"ר ב' נשטיין

** תפ: שהח, רהמ, מנכ"ל, ממנכ"ל

שגרירות ישראל - וושינגטון

ס ו ס ס
 דפוס.....מחור.....סמור
 סווג בטחוני מלידי
 דחיות מאי 9 1030
 מאריך וז"ח
 סס' סבר

אל: המשרד 229

63 + ניו-יורק

מחון 126

אל: מ/מנכ"ל. מנהל-מצפ"א
 דע: מנכ"ל בטחון. מזכ"צ לשהב"ט. לשכת רה"מ.
 רמשי"ן ונספח צה"ל (ניו-יורק)

בית הנבחרים: שיחת שהב"ט - אספין (7)
 לשלנו סט

יש לציין שמו של הציר בתחילת המשפט השני לסעיף ב(4) שהיה צריך לומר -
 "רובינשטיין הוסיף שבשיחה עם ארמיטג'...." וכו'.
 אנא.

א. ס. ס. ס
 למדן

ס ה ס ס ה ס ס ה ס ס ה ס ס ה ס ס ה ס ס ה ס
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מושרד החוץ-נוחלקת הקשר

מחור 2 9

מחור 2 1 עותק

סודי ביותר

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** 4. שהבט בסיוע מפה, הסביר כי הסודים מתרכזים בגורם המזרחי
** שבעיקר נודאי שאבה הסמוך לגבול היתה תקופה של פעילות
** שהינטנסיבית לרבות בניית סוללות נט', ואחר כך חזרה להמשך
** הפעילות 'נודמלי' ישנם 14 אהלים המגנים כנראה על עובדי
** הניצודים

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** 4. שהבט אמר כי באשר לביקור אסד בירדן טרם קבלנו מידע מיוחד,
** אך אין אנשינו סבורים כי חל שינוי. אסד כנראה מדוצה הקרע בין
** ערפאת למלך נראה אמיתי, ואסד המתין בטרם בא, כדי להיות נמוח
** שיש קפאון ומתיחות. לשאלת המגריד השיב מרפי כי אין להם דיווח
** מעבר לכך שהיו 2 פגישות עם עוזרים ולפחות אחת ב-4 עיניים. לדנו
** בעיות הניצבות מול העולם הערבי, אסד לא רצה שביקורו יהיה
** סמל לאתר ביקור מובחר, כי ציפה עד שיתחיל הדיכוי.

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** שהבט אמר כי אם לסכם את המצב, יש לראות כיצד נתקדם עם
** המצרים, שהוא הנושא היחיד הניתן להשגה עתה. באשר לירדנים, ניתן
** להגיע לשפי' ולחילוק האלמנטים הפרו-ירדנים באזורים, אך לא מעבר
** לכך. אם לא יהיה שינוי אצל המלך, אין שהבט יודע מה עלה בגורל
** הרעיון של שיחות בדרג נמוך. לשאלת מרפי אם תהליך בניית קשרים
** למלך באירופה הוא ענין ארוך, למשל 3 שנים, השיב שהבט כי אם
** יהיה למלך רצון לשפי' יתכן הדבר מהר יותר, כתנאי שהמלך יהיה
** מוכן לסייע לאלה שהוא ואנו מוכנים לתקם. המצב הכלכלי נעשה
** מסובך, ואם המלך יידע להשתמש ברשימות יבוא, חלוקת
** כסף, דרכונים (גם ברע') יוכל לעשות זאת בתמיכתנו, כתנאי שלא
** יתן קונצסיות לאנשים תומכי אשף. כרגע אין לו עתון שהוא פרו
** ירדני, 'אל קודס' של אבו זולוף, שהיה כל השנים שלו, נטש אותו
** וכתב בגנות נאומו בקשר לערפאת. ישנו גם האלאק, אך הוא אינו
** מקבל כסף מהירדנים ובמאוננו הוא שבוטן. לשאלת מרפי אם מוכן
** לחוסין להוציא כספים, אמר שהבט כי החל עתה לחשוב, עד לפני 6
** החודשים לא התיחס לכך.

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** 6. מרפי שאל האם היה במשך השנה האחרונה סיכוי לחוסין להביא
** את ערפאת. שהבט אמר כי הוא עצמו לא האמין בכך, ואולם המלך
** כנראה סבר שכן, כיון שהעריך כי ערפאת כה חלש עד שהמלך יוכל
** MANIPULATE אותו. הוא חשב שיוכל לפחות לקבל תשובות ברורות
** על 3 הדרישות, ביטול הסדר, קבלת 242 ו-338 והסכמה לגום עם
** ישראל. אחרת לא היה פעלה דרישות אלה מלבחתי'ה. מרפי אמר כי
** המלך נראה ממוסבל, ועד כה אין לו ענין ביצירת מגע מחודש עם

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מחור 2 9 עותק 1276

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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** ** נכנס

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דף 1 מתוך 3
עותק 7 מתוך 24 סודי ביותר

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**אל: המשרד, נר: 150, מ: ווש
**דח: מ, סג: מ, תא: 070586, זח: 1500

סודי ביותר/מייד

**אל: ממנכ"ל, /משה"ח, לשי' שה"ח, לשבת שהב"ט (בס' נר 64)
**דע: שה"ח / סן חורה (העבר)

פגישת שהב"ט - ויינברגר

**קדמה לפגישת המשלחות שיחה בפורום מצומצם בהשתתפות השגריר
**מצדנו וארמיטאג' נ' ואחר כך גם איקלה) מצד ארה"ב, שנמשכה 45
**דקות.

**פגישת המשלחות: מצד ארה"ב - ארמיטאג', פלטרן, וקהיים,
**אדמירל גיונס, גנרל מולרינג, ראד, סודארת, הייזר ועוד. מצדנו
**השגריר, הנספח, רמשי"ן, אלוף ירון, הלפרין, רגב, הבר, גלי
**והח"מ.

1. ויינברגר קידם בברכה את שהב"ט.
2. שהב"ט הודה הביע שמחה על ההודמנות להיפגש. ציין כי
**החלטת ארה"ב בענין לוב היתה אמיצה ונוצעה כהלכה בתחום
**הפוליטי, הכלכלי ועוד. יש לקוות כי ההחלטה בנגד לוב - הגם
**שאינה המדינה היחידה המעורבת בטרור - תהווה נקודת מפנה
**ביחסיה של לוב עם אחרים. תהיה לפעולה השפעה, אם גם לא פתרה
**את הבעיה. מבחינת ישראל העיקר הוא האיום הסורי, הצבאי
**והטרוריסטי. אנו מאמינים שהמתח גובר, סוריה מעורבת בטרור, יש
**צעדים מסויימת שלה בלבנון ואוירת דיבורי מלחמה. אנו נאבקים
**בטרור על בסיס יומי.

3. א. בעניינים בילטרליים אמר שהב"ט, בהמשך לדברים שנדונו
**בשיחה המצומצמת, כי לאחר קיצוצי גראם-דודמן-הוליןגס בסיוע
**הצבאי והכלכלי אנו מקווים כי הקונגרס יאשר 1.8 ביליון דולאר
**כסיוע צבאי לשנת 1987. ב- YSAP אושרו צורכי ישראל מבחינה

ב. כיוון שאין ביכולתנו לשנות את התקרה, היינו רוצים לראות

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משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

** 9419

** ** יצא

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סודי ביותר

מחנך 2 מתוך 7

עומק 4 מתוך 24

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מאל: משרד, נר: 127, מ: ווש
דח: מ, סג: מ, תא: 060986, רח: 2000

סודי ביותר/מיידי

מאל: מנכ"ל, ממנכ"ל, לשי שה"ח, מצפ"א
דע: לשי דוהמ', לשי שהב"מ

במחנך נר 52

פגישת שהב"מ - וייטהד

השתתפו מצד ארה"ב - ארמקוסט, מרפי, הוס, פלטרן, סודארט,
וסאתרפילד.
מציגונו - השגריר, מלכיר צבאי לשהב"מ, והח"מ מטה.

שהב"מ פתח בסקירת המצב הכללי באירופה ואמר:-

1. פעולת ארה"ב בלונדון מילאה תפקיד באוירה ובמדיניות באירופה,
העובדה שארה"ב פעלה צבאית וכלכלית נגד מדינה ערבית המעודדת
לטרור (אף כי אינה יחידה בכך) היא משמעותית. אנו מאמינים כי
הכל מצפים לראות אם פעולה אמיצה זו תביא תוצאות פרקטיות על
ידי צמצום מעורבות לונדון בטרור.

עוד כה אין אינדיקציות לכך. את ההחלטה הבסיסית להיאבק נגד
מדינה המסייעת לטרור אנו רואים כצעד חשוב העשוי להביא לשינוי
במדיניות לונדון ומדינות אחרות. באשר לטרור נגדנו, אתם מודעים
למידע בקשר לנסיון לפיצוץ מטוס אל על בלונדון, שהוא פעולה
סורית ברורה.

2. לאן פני סוריה. לאיזה כיוון תימשך מדיניותה. על ביקור
מאסד בירדן תדעו אתם יותר ואנו נדע יותר, מבחינתנו אנו רואים
את סוריה כמחלקת פעילותה לשלושה תחומים: א. טרור, ישנו מאמץ
ע"י סוריה להגדלת הטרור, ואולי הפכה גם היא יעד לטרור, סבלה
ממספר מקרי טרור שהיתה להם השפעה פנימית עצומה בסוריה.

3. לבנון. רצינו בצימצום הסיכון כלפי ישראל, ואולם, גם אחר

TOP SECRET DATE: 10/15/50 OFF: 100-100000

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-100000) FROM: SAC, PHOENIX (100-100000)

RE: [Illegible]

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, OCTOBER 15, 1950. [Illegible]

RE: [Illegible]

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, OCTOBER 15, 1950. [Illegible]

[Extremely faint and illegible body text, possibly containing a report or letter content.]

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
DISTRICT COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

IN RE: [Name], Debtor.
Case No. [Number]

Chapter 11 Reorganization Plan

Chapter 11 Reorganization Plan

Chapter 11 Reorganization Plan

CONFIDENTIAL

1955
JAN 10 1955

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR
SUBJECT: [Illegible]

1. [Illegible]

2. [Illegible]

3. [Illegible]

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

מתוך 7 דף 4
מתוך 24 עותק 4

סודי ביותר

א. אל-על בלונדון. לא היינו רוצים לקפוץ למסקנות סופיות, מערכת בתי המשפט הבריטית תעסוק בנושא, וכד לחכת בהחלטה סופית עד שיהיו מסקנות, ואין מקום למהר נ שהבייט אמר כאן שהובטח לבריטים כי לא נפרט את הפרטים, הבריטים מבקשים ממטלת מסוריה להסיר את חסינות שלושת הדיפלומטים.

ב. ביקור אסד אצל חוסיין. זהו מאורע משמעותי. נעקוב. ה. הביצורים הסורים; הדאגה מן האספקטים הוחללים של הפעילות הסורית מטרידה, ומרפי ביטא באוזני אסד. אנו חושבים שחשוב מאוד שאתם ואנו לא נגיב בתגובת יתר אך גם לא נדאה הדברים בסובלנות יתר. ו. תהליך השלום. מקווים שהפעולות החיוביות בשטחים יהיו לתועלת במישור ההומניטרי והפוליטי כאחד. מקווים למצוא דרך שהירדנים והאחרים יצטרפו לתהליך השלום.

ו. סיוע. כפי ואמרת, בגלל גראם-רודמן, אין תקווה שהקונגרס יאפשר הגדלת הסיוע לישראל או למישהו אחר. טוב שיהיו דרכים אחרות של ש"פ. באשר להצבעה מראש, ההשאלה והקרן לרכישות - לבל אלה הם נושאים בעלי ענין חיובי. עיקרם בפנטגון אך גם במתמיד, והם ראויים לשיקול. ז. PREPOSITIONING - על ישראל לחשוב בצורה רחבה יותר, לא דרך אחסנת ציוד, אלא גם שימוש ב- FACILITIES בסיסים אלטרנטיביים. היו לארה"ב קשיים עם בסיסים קיימים במקרים מומימים ושימוש אלטרנטיבי בבסיסים ישראליים יתכן. שהבייט השיב: לא תהיה בעיה מצידנו. ה- PREPOSITIONING הוזכר בגודם אחד, אך בכל מקרה שבו היה צורך בשימוש בשרותינו לא היתה בעיה בלשהי. איננו יודעים מה תרצה ארה"ב אך היחסים במערכת שיתוף הפעולה האסטרטגי מאפשרים זאת. במספר מקרים בשנה האחרונה נטנו בקשות בכל הרצון הטוב. אין בעיות. הבעיות יותר מצד ארה"ב. וייטהד: התמונה משתנה כל הזמן, וזה נושא שראוי לשיקול.

ח. השאלה: בעולם העסקים מוכרת החכרה כאלטרנטיבה למכירה נ שהבייט: כתוספת, אינני רואה מדוע אין זה ניתן. יתכן שיהיה ציוד שתוצו לחכור ויש לכך יתרונות מבחינתכם נ אם הוא מתישן שהוא שלנו - אני בעד.

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מושרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

מתוך 5 דף
מתוך 24 עותק 4

סודי ביותר

שהבייט: נפגש בנושא זה גם עם מזכיר הצי.

ארמקוסט: הדבר מייב שינוי החוק. שהבייט: החוק מניח הגבלות

מסויימות, מעל 5 אחוז מתוחלת החיים ותשלום. פלטרן: יש

בקונגרס גם חשש שלא תהיה בראת עקיפה של תהליך הסיוע הצבאי על

ידי ההשאלה, אך הדבר אינו חל כל כך על ישראל.

שהבייט: מקווה שנוכל להידבר עם הקונגרס על כך.

קרון SOAF. שהבייט הסביר את התהליך, ופלטרן השלים.

וייטהד: הדבר יאפשר לבעלות ברית שימוש במהירות. כנראה שהיתה

זו תגובה לטענות בעלות הברית לטענות על העדר ציוד לשימוש.

הקרן היא לציוד ותחמושת.

לשאלת וייטהד אמר פלטרן שהחקיקה אינה מתרכזת דק לנאטי'ו אלא

מעבר לכך, וניתן לחשוב על כך.

הוס נ משנה של הולמס באגף הפוליטי-צבאי) אמר כי הדבר שונה

מתיקון נאן - קרן למחקר ופיתוח, שהיא לנאטי'ו בלבד.

וייטהד: הוסיף כי לזו, בלקרן SOAF, יש פוטנציאל ואין

התנגדות לדיון בכך.

שהבייט: רוהמי ביקש שאשאל על הרעיון של הגדלת רכישות על

ידי כוחות ארה"ב באירופה - לסיוע לכלכלת ישראל. יש לנו עול

שחובות כבד בריבית גבוהה, והמדובר בחובות בעקבות פינוי סיני.

רוהמי העלה עם המזכיר וסגן מזכיר ההגנה.

פלטרן: דנים בכך, ויש בעיות רבות, אך מנסים למצוא אפשרויות

נוספות. הצעת רוהמי היתה קשורה ל- SET ASIDE מיוחד.

וייטהד: לגבי תחמושת שמיוצאת - האם אינכם יכולים לבנות פגזים

לשימושנו בצורה זולה יותר?

שהבייט: אנו וודאי יכולים.

פלטרן: ישראל יכולה, אך האם תעשה זאת לזל מהאירופאים? יש גם

שאלות של ייבסיס מוביליוציה'י פנימי שלנו שרוצים לשמור עליו.

שהבייט: ניתן למצוא דרכים. פלטרן: בודקים זאת.

ס. תהליך השלום. מרפי שאל: האם חוסיין, להערכת שהבייט, פגע

בעצמו בנאום הייפרידה'י מאשייף או במה שעשה אחר כך?

שהבייט: החלטתו היתה הנכונה בקשר ליחסים עם אשייף. פגשת

בפגישות שקטות 15 מנהיגים ערבים, רובם פרו-ירדנים. טיעונם:

TO : SAC, NEW YORK
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK

RE: [Illegible]

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מושרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

** **
** **
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** **

**
**

דף 6 מתוך 7

סודי ביותר

מתוך 24

עו"ת 4

** במשך שנה העלה המלך ציפיותינו בחנקו את ערפאת וביצירת רושם
** שמשהו משמעותי עומד להתחיל ואז בא השבא. נאום המלך היה סיפור
** ארוך בקטר ליחסי ירדן-אש"ף, יצר קפאון כללי בזה שאמר לאן
** נלך. פרקטית נשאדנו בחלל ריק. תמיכה במלך, בבקשה - אך מה
** מדיניותו? היינו רוצים תנועה כלשהי, אנו האנשים הדו צים
** שינוי. כלומר, מצד אחד הועלו הציפיות במשך מעל לשנה בהסכם
** לפברואר 1985, דובר על ועדות מעורבות והוצרכו סניורה ואבו
** רהמה - אך לפתע קפאון ואין שום דרך. המלך לא הבין גם את
** האיום הטרור, נ מקרה נאסר אל-מצרי, גם אם לא ערפאת אלא חוש
** אחראי, כלומר הערבים הללו אומרים: "עלינו לסכן חייו, בלי"
** לדעת מה אנו בעד שיפור איכות החיים, מוכנים לקבל יותר
** אחריות, ערביזציה של המינהל האזרחי, אך אל תייחסו לכך
** בקוננוציה פוליטית. אם מציעים לנו לנהל משהו במקום ישראל -
** בבקשה, אך אם משמעות הדבר שינוי פוליטי - לאוטונומיה, או כל
** שם אחר, לא ניתן להצטרף בלי שנקבל ברכת הערבים האחרים."
** כלומר, אפשרי ש"פ" במסגרת הקיימת, בלי משמעות פוליטית לגבי
** המצב הקיים ושינוי בו. ישראל, הוסיף שהבי"ט, מוכנה לכך, אך
** אם יש סכנה של טרור, לא נרשה זאת. התגובה המיידית של המלך
** היתה של כעס, הבין שנכשל, הפסיק לשלם משכורות מסוימות (משלם
** בד"כ ל-5000 איש ביו"ש משכורת מלבד מה שמקבלים מהמינהל).
** עכשיו רואים שינוי. חוסיין מתפש דרכים לחירוק האלמנטים
** הפרו-ירדנים ואנו נשמח לשתף פעולה עם אלה. מוכנים למשל כי
** יפתחו אטרדים לחברי פרלמנט ירדני. אנו מוכנים לסייע בייצוא,
** הפחתת אגרות (בתשונה לשאלה): הופלשת ינאים אינם מצפים
** שחוסיין ינקוט צעד בלי ש"פ" של אש"ף או סודיה.
** ל. לבקשת מרפי הזכיר וייטהד את יוניפיל, שארה"ב חוששת
** שיתמוסס. שהבי"ט אמר כי פגש את גולדינג מהאוי"ם ביום שישי
** לפני שלושה חודשים הציע לו להציע על דעתנו לברי שאם יהיה שקט
** בלתיקופה מסוימת כוחות ישראל ייסוגו. אנו איננו מעוניינים
** באדמת לבנון כלל, אך יש צורך בשליטה בשטח, ויוניפיל אינו
** יכול. גולדינג הלך לברי אך המצב באמל היה שניר, וברי דחה.
** ג'ומייל ביקש שאנו נתחייב להיסוג ואם יקרה משהו תוך שישה
** חודשים - נחזור. ואולם ג'ומייל לא יכול היה להידבר עם ברי,
** ולא יצא דבר. על יוניפיל אמר גולדינג עתה שהיו שתי הפתעות
** בהצבעה. מחד גיטא התמיכה החיונית של הסובייטים ומאידך גיטה
** שהגישה השלילית הצרפתית. כרגע יש שלושה חודשים ואם ישראל לא
** תתחייב לתמיכה, לדבריו יהיה קשה להאריך המנדט. שהבי"ט שאמר:
** אם בידי הבחירה בין אי קיום יוניפיל לבין ביטול איזור הבטחון

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שגרירות ישראל - וושינגטון

ס ו ס
ד... מתור... דפים
סווג בשחוני שמור
דחיסות... רגיל
מאריך וזיחה מאי 7 1300
מס' מברק

158

המשרד

אל:

+ ניו-יורק

41

אל: מ/מנכ"ל. מצפ"א.

דע: נספח צה"ל. רמשי"ן (ניו-יורק)

מזכ"צ לשהב"ט, כאן

שיחת שהב"ט - הארט (6.5)

1) אתמול (6) נפגש שר השטחון למשך כחצי שעה עם הסנטור גארי הארט (דמי מקולורדו, מתמודד על מועמדות מפלגתו לנשיאות ב-1988). נכחו עוזרתו על הארט לענייני חוץ ובטחון, די"ר ג'אן בולן; ומצדנו השגריר, הציר, נספח צה"ל, הנספח המיועד, הרמשי"ן, המזכ"צ, יועץ השר לענייני תקשורת, קצין ניהול בנספחות, וקצין הקיסור לקונגרס.

2) תוכן השיחה כתוכן השיחה עם וורנר ונאן שהתקיימה מייד לפני כן (ראו נא שלנו 19), כאשר הנושאים העיקריים בדברי המבוא של השר היו: הטרור הבינ"ל, פעולת ארה"ב נגד לוב, חלקה של סוריה בנסיון הפיגוע נגד מטוס "אל-על" בלונדון, ההשלכות לגבינו של מעורבות סוריה^{7/10} בתהליך השלום, מדיניותנו בשטחים, מצבנו הכלכלי ומאמצינו לאתר מקורות מימון חדשים בארה"ב במוך המסגרות התקציביות הקיימות (ראו נא דיווח בנפרד על ההתייחסויות לתיקוני נאן וקווייל).

3) בתשובה לשאלות הארט, אמר השר:

- א. כל שליט שיבוא במקום קדאפי לא יכול להיות גרוע ממנו.
- ב. קשה מאד לשירותים מודיעיניים לחדור - ולחדור עמוק - לתוך ארגוני טרור.
- ג. מבחינתנו מוטב שלא תהיה הכרעה במלחמת המפרץ.
- ד. זו אשלייה לחשוב שנוכל לצפות ל"יחסים יותר טובים" (כדברי הארט) עם עיראק. צדאם חוסיין היה גדול אויבינו לפני 1979 והוא עדיין יכול להתחרות עם חומיינו בתחום זה. אבו נידאל עדיין שומר קשרים עם עיראק.
- ה. מאמצי מצרים למנוע טרור הצליחו עד כה. במידה מסוימת המשך הצלחה זו וכן היציבות במצרים תלויים במצב הכלכלי שם, שאינו בכי טוב.
- ו. שיתוף הפעולה האסטרטגי בינינו וארה"ב פועל טוב.
- ז. אין כל סימן של שינוי במדיניות הסובייטים במזה"ת; הם מוסיפים לתמוך בגורמים הרדיקאליים והמלחמתיים באיזור.
- ח. מוטב שארה"ב לא תרים פרופיל פעולתה בתהליך השלום טרם תוכשר הקרקע היטב. ניתן לקדם את התהליך רק לאחר שהעבריים יבינו שארה"ב מחוייבת (IS COMMITTED)

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ס ו ס ס ו ס

ד... 2... מתוך 2... דפים

סווג בסחונני

דחיות

מאריך וז"ח

מס' סדר

22

156 - א
41 - ב

אל:

לא רק לשלום אלא גם לישראל. מעשית ירדן היא המדינה הערבית היחידה שיכולה להצטרף לתהליך השלום. סוריה עויינת; ואילו לבנון מצויה תחת שליטת סוריה.

4) השר סרב להעיר על ההשלכות האפשריות לגבי ישראל של הבחירות הכלליות שתתקיימנה השנה בארה"ב. "היחסים עם ישראל צריכים להיות מושחתים על יסוד מדיניות דו-מפלגתית".
5) הארט הביע צער שביקורו המתוכנן בישראל (בראשית אפריל) בוטל ברגע האחרון. לדבריו, הרשויות כאן דיברו בשני קולות: מאחורי הקלעים ייעצו לו לא לנסוע ואף אסרו על השימוש במטוס שהועמד לרשותו, בעוד שבפומבי טענו שלא ניסו להניעו מלנסוע. מוקד הביקור אמור היה להיות בנושאים בטחוניים, והוא מצפה לחידוש התכנית ויציאת הביקור לפועל בתחילת הקיץ. השר עודדו לבקר אצלנו בכל שעה שנוח לו.

למדן
3/10/71

ס ו י ס

97... 2. מחור. 3. דפים

100 בשחוני

דחיות

מאריך וז"ח

מס' פנק

$\frac{2}{3}$	י	ג	מ
36	49	119	

בלי טרור קיים איום מלחמה מסוריה. לא נעלם מאתנו הביקור האחרון בסוריה של משלחת סובייטית רמה דרג.

5) וורנר ביקש לדעת עמדתנו בנושא עיסקת הטילים עם סעודיה. השר ציין שמדיניותנו בדבר מכירות נשק למדינות ערב שהן במצב של מלחמה עמנו ידועה ו- LONG-STANDING. הסביר מדוע כל ממסלקישראל, אין לה ברירה אלא להתנגד למכירות אלה, והעיד שחורף התנגדותנו בוצעו בעבר מכירות נשק אמריקאי למדינות ערב. וורנר המשיך ושאל לדעתנו לגבי הטיעון לפיו מוטב שארה"ב (במקום מדינות אחרות) תמכור את הנשק ע"מ לשמור על מידה מסוימת של בקרה על הנשק. בתשובה אמר השר שמדיניות ישראל מכוונת נגד כל המדינות המבקשות למכור נשק לארצות ערב - והראייה לכך: נטיית רפ"ג לא מזמן למכור נשק לסעודים ושיחות השר עם שרים רפ"גים בנדון, שהחליטו לדבוק במדיניותם לא למכור נשק לאזור.

6) מכאן עבר וורנר למלחמת איראן-עיראק. והשר העיר שדווקא בעניין זה ישראל וסעודיה חמימי דעים. נוח לשנינו שגם עיראק וגם איראן "Will bleed each other to death". לשאלת וורנר, השר הביע דעתו שמוקדם מדי להעריך אם היו שינויים משמעותיים במלחמה זו במשך 90 (תשעים) הימים האחרונים.

7) נאן שאל באם ישראל נייטרלית לחלוטין במלחמת המפרץ. השר הבין את הרמז ל"פרשה ברמודה" וענה תוך התייחסות לסיפור על האיש שביקש למכור את גשר ברוקלין. הוא תיאר גם את ההסדרים המיוחדים המאפשרים לישראלים וביניהם קצינים בכירים במילואים לעסוק במכירת נשק, ואף ציין שניתן לתבוע לדין את הישראלים המעורבים בפרשה זו בישראל, כי *כאלו* חופר החוק שלנו.

8) לאחר שיהה קצרה בתשובה לשאלות נאן בעניין הרוטציה ועל המצב הכלכלי בישראל, הצביע השר על המעמסה על תקציב הבטחון שלנו בשל הקיצוצים *א* שמחבטאים בצמצומים בצה"ל, בכל החיילות. לא זו בלבד שסבלנו כמו כולם מחוס ג"ר, אלא גם לא התקבלה בממשל המלצת הקבוצה המשותפת לתכנון צבאי להוסיף לישראל סיוע צבאי בסך של 1.89 בליון. כעת אנו מחפשים דרכים למלא את החסר אך אנו מציאותיים ואין אנו מדברים על חריגות מהצעות הממשל עם זאת, אנו סבורים שבהתחשב ביחסים המיוחדים בינינו, *רשאית* ישראל לזכות לטיפול דומה למדינות שנהנות מדרכים אלטרנטיביות בתוך המסגרות הקיימות בארה"ב להקטין את נטל הבטחון ועלותו. למשל, לבקשת הימיה אנו נושאים ונותנים על השאלת טייסת שנייה של כפירים, בלא תמורה. פתחנו בשיחות כדי לברוק את האפשרות של השאלה כזו על יסוד הדדי, ועל בסיס "אחד לאחד" - לדוגמא, מסוק אמריקאי בעד מטוס ישראלי - אם כי ברור

ס...ד...
 ד...ד...
 ס...ד...
 ד...ד...
 ס...ד...
 ד...ד...

א' 119
 ק"ט 49
 נ' 36
 3

שקיימות בעיות בחוק האמריקאי. כ"כ אנו מעיינים באפשרות של שימוש בכספי special defence acquisition fund, שבחלקם הגדול נוגעים להוצאות חד-פעמיות (non-recurring costs). מובן שנושא זה פרובלמטי אף הוא, ואין אנו רוצים בעימות עם הפנטגון. בכל זאת, הזכרנו נושא זה בשיחה עם ווייטהד והוא מוכן להעלותו עם וויינברגר.

8) מכאן עברה השיחה לנושא תיקון נאן והחלתו על ישראל - ראו נא דיווח בנספד.

9) וורנר בירך על חתימתנו על מזכר ההבנה בדבר ה- SDI, והשר ציין-כתחומים להם נוכל לתרום - טילים בליסטיים, טילי שיט, וה- RAIL GUN, הוסיף שנשמח לתרום לכל תחום שהממשל יבקש ויציע לנו.

10) בתום השיחה הוזכר קצרות נושא האיחסון מראש (PRE-POSITIONING). השר העיר שהנושא מסווג מאד והביע צער שהיו הדלפות בנדון בחקשורת. ככל הנראה נאן כבר קיבל תידרון מהממשל בנושא, אך לא וורנר. שניהם הביעו תבנה לעניין.

3
 למדן

אל: מ/מנכ"ל. מצפ"א.
דע: לשכת מנכ"ל בטחון. לשכת רה"מ.
נספח צה"ל. רמט"ן (ניו-יורק)
תא"ל חגי רגב, כאן

שיחת שהבי"ט - אנשי איפא"ק (5.5)

(1) השתתפו:

- (א) מטעם איפא"ק - טום דיין, דאג בלומפילד, סטיב רוזן, ומרטין אינדיק.
- (ב) מצדנו - שר הבטחון, השגריר, הציר, ציר כלכלי, נספח צה"ל המיועד, יועץ השר לענייני תקשורת, וקצין הקישור לקונגרס.

(2) בתשובה לשאלת הפתיחה של דיין אודות הנושאים המרכזיים המעסיקים את שר הבטחון בביקורו זה, השיב השר שהמיקוד בענייני בטחון ("הואיל ומציאות פוליטיות אינן באופק").
אנו מתרכזים על יעדים שהם ברי השגה וביצוע חוץ הכרה באילוצים ובהגבלות, בעיקר התקציביות, הקיימות עקב חוק ג"ר, ומתוך תקווה שהקונגרס לא יקטין בקשת הממשל בדבר הסיוע לישראל. באשר לעתיד לבוא, היות וברור שלא הממשל ולא הקונגרס יגדילו את ההקצבות בסעיפים השונים בתקציב, עלינו לחפש מקורות מימון חדשים במסגרת ה"תיקרות" הקיימות.
בהקשר זה יש לציין:

- (א) משרד הבטחון ומחמ"ד, וכ"כ אנו, מעוניינים בדבר האיחסון מראש (PREPOSITIONING) . אין אנו נותנים פומבי לנושא זה ואין לנו עניין בכך. סכומים מסויימים נכללים כבר בהצעת התקציב למשרד ההגנה והאמריקאים- ולא אנחנו - עושים להעברתם. רצוננו שאתם (איפא"ק) תדעו על ענייננו בקבלת סכומים אלה ללא קיצוצים, אך אין ברצוננו שתפעלו בכיוון זה. אין אנו רוצים למשוך תשומת לב, בייחוד משום שישראל תוכל להשתמש בצידוד המאוכסן בשעת הצורך, ועל פי רוב המלאכה תיעשה ע"י הממשל-לאו דווקא ברבים, אלא באופן דיסקרטי באמצעות וועדות המשנה. מדובר בהשקעה בישראל של כ-60 עד 70 מליון דולר מדי שנה לבינוי צבאי ולאחסון החל ב-1987 - ואין זה דבר של מה בכך.
- (ב) קיימים משאבים כספיים העומדים לרשות הממשל שאינם דורשים הרשאת הקונגרס. נחתור לשימוש בחלק מכספים אלה (הערה: השר לא פירט, אך ככל הנראה התכוון לקרן ה- SPECIAL DEFENCE ACQUISITION FUND).

ההערה 2
ההערה 3
ההערה 1
ההערה 3
ההערה 1
ההערה 1
ההערה 4
ההערה 1

ס 278 0010
ד... 2... מחוץ... 3... דפים
סוג בטחוני
דחיות
מאריך וז"ח
ספי מברק

104 - 4
2 - 1

מל:

- (ג) כייכ יש לפעול לשם החלת תיקוני הסנטורים נאן וקווייל על ישראל. (הערה: תיקונים אלה התקבלו אשתקד בחוק כספי משרד הבטחון והם נוגעים למו"פ משותף ולייצור ציוד צבאי עם מדינות נאט"ו). בשיחת השר במחמ"ד, העלה נושא 25 והצביע על חוסר העקביות בתיקונים אלה ואחרים שלפעמים כוללים יפן ומדינות אחרות, אך לא ישראל. השר משוכנע שישנם פרוייקטים רבים שניתן לבצעם במשותף, ואם כי קיים איסור בשימוש בכספי הסיוע הצבאי לצורך זה, נהיה מוכנים לתרום למימון פרוייקטים בהם יש לנו (ישראל וארה"ב) עניין משותף.
- (3) בנוסף, אנו משאילים לארה"ב 12 כפירים, חינם אין כסף. נשאלת השאלה למה לא תוכל ארה"ב להשאיל לישראל ציודים מסויימים על בסיס זהה. הוראות החוק האמריקאי קובעות אמנם שאין לחכור ציוד בלא תמורה וטרם עברו עליו שלושת רבעי "חיי"ו". בכל זאת בכוונתנו לנסות, יחד עם הממשל, לזהות פריטים וציודים אפשריים שניתן יהיה לקבל בהשאלה, לאחר תיקון החוק אם נחוץ. לעת עתה אין זה נושא לטיפולו של איפא"ק.
- (4) בחשובה בלומפילד אמר השר שבשיחותיו נתקל בתגובה חיובית לרעיונות אלה ובייחוד לגישה הבסיסית לפיה יש לחפש מקורות מימון חדשים בתוך המסגרות הקיימות.
- (5) סטיב רוזן שאל אם נשקל האחסון מראש של דלק, ובמיוחד דלק למטוסים. השר פסל רעיון זה. לדבריו, בכל הנוגע לאיחסון מראש, אנו מתייחסים לצרכים המבצעיים של ארה"ב, במונחים אמריקאים. מלאי הדלק המאוכסנים בישראל גדולים מאלה בארה"ב, ואין צורך להרחיבם.
- (6) הציר הכלכלי תהה לגבי האפשרות לזכות בויתור על "הוצעות חד - פעמיות" (NON-RECURRING COSTS). השר מעריך שפעולה בכיוון זה תביא לעימות עם הקונגרס ושלא נשיג וויתור כזה. מוטב לבדוק באיזו מידה הקונגרס מוכן להשוות את מעמדנו לזה של מדינות נאט"ו. מאחר והקונגרס המציא תיקוני נאן וקווייל - עדיף שהם יהיו המבחן וקנה המידה.
- (7) סטיב רוזן התעניין בעמדות סוריה ובסכנת המלחמה מצידה. בגלל אילוצי הזמן השר לא השיב לשאלה זו.
- (8) בלומפילד הזכיר את עניין האוואקס: האם מתבקשת פעולה לדחיית מסירתם, לבלימת מכירתם או שמא יש להתעלם ממימוש העיסקה?
תשובת השר: מדיניות ישראל בנושא מכירות נשק הינה LONG-STANDING וידועה.
אין בדעתו לדון בטקטיקה.

ס. נ. ס. ס. נ. ס. ס. נ. ס.
 ד. ר. 3... מחון... 3... ד. פ. י. ס.
 סווג בסחוני
 דחיסות
 מאריך וזייה
 סיסטמי מסי מברי

104 - א
 2 - ג

9) בסיכומו את הישיבה הדגיש מר רבין שהוא, כשר הבטחון, מעוניין ב"תכלית". העיקר הוא הגברת כוחנו ויכולתנו בתחומי אמצעי לחימה ובחומרה צבאית. הדרך חייבת להיות עידוד וטיפוח נכונות בקונגרס להשוות ישראל לנאט"ו בענייני בטחון והגנה. לשם כך תיקוני נאן וקווייל הם הם המבחן.

10) סטיב רוזן בקש לדעת עמדנו לגבי ברית הגנה עם ארה"ב, והשר טען שהרעיון אינו אקטואלי או מעשי. משהעיר רוזן שלפני שנתיים איש לא היה מעלה על דעתו שיבוא יום וישראל תחתום על הסכם SDI עם ארה"ב, חזר ואמר השר ששאלת ברית הגנה עם ארה"ב אינה קיימת, בראש ובראשונה כיוון שבירת כזו תביך את ארה"ב בפני מדינות ערב. השגריר עמד על המגבלות שתטיל ברית הגנה על חופש פעולתנו לו נכרתה. השר הפטיר בהפצירו באנשי איפא"ק לא לעסוק ב"שאלות פילוסופיות" אלא לכוון את מאמציהם להשגת הוצאות מעשיות ומוחשיות לטובת העניין.

מ. נ. ס. נ. ס.
 למדן

אלו ווש, נרו: 127, מ: המשרד
 דח: ר, סג: ס, תא: 050586, וח: 1700

טודי/רגיל

לשגריר, לציר, אבידן.

במ'ר - מצרים.

מנכ"ל הכמ"ר הודיע שהמצרים לא עמדו בהתחייבות ולא הכינו
 למועד שנקבע (פברואר 1986) את מכתבי האשראי. כתוצאה מכך גם
 לא היו בחשבונם הסכומים שנועדו למשיבה עפ"י לוח התשלומים -
 3 מיליון דולר ב- 1/4 ו- 2 מיליון ב- 1/5. תשלומים אלו
 בוצעו במועד ע"י ארה"ב וישראל כך שבינתיים לא נשקפת סכנה
 לניהול המבצעי של הכמ"ר.

מנהלת הכמ"ר ברומא ניהלה מגעים עם דרגים שונים במצרים
 להסדרת הנושא. עד עתה ללא הצלחה. אגב, זו פעם ראשונה שמצרים
 לא עמדה בהתחייבות.

לא ברור אם התקלה בספירת בלבד או קשורה לאותה שמועה כאילו
 נכונה מצרים להחליף הכמ"ר באו"ם. מאידך, וכורה הטובה
 שהמצרים מתכוונים לפנות לגרמנים, יפנים ואוסטרלים להשתתף
 בהוצאות הנ"ל לידיעתכם בלבד בשלב זה.
 מצפ"א - מצרים.

ע/ו.

חפי שהח, דהמ, שהבט, מנכל, ממנכל, ר/מרכז, דס, אמן, סייבל, מצפא,
 ממד, קידד, מצרים, שיאון

0810 0000

ד...?...מחזור...דמי

אל:

סוג בשמוני

דמי

מדינת

מדינת

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לאיראן. נושא התודעה הדתית אצל מוסלמי ברה"מ נמצא במעקב אצל הגורמים כאן, בעיקר בפנטגון העוקבים אחר הנושא ואחד הסימולוגרפים לכך הוא ריבוי השידורים לרפובליקות במרכז אסיה בסוגייה.

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3. אפגניסטאן, האפסטרום העוקב אחר המתרחש שם בעיקר סביב העלמו הציבורי של בבראק קארמל (הסיחה החקיימה ב-2/5 טרם שנודע על הירי) בדעה שאכן סר היגו של השליט האפגני בעיני מוסקבה ואת מקום האיש שלה בקאבול תופס יותר ויותר נה"מ, אם כי אין זה הכרח שהוא אטר יתפוס מקומו. האפסטרום מסביר זאת משתי עבות: (א) שביעות רצון הולכת וגוברת מתפקוד הנשיא בכל הקשור בגיבוש המיכה אפגנית ברה"מ, בעיקר בקרב הציבור, אינטלגנציה, האורבני שהיווה משקל נגד להתנגדות מצד בני הכפרים. (ב) היכוכים רציניים עם הפיקוד הצבאי הסובייטי באפגניסטאן בעיקר עם המפקד העליון של הכוחות הסובייטים שם. האיזן, חילופי גברי בצורת השלטון בקאבול העיד על החומרה בה רואים הסובייטים עיחסים עם השליט הנומינלי, שכן אחרת אין להם ענין להפנות השומת תלב הבינ"ל למצוקותיה באפגניסטאן. האפסטרום אף מעיר שסוגייה זו מהווה את אחת הבעיות האזוריות

המקבלת עדיפות במדיניות החוץ של ברה"מ.

4. עיראק - איראן. במתקפת האיראנית בשבוע שעבר על טהרת "משמרות המהפכה", בצורת ראש חץ מתפצל מפאז-לכיוון אום אלקחור ומפאז לעבר בצרה, נפתחה ביום הולדתו, ע"פ הנהייתו של חומייני, של צדאם חוסין מעין מתנה לרגל המאורע ונועדו להקדים יוזמה עיראקית שהאיראנים העריכו שעומדת להתבצע. היו ידיעות בכיוון שהאיראנים מתכננים "מתקפת קיץ" אך לא ידוע האם אכן זוהי הוקדמה בשל המאריך הנ"ל או שמא זוהי פעולת הסחה בלבד. ממה שידוע להתאפסטרום לא ברור מצבו של הכח שנע לעבר אום קצר אך הכח שפניו לעבר בצרה אכן התקדם. האיראנים בצליחו, ע"פ מה שנמסר, להשמיד את מרבית דיבי 82 אחת ממרכיבי הכח העיראקי המופס גזרה זו. האפסטרום אמנם הדגיש שעדיין אין לראות בכך פריצת דרך משמעותית אך היא מוסיפה ללחצים הרבים בהם נתון המשטר העיראקי שע"פ דיווחי השגרירות השבדית שם למשיך להיות מטופל בנושא ירידת המוראל ומאמץ לנטילת היוזמה מידי איראן. סיפר ששיין אלאטלאם מגיע לסטוקהולם ב-5.5 לביקור בן יומיים ע"פ הזמנת עמיתו השבדי לארסן, (מקבילו של ארמקוסט כאן) שביקר לא מכבר בטהראן. השבדים ישתדלו להציל דברים מפיו ולהתעדכן על הכוונות האיראניות. בהקשר זה סיפר שהאיראנים עצרו בשבוע שעבר לראשונה אגיה סובייטית שהובילה נשק - החמושת וטריון קל - עבור עיראק דרך כוונת. צוות איראני עלה על סיפונה אך הרשה להמשיך בדרכה מבלי שיגורר אותה לנמל איראני - כנהוג.

אלי אבידן
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אל:

2/2 86

0 8 1 0
 0 7 2 0
 ד...מ...ד...
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 ד...
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2) רומניה. הנושא המזא"רי ה"בווער" ביותר כאן. בשבוע הבא - 15/5 - עומדת ליפול החלטה בעניין ה-MFN, יותר נכון טיב המלצת המזכיר לנשיא קה"י להודיע עמדתו לקונגרס עד ה-3/6/86. קושל הדגיש שכל האופציות עדיין פתוחות והנושא ידון מיד עם שובם של המזכיר ורוזאן ריזג'ווי (השוהה עמו בטוקיו, אך לא הצטרף למסע באסיה). גורם חשוב נוסף שישתתף בין השאר בקביעת החלטה, הוא מילט רוזנטל המשמש כיו"ר הועדה המשותפת לענייני כלכלה והקשור בעסקיו לרומניה מזה שנים רבות. החחושה של קושל אינה מעודדת במיוחד. צאוושקו ממשיך להפגין נוקשות בכל הנושאים העומדים על הפרק, אם כי בנושא ההגירה מסמך קו רומני מתון יותר אך כי הוא לא נחבטא במספרים אבסולוטיים של מספר היוצאים. אדרבא, את ביטול ביקור מקהלת הילדים, רואים כאן כמעשה חמור בלתי מובן הפוגע בסיכויי רומניה להשיג תדמית נוחה יותר כאן. קושל מציין שבכך הפסידו הרומנים דעת קהל שהמקולה יכלה לרכוש לרומניה ללא מאמץ ניכר והרבה יותר זול מאשר שכירת לוביסטים. כמובן שאין מקבלים כאן את התרוץ הרומני של קשיים כספיים וברור שההחלטה היא במישור הפוליטי. הביטול בא בזמן גרוה ומנע "החמושת חיובית" בידי אלה המצדדים בהמשך הסטטוס המועדף. באמור, השבוע הבא יהיה קריטי. קושל ביקשר שנעמוד בקשר שכן לשתי המדינות, ישראל וכמובן ארה"ב, יש נגיעה לנושא. הבטיח להעמידנו מיד על כיוון ההתפתחויות.

3) יוגוסלביה ופרשת וולדהיים (חברק מצפ"א 443 מ-14/4). הנושא לא נדון בין וושינגטון ובלגרד, פרט לכך שהיוגוסלבים הודיעו בצורה עקיפה שה"טאבו" שחל עליהם בנושא בעקבות ההחלטה שקיבל טיטו, עדיין בתוקפה, ואין להם עניין לשנותה. כמובן לא פרשו ולאמריקאים גם אין מידע במה בדיוק מדובר. הודה שאיננו קונה ביוק ההסבר המקובל הנוגע לאינטרס היוג' שלא לקלקל היחסים עם אוסטריה, עמה קיימת מערכת יחסים הדוקה. קושל הדגיש שארה"ב תעמוד בפני דילמה לא פשוטה היה ו-וולדהיים ייבחר, וההנחה היא שע"מ שארה"ב תקבל החלטה דרסטית היא זקוקה לחומר מרשיע. טכנע מזה שבידיה, אם כי מוסרית לפחות האיש "מוכתם". (שאל לעמדתנו וציטטתי מברק מע"ת בנידון). בסוף השיתה חזר קושל לנושא הרומני וביקש שבשאר בקשר פתוח לקראת קבלת החלטה בנושא המעמד המועדף.

מזא"ר - אודה על הערות/הנחיות, אם יש כאלו.

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מדרוך דובר מחפ"ד ליום ג' - 5/5/86

נתון

Q What can you tell us about the expected talks or meeting between Mr. Whitehead and Rabin of Israel -- the nature of the talks, if possible.

MR. REDMAN: What little I can tell you is that Minister Rabin is visiting the United States for routine discussions on a variety of bilateral and other issues. His meetings include the Vice President, acting Secretary Whitehead and Secretary Weinberger. But other than that, I could only say that he's coming to discuss a range of issues. And as usual, we won't have any comment on the specific items under discussion.

Q You cannot name (inaudible), whether it's one of them?

MR. REDMAN: No.

Q Chuck, also on the Middle East, in what may be a second attack, Iranian aircraft have reportedly hit a Saudi tanker again, killing the captain. Have you anything on that?

MR. REDMAN: Nothing specific, other than to say, of course, we've seen those same reports. And I might remark in passing that that's indicative of the kind of very dangerous atmosphere that exists in that particular region of the world, and that it really is in that context that our proposed sale of defensive weapons to the Saudis should be seen.

Q In Korea, opposition leader Kim Dae-Jung --

Q Could we stay in the Middle East?

STATE DEPT. - 5/5/86

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MR. REDMAN: Just a second -- a few more questions on the Middle East, and then we'll go to East Asia.

Q -- the development on Iraq-Iran war fighting?

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MR. REDMAN: No, nothing.

Q Chuck, can I ask you, is there a June 30th deadline for the American oil companies to get out of Libya?

MR. REDMAN: I don't have any specifics to offer you beyond what's been said in the past. You do know, as I've said before, that the companies were granted limited exceptions to continue operations in Libya; that, in order to avoid giving Gaddafi a significant economic windfall. But it is the Treasury Department which administers the licenses, and so I'd refer you there for further information.

Q Does the State Department have any reason to believe that the numbers of Americans have significantly increased over the last month or two months in Libya?

MR. REDMAN: No. As I've said, it's been difficult from the start to get a fix on the number of Americans in Libya. And I can't really give you a status report on that.

Q Chuck, do you have any comment on the Washington Times story this morning about President Assad's call for terrorism on Israel, and asking to rescind (?) terrorism in the European Community?

MR. REDMAN: He was asking to rescind terrorism in the European Community?

Q Yeah, well, he said that he will not, you know, allow conducting any terrorist acts in Europe, but he will call for terrorism acts in occupied Palestine.

MR. REDMAN: Well, we haven't seen the full text of the report, and certainly don't have a transcript of what he said. But in a general sense, the Syrian government is already well aware of our own concern over its support for terrorism, including the Presidents in Syria and Syrian-controlled parts of Lebanon, of facilities and personnel belonging to the Abu Nidal organization. We believe Syria should rid itself of Abu Nidal.

Concerning your distinction between terrorism in one part of the world and not in others, we believe that terrorism must be eradicated where it appears.

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Violence breeds violence and it works against successful negotiations for peace.

Q Do you have any comment on Defense Minister of Syria, in an interview with German magazine saying that they support Abu Nidal activity?

MR. REDMAN: No.

Q Do you have any comment?

MR. REDMAN: Okay.

Q (Off-mike)--weeks ago and asked him to convey to the Israelis, to urge Israel to withdraw completely from Southern Lebanon. Is that question going to be one of the topics between him and Mr. Rabin?

MR. REDMAN: As I said, I'm not prepared to characterize the nature of the discussions beyond what I've already done.

Q (Off-mike) formation of the government, new government there?

MR. REDMAN: As far as I understand it the government isn't formed until tomorrow.

Q You have a comment tomorrow then?

MR. REDMAN: I'll consider the question tomorrow.

Q Do you have any evaluation of Mr. Najibullah, the former secret police chief who has taken Karmal's place?

MR. REDMAN: Yes, I do. We, the question concerns the replacement of Babrak Karmal in Afghanistan by Najibullah. We do not attach significance in the changeover of leadership in Kabul. Najibullah is a long-time communist who has risen to prominence under Soviet tutelage under the ubiquitous and much feared Afghan secret police. He is well known in the country for his ruthlessness in suppressing regime opponents and his close affiliation with Moscow--hardly qualities one would look for in a leader seeking to broaden the regime. Najibullah's appointment as General Secretary of the party seems aimed at having him apply within the party the organizational skills he developed in the Secret Police in building an effective Soviet-style state and party structure. A change in leadership of the Kabul regime is much less significant than the continued presence of 120,000 Soviet troops in Afghanistan, which keeps that leadership in power and prevents the Afghan people from freely choosing their own government.

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58/17

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Britain should deal with a country that gives refuge to the IRA. Until now, the Senate has chosen silence.

ND-Payna "Libya Increases British Dislike of US" In London, almost every street critique is salted with views of the US-supported contras as terrorists, the Northern Ireland menace, Begin as a former terrorist, the homeland rights of the Palestinians, South Africa. The Libyan bombing raid has been added to a growing British hate for things American.

Press Reports

Israeli in Disguise Learns Anguish of an Arab

NYT-Friedman p.2 (photo of Binur having his ID papers checked by Israeli police) In March, the Israeli newspaper Kol Hair assigned a Jewish reporter to spend six weeks circulating in Jerusalem and Tel Aviv disguised as an Arab. The account provided some sobering insights into the attitudes of some Israeli Jews toward Arabs, and the nature of relations between the two groups. The article has been widely discussed in Jewish and Arab circles. Binur writes about how Arabs are simply not supposed to be in certain neighborhoods, clubs, streets, buses. He tells of the looks of contempt he received from Jews and of the actions of police when he was where he shouldn't be. Binur concludes that "ruling this huge number of Arabs who live under a different system and laws is more dangerous to Israeli values than it is to the Arabs." He wonders if the average Israeli is aware of the feelings of humiliation, alienation and fear that nestle in the hearts of the Arabs he meets in the market, street or bus? And he wonders if the Arab is aware of the fears he arouses in the heart of the Israeli?

Waldheim is Given Plurality in Vote But Faces Runoff

NYT-Markham p.1-Waldheim fell just short of a majority in the election but emerged as the strong favorite to win the runoff next month. Waldheim said that the controversy over his war record helped him gain voters. A senior aide to the Chancellor said "It wasn't just the anti-Semitic factor. This man is something of a national monument, and the accusations came so fast that they were hard for a lot of older people to absorb." Waldheim said that the accusations against him came from private institutions and not from governments. Governments have remained aloof." (see NYP-Dan, DN-Wire, ND-UPI)

Arens is Shocked

NYT-AP-Acting Foreign Minister Arens said he was shocked by the results of the Austrian election. Speaking on Israeli TV, Arens said the results were "shocking, not just for every Jew but for every civilized person."

Waldheim Assailed at Warsaw Ghetto Rite

NYT-Jews who gathered to commemorate the Warsaw Ghetto uprising called on Ed Meese to bar Waldheim from entering the US. Koch echoed the plea. (see ND-Benkoe)

58/17 3/3

Solarz Reply's to Kohl

ND-Waldman-Rep. Stephen Solarz (D-Brooklyn) has complained to Kohl about his defense of Waldheim. He told Kohl in a letter: I would respectfully suggest that your criticism would be more appropriately directed at Waldheim for concealing his war record..."

Leaders in Tokyo Set to Denounce Terrorism

NYT-Boyd p.1-Advisers to the heads of states in Toyko produced a draft statement on nuclear safety and international terrorism and Reagan was described as "extremely pleased." (see ND-Page)

Fiat Chairman Would Buy Shares From Libya

WSJ-special-Fiat's chairman said his family is ready to acquire the 15% stake that Libya holds in the automaker if the Libyans are ready to sell.

Iran's Dress Code

ND-wire-People defying Iran's Islamic dress and moral codes could be sent to rehabilitation or labor camps under a bill to be presented to parliament soon. The punishment would also apply to dealers in videotapes and importers and wearers of "decadent cloths."

Magazine Articles

The Nation 5/3 Christopher Hitchens-In Sept. 1983, the US Marines, as every schoolchild has been conditioned to forget, were in Beirut. What is unpardonable is the superpower self-pity, so deftly evoked by the Reaganites after the Marine barracks were blown up. Since Reagan came to power, the US has bombed or shelled, or armed and supported the shelling of Lebanon, Syria, Iraq, Tunisia and Libya--not to mention the US support and payment for the subjugation of the West Bank and Hassan's dirty war in the Western Sahara. Americans then dolefully ask why the Arabs are so ungrateful, and Europe so lacking in will.

The Nation-Ramsey Clark (former Attorney General) Reagan believes might be right. He has violated every principle for which America stands. Although dozens of civilians were killed in Libya, Reagan dared to smile and say, "We weren't out to kill anyone." He attempts to kill foreign leaders, he acts without consulting Congress, he acts in direct violation of international law.

Letters

ND-5/3-The US has been in the forefront of providing aid to all sorts of victims. What has the Arab world, with all of its billions done? Did they show compassion at the Munich Olympics, in Rome's airport? The poor Palestinians have been ignored by the oil-rich leaders.

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Scientists Of Egypt, Israel Mark Quiet Cooperation

WASH. POST - Ottaway - In the shadow of the continuing "cold peace" between Egypt and Israel, 50 Israeli and Egyptian scientists are meeting for the first time to discuss the results of six years of quiet cooperation. This rare open manifestation of Arab-Israeli cooperation has produced, among other things, a new species of goat, a hybrid fish and a new kind of desert shrub. The three day conference, which opened here yesterday, grew out of the U.S. financed Middle East Regional Cooperation program that has brought together more than 1,000 scientists from the two countries since the signing of the 1977 Egyptian-Israeli peace agreement.

European Allegations Support The U.S. Case Against Libya

WASH. POST - Goshko - In the three weeks since US warplanes struck at Libya, the Reagan administration's contention that Qaddafi supports international terrorism has been buttressed by scientists from six West European govts. alleging Libyan complicity in a variety of terrorist plots. Collectively, the evidence sketches an apparent shift by Qaddafi from attacks aimed mainly at Libya dissidents to a far more extensive assault on Western interests throughout Europe and the Middle East.

Waldheim Falls Short, Faces Runoff In Austria

WASH. POST - Drozdiak - Waldheim, seeking to become Austria's head of state despite charges that was involved in Nazi war crimes, narrowly failed to win a majority of the vote in today's presidential election. A runoff is scheduled for June 8. The inconclusive results seemed likely to keep alive the international controversy over the nature of Waldheim's role in a German military unit. The Interior Ministry announced tonight that Waldheim received 49.6 percent of the votes, just short of the 50 percent needed for an outright victory. Steyrer won 43.7 percent and will be Waldheim's sole opponent in the final round.

TELEVISION: NIGHTLY NEWS

The major networks focused their stories on the Tokyo summit, (concentration on international terrorism), the search into the last rocket disaster at NASA, elections in Austria, the effects and aftermath of the nuclear disaster in the Soviet Union and the economy.

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Top Rabbi in NY Says Pope Ready to Recognize Israel

NYP-5/3 Ryan-According to Rabbi Marc Tanenbaum, the Pope has decided to recognize Israel and establish full diplomatic relations. Tanenbaum said he had been told this by "two high ranking Cardinals who are close to the Pope." He said he expected the decision to be implemented in slow, gradual steps over the coming year before a formal announcement is made. The Vatican Mission to the UN and the Vatican Embassy in Washington either refused to comment or said they has no information. Tanenbaum said that a crucial concern for the Pope is the danger of reprisals against Christians by fanatics in Moslem countries.

Consul Who Aided Jews Gains Recognition

NYT-5/4-special Aristides de Sousa Mendes, a Portugese diplomat in Brodeaux helped thousands of Jews escape France during the Holocaust by signing visas to Portugal. By defying the orders of his Gov't, he was taken back to Portugal, stripped of his post and right to practice law, blacklisted and written out of his country's official history. He died in poverty in 1954. One of his sons is now petitioning the Gov't to publicly recognize his father's achievements and the JCRC will honor him. In 1967, the Israeli Gov't awarded Mendes the Yad Vashem Medal.

On Libya's Campuses

NYT-Schumacher (Tripoli) 5/4-Many of Libya's schools have abolished English. English and French departments have been phased out.

No Trial for Libyans in Turkey

NYT- Reuters 5/3 Three Libyans named in an attempt to bomb the US officers' in Ankara have diplomatic immunity and cannot be put on trial, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said.

Iran-Iraq

NYT-Reuters 5/3 Iran and Iraq reported heavy fighting on the south-central front where Baghdad said earlier this week it had entered Iranian territory for the first time in four years.

Lebanon

NYT-Reuters 5/3 One person was killed and four were wounded when mortar shells hit a crowded area in West Beirut. Rival militias also exchanged heavy fighting along the Green Line.

Sudan

NYT-Rule 5/4 The situation in the Sudan is critical. The population is afraid. Starvation is a big fear. National unity remains a dream. Pressures from neighboring countries present formidable roadblocks to peace. As Egypt and Libya jockey for influence, neither will bow out. Cairo recently sent weapons as a gift, apparently for use against Sudanese rebels. Libya is also sending weapons and is using the war to increase its leverage. If the Gov't could end the civil war, its debt to Libya would diminish; if not, the debt may increase. Khadafy seems unlikely to leave quietly.

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NYT-Rule 5/3-Over the last three years, Arab tribesmen from Sudan's north, have received rifles, submachine guns and mortars. Their mission, some say, has been to cut a wide swath of destruction through the land of the Dinkas. Raiders have killed hundreds of Dinka tribesmen.

Jewish Humor Series

NYT-Shepard 5/4-YIVO Institute is sponsoring a series on Jewish humor.

Letters

NYT 5/3 Richard Jacoel, Chairman, Jordan is Palestine Inc. writes almost everybody in Palestine came from somewhere else. Job opportunities, a byproduct of Jewish immigration, and the sheer emptiness of the land, were the causes of ever increasing numbers of Arabs migrants. The emotional reaction to Joan Peter's scholarly work tells us much about the problem of Palestinian Arabs as the book itself does.

NYT 5/4 A retired airline pilot writes that Palestinian, Libyan and Arab terrorists appear to be winning a substantial victory in the media. People should go ahead with travel plans. We shouldn't become hostages to terror.

NYT 5/3 Many a politician has stated: "I don't care what the papers say, as long as they spell my name right." Khadafy certainly cannot say the same. The media should get together and decide how the man's name should be spelled, if only to help future historians and current indexers.

Paid Political Ad

NYT 5/4 (Op-Ed page) The Zionist Organization of America says there should be no US arms for Saudi Arabia since they don't need them, deserve them and shouldn't get them.

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NEWS SUMMARY - SAT. - MAY 3 & SUN. - MAY 4, 1986

SATURDAY - MAY 3

THE PRESS REPORTS

Arab Summit Bid Collapses

WASH. POST - Dickey -Libya's bid to parlay the US bombing of Tripoli and Benghazi into an issue that would unite the Arab world has failed, and Qaddafi now appears to be more conspicuously isolated than he was before the raids. Qaddafi had sought an emergency summit to condemn the Apr. 15 attacks and coordinate an overall Arab response against the US. But after two days of talks in Fez, Morocco, Arab foreign ministers yesterday decided to go home without having set an agenda or a date for the meeting. Even before those sessions were over, one influential Egyptian commentator concluded, "the Arab world is not polarized, it's shattered."

Waldheim Kept Intelligence Unit's Daybooks

WASH. POST - Omang -An official administration silence yesterday greeted reports that Waldheim had kept his WWII military intelligence unit's daybooks, which included a notation that Hitler had issued orders to kill Greek prisoners. "He was not just an intelligence officer," said Robert Herztein, a Univ. of South Carolina history professor who located the documents in the National Archives. "I have found papers placing him in operations constantly."

Austria Confronts Its Nazi Past

WASH. POST - Drozdiak -In the last two months, Austrians have been forced to confront another side of their country that has long been suppressed. The controversy over allegations of war crimes by Waldheim has grown beyond one man's concealed past to expose a whole nation's tortured conscience about Nazi sympathies and anti-Semitism. Both Waldheim and his Socialist rival, Kurt Steyrer, have declared that one of their first priorities if elected head of state will be to reconcile Austria's relations with Jews as well as with its own dark past. Ivan Hacker, the leader of Vienna's Jewish community, said the Waldheim affair had awakened "ghosts from the past we thought were banished forever." Whoever wins the presidential election, some Austrians are concerned that the campaign, with its painful reminders of national obeisance to the Nazi cause, will only engender more serious problems

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SUNDAY - MAY 4

THE PRESS REPORTS

Tunisia Seen Vulnerable To Move By Qaddafi

WASH. POST - Randal - The US is in the unusual position of trying to placate Bourguiba, leader of the only Arab state that refrained from openly criticizing Reagan's air raid against Libya. The US is worried that Qaddafi might choose neighboring Tunisia as a conveniently close soft target to demonstrate his ire. In the past, US and French naval exercises have sufficed to defuse Qaddafi's friendly and unfriendly moves toward Tunisia, whether they took the form of a momentarily accepted treaty of union in 1974 or last year's spate of letter bombs, mass expulsions of Tunisian workers and other unfriendly acts. Such demonstration of force may no longer be effective, according to western and Arab diplomats and Tunisian observers. The problem for the US a western diplomat said, "is that it has the govt. with it, but no longer the Tunisian people."

Before The Summit Starts, The Focus Is On Terrorism

PHIL. INQUIRER - Hess - Reagan, in his first round of bilateral talks yesterday with fellow heads of state at the economic summit, found a revulsion of terrorism in general but few signs of any willingness to crack down collectively on Libya. One White House official said later that it would be "very difficult" for the US to obtain a collective commitment for sanctions against Libya. So far, only Britain and Canada have expressed support for the US bombing on Libya. The official said the administration might have to settle in any joint communique on terrorism for "a clearer definition of the threat and the necessity for collective action and cooperation" when the situation warranted, while allowing some leeway for states to deal with acknowledged threats in their own ways.

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Shamir Sees 'a Real Tragedy' if Waldheim Wins

By ELAINE SCIOLINO

Special to The New York Times

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., May 2 — The Israeli Foreign Minister said today that it would be "a real tragedy" if former Secretary General Kurt Waldheim was elected President of Austria.

The Israeli, Yitzhak Shamir, said a victory by Mr. Waldheim in the election Sunday would hurt Israeli relations with Austria.

"It's very difficult to imagine it now, but it will be a real tragedy, a real tragedy from all points of view — political, diplomatic and human," Mr. Shamir said in an interview. "It will be a tragic fact that such a man will be elected to such a position."

When asked whether a Waldheim presidency would damage Austrian-Israeli relations, Mr. Shamir said, "Without a doubt, it will hurt."

But he refused to say at this time whether he would be reluctant to visit Austria if Mr. Waldheim becomes President.

Center of Controversy

Mr. Waldheim has been at the center of a controversy since it was disclosed in early March that as a first lieutenant in World War II he served in a command in the Balkans that carried out

brutal reprisals against partisans and deported large numbers of Greek Jews.

Speaking while on a brief stopover on his way to Central America, Mr. Shamir said Mr. Waldheim would have never been elected Secretary General of the United Nations in 1971 and 1976 if the details of his wartime service had been known at the time.

"I'm sure he wouldn't have been posed as a candidate," he said, adding that neither Israel nor the United States and "many others" could not have supported him.

Mr. Shamir said that for Israel, the top priority was to discover whether "all these suspicions" about Mr. Waldheim were true. "I'm not a judge," he said, "but you can't deny that all the indications and all the information we are getting every day are leading in one direction: the direction of accusing him of being part of the Nazi camp."

Israel is still investigating documents on Mr. Waldheim's war service, including a 1948 file of the United Nations War Crimes Commission that accuses Mr. Waldheim of "murder, putting to death of hostages."

On Thursday, the Israeli Government asked the United Nations to open to the public all 40,000 of the commission's files on war criminals, suspects and witnesses to atrocities that are deposited in the United Nations archives.

In a statement today, Secretary General Javier Pérez de Cuéllar said he would "seriously study the matter" and consult with representatives of the 18 countries that were members of the commission.

Turning to the American bombing raid on Libya, Mr. Shamir called it "a brilliant military operation."

But he added that he was disappointed that Col. Muammar el-Qaddafi's Government was not overthrown.

Referring to Colonel Qaddafi as "a small Hitler," he added, "It is very important for the peace of the world that he not be anymore the leader of the country."

He said, "All the Arab leaders at the time of the Second World War were great admirers of Hitler, and they are still admirers of him." Not only leaders of the "so-called radical Arab countries" but also moderate leaders admire Hitler for his "hatred of the Jews, his leadership, his successes in exterminating so many hated Jews," he said. He refused to mention any leaders by name.

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ממוך 1 דף 1

ממוך 34 עותק 6

סודי ביותר

**אלי: המשרד, נד: 45, מ: 111
**רוח: ב, סג: מ, תא: 020586, רח: 1900

**סודי ביותר/בהול

**המנכ"ל.

**לשלך 65. קפריסין.

**שוחחתי עם ארמקוטא. הבטיח לאפל. מציט שנפנה גם לבריטים ואולי
**לאירופאים נוספים מאחר והבטיחו שיתוף פעולה בלוחמה נגד
**הסירוב הבינלאומי. האם לרשתך ברוך העניין בהחלפתם עם שני
**קפריסאים שנחטפו בניירות ושעליהם פורסם בעתונות.

**מ. 1711==

**נפ: שהח, רהמ, שהבט, מנכל, ממנכל, ד/מרכו, רם, אמן, מצפא, סייבל,
**קירר, מותים, נבו/ממרהמ
**תח: לשכת הרמטכל (בנפרד)

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TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
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RE: [Illegible]
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משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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אלי: ווט, בטחון, מקמר, נר: חוום 126, מ: המשדד
דח: ב, סג: ס, תא: 020586, וח: 2100

טו די/בהול

השגריד.

דע: מוכיר צנאי דהמ'

מוכיר צנאי שהבט'

לשכת הרמטכל

א. על פי מידע עדכני שבידנו שלטונות קפריסין שוקלים את אפשרות שחרורם של שלושת המוריסטים, אנשי פתח, הכלואים בקפריסין בגין רצח המטיילים הישראלים בלדנקה. על פי אותו מידע נעשות הכנות לקראת שחרורם בימים הקרובים.
ב. אנו רואים בדאגה רבה התפתחות אפשרית זו.
ג. אם אכן ישתחררו המוריסטים תהיה בכך להבנתנו פגיעה חמורה במאבקה הנחוש של ארה"ב בטרור ובבסיסיו כפי שבא לידי ביטוי בעצם ימים אלה. אין לנו ספק ששחרור המרצחים יעודד את עמיתיהם ויגביר את בטחונם לממש תוכניות הטרור שלהם נגד יעדים אמריקאים ואחרים בקפריסין ומחוץ לה.
העבר נא האמור לעיל לגורמים המתאימים תוך בקשה לפעול למניעת השחרור.

המנכ"ל =

תפ: שהח, דהמ, שהבט, מנכ"ל, ממנכ"ל, ר/מרכו, דם, אמן, מצפא, קידר,
מותים, סייבל, ממד, נבו/ממדהמ

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S. CON. RES. 120

THE BUDGET RESOLUTION
FOR FISCAL YEAR 1987
AS PASSED BY THE SENATE
ON MAY 2, 1986

*Prepared by the Majority Staff
of the U.S. Senate Budget Committee*

FUNCTION 150: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

(\$ billions)

		<u>FY 1987</u>	<u>FY 1988</u>	<u>FY 1989</u>
Baseline.....	BA	20.2	20.8	24.4
	O	15.3	15.8	15.8
<hr/>				
<u>Senate-passed Resolution</u> (change from baseline):				
Comprehensive freeze.....	BA	-0.7	-1.5	-6.1
	O	-0.3	-0.8	-1.4
Additional reductions.....	BA	-2.2	-1.8	-1.5
	O	-0.8	-1.1	-1.4
Enhance State Dept. security.....	BA	+0.5	+0.5	+0.5
	O	+0.1	+0.3	+0.5
<hr/>				
Total	BA	-2.4	-2.7	-7.1
	O	-1.1	-1.6	-2.3

Discussion

Comprehensive freeze. The Senate-passed resolution assumes the FY 1987-89 program level for the discretionary appropriated accounts in this function is set at the FY 1986 level. In this function, this means that all programs are frozen except for those listed below, under additional proposals.

(continued)

FUNCTION 150: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (continued)

Additional proposals. Almost 80 percent of this function is foreign aid, mostly tied to formal or implicit agreements with other nations: the Camp David Peace Accords, base access agreements, the National Bipartisan Commission on Central America, and multiyear replenishments of various multilateral development banks. Since 1979, outlays for foreign aid have doubled.

The remaining 20 percent of this function consists of other international activities, among which are the conduct of foreign affairs, foreign broadcasting and exchange activities, and export financing. Although Eximbank direct loans were reduced significantly last year, outlays for the other activities have grown over 85 percent since 1979.

The Senate-passed resolution proposals beyond a freeze for function 150 are as follows.

- o Enhance State Department security for officials overseas, but at a slower pace than recommended by the State Department. As the details and scope of this multiyear program to improve embassy security are being reviewed by Congress, this proposal assumes a 15 percent increase in the State Department salaries and expense account in order to hire additional security personnel. It also assumes a 65 percent increase in the appropriation for foreign buildings.
- o Consolidate and reduce funding for foreign aid by 11 percent compared with a freeze. If Egypt and Israel and countries where the United State has access to local bases are fully funded, the President's request for all other countries would be reduced by one-third. Committees of jurisdiction could choose to reduce less effective economic and military assistance programs, particularly those with large unobligated or unexpended balances, to achieve these savings. Reforms in existing foreign military sales practices or limits on eligibility for balance of payments support could yield the required savings without prejudice to current national priorities.
- o Accelerate Philippine aid. Under the recently submitted Administration request for additional aid to the Philippines, existing appropriation accounts would be disbursed in FY 1986, rather than in FY 1987 and FY 1988 as assumed earlier. This will be achieved through administrative action, expanded deobligation-reobligation authority, and the Appropriations Committee notification process.
- o Reduce funding for foreign broadcasting and exchange activities to a level 10 percent below a freeze. These programs, including construction projects for Voice of America, have grown faster than most other international programs during the past five years.

(continued)

FUNCTION 150: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

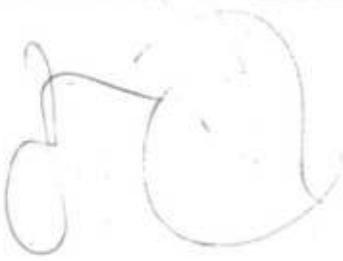
- o No change is assumed from the current budget authority level for export financing. This proposal would accommodate a \$1.1 billion FY 1987 Export-Import Bank direct loan program. If the Eximbank direct loan program were reduced sufficiently, there would be room for new export financing initiatives, including the \$300 million Fair Export Financing program, and the proposed \$1.8 billion I-Match program that combines federal guarantees of private loans with an interest-rate buy down.
- o FY 1986 Eximbank loan activity. The actual authorization level for direct loan activity during FY 1986 is assumed to be \$550 million. No change is made in the assumed direct loan level of \$1.1 billion each of the subsequent fiscal years.

(continued)

FUNCTION 150: INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (continued)

		Change from baseline (\$ billions)		
		<u>FY 1987</u>	<u>FY 1988</u>	<u>FY 1989</u>
Consolidate and reduce foreign aid.....	BA	-1.7	-1.6	-1.4
	O	-0.7	-1.0	-1.2
Reduce funding for foreign broadcasting..... and exchange activities	BA	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
	O	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Enhance State Department security.....	BA	+0.5	+0.5	+0.5
	O	+0.1	+0.3	+0.5
Accelerate Philippine Aid.....	BA	---	---	---
	O	-(*)	-(*)	---
FY 1986 Eximbank loan activity.....	BA	-0.4	-0.1	---
	O	-0.1	-0.1	-(*)
<hr/>				
Total.....	BA	-1.7	-1.2	-0.9
	O	-0.8	-0.8	-0.9

דח"פ: מיידי	מחלקת הקשר ניו-יורק טופס מברק	דף: 1
סוג בסחונני: כודי		סחור: 2
תז"ח: 031100		אל: המשרד
נר: 45		ד:ע:
		מאח: נאו"ם



אל : ארב"ל 2
 דע : שמחוני - נספח צה"ל וושינגטון (כאן)
 תא"ל חגי רגב - לשכת שהב"ס ניו-יורק
 מאח : יוחנן בייץ

שיחה שר הבטחון רבין עם סגן מזכ"ל האו"ם מרק גולדינג ב-2 דנא.
 נכח מצידם ז"אן קלוד איימה. מצידנו השגריר נתניהו, יוחנן בייץ,
 תא"ל רגב, נספח צה"ל שמחוני ואיתן הבר.

- השר רבין פתח כי מאז הפגישה השבוע בארץ לא היה שינוי. אנו מוכנים
 לבדוק הצעות שיביאו לדיון עם הלבנונים בכל רמה על סידורי בטחון.
 התנאי הוא שהשיחות תהיינה ללא כל תנאים מוקדמים.
 - גולדינג סקר המצב לאור השינוי בעמדות צרפת וברה"מ. העמדה הצרפתית
 שבאה כנראה בשל ראגחו לבני קרובה - מעודדת את המהפסות מבין החורמות.
 המזכ"ל מעוניין להראות התקדמות וחייב לדווח בעוד כחודש.
 - השר רבין אמר שאין שינוי מזה שמונה שנים שיוניפי"ל מוצב בטבח,
 והנה רק לפני שבוע, ליד הכפר שאקרה, ברחו שבעה חבלנים סמוך לעמדת
 יוניפי"ל.

- גולדינג כיקש פרטים על כך והובטח שיועברו לו.
 - לאחר חילופי הערכות בהן הסביר גולדינג שוב מטרותם - נסיגה מלאה של
 צה"ל - חזר להצעתו שהציע בארץ לא רשמית דהיינו שהוא ואנשיו ינסו
 להגיע לנוסחה שתשמש בסיס לשיחות ולהסכם בין הצדדים. ינסו להפגש עם
 הסיעות השונות - לא כולן יחד אלא עם כל סיעה בנפרד - במטרה לנסח
 בסיס שיוכל To INITIATE הסכם בין הצדדים ולהביא מוקדם ככל האפשר

תאריך: שם השולח: אישור:

Handwritten notes at the bottom of the page, including a list of names and numbers:

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דחלפות:	מחלקת הקשר ניו-יורק טופס מבוק	דף: 2
סוג בסחונני:		מחור: 2
תז"ח:		א ל :
נר :		ד ע :
45		מאת :

לשיחות ישירות.

- שהב"ס רביץ מסכים לכך עקרונית ומבקש לקבל ניסוח שאוחז יוכל להביא בפני הממשלה. שאל האם גולדינג מביא בחשבון אפשרות להרחבה שטח יוניפי"ל בלבנון צפונה.

- גולדינג מאשר שמביאים בחשבון הרחבה כגון לג'זין. ענה לשאלת שהב"ס כי ישקלו שיחוף עם מליציות מקמיות וגם נוצריות. לדבריו שוחחו על כך עם נביה ברי שלא התנגד בתנאי שלמליציות אלה לא יהיה נשק כבד.

- הוחלפו דברים על שיחות גולדינג עם כראמה וג'ומאייל ומידת השטעתו וכן על עמדות הסורים וכוונותיהם. גולדינג סיפר כי כארמה אמר שיש לרוץ על סידורי בסחון. מעריך שזהו שינוי שבא מתוך חששו שיוניפי"ל ייעלם מהשטח ודאוי לנצל מצב זה.

- שהב"ס רביץ הסביר כי לא נוכל לעשות צעדים שיעוררו חששם של תושבי דרום לבנון באשר לעחידם ורצונם לחיות כלבנונים בלבנון. כל שינוי (למשל פריטה הדומה) עלול להביא לחוסר יציבות חדשה באיזור.

הוסיף שוב כי נהיה מוכנים לרוץ עם הלבנונים אך ללא תנאים מוקדמים. הן לא נוכל לדבר על נסיגה מבלי לדעת מה הם התנאים לכך. מוכן להביא הצעת גולדינג לדיון ולהשיב לו במחצית מאי.

- גולדינג ביקש אישורנו למינוי מפקד אונדו"פ חדש גוסטף וולין. אמרנו כי נשיב בהקדם.

- שהב"ס שיבח את הגלונד מפקד אונדו"פ הנוכחי והדגיש חשיבות התפקיד לאור עליית המח"ע"י הסורים. גולדינג השיב כי דווקא בשל היותו טוב מבקשים למנותו כמפקד יוניפי"ל.

- גולדינג אמר כי יגיע לארץ שוב בסיורו הבא כנראה בחחילת יוני.

נאו"ם

תאריך: 2/5/86	שם השולח: י. ביין	אישור:
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ש.ד.ג. 2 2 2 2

דף...1...מסוף...דשים

סווג בשחוני גלגל

דחיות...רגיל

מאריך נד"ח

מס' סנדק

אל: המסד

048

מצפ"א

סואט : חוק התקציב

1. אתמול בלילה (אור ליום ו', ה-2 דנא) אימצה מליאת הסנאט חוק התקציב. היום והתבועה נערכה אחרי חצות, הפרטים המלאים טרם פורסמו.
2. כללית מסתמנת התמונה הבאה:
 - א. הסנט הצביע על הצעת חוק חלפי (SUBSTITUTE) שהוצע ע"י פיט דומניצ'י (יו"ר ועדת התקציב) ולוטון צ'יילס (בכיר המיעוט בוועדה) במקום ההצעה שהוכנה ע"י ידיהם ושאומצה בזמנו בוועדה - וזאת לאור הבקורת שמתח הממשל על ההצעה המקורית.
 - ב. בהצעה החליפית מוקטן הקיצוץ בתקציב הבטחון בסכום של כ-6 (שישה) בליון דולר. כיכ הסכום איש לגייס באמצעות מסים חדשים הוסחת לכ-11 בליון דולר (במקום 18.7 בליון).
 - ג. הסנטור דול פנה לנשיא, הנמצא במזרח הרחוק, בקשר להצעה חליפית זו, והלה נאות להשלים עמת - פירוש הדבר, שהנשיא הסכים למעשה להטל מסים חדשים (עד כה התנגד לכן), אם כי במימזים פחותים ממה שתוכנן בהצעה המקורית.
3. ההקצבה לפונקציה 150 (עניינים בינלאומיים, כולל סיוע חוץ) הוקטנה בכ-50 מליון דולר כתוצאה מתיקון שהציע הסנטור דה-קונסיני. סנטור ידידותי אינו חומך בסיוע חוץ בדרך כלל (אם כי בוועדת המשנה לפעולות זרות, הוא חומך בסיוע שלנו ובתיקונים הנוגעים לנו).
4. עם קבלת פרטים נוספים עוד נדווח.

י"א אל
למדן

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תחילת:	כחלקת המשור ניו-יורק	דף: 2
מספר תמונה:	עופש נזרק	מספר: 2
תאריך: 02/11	לש'מזכ"ל, העייה; המזכ"ל אמיתיק; המסרה; נסה'א; ממ"ד; יועץ רוה"ם לחקשורה; יועץ שוב"ס לחקשורה; לע"ם; דו"צ.	
0019 4-11	רושינגטון	ד ע : 7 תמונות, ניו יורק

News Summary May 2, 1986

Editorials

NYP "Austrians Have a Chance to Repudiate Their Past" Sunday's vote represents a special opportunity for Austrians to reckon with their nations dark and unacknowledged past. The US gov't will take note. So will ordinary Americans. The Austrian people should know that the world is watching: Those who cast ballots on Sunday are judging not just the candidates, but also themselves.

Columns

NYT Robert Hunter (Nat. Sec. Council under Carter; Georgetown U.) "Agreement on Terror" The summit must be used to repair the damage to the western alliance. The alliance is vital in containing Soviet power. The allies understand that bombing Libya can be useful as catharsis, but they believe it won't end terrorism and could make matters worse. So far, the record bears them out. Disagreement centers on tactics, not goals. The allies will insist that the US try to do something about the cause of terrorism. In the European view, no cause rivals the Arab-Israeli conflict as both motivation and excuse for terror--a view that contrasts with the official judgement in Washington. Europeans may underestimate the difficulties of peacemaking and unduly play down other factors promoting terrorism. But they will support a coordinated antiterrorist strategy only if the US resumes its role as peacemaker.

Press Reports

Israel Asks UN To Open War Files

WSJ-House & Pasztor-Israel is pressing the UN to open forgotten files of thousands of alleged war criminals, a move that could unleash more embarrassing controversies of the sort surrounding Waldheim. Netanyahu met with Cuellar to press his case. The UN Sec. Gen. will give his answer next week. Netanyahu is optimistic that the files will be turned over. There are 40,000 names on file. (see NYT-special)

Waldheim Wrote Unit's Journal Recording Order to Kill Partisans

NYT-p.1-Sciolino-As a first lieutenant in the German Army, Waldheim kept his army group's daybook, which recorded Hitler's order to kill captured

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ET 216

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partisans in Greece and send suspected resistance fighters to labor camps, according to German war documents. The documents were found in the National Archives in Washington. (see NYP; DN)

7 Militiamen Killed in Southern Lebanon

NYT-AP-Shiite Moslem guerrillas said that they had killed 7 members of the Israeli-backed SLA in an attack on an army position. The Israelis said one Shiite was killed and 5 army members wounded. Three wounded Army members were captured, the Iranian-backed Shiite guerrillas and the Israeli Radio reported.

Khadafy's Troubled Economy

NYT-Schumacher-The revolution of Khadafy is being undermined by economic mismanagement and the collapse in oil prices, according to foreign diplomats and businessmen based in Libya, as well as many Libyans. Shortage of food and consumer items plague daily living. Development projects lie frozen. Tankers filled with oil have no where to go. Popular grumbling is up. Even though insurrection may not be imminent, Libya's failing economy could pose a greater long-range threat than the US military pressure.

Reagan on Libya

NYP-Lathem-Reagan is planning to propose an intricate deal to European allies that could result in a massive increase in Mexican oil exports to Europe in return for an allies economic boycott of Libya.

Old Photo of Senator With Khadafy Develops into Negative in Campaign

WSJ-Jackson-Sen. Steve Symms (R-Idaho) is angry because his political foes are gleefully circulating to Jewish households an old photo of Symms with Khadafy, taken on a wheat-selling mission. Meanwhile, Symms has been trying to patch up things with Israel even though there are few Jews in Idaho. His record on Israel wouldn't win many Jewish voters anyway. "It's the people out there in Idaho who cast the votes, not the Jews in New York" declared Symms's press secretary.

Security Up at New York Airports

NYT-p. 1-Blumenthal-Beyond the increase in plaincloths police surveillance, recent anti-terrorist measures include stepped-up police weaponry--kept, for the most part out of sight, tamper resistant employee ID cards, daily intelligence briefings and an alertness campaign backed by an employee-incentive program. Officials acknowledge that there is no way to secure absolutely New York's airports.

Letters

NYP-8 letters on Libya raid and terrorism.

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Velayati and Minister of Revolutionary Guards Ehsan Rafiq-Dust,

TELEVISION: NIGHTLY NEWS

The major networks focused their main stories on the nuclear accident in the Soviet Union and the effects of it on the populace, the strike in South Africa and the economy.

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סגרירות ישראל - וושינגטון

אלתמטרד

מנחל תמוצות

משלחת נקראק

סלך 1799

גם אנו מצרפים תודתנו למאמצין לקביעת פגישות ברמה נאותה בדרג מניסטריאלי.
 אנשי נקראק מבקשים במיוחד:
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News Summary April 30-May 1, 1986

The major news story in the print and electronic media is the Soviet nuclear disaster. Anger over the lack of information coming from the Soviet Union is apparent.

Editorials

ND 5/1 "Keep That Liar Out" Whether Waldheim wins, loses or qualifies for a runoff, he should be kept out of the US. Austrians are entitled to elect the president they want, but Americans don't have to extend him their hospitality.

Columns

NYP 4/30 Evans & Novak "New Arab Tension Halts Planned Visit by Shultz" Unannounced plans by Shultz to visit the Mideast on his way to Tokyo-- following a warning from Peres that the US could "lose" its moderate Arabs friends--were canceled by a sour Arab reaction. America has a deepening Arab problem, and the shrewd PM of Israel recognizes that. Peres' Labor Party and the US both stand to lose alot, said Peres, unless Egypt, Jordan and Saudi Arabia receive quick, solid evidence that the US remains a credible peace broker. Therefore, his gov't has refused to help pro-Israel, anti-Arab members of Congress in their fight against Saudi arms sales. Shultz wanted to push progress toward autonomy on the West Bank and Gaza, followed by economic integration between Palestinians, Jordan and Israel. The Arab response was brutal. The only new plan Shultz has is the so-called Marshall Plan for the Mideast--an Israeli creation and, as such, suspect to all Arabs. Peres knows a breakthrough would revolutionize Israeli politics. It might block a transfer of power. Shultz was wise to postpone his trip until the spring. Arab acquiescence in US peace plans is far more difficult today than it was in 1982.

NYT 4/30 Dennis DeConcini (D-Arizona) "Sell Missiles to Kill Americans?" The US cannot afford to let Stinger missiles, the ultimate terrorist weapon, fall into the wrong hands. The Administration has recently begun covertly supplying rebels in Angola and Afghanistan with Stinger missiles and without the safety requirements the US uses with Saudi Arabia, for example. There is grave concern that Stingers could fall into the hands of Khadafy, Iran, the PLO or even Russians and Cubans.

NYT 5/1 Bialkin (Chairman Nat'l Conference of Presidents of Maj. Jewish Org.)

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מס' תעודות

Handwritten notes at the bottom of the page, including "פירוש פירוש" and other illegible text.

"How To Combat Terrorism" Those who suggest that international terrorism would go away if some solution could be found for the Palestinian problem, misstate history and implicitly condone terrorism as a tool of international relations. In fact, the US has never given total support to Israeli policies. The real reasons for terrorist anger at the West are much more complicated--rooted in Arab radicalism, religious fundamentalism, frustrated nationalism and xenophobic hatreds. A "solution" to the Israeli-Palestinian problem would do nothing to end the terrorism inspired by Shiite radicals, the Iran-Iraq war or East-West tensions in the Persian Gulf. More likely, such a solution would only reveal vast disarray of the Arab world. The common denominator of terrorism is training and arms. Most non-state terrorism can be attributed to some PLO faction, or to other groups that the PLO has trained and supported. PLO money comes from Saudi Arabia--"insurance" extorted by the Palestinians--Libya and Syria, among other places. Cut off funding and terrorism will abate. "Moderate" Arab states like Saudi Arabia must be convinced to stop payments.

ND 5/1 Benjamin Barber (Prof. Pol. Sci., Rutgers U.) "What Terrorism Tells America" Terrorism teaches an ancient lesson: the incompatibility of democracy at home and empire abroad. Can we project our military and economic power on a global scale and continue to exist as a democratic, open society at home?

NYT 5/1 Anthony Lewis "The Need to Remember" It is enough to know that Waldheim concealed his military service for 40 years. Kohl, with his perfect consistency, has now intervened in the Austrian election to support Waldheim. He cast his vote, once again, for forgetting instead of remembering. If Waldheim is elected, much of the world will see it as a vote for denying the past. And some of us will want nothing to do with Waldheim's Austria.

DN 4/30 Richard Cohen "Waldheim's War Crimes Omission" Legally, there will never be a case against Waldheim. He is what he appears to be: an obscene opportunist. By admitting nothing, he rejects the past.

ND-Liz Holtzman (Brooklyn DA) 5/1 "Official Indifference to War Crimes Must End" Congress should investigate the circumstances of US support for Waldheim as Sec. Gen. of the UN. The US and governments that knew of the charges against him must explain their silence and begin to cooperate in bringing Nazi war criminals to justice. Only vigorous international efforts will signal to future generations that the world will never again condone or ignore atrocities.

ND 5/1 Art Buchwald "Waldheim: Just Translating 'Hamlet'" A sarcastic look into what Waldheim did during the war. His German commander probably told him to translate Shakespeare all during the war.

Press Reports

Unity Rule Brings Stability to Israel-Coalition Demise Less Likely

WSJ 5/1-Seib-Since the national unity gov't took control, inflation is tamed, troops are out of Lebanon and this unusually raucous country is uncharacteristically calm. The new stability is both a blessing and a curse for Peres.

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His popularity is highest on record. The population is so pleased that it wants the unity gov't to stay together, even if Peres switches with Shamir. The most striking aspect of the Israeli scene today is the lack of burning issues. The Arab-Israeli peace process is dormant. The economy is not a consuming worry as it was a few years back. Some Likud members warn against pumping up the economy too fast. And indeed there are a few signs that inflation may be inching back up.

Israelis Report Capture of Terrorist Ring

NYT 4/30-special-The Israeli police announced they had captured a "terrorist-ring" suspected of two killings and an attempted killing in Jerusalem in the last six weeks. Police said the ring members belonged to the Abu Musa faction of the PLO. (see NYP-Dan; DN-Meisels)

Libya Retaliates

NYT 5/1 Reuters-Libya ordered the expulsion of more than 100 Britons, Spaniards and Italians, apparently in retaliation for the deportations of Libyans from London, Madrid and Rome. The order added tension to already strained relations between Western-European countries and Libya.

France is Irritated by US

NYT 5/1-Miller-By all appearances, France is becoming increasingly irritated by what it sees as the unwarranted anti-French campaign being waged by Americans to punish the country for rejecting to cooperate with the US in its attacks on Libya.

Libyan Threat in US

DN 5/1 Volz-FBI Director William Webster testified that 75% of the 2000 Libyan students in the US were financed by Khadafy and could be a terrorist threat.

Americans Back Reagan on Raid

NYP 5/1 Americans overwhelmingly support Reagan's actions in Libya, according to a Washington Post-ABC News public opinion poll. Only 25% of the respondents viewed the raid as a failure.

Terrorism-From Tripoli to Belfast

NYT 4/30-Greenhouse-One of the unexpected ripple effects of the confrontation with Libya may be Senate approval of a treaty that would make it easier for the US to send suspected terrorists from Northern Ireland back to face British prosecution.

Waldheim

NYT 5/1 p.2 Markham-Waldheim continues to campaign by denouncing his political foes and the World Jewish Congress for "damaging our esteem abroad." He told a crowd of a few hundred: "We were not doing anything but our duty as

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decent soldiers. We were not criminals but decent men who faced a terrible fate."

ND 4/30-combined-New polls showed Waldheim holding such a narrow lead that one research firm refused to predict whether he could win in the face of charges about his WW II past. As many as 28% of the voters are undecided. Yesterday, the WJC released documents that it said showed that Waldheim's intelligence section was closely involved in the deportation of Jews from Greece.

Cuomo and Foreign Affairs

NYT 5/1 Schmalz p.1-Gov. Cuomo is beginning to speak out more openly on foreign affairs, drawing on a host of foreign policy experts to help refine his views. His views are still being formed and it is too early to speak of a "Cuomo foreign policy." Cuomo says he is reluctant to discuss foreign affairs because it makes him appear to be actively seeking the 1988 Democratic Presidential nomination, which he says he is not. Among those who said themselves or through aides that they had talked from time to time with Cuomo or his staff on foreign and national security matters were various ex-officials, Felix Rohatyn and Benjamin Netanyahu. Cuomo wrote a blurb for the book on terrorism that Netanyahu recently edited.

The Jewish Defense League

Village Voice 5/6 Cover Story "Nice Jewish Boys With Bombs" Friedman-Victor Vancier, the 29-year-old head of the JDL in NY says: "To put it bluntly, crazy Jews live longer." He said that a crazy JDL would liquidate neo-Nazis and American Arabs who support the PLO, which he calls proponents of the New Holocaust. Vancier says he speaks on the behalf of the Jewish terrorist underground who carried out a string of bombings against Arab Americans last year. "If you think the Shiites in Lebanon are capable of fantastic acts of suicidal terrorism, the Jewish underground will strike targets that will make Americans gasp: 'How could Jews do such things,'" said Vancier. In truth, the JDL is broke and in total disarray. Turmoil broke out after Kahane named Vancier as NY head. The JDL's current membership is less than 1000. Vancier has already spent time in jail for firebombing 11 Egyptian diplomatic targets in NY, Virginia and Maryland. The FBI has been paying more attention to Jewish terrorists. Kahane has capitalized on turning Jewish fear into dollars. Last year, he reportedly collected more than \$300,000 for his Israeli movement from American Jews. According to a Justice Dept. spokesman, Kahane has never registered as a foreign agent--an apparent violation of Federal law. Kahane may not be permitted to come to the US anymore. In that case, his ability to collect US dollars would dry up and so might his support in Israel. It would also be a mortal blow to the JDL.

WNET Blacks Out Pro-Palestinian Show

Village Voice-5/6 Hentoff-Flashpoint--Israel and the Palestinians, is a package of three movies conceived with full respect for the viewer, a sort of TV op-ed page. Channel 13 in NY and a few other Public TV stations must believe that their audiences are either too dumb or too impressionable to watch vehemently different viewpoints and chew gum at the same time. The station must have thought that it would lose contributions if it showed "Occupied Palestine" a movie that tells what Palestinians on the West Bank feel. Much of the pressure not to show the movie came from the American Jewish Committee.

Letters

NYT-4 letters on the bombing of Libya. 5/1

NYP-8 letters on bombing of Libya. 4/30

Cartoons

DN-5/1 Rigby-As the nuclear reactor in Russia blazes, someone says "The good news is that the comrades are building one for Libya."

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*With the compliments
of the
Embassy of the
United States of America*

*Bill Brew
5/4/86*

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B. PROPOSAL FOR REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN. BEGIN TEXT:
THE UNITED STATES IS DEEPLY CONCERNED ABOUT ECONOMIC
DETERIORATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND THE ADVERSE EFFECT
THIS COULD HAVE ON REGIONAL STABILITY AND THE PROSPECTS
FOR PEACE. DURING PRIME MINISTER PERES' DISCUSSIONS WITH
US, IT BECAME EVIDENT THAT HE ALSO SHARES THIS CONCERN.
AS A RESULT OF OUR TALKS, WE DECIDED TO EXPLORE VARIOUS
WAYS TO ADDRESS GROWING ECONOMIC PROBLEMS IN THE REGION.

A CONCEPT EMERGED OF ESTABLISHING A REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT
FUND FOR THE STATES IN THE MIDDLE EAST. WE BELIEVE THIS
IS A PROMISING WAY OF ENCOURAGING ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
AND PEACE AND WOULD VALUE THE THOUGHTS OF OUR FRIENDS WHO
ALSO SHARE OUR CONCERNS. IT SHOULD BE STRESSED THAT
THERE IS NO PRECONCEIVED "AMERICAN" OR "ISRAELI" PLAN,
EITHER THERE IS A PROBLEM DESERVING OUR JOINT STUDY.

PAC. GROUND

THE PRECIPITOUS DECLINE IN OIL PRICES WILL DETRIMENTALLY
AFFECT A NUMBER OF COUNTRIES IN THE MIDDLE EAST. EVEN
THE NON-OIL PRODUCING STATES, ALTHOUGH BENEFITTING FROM
LOWER OIL PRICES, HAVE SEEN A SUBSTANTIAL DROP IN
WORKERS' REMITTANCES, INCREASING UNEMPLOYMENT AS WORKERS

RETURN HOME, AND A DECLINE IN SUBVENTIONS FROM THE OIL
PRODUCING NATIONS. WHILE THE MAGNITUDE OF THESE NEGATIVE
RESULTS IS STILL NOT YET FULLY EVIDENT, WE MUST
ANTICIPATE THE ATTENDANT PROBLEMS.

THE ADVERSE TRENDS ARE ACCELERATING AND WILL AFFECT
COUNTRIES IN THE REGION WHICH ARE ALREADY BESET BY
ECONOMIC PROBLEMS. FOR EXAMPLE, 52,000 OF EGYPT'S 2.5

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GIFTED, TALENTED WORKERS AND ENTREPRENEURS. WHEN RESOURCES ARE AVAILABLE AND CONFLICT IS AVOIDED, THOSE NATIONS HAVE MADE IMPRESSIVE STRIDES. THE EXAMPLE OF JORDAN IN THE 1970S AND LEBANON BEFORE THE CIVIL STRIFE ARE EXAMPLES OF WHAT THE PEOPLES OF THE REGION CAN ACHIEVE.

YET JUST AS AREA TENSIONS HOLD THE SEEDS FOR BROADER CONFLICT, THEY ALSO DETRACT FROM THE ABILITIES OF THE PEOPLE OF THE REGION TO WORK TOGETHER FOR THEIR ECONOMIC

DEVELOPMENT. AT THE SAME TIME, THE LACK OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND GROWTH FEEDS THOSE FORCES WHO SEE CONFLICT AND CONFRONTATION AS THE ONLY ANSWER TO THE PROBLEMS OF THE REGION. THE RECENT NEGATIVE ECONOMIC TRENDS HAVE ACCELERATED THIS CYCLE OF DETERIORATION.

ANY PROGRAMS DIRECTED AT ENHANCED DEVELOPMENT IN THE AREA SHOULD FOCUS ON WHAT CAN BE DONE REGIONALLY. ALTHOUGH BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE HELP THE ECONOMY OF SPECIFIC COUNTRIES, WE SHOULD SEARCH FOR WAYS TO USE OFFICIAL ASSISTANCE, PRIVATE INITIATIVES, TRADE AND COMMERCE TO FOSTER A SENSE OF REGIONAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT.

ORGANIZATIONAL FRAMEWORK:

ENCOURAGE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN INFORMAL INTERNATIONAL DONORS GROUP, SIMILAR IN CONCEPT TO IERD SPONSORED CONSULTATIVE GROUPS, WHICH WOULD FOCUS ON REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS. THE DONORS, WHICH WOULD INCLUDE GOVERNMENTS, PRIVATE SECTOR BUSINESSES, AND MULTI-LATERAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND DEVELOPMENT BANKS, SHOULD COLLABORATE WITH THE RECIPIENT COUNTRIES ON A SEPARATE AND INDIVIDUAL BASIS WHERE NECESSARY BUT WITH THE AIM OF JOINT ADMINISTRATION OF DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS AND ENHANCED REGIONAL ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL COOPERATION.

SOURCES OF FINANCING

OFFICIAL ASSISTANCE: WE REALIZE THAT MANY COUNTRIES MAKE A SUBSTANTIAL AND VALUABLE CONTRIBUTION TO REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT NOT THROUGH BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL PROGRAMS. BUT WE HAVE A MUTUAL OBLIGATION TO SEE WHAT MORE CAN BE DONE. U.S. ASSISTANCE TO THE REGION IS ALREADY SUBSTANTIAL (SEE ATTACHED TABLES). IN EGYPT THE U.S. PROVIDES MORE THAN DOUBLE THE ASSISTANCE FROM OTHER DONOR COUNTRIES. WE BELIEVE THAT OTHER INDUSTRIALIZED COUNTRIES, WHICH HAVE A GREAT ECONOMIC STAKE IN THE REGION, COULD DO MORE BY TRYING INITIALLY, FOR EXAMPLE, TO MEET US AID LEVELS.

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THE INDUSTRIALIZED COUNTRIES ARE THE CHIEF BENEFICIARIES OF THE RECENT DRAMATIC DECLINE IN OIL PRICES AND THEREFORE SHOULD BE IN A BETTER POSITION TO INCREASE ASSISTANCE LEVELS TO THE REGION. ACCORDING TO OUR ESTIMATES, THE US, WESTERN EUROPE AND JAPAN CAN EXPECT TO SEE THEIR NET OIL IMPORT COSTS DROP BY APPROXIMATELY DOLS 65 TO DOLS 70 BILLION DURING THE FIRST YEAR, ASSUMING AN AVERAGE PRICE PER BARREL OF OIL OF DOLS 15.00. THIS IN

TURN WILL IMPROVE THE ECONOMIC GROWTH PICTURES IN THESE COUNTRIES.

THE GULF ARAB STATES - SAUDI ARABIA, KUWAIT, AND THE ARAB EMIRATES - HAVE A MAJOR STAKE IN REGIONAL STABILITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. WE THEREFORE WOULD PROPOSE THEIR INVOLVEMENT AT AN APPROPRIATELY EARLY STAGE.

THE SOVIET UNION AND CMEA COUNTRIES SHOULD BE INVITED TO CONTRIBUTE FINANCIALLY AND THUS PARTICIPATE AS DONORS. THEY, TOO, HAVE A STAKE IN REGIONAL PEACE AND STABILITY. THIS PROPOSAL WOULD OFFER THEM AN OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE A VALUABLE CONTRIBUTION TO THAT IMPORTANT GOAL. WE BELIEVE INITIALLY, HOWEVER, THE PROPOSAL SHOULD BE DISCUSSED FULLY WITH OUR FRIENDS AND ALLIES BEFORE PRESENTING THE ISSUE WITH THE SOVIETS.

COMMERCIAL BANKS: THE COMMERCIAL BANKS, WHICH HAVE BEEN REDUCING THEIR EXPOSURE IN THE REGION, HAVE A MAJOR ROLE TO PLAY AS WELL. IN THIS REGARD, THE PLAN SHOULD BE SEEN IN THE CONTEXT OF THE EARLY INITIATIVE AIMS AT

ENCOURAGING PRIVATE FINANCIAL FLOWS INTO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES WILLING TO UNDERTAKE BASIC STRUCTURAL REFORM OF THEIR ECONOMIES.

MULTILATERAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS: THE IMF, IBRD, AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT BANKS HAVE ONGOING COMMITMENTS IN SOME OF THE POTENTIAL RECIPIENT COUNTRIES. THEIR TECHNICAL EXPERTISE AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES CAN AND SHOULD BE EXPANDED IN THE REGION, AGAIN IN THE CONTEXT OF ECONOMIC RESTRUCTURING AND REFORM. ALSO, THE REGIONAL FOCUS OF A NUMBER OF THE MULTILATERAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TRACKS WELL WITH THE CONCEPT OF ENCOURAGING CROSS-STATE DEVELOPMENT IN THE AREA.

TRADE AND INVESTMENT: THE INDUSTRIALIZED COUNTRIES MUST DO MORE TO EXPAND THEIR BILATERAL TRADE AND INVESTMENT TIES WITH THE ECONOMIES IN THE REGION. WE NEED TO REVIEW CLOSELY THE EXISTING STRUCTURAL BARRIERS TO TRADE AND INVESTMENT IN BOTH THE POTENTIAL DONOR AND RECIPIENT COUNTRIES TO SEE IF SPECIFIC CHANGES/REFORMS CAN HAVE A PAYOFF. BOTH THE EEC AND THE US HAVE CONCLUDED FREE TRADE AREA AGREEMENTS WITH ISRAEL, WHICH CAN BE EXPECTED TO SPUR BILATERAL TRADE AND INVESTMENT WITH THAT COUNTRY. WE SHOULD LOOK SPECIFICALLY INTO THE PRACTICALITY OF CONCLUDING SIMILAR AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER COUNTRIES IN THE REGION.

NEXT STEPS

WE WOULD WELCOME THE VIEWS AND ADVICE OF OUR ALLIES AND FRIENDS ON THIS PROPOSAL WHICH WE HAVE RAISED INFORMALLY WITH THEIR FINANCE MINISTERS AT THE IMF/IBRD INTERIM AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEES MEETING APRIL 9-11 IN WASHINGTON.

OUR CONSULTATIONS WOULD FOCUS ON A NUMBER OF PRACTICAL QUESTIONS WHICH WOULD LEAD THE WAY TO PROGRESS IN THE PROGRAM. SPECIFICALLY:

-- THE EXTENT THERE IS A SHARP ASSESSMENT OF THE NEED/DESIRABILITY FOR ENHANCED FINANCIAL FLOWS, HIGHLIGHTING A REGIONAL CONTEXT, TO KEY COUNTRIES IN THE REGION AND WHAT POTENTIAL IMPACT THIS COULD HAVE BY MAINTAINING STABILITY IN THE REGION AND A BETTER ENVIRONMENT FOR PEACE;

-- WILLINGNESS OF KEY COUNTRIES TO ESTABLISH SUSTAINABLE FINANCIAL FLOWS;

-- HOW PRIVATE SECTOR SUPPORT MIGHT BE ENLISTED IN KEY COUNTRIES;

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-- THE POSSIBLE ROLE OF THE MULTINATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AS WELL AS COMMERCIAL BANKS;

-- FORMS OFFICIAL ASSISTANCE TO THE REGION MIGHT TAKE, I.E. GRANT ASSISTANCE, LOAN GUARANTEED, BOND ISSUES, ETC.;

-- POTENTIAL OBSTACLES FOR ARAE PARTICIPANTS AND HOW THESE MIGHT BE OVERCOME;

-- OPERATIONAL/INSTITUTIONAL QUESTIONS; AND

-- NEXT STEPS IN THE CONSULTATION PROCESS.

IF WE AGREE THAT THE PROPOSAL DOES HOLD POTENTIAL FOR POSITIVE CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE REGION, AT THE TOKYO ECONOMIC SUMMIT WE COULD DETERMINE HOW BEST TO ADVANCE THE PLAN. END TEXT

6. FOLLOWING TALKING POINTS FOR USE BY ACTION ADDRESSEES IN RESPECTIVE CAPITALS.

--WE WOULD APPRECIATE YOUR REACTIONS TO THE MIDDLE EAST REGIONAL ECONOMIC PLAN PROPOSAL, WHICH WAS PRESENTED TO YOUR FINANCE MINISTER IN WASHINGTON DURING THE MEETINGS OF THE IMF/IBRD INTERIM AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

MEETINGS, INCLUDING YOUR ASSESSMENT OF ITS VIABILITY AND YOUR COUNTRY'S WILLINGNESS TO CONTRIBUTE TO SUCH AN EFFORT.

--TIME PERMITTING, DEPUTY SECRETARY WHITEHEAD WOULD LIKE

TO DISCUSS THIS PROPOSAL WITH YOUR FOREIGN MINISTRY REPRESENTATIVE ON THE FRINGES OF THE OECD MINISTERIAL.

--(FOR SUMMIT COUNTRIES ONLY) ASSISTANT SECRETARY RIDGWAY PLANS TO RAISE THIS AS A POSSIBLE TOKYO SUMMIT TOPIC AT THE APRIL 18 MEETING OF THE POLITICAL DIRECTORS/SHERPAS.

--IF THE CONCLUSION IS THAT THE PROPOSAL HOLDS POTENTIAL FOR DEVELOPMENT IN THE REGION, WE COULD DETERMINE HOW BEST TO ADVANCE THE PLAN AT THE TOKYO SUMMIT.

BACKGROUND

--WE ARE CONCERNED BY THE POTENTIALLY SERIOUS DIRECT AND INDIRECT IMPACTS OF DECLINING OIL PRICES ON THE ECONOMIES OF ARAB STATES IMPORTANT TO THE PEACE PROCESS.

--PROPOSAL ENVISAGES THE CREATION OF A REGIONAL FUND OVER A TEN-YEAR PERIOD TO SUPPORT DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS IN JORDAN, EGYPT, LEBANON, SYRIA, AND THE WEST BANK/GAZA. THESE FUNDS WOULD COME FROM OFFICIAL DONOR SOURCES AS WELL AS THE COMMERCIAL BANKS AND OTHER PRIVATE SECTOR SOURCES.

--THE PROPOSAL'S CHIEF OBJECTIVE IS TO REVERSE THE ECONOMIC DETERIORATION IN THE REGION, ENHANCE REGIONAL STABILITY, AND THEREBY FOSTER AN IMPROVED CLIMATE FOR OUR ONGOING PEACE EFFORTS.

--WHILE WE UNDERSTAND THE POTENTIAL POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL PROBLEMS, WE BELIEVE SUCH A PROPOSAL HAS CONSIDERABLE MERIT AND WANT TO DISCUSS IT WITH OUR FRIENDS.

--WE BELIEVE THE ASSISTANCE MIGHT TAKE ANY NUMBER OF FORMS INCLUDING ADDITIONAL BILATERAL BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND PROJECT ASSISTANCE, ENHANCED PRIVATE SECTOR TRADE AND INVESTMENT, FINANCIAL AND DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE VIA THE MULTILATERAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, AND EVEN DEBT RELIEF WHERE JUSTIFIED.

--THERE ARE IMPORTANT PROCEDURAL QUESTIONS ABOUT HOW BEST TO COORDINATE AND ADMINISTER SUCH IMPORTANT FINANCIAL

ISSUES, BUT WE BELIEVE THAT THE INITIAL EMPHASIS SHOULD PROBABLY CENTER ON IMPROVED DONOR COOPERATION.

? BEIRUT MINIMIZE CONSIDERED. SEULTZ

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News Summary April 29, 1986

Columns

WSJ-Karen Elliot House (WSJ For. Ed.) "The Gravest Show on Earth" House visited the Mideast for three weeks and finds the region divided, despondent, politically deadlocked and economically in decline. The Arab masses have no faith in their leaders, and the leaders have little faith in themselves, and few Arabs have any faith in the US. The most likely consequences is deepening fear and increased terrorism. US officials talk about the political demise of Mubarak, and PM Peres, a genuine admirer of Mubarak, calls Egypt the most unstable Mideast country: Nothing is being done about it. The West talks of a Marshall Plan, but almost nothing will come of it soon or in the future. Israelis are laying odds on two things--the survival of their shaky coalition gov't and the prospect of war with Syria. Israelis have been worried for some time about the steady Syrian military buildup. Assad has increased his shrill threats. For example, he recently said that the Golan Heights would some day be in the "middle" of Syria. Syria's might and message are being taken seriously. House likens the situation to Israel being a lion tamer and Syria, a lion, who needs to be tamed. Yet, while upheaval in Syria is possible, war with Israel seems improbably. Assad clearly can't count on Iraq, Egypt or Jordan to join him in a military adventure. It is also doubtful that he can count on the Soviets to transform a dubious military battle into a political victory. The Reagan Administration is missing an opportunity to lead moderate Arab states--and Israel--in pursuit of some broader peace process. The US ought to play ringmaster to the Mideast 3-ring circus.

Press Reports

Pentagon Has Doubts on Lavi

WSJ-Seib-Moshe Arens loves the Lavi and says it will roll off the assembly line without serious cost overruns. But the US, which has quietly paid the bill for nearly all the \$1 billion invested so far, is starting to have doubts. A confidential US gov't study suggests that the Lavi will chew up more and more of the big US military aid package for Israel if production begins. In that case, the US would have to increase its aid, or Israel would have to neglect other defense needs. The Lavi is

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starting to become a thorn in the side of US-Israeli relations. Some Israelis think the report is part of an underground campaign by the Pentagon to force Israel to cancel the project, and instead, buy US planes.

Abu Nidal Group Says It Killed British Tourist

NYT-AP-The Abu Nidal terrorist group said it killed a British tourist in Jerusalem in retaliation for Britain's role in the US attack on Libya. There was no immediate way to verify the assertion. (see NYP-wire; DN-AP)

Europeans Ready to Act on Terror

NYT-Markham-Senior European officials say Reagan will find his principle allies at the Tokyo summit disposed to take fresh steps on international terrorism, but at the same time, keen to preserve the annual meeting's character as a forum for aligning economic policies.

Turks Link Libyans in Embassy Plot

NYT-special-(Ankara) The chief state prosecutor said that two Libyans arrested last week and charged with conspiring to blow up an American officers' club has been supplied with explosives by Libyan embassy personnel. But the Turkish Foreign Ministry said there was no evidence that the Libyan Ambassador was involved. (see DN-AP)

More Explosions of Libyans

NYT-Reuters-Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg today joined other European Community nations in action against Libya by halving Libyan diplomatic representation to the three countries.

DN-Volz-Attorney General Messe said the Justice Dept. is studying whether to expel some of the 3500 Libyan students living in the US.

US Carrier Nears Libya

NYP-That largest carrier in the US Navy is steaming towards Libya to relieve another carrier which was involved in the raids on Libya. The Egyptian Gov't gave permission to move the nuclear powered ship to pass through the Suez Canal.

Sudan

NYT-Rule (Khartoum) Western diplomats say Libyan influence in the Sudan has dramatically increased at the expense of links to the US and Egypt. The US is the Sudan's largest aid donor.

Meese Doubts Early Decision on Barring Waldheim

NYT-Werner-Messe indicated that a decision on whether to bar Waldheim was unlikely to come until after the Austrian election on Sunday.

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Hasids Demonstrate

DN-photo of rabbis and rabbinical students demonstrating in front of the Israeli Consulate. They were protesting the building of a Mormon missionary center in Jerusalem + several incidents which they say Hasidim were beaten and jailed by Jerusalem police for public protests against what they consider objectionable ads on bus shelters. Nearly 10,000 from the Satmar sect took part in the protest. A similar demonstration was held in Jerusalem. (The photo shows Hasidim holding signs reading "Khadafy and Kollek are Real Cousins") (see photo-ND)

JDL Urges Airline Boycott

NYP-The JDL called for a boycott of Pan Am as the airline resumed direct flights to the Soviet Union for the first time since 1978. About a dozen people picketed Pan Am in NY and asked travelers not to fly on the airline as long as it insists "upon flying to Moscow while 3 million Russian Jews cannot be free."

The Nation Magazine at 120

NYT-Curtis-The Nation is the country's oldest magazine. It's role is to be a critic of the establishment. It's circulation is 70,000. The magazine believes that the US raid on Libya raised rather than diminished international tensions, and argued that the death of Libyan civilians made it difficult for the US to sustain a moral superiority over terrorists.

Letters

WSJ-5 letters on Cockburn's article on Libya. 4 oppose what he had to say.

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סגירות ישראל - וושינגטון

אלו

המשרד

709

ס ו ר כ
דף.....מחור.....דפים
סוד
סווג בסיוני
דחיסות.....מיון?
מארץ וזים...1820.29 באפריל 86
סיימי סג' מברק

ממנכ"ל.

מנהל מצפא.

נושאים בשיחה עם מרפי .

טאבה ומצרים

במסגרת הפגישה עם מרפי העלה השגריר תוכן מברק 725 מכן-אהרון בעניין ההסחה בתקשורת המצרית. השגריר גם ציין חוות דעת המשפטנים המצרים שכביכול הסכמה לבוררות פירושה ויתור על ריבונות מצרית. בתשובה לשאלת הציר היתה הערכת מרפי שאחרי פתרון בעיית טאבה "יפתחו דלתות".

כר"ל

הציר העכיר תוכן חוזם 1825 בעניין נסיון הרחבת בסיס הכר"ל ושיתוף אוסטרליה, יפאן ורפ"ג בתרומות. (הנושא הועלה לפני כן ע"י מחני עם הממונה על המחלקה הרגיונלית וונדי צ'מברלין, שידעה על המהלך).

וולדהיים

השגריר העלה עניין וולדהיים ועמדת מחמ"ד לכך ועל זאת השיב מרק פאריס, מנהל מח' בריה"ם, שהמזכיר אמר שהנושא בבדיקה ואכן נבדק בתאום עם משרד המשפטים.

מתני

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 תאריך וז"ח
 מס' פברק

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לפעול מייד לשם הגנת סעיף הסיוע מקיצוצים עמוקים, החל היום אחה"צ בקוקוס החברים
 הרפובליקאים בוועדת התקציב שמתכנסים להכין הצעותיהם התקציביות.
 בתשובה לשאלתו, אשרנו ששוחחנו בנושא זה לפני כעשרה ימים עם המורשה ג'ק קמפ והלה בוודאי
 יהיה מוכן לשתף פעולה עם וובר.

5. בהקשר של שיתוף פעולה העיר השגריר שקיבל דיווח על נאומו המרשים של וובר בוועידה
 הארצית של אייפא"ק בדבר "בניית קואליציות", עוד אמר השגריר שלנו נודע על רצון וובר
 להפגישו עם מטפר עמיתיו הרפובליקאים, ושמצידנו נברך על כך. וובר חייב זאת ובקש שעוזרו
 דוד רייר (שנכח אף הוא) יסדיר את המפגש בקרוב.

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 למדו

תאריך: 28.4.86	כחלקת הישר ניו-יורק	1-107
שם: 281400	נופס נזרד	4-107
0674	לש' סמנכ"ל, מע"ח; סמנכ"ל אמ"ח"ק; המורה; מפ"א; סמ"ד;	
175 - 011	יועץ רוה"ם לחקשורה; יועץ שוב"ט לחקשורה; לע"ס; דו"צ.	
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News Summary April 28, 1986

Editorials

NYP "US Should Bar Waldheim--Even If He is Elected President" Attorney General Messe has on his desk a recommendation, from the head of the Justice Department's Special Investigations Office, that Waldheim should be barred from entering the US--whether he's president of Austria or not. Waldheim isn't wanted in the US. He was a wanted Nazi criminal and his case was never closed.

ND 4/27 "At Last, Joint Action Against Terrorism?" It appears that our allies have come to the inescapable conclusion that peaceful but effective collective action against terrorism is plainly preferable to unilateral military strikes. What's needed is an unequivocal declaration of determination by Tokyo summit partners to meet the challenge of terrorism everywhere in the world and to defeat it by taking the strongest and most effective political, diplomatic and economic measures available. And then what's needed is the unanimous translation of that declaration into action.

Press Reports

British Tourist Shot Dead in Arab Quarter of Jerusalem

NYT-Rother-The Israeli police said a British tourist was shot dead while visiting a religious shrine revered by some Protestants as the site where Jesus was buried. It was not immediately clear whether the incident was part of a wave of terrorist attacks against Americans and Britons. Police in Israel said the victim was shot in a "terrorist act." The Jerusalem incident was the third shooting of a foreign pilgrim in Arab East Jerusalem in less than two months. There have been no arrests, but the Israeli police attributed other recent incidents to four terrorist gangs operating out of East Jerusalem and the West Bank. Meanwhile, Italian magistrates investigating a reported plot to assassinate the American, Egyptian and Saudi Ambassadors to Rome said they had concluded that the weapon came from a shipment to Libya from a German arms manufacturer. (see NYP-Dan; DN-Meisels)

Terrorism-Separate Acts, Ideological Bonds

NYT-p.1-Friedman (indepth report) Reporter talked with Arab, European and

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and American diplomats, as well as with American, Arab and Israeli security experts. In the view of these sources, the actual link between the various radical Arab and Iranian groups and state intelligence organizations that have in effect declared war on the US appear to be very loose. The bonds that unite these groups tend to be ideological rather than operational. The state intelligence organizations of Iran, Syria and Libya--which are believed to be the key forces behind recent attacks on American and Israeli targets--do not like to cooperate on an operational level. The various radical Arab and Iranian states and organizations give the impression of being linked, by getting together for meetings--such as the conference in Tripoli in January. Israeli sources say they had reason to believe that the highly advanced explosive Hindawi placed in his fiancee's suitcase was assembled in the Syrian Embassy in London. Experience suggests that any progress in Arab-Israeli negotiations will be accompanied by more terrorism since a large portion of terrorism today is being carried out by Palestinians or Arab governments opposed to any peaceful settlement with Israel. The root causes of terrorism seem to lie not in any particular grievance that can be treated, but in the intrigues, power struggles, jealousies and machinations that are part of the web of international relations. (Chart of the Mideast militants and patron states)

Shultz Advocates US Covert Action Program to Depose Khadafy

NYT-Gwertzman-Shultz advocated the use of "disruptive" covert action against Libya as a possible alternative to more military retaliation for new terrorist attacks. It was the first time that he publicly discussed the covert side of US efforts to unseat Khadafy. Administration officials said Reagan had at least twice authorized covert action to encourage a coup. But these efforts have so far proven fruitless, they say, because of the inability to find a credible opposition to the Colonel. (see ND-wire; DN-Drake)

Bombs' Impact in Libya

ND-Phelps (Tripoli) Interviews with Libyan citizens seem to indicate that the internal impact of the US attack has been exactly the opposite of what was intended. Khadafy's regime was apparently slightly shaken. But it has emerged intact, with Libyan public opinion decidedly more anti-American and antiwestern than before. Even if Khadafy had been killed, it is unlikely any change in policy would occur because the No. 2 man, Al-Salam Ahmad Jallud, is thought to be as radical as his leader.

Last 6 US Journalists Leave Libya

NYT-special-The remaining American journalists in Libya left under the very firm request of the Libyan government. Officials said they wanted the reporters to leave because many of the ministry bureaucrats were tired.

European Diplomats Getting Thrown Out of Libya

DN-UPI-Libya plans to expel several European diplomats and curtail the movements of those remaining in retaliation for new European restrictions against Libyans, a Western diplomat said yesterday.

Thatcher Faults US Terror Policy

NYT-Lelyveld-Referring pointedly to her Government's readiness to allow the use of British bases in the American raids on Libya, Thatcher contended that the US had an obligation to fight the terrorism of the IRA by agreeing to an extradition treaty that has been held up for months by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Americans in Europe Lie Low

NYT-p.1-Dionne (Rome) Two weeks after the US raid on Libya and the spate of terrorist attacks on Americans overseas that followed, tens of thousands of Americans have changed their habits while wondering what effect any of the changes will have.

Man Who Seized Eichmann Recalls Secret Role

NYT-Kerr (Sec. B) Peter Malkin, the Israeli agent who captured Eichmann spoke to the NYT from his home in Manhattan. On the 25th anniversary of the trial, Malkin spoke out for the first time in the US about his role in the undercover team.

Lebanon

DN-AP-A Lebanese woman died in a blaze of machine-gun fire and a Frenchman in her car was wounded when she tried to turn back from a militia checkpoint in Moslem West Beirut late Saturday. The woman, apparently feared that the Frenchman would be kidnapped, police said.

NYP-Genevieve Maxwell, a 79 year old Long Island native, who made her home in Moslem West Beirut 33 years ago, says she is not scared and doesn't plan to leave. She says she feels safe because the area in which she lives is controlled by Druse militiamen.

Recession in Saudi Arabia

WSJ-Seib-Saudi Arabian businessmen are trying to cope with the collapse of the oil boom and it isn't easy. The nation's oil income has fallen by 70% in the last 5 years, and the plunge has transformed Saudi Arabia from one of the world's easiest business markets into one of the toughest, as companies fight viciously over today's smaller pie.

Woman Rabbi in Virginia

ND-4/24-Slatalla-Story on Rabbi Lynn Landsberg and her work in Virginia.

Book Review

ND-Christison reviews "Heroes and Hustlers, Hard Hats and Holy Men: Inside the New Israel" by Ze'ev Chafets. The book receives a positive review. Chafets' portrait of Israelis is generally positive, and certainly affectionate, but there is nothing superficial about it.

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Inside Jews for Jesus

New York Magazine-Hoffman-An indepth look into the Jews for Jesus organization.

Letters

NYT-Henry Finkelstein, a member of the New Jewish Agenda writes that Gaza Arabs must always carry ID cards that label them as such, and are subjected to harassment from the Israeli military. In this respect, Gaza is like Soweto.

ND George Gruen, Dir, AJC writes that at no time did the AJC pressure WNET-TV not to show "Flashpoint" a package of movies on the Mideast. WNET found the program to be of poor technical quality, outdated and factually inaccurate.

Cartoons

DN-Gorbachev, with a skull pin with Afganistan written on it says: "The criminal bombardment of Libya jeopardizes our summit plans."

DN-A wounded dragon (terrorism) calls Reagan a "Brute."

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TELEX

April 23, 1986

The Honorable Shimon Peres
Prime Minister of Israel
Jerusalem, Israel

Telex #922-25327

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The AFL-CIO once again requests your assistance in resolving final two issues blocking a settlement of dispute between El Al and International Association of Machinists.

Both issues directly involve your longstanding assurance that all strikers would return to work.

First issue regards full accrual of seniority for strikers and was resolved during earlier negotiations. Management now seeks to change its position and jeopardize rights of union members. Rejecting an earlier agreement on this issue and suggesting arbitration again raises the question of whether management really desires a settlement.

Second issue involves management use of unlimited part-time employees. Union has proposed expedited arbitration of issue with El Al commitment that no layoffs of full-time workers take place pending arbitrator's ruling. To date, management refuses to accept this reasonable compromise.

Your help in resolving these last two issues and thus settling this lengthy and unfortunate dispute will be greatly appreciated.

Lane Kirkland
President
AFL-CIO

cc: Danny Bloch
William Scheri

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משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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סודי ביותר/מיד

שהח, מנכל, ממנכל, מצפא

AIPAC והעיסקה הסעודית

1. שלב א'

1.1. כיבוד הודיעו אנשי אייפק לממשל-בשיחת תום דין עם

המזכיר שאייפק לא ינהל מאבק נגד העיסקה. הדבר נעשה לדברי אנשי

אייפק משלוש סיבות:

1.1.1. תחושת אנשי אייפק היתה שישראל לא מודאגת מהעסקה כי

היא לא תפגע באינטרס חיוני של ישראל.

1.1.2. אין אנו צריכים בשעה זו לחפש נושאים שעשויים לגרום

למתח עם הממשל שעה שהיחסים בה טובים.

1.1.3. עצם בוא איש אייפק לקראת הממשל יחזק מעמד ארגון זה

כשהממשל ירצה למכור נשק למדינה ערבית בעתיד.

1.2. יוזמת אייפק כלפי הממשל-בהסרת ההתנגדות-נעשתה ללא

התייעצות מוקדמת עם ישראל.

1.3. הממשל הניח כנראה שמסיבות ברורות-ממשיכה ישראל להצהיר

פומבית- שהיא מתנגדת לעיסקה זו-ויחד עם זאת-יזמה ישראל את

צעדס של אנשי אייפק.

2. שלב ב'

שתי ועדת הקונגרס הצביעו נגד העיסקה הסעודית. 64 סנטורים יזמו

החלטה נגד המכירה-ומתגבש גם רוב בקונגרס נגד עיסקה זו. כתוצאה

מכך תידחה הצעת הממשל-והנשיא יצטרך להשיל וטו. כתוצאה מכך

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משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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יסיק הממשל לעניות-דעתי שתי מסקנות:

2.1. איפק איננו הכל יכול למען הממשל. כי הלא על אף הסרת ההתנגדות- והפומביות שניתנה לעמדה זו, לא הצליח הארגון להבטיח הצלחת יוזמת הממשל. הממשל מפיץ ראיון תום דיין לעתונות. מוכח ששם שאין זה פוגע בישראל.

2.2. הדאגה לישראל והקשר הוא כה חזק שעל אף עמדת איפק יודע כל סנטור וכל חבר קונגרס שאספקת נשק למדינה כסעודיה עשויה לפגוע בישראל ועל כן יש להמנע מכך.

3. סיכום.

3.1. עמדת ועדות הקונגרס הושפעה ללא ספק מפרשת הפצצת לונדון- לעומת ערב הסעודית בסוגיית הטרור.

3.2. העלאת נושא הסיוע של ערב הסעודית לאשפ- שהועלה על ידי בפתחת בנס איפק וקיבל חיזוק באותו מעמד מפי קייסי (ראש ה-סי.אי.איי).

3.3. לעניות דעתי לא נגרם כל נזק למעשה על ידי יוזמת איפק. הפרשה הוכיחה לממשל שהרגשות החמים לישראל כה חזקים שאפילו כשאייפק, הארגון ב'הא' הידיעה שדואג לישראל, הרי שאין הוא מצליח להשפיע לקולא כשהמדובר באספקת נשק לישראל.

3.4. באיזו מידה יהיו גורמים בממשל איראן בכך גם הוכחה שאייפק הוא לא הכל יכול ומחור כך יסיקו אולי שמוסדות לפחות- הוא איננו הארגון-י-זוהי סוגיה שרצוי לבדוק אותה בהודעות נאותה אך אין ספק שחל בינתיים שינוי במעמדו הציבורי של ארגון זה.

מ' רון

חפ: שהח, מנבל, ממנבל, מצפא

הח טפס לאורג רמ טמ

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מדינת ישראל

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5. באשר לגודל ההתנגדות (והכוונה למספר הארדהמטי של ההתנגדים, ולא דווקא לאינטנסיביות ההתנגדותם), מובן שהוא תורכב מכמה וכמה מניעים, כאשר כל אחד מהם לא ניתן לשיעור בנפרד וכאשר ההדגשים עשויים להיות שונים אצל כל סנטור ומורשה. בין מניעים אלה יש למנות התנגדות לעיסקה לשמה; האזירה האנטי סעודית והאנטי ערבית בכלל (לוב, טרור); שיקולים מפלגתיים (דמוקרטים הסנסיס להבין רפובליקאים והממשל); והשבונות פוליטיים שונים ומשונים (שיטתן הצעת ההחלטה של אי-הסכמה מתוך תקווה "להרויח" משהו מהבית הלבן בעת שיופעל להץ על סנטורים לחזור בהם, וכן שיקול מפוכח שמוטב להתנגד לעיסקה הנוכחית ע"מ להיות "מטורר המצוות" והפטי להתוודע במסירת מטוסי האיוואקס במשך הקיץ).

6. בכלל זה אין להתעלם מהמומנט בישראלי. אמנם העיסקה מיועדת לסעודיה אך השאלה נחפסת בגבעה כעניין ישראלי לא פחות מסעודי. לפיכך, במחנה המתנגדים יש הדואגים לבטחוננו; יש המעריכים שבשנת הבחירות כדאי להפגין תמיכה בישראל; ויש גם הרוצים "ללמד את איפא"ק לקח" (דהיינו המבקשים לטוואוח לאיפא"ק שום בלתי תלויים ומוכנים להצביע לטובת ישראל אפילו בזמן שאיפא"ק אינו לוחץ עליהם).

7. למעשה, במקרה דנא ההתנגדות הניכרת לתכיות שילים לסעודיה והתמיכה הרחבה בישראל הם שני הצדדים למטבע אחת. מבחינתנו - ואולי זה העיקר - חשובהמכל העובדה שתמיכה זו בקונגרס לא נמוגה ולא נעלמה ברגע שאנו מתנגדים עקרונית בלבד ואיפא"ק אינו נאבק בעיסקה באופן פעיל.

ל. ס.
למדן - הרצל

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1.91... מחזור... דמיים
סווג בשחובי... שסור
דחיסות רגיל

אל:

המשרד

מדין וז"ח. 1960. 28. אפר 56

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אל :- מצפ"א

נשק לסעודיה

השלמה לשלנו 600 מ-22.4

כמדובר, ב-22 אימצה ועדת המשנה לאירופה ומז"ח את החלטת מל לויין הדורש בקשת הממשל. העידו מרפי, פלטרו ומל לויין. מיותר להרחיב על השאלות שנשאל לויין ותשובותיו. פלטרו כמעט לא התבטא.

בפתח דבריו ציין מרפי החשיבות שהנשיא מייחס לעסקה ומחבתו להטיל וטו על החלטה לא לאשרה. אמר שצופה השאלות שיישאל, והרי תשובותיו :

- א. מדוע העיסקה באינטרס האמריקאי? חיזוק הגנתה האזרחית לחליש סכנות החומייניזם, יצאצא שטט לצורך במעורבות אמריקנית בעתיד. אין מדובר באבן בוחן ליחסים.
- ב. התמונה אצל אחדים בקונגרס כאילו ההיבט הצבאי של היחסים עם סעודיה הוא העיקר אינה נכונה, יש מערכת שלמה, לא ניתן לערער היחסים כעת ולצפות לשקטם בקלות בעתיד.
- ג. העסקה לא תפגע בישראל. הממשל מחוייב ליתרונה האיכותי על פני כל שילוב אפשרי של אויבים.

ד. למרות שהממשל אינו קושר העיסקה לתהליך השלום, הרי שסעודיה תרמה: פועלת לשנות הקונצנזוס הערבי (תוכנית פהאד) לא התנגדה ליוזמת ריגן, סייעה כספית לחוסין באופן שאיפשר לו לבדוק אופציות לשלום.

ה. סעודיה פועלת לשיבת מצרים לתוך העולם הערבי.

ו. האינטרסים האמריקאים באיזור חורגים מיחסי ארה"ב - ישראל.

ז. העיסקה מהווה תגובה הולמת לאיום האיראני והמטות המשולבים אישרו הצורך הצבאי כאשר כמות הסטינגרים מבוססת על שעורם, בצבא ארה"ב תוך המחשבות בכניסותיה הסיועיות (העדר תשתית תעשייתית וכ"י).

ח. הנתונים לפיהם ארה"ב מכרה לסעודיה בשנים האחרונות נשק בסך 50 בליון דולר אינם מדויקים - 10% מהסכום הלך לנשק, היתר - ליצירת תשתית.

ט. בנוסף, היא משלמת במזומן, ואין אלא להצטרף על ההפסד לארה"ב נוכח דחיית העסקה אשתד.

י. לגבי הקשר בין סעודיה ללוב ואש"פ, סעודיה היתה קרובן הטרור ותמשיך להתנגד.

הנהלת המשרד
מדין וז"ח
1960. 28. אפר 56

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92...2...מחור...3...דפים
סוג בשחוני
דחיסה
מארץ וזיה
מס' פת

אל:

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בסלב זה לנטוס, אשר כיהן כיו"ר במהלך תקצת הישיבה, תקף קשות את התגובה הסעודית לפעולה אמריקאית כלפי לוב. מרפי בהשבתו אמר שתגובתם הפומבית שונה מזו הפרטית, הדגיש שתיקו אהדה לעם הלובי ולא לקדאפי, ציין המצב בו הם עומדים בהיותם חברים בליגה הערבית, תגובתם היתה המינימום שיכלו לאמר בנסיבות האמורות, כאשר הערבים זוכרים את 1956 והתקפת הקולביאליזם על מדינות ערב. בכל אופן היו לאוה"ב שיחות כנות עם סעודיה בנושא.

עוד שאל לנטוס על תמיכת סעודיה באש"פ. מרפי השיב שסעודיה אינה שותפה לחרדות ארה"ב לגבי הארגון. מאז 85 סעודיה מנסה לכוון תרומותיה ל- *mainline Fatah* אותו חלק בארגון שהמלך הקדיש את מרבית אשתקד לטפח. הסעודים רואים את כספם הולך למטרות פוליטיות ולמשפחות - אינם רואים את אש"פ כארגון טרוריסטי ביסודו אלא כארגון גג המקיף דעות שונות.

לנטוס ציין שמצרים במצב קשה וסעודיה אינה עושה דבר לסייע. מרפי השיב שבעת המחומות האחרונות חרגה סעודיה ממנהגה כאשר התבטאה פומבית והיו מגעים בין מנהיגים. סעודיה פעלה לשוב מצרים לחיק העולם הערבי, יש *מגוף* אינטרסים גדולה בקהיר, הרבה נסיעות הדדיות אך סבורה שיש צורך בחחלטת פסגה ערבית לשם חידוש יחסים. קריס סמית ביקש הערכת על יציבות בית סעוד. מרפי השיב שעליה לרגל של מליון מוסלמים ורק תקריח ידועה אחת מעידה על יציבות. עוד שאל על הרקורד שלהם בשמירת מתקנים. מרפי אמר שהוא מושלם ופלטרו תאר סידורי הבטחון.

טוריסלי אמר שארה"ב אינה עקבית כאשר קוראת למדינות אירופה לא לסייע לתומכות בטרור אך בו זמנית מסייעת לסעודיה התומכת באש"פ. מרפי השיב שסעודיה אינה רואה עצמה כתומכת בטרור, מטרת העסקה - איתות לטהרן, הסתכלות על העסקה רק לאור הסכסוך הערבי - ישראלי גורמת לאבד מימדים רבים.

טוריסלי הביע תמיכה בצרכי הבטחון של סעודיה, אולם להערכתו חולשה מול איראן היא דווקא בתחום היבשתי, והעסקה מכוונת לתחום האווירי, היחיד בו יש לה יתרון ובו יכולים לפגוע בישראל. מרפי השיב שח"א האיראני אינו מחוסל - יש להם 80-100 מטוסים במצב סביר.

גילמן שאל על כוונות לגבי עסקות אחרות עם סעודיה. מרפי, אחרי השלמת עסקה זו נדון על אישור ה-AWACS. אין עסקות אחרות על הפרק השנה. לא נטשה ענינה ב-F-15 אך הטורנדו משלים החטר. בקשה ל-enhancement של F-15? הרצון קיים, אך לא השנה. אשר לאיוואקט, ממתניגים לפרטים שיאפשרו לנשיא לאשר, מדובר באספקה באמצע השנה (פלטרו): מבואינג הבינו שמדובר ביוני). הדו"ח ימסר לקונגרס מספר שבועות לפני האספקה. לשאלת

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ד... 3... 3... 3...
סוג בשחוני
דחיסות
מדין וזיח
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אל:

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גילמן האם טעודיה ענתה על ההנאים כבמכתב הנשיא לבייקר השיב מרפי שבממשל בטוחים
שעד אז *they will have complied* שלנשיא לא יהיה קושי *to certify*.
מרפי מוטרד שלטעודיים יש טווקים חליפיים מעונינים רק ברווח ולא במאזן באיזור.
לארי סמית ניהל עם מרפי ויכוח מתמטי על טענת הממשל שעד 1991 יהיו לטעודיים 10
או פחות טילים למטוס, כאשר להערכתו יהיו להם אז כ-200 מטוסים, 4700 טילים. מרפי ענה
שהטעודיים משתמשים בסטינגרים רבים באמונים, פיזורם במדינה מקשה על גישה, ויש להם
חיי מדף קצרים.

מל לוויין התייחס למכתב בייקר, כאשר חמש שנים אחריו אין עדות לכוונות טעודיה
לשלום. מרפי השיב שהמכתב נכתב בשנת רייגן הראשונה, מספר חודשים אחרי תכנית פהאד כאשר
היתה לנשיא כל סיבה להפגין בטחון. תכנית פהאד עודנה נסיון לשנות הקונצנזוס הערבי.
אשר לעמדת טעודיה בלפי תהליכיח ראיזור, לא התנגדה למאמצו חוסין כלפי ערפאת, החונדה
לפ.ד. כי חששה שיוביל לשלום נפרד, לא התנגדה להסכם 17.5 עם לבנון אלא פקפקה בסיכויי
הצלחתו.

לשאלת לוויין על טלפון מפהאד לקדאפי אחרי ההתקפה האמריקאית השיב מרפי שקדאפי
הוא שטלפן לפואד, לא היתה התחייבות לפצות את לוב. חזר והדגיש שלא היתה תמיכה
מוצהרת בקדאפי וחצורך להתיישר עם הקונצנזוס הערבי.

דיימלי שאל את לוויין (בתפקידו כעד בשיבה) האם נכון שממשישראל זאיפא"ק אינם
מתנגדים לעסקה. לוויין ציטט מדברי רה"מ ב-9.3 כלומר - שההתנגדות עקבית. הוא גם
הזכיר ללוויין שרוב המשרות שיווצרו אם העסקה חתממש יהיו באיזורי הבחירה של שניהם.
את מרפי שאל מה קרה לתהליך השלום בדרך לשולחן הדיונים והלה השיב שמנהיגות אש"פ
לא יכלה להענות לאחגר.

דורנן שאל על התגובה הטעודיית לפעולה בלוב. פיתן שאל על ההשלכות עם העסקה לא
תאושר. מרפי השיב שיוטל וטו - מקוה שלא יהיה צורך. ארה"ב ברגע רגיש ביחסיה
באיזור. טעודיה עושה לארה"ב טובה בכך שדוחה את איראן ומונעת התפשטות המלחמה. מדהים
באיזו מידה האינטרסים של ארה"ב וישראל דומים אך לארה"ב אינטרסים באזור מעבר לישראל.

טובה הרצל
טובה הרצל

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WASH. POST - Kandal - Nervous and embarrassed members of the Israeli establishment say they fear a retired general's involvement in an alleged attempt to smuggle US made weapons to Iran may further damage Israel's reputation in Wash., already tarnished by a spy scandal late last year. Israeli officials moved quickly last week to dissociate themselves from the alleged plan of Brig. Gen. Avraham Bar-Am and other Israelis detained Mon. in Bermuda at the request of the US govt. (added in full copy)

Britain Slain In Jerusalem

WASH. POST - Homan - A British tourist was shot and killed in Arab East Jerusalem yesterday, the third Briton slain in the Middle East since the US air raid against Libya two weeks ago, Israeli authorities said, however, that it was unclear whether the slaying of Paul Appleby was related to the raid on Libya, and Peres said there was no reason to suspect he had been singled out because he was British.

Challenge In Egypt

WASH. TIMES - (Wires) - A new challenge to Mubarak has arisen from the Islamic fundamentalist Ikhwan, or Muslim Brotherhood. The group seeks to form its own political party, although current Egyptian law forbids the formation of parties based on religion. Nonetheless, the perceived weakness of Mubarak has prompted Muslim Brotherhood leaders to proceed with formulating the party program and defining its internal system in line with their fundamentalist Islamic tenets.

Why US Is Unlikely To Hit Terrorists In Syria Or Iran

CHRISTIAN SCI. MON. J - Despite Reagan's statement last week that the US would consider using military force against Syria and Iran to counter terrorism against Americans, few experts believe the "Libyan option" actually is open to the US in those countries. If the US were to launch antiterrorist attacks against Syria and Iran, it could be swatting a beehive full of trouble. "It's a great mistake to equate the cathartic victory we achieved in Libya with comparative safety with attacking Syria and Iran," says Robert Kupperman. US attacks against either Syrian or Iranian targets could pose military risks, some defense experts note. For example, air strikes on terrorist training camps would require US pilots to fly over hostile, well defended territory.

Kohl, Visiting Austria, Backs Waldheim, Accuses Critics of Arrogance, Ignorance

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BOSTON GLOBE - (Reuters) - Kohl of West Germany yesterday strongly defended Waldheim and said some of those who have denounced him for his wartime past have shown "arrogance" and a lack of understanding of conditions during the war. Kohl told Austrian state radio that he had been shocked by accusations against Waldheim, an "old personal friend," who is candidate in the Austrian presidential election on May 4. Kohl said he was speaking in a personal capacity and that he had no wish to interfere in the election campaign. He made his comments while attending a meeting in Salzburg with Waldheim and leaders of the Austrian People's Party, which is backing Waldheim and has close relations with Kohl's Christian Democratic Union.

Abu Nidal Said To Plan Raids In Europe

BOSTON GLOBE - (AP) - A newspaper said yesterday that the terrorist group led by Abu Nidal, is planning attacks in Europe to free imprisoned Palestinians. The mass circulation newspaper Bild, also said that a man arrested in London for allegedly trying to bomb an Israeli airliner was a member of Abu Nidal's groups. West German Interior Ministry officials played down the Bild report. Bild gave no details of the purported attack plans, but said Israeli intelligence had collected information about them.

Rabbi Denies Role In Iran Arms Deal

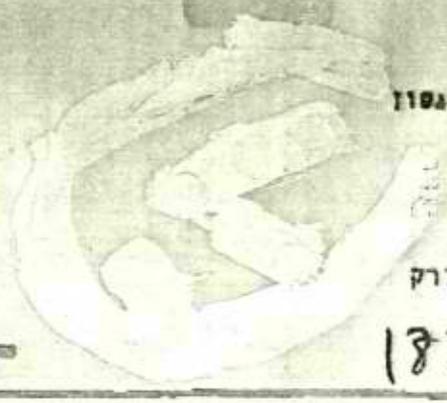
WASH. TIMES (WIRES) - A rabbi, one of five Israelis charged by the US with involvement in a scheme to sell US arms to Iran, was quoted yesterday as saying he knew about the proposed deal but wasn't involved in it. "I'm just the money man. I have no connection with trade in weapons," Rabbi Yitzhak Hebroni was quoted as saying in the daily Hadashot. Hebroni is treasurer of the Bazelet International Trading Co., which the US govt. alleges tried to sell \$800 million worth of US arms in Israeli inventories to Iran.

TELEVISION: NIGHTLY NEWS

The major networks focused their main stories on President Reagan in Honolulu, the Briton who was shot in Jerusalem, and the economy.

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המסד, בטחון, ניו-יורק

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אל:הסברה, מע"ח, מצפ"א, ממנכ"ל, סמנכ"ל הסברה, לשי רזה"ח, לע"מ, דובר צה"ל, רמ"ח קש"ח
דע:ניו-יורק.

NEWS SUMMARY SUNDAY APRIL 27, 1986

EDITORIALS

THE WALDHEIM CASE

WASH POST Nobody wanted all this to happen. Waldheim could fairly have believed that his own public service since world war II, and Austria's successful integration into the postwar democratic order, had put the past sufficiently behind. But the past has its claims, truth foremost among them. On all the relevant levels an unsparring inquiry must be pressed. It is the only way.

THE NEWS REPORTS

LIBYA SEEN WEIGHING GOVERNMENT CHANGES

C. DICKEY WASH POST The government of Libyan leader Qaddafi appears to be considering major organizational and possibly some political changes following the american airraids 12 days ago.

RAID REVIVES DEBATE OVER US ROLE IN EUROPE

M. DOBBS WASH POST Just how much effect the US air raid against Libya will have in restraining state-backed terrorism remains to be seen. But the bombs that landed on Tripoli and Benghazi have given new life to an old debate about the relationship between the US and western Europe.

WALDHEIM MAY BE INNOCENT

A. RYAN WASH POST what ever his role in world war II may have been, Waldheim's own words show a record of lies, omissions, denials, admissions, half truths and evasions about his service to the Nazis. He is fast proving himself unworthy of belief and certainly unworthy of the presidency of Austria.

ISRAEL'S NEW SUPER LOBBY IN WASHINGTON: REAGAN AND CO.

R. STRAUSS WASH POST State Department Arabists acknowledge that Arab interests hardly get a hearing today in Washington. How did this revolution in American-Israeli relations happen? was it a result of explicit Israeli efforts to change American policies, or of a less deliberate combinations of forces? how much credit - or blame - does AIPAC itself deserve for changing attitudes in congress and the administration? and is the change in US mideast policy likely to be permanent?

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THE EUROPEAN QADDAFI COWARDICE

O. FALLACI WASH POST The Italians have not understood Qaddafi, or they pretended not to have understood him. The French and the Spanish and the German and the Swedes and some English have not understood him either. Or they pretended not to have understood him. The same must be said of anyone else who sheds tears for Qaddafi these days. That is, anyone who turns the tables and sees him as a victim of evil americans who are always attacking someone and who noe attack this poor innocent and defenseless man.

TERRORISM: A SEARCH FOR A QUICK FIX

P. GEYELIN WASH POST The vice president highly classified task force report made 44 recommendations to deal with terrorism grim potential for growth. There lies its most important message: countering terrorism is a tough, tricky sophisticated business. To the extent that Libys air strike invites a contrary public sense - that there is some quick fix - it will only confound the public confusion that Holloway is worrying about.

DID THEY FORGET ABOUT QADDAFI ?

J. ANDERSON D. VAN ATTIA WASH POST The hostile response of most european governments to the US raid on Libya puzzled and angeted many americans who supported the military strike as a long over-due attempt to cool Qaddafi's ardor for international terrorism. Libyan oil money has financed antigovernmental terrorists groups from the Phillipines to Ireland.

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תחילת:	תחילת החדש ניו-יורק	תאריך:
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News Summary April 26-27, 1986

Editorials

NYP 4/26 "US Shouldn't Sell Arms to Countries That Bankroll Terror"
 Saudi Arabia is not a terrorist state in the manner of Libya, Iran or Syria. The rulers of these countries make no bones about the fact that they see terrorism as a legitimate instrument of national policy. Saudi Arabia is more discreet: it finances the PLO and other terrorists, then steps back and plays the "we are moderates" game. At this moment, US military hardware in Saudi hands are poised at Israel--America's sole strategic ally in the Mideast. The whole notion of selling arms to the Saudis makes no sense.

Columns

NYT 4/27-Flora Lewis "What is an Ally?" The US raid was unwise because it could not advance the goal of stopping terrorism. There is no thought to what might come after Khadafy. If the raid did anything useful, it might have been to stimulate the allies out of their cringing lethargy at the calls for sanctions against Libya.

NYT 4/27-Eugene Rostow (Prof., law & diplomacy National Defense U.) "Toward Global Order" The US pressure on Libya should be seen in the cold perspective of geopolitics as the first step in carrying out what should be called the Reagan Doctrine. The US has finally begun to undertake a policy of curbing Soviet expansionism. In this context, the bombing of Libya is a breakthrough of incalculable psychological and political importance. This policy is inevitable and long overdue.

NYT 4/27-Gary Sick "Further Into a Trap" Over the next generation, terrorism is likely to get worse rather than better. In recent years, US policy in the Midesat has moved steadily in the direction of increased participation as a partisan--even as a combatant. The backlash has forced the US to terminate its official presence in a number of Mideast countries--just what the terrorists want. There is still perhaps time for the US to reassess its national policies and objectives in the Mideast.

DN 4/27-Kirkpatrick "Understanding Our Allies" Its hard for Americans to understand why our friends did not respond like members of a team. European nations have a habit of handling problems like terrorism secretly, silently, by themselves. European nations have strong tendencies toward

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European unity and independence from the US. We must respect our allies yet be willing to act with confidence to protect our vital interests.

NYP 4/26 Lerner "Europe Won't Protect Itself, So US Must Do It" When Europe's governments get serious about economic and diplomatic sanctions it will be a sign that they are ready for the collective security for which the alliance was intended.

NYP 4/26-Evans & Novak "Deaver & The Saudis" When word leaked out that the Saudis hired ex-Reagan aide Mike Deaver, chances dropped sharply that Saudi Arabia would overcome congressional opposition to Reagan's proposed arms sale. Deaver's increased problems with alleged influence-peddling might hurt his clients more than help them.

Press Reports

Israeli Held in US Arms Plot Carried Official Introduction

*** NYT 4/26 p.2-Freidman-Gen. Bar-Am was empowered by Israel to hold talks with foreigners on arms sales, a senior military official said. But he said the permit issued as a standard "to whom it may concern letter" issued to scores of Israeli arms merchants. The official said the letter did not grant the right to negotiate weapons sales or to put agreements into effect--acts that require an additional permit signed by the Defense Minister Eitan Haber emphasized that the permit should not be construed as meaning that Bar-Am was working on the ministry's behalf. The tight censorship and other controls imposed by the Israeli Gov't on nearly all military-related matters will make it difficult to determine, or to make public, the exact links between Bar-Am and the Defense Ministry. (cabled)

Kohl Defends Waldheim, Saying Critics Are Arrogant

NYT 4/27-Reuters-Kohl strongly defended Waldheim in an address to Austrian state radio. Kohl's remarks could carry weight among many Austrians. "I have known Kurt Waldheim for many years. I have seen his work for Austria, for Europe and in his important role in New York and, I may say, for the civilized world. He is a great patriot," said Kohl. "I sense an arrogance of the late-born, which I find hard to bear...I may say quite openly I would know how to vote if I did have to vote in Austria."

NYT 4/27-Markham-The Waldheim affair is largely a dialogue between Austrians and the outside world. Far from damaging him, the disclosures have generated national sympathy. An ugly undertone of anti-Semitism has crept into the campaign, and Waldheim has brushed off his troubles as the work of "some interest groups in New York."

NYT 4/27-Reuters-Polish newspapers say they have doubts about Waldheim's fitness as a presidential candidate after revelations that he served in the German Army in the Balkans. The articles appeared to be the Soviet bloc's most explicit comment so far.

Reagan Warns Terrorists Risk Reprisals

NYT 4/27-Boyd-Reagan declared that the US was showing the world's "dictators and terrorists" that they had to be prepared for the consequences if they

perpetuated "cowardly acts" against Americans.

US Officials Appear Uncertain On Further Raids

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NYT 4/27 p.1 Gwertzman-Senior Administration officials say no consensus has developed within the Gov't on how far to go in repeating such attacks to counter an expected rise in anti-American terrorism around the world. The officials expressed concern that the public support that developed for the bombing of Libya would not necessarily be repeated if Washington became engaged in regular tit-for-tat retaliatory raids.

Terrorists Strike Again

NYT 4/26 McFadden-An American communications officer at the US Embassy in Yemen was shot from a passing car as he drove home from Church in Sana. In other attacks, the British manager of an American owned subsidiary of Black & Decker, the tool maker, was shot and killed at his home near Lyons, France, and a bomb exploded in the building that houses the American Express office in Lyons. Also, in Vienna, an explosion shattered the office entrance of Saudi Arabia's state-run airline. Meanwhile, in West Germany, an unoccupied auto of an American serviceman and a Canadian military van had been heavily damaged in separate arson attacks. It is unclear whether the shooting and violence was part of a pattern of increased terrorism against American and British targets in reprisal.

NYT 4/27 McFadden-Predawn explosions ripped through deserted offices of American Express and an American computer company in Lyons, and a British bank in Lebanon. A West German newspaper, quoting Israeli and West German intelligence sources; said Abu Nidal had sent "killer commandos" to Europe for attacks aimed at freeing two Palestinian brothers arrested in terrorist incidents in Germany and London. (see NYP; DN)

Europe Tries To Find Ways to Fight Back

NYT-4/27 Week in Review p.1-Markham-Except for his Japanese hosts, whose trade interests and dependence on Mideast oil have made them very quiet during the last month, Reagan will find the allies ready to deal with the terrorist question.

NYT 4/26 Shenon-Attorney General Messe said that a new agreement between the US and its allies to share information about international terrorists was a sign of "significantly greater cooperation" in NATO.

Libyan Students in Britain Told to Leave

NYT 4/26 p.1 special-Britain announced it was curtailing the studies of more than 200 Libyan aviation students and that they will have to leave the country. Authorities said the action was taken for reasons of security. The move appeared to be another in a series of actions, taken by European nations with some fanfare since the US Raid on Libya, to convince the Administration that its allies were prepared to cooperate in efforts to isolate Khadafy. The French and Spanish governments also announced it would reduce the number of Libyan diplomats in their countries. (see NYT-4/27-Dionne-on Italy telling Libya to cut its staff)

NYT 4/26-special-The French Defense Ministry said it would reinforce the anti-aircraft missile defenses on its Mediterranean coast to guard against possible Libyan attacks.

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Libyans Arrive Back Home

NYT 4/26 special-A group of Libyan students expelled from Britain said that they were not involved in any terrorist activities and that their expulsion was undemocratic.

Greek Inaction Upsets US

NYT 4/26 Kamm-The US is disturbed by Greece's unwillingness to carry out the European Community restrictions against Libya that Athens joined in unanimously adopting. The differences are viewed by diplomats as the first major shadow cast over what was apparently a reconciliation between Greece and the US.

US Envoy Tells Americans Not to Avoid Europe

NYT 4/26 Reuters-The US Ambassador to Bonn, Richard Burt, appealed to Americans not to stay away from Europe because of fears of terrorism. He said he considered anti-terrorist measures in West Germany and other European countries excellent. "I would like to say to all Americans: Come to Germany. Come to Berlin," said Burt.

US-British Ties

NYT 4/26 Lelyveld-Anti-Americanism has risen after the strikes on Libya in Britain. (see NYT 4/27 Lelyveld)

NYT 4/26 Malcolm-In the US, British consulates and its Embassy have received thousands of calls, letters and telegrams of gratitude in recent days. Members of the Senate and the House have also introduced resolutions of praise for Britain. Canada and Israel have also come in for some good words for their public support of the American military action.

Libya Finds Fault With Its Military

NYT 4/27-Schumacher-(Tripoli) The Gov't of Khadafy is emeshed in a bout of unusual self-criticism over the poor military fight it put up against the US air raid. Khadafy is said he be upset. There have already been unconfirmed reports of a shake-down in the military because of the poor showing. Khadafy is also known to be disappointed with the performance of its Soviet-made equipment, but he has few other options.

American Ship Halted by Iran

NYT-4/26 Reuters-The Iranian Navy briefly stopped an American merchant vessel in the Persian Gulf in the second such incident since Iran began to check ships for cargo bound for Iraq. In Washington, there was no comment. Iran said the ship was not carrying goods for Iraq.

Copts in Cairo

NYT 4/26 p.2-Suro-Coptic authorities, whose followers make up less than 10%

of the Egyptian population, willingly cooperate with Egyptian security measures even though access to the church has been severely restricted. They see protection. In the past, sectarian hostilities aimed at Christians have threatened the political stability of the Gov't.

Letters

NYT 4/27-4 letters in reaction to the US raid on Libya.

NYP 4/26-8 letters on US raid in Lebanon. 5 denounce Jimmy Carter.

NYP 4/26-If Waldheim is elected, the US will have to isolate Austria.

Cartoons

NYT 4/27-2 cartoons depicting Reagan fighting Libya while the allies do nothing.

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...מחזור...

אל:

המסד, בסחור, ניו-יורק

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אל: הסברה, מע"ה, מצפ"א, ממנכ"ל, ממנכ"ל הסברה, לשי רוח"מ, לע"מ, דובר צה"ל, רמ"ח קט"ח
דע: ניו-יורק.

NEWS SUMMARY SATURDAY APRIL 26, 1986

THE NEWS REPORTS

US EMPLOYEE SHOT IN NORTH YEMEN

J. GOSHKO WASH POST An american communication officer at the US embassy in north Yemen was shot and wounded by an unidentified gunman yesterday, but officials here say they had no evidence indicating that the shooting was a reprisal for the April 15 US strike against Libya.

BEIRUT AMERICAN UNIVERSITY BEING STRANGLER BY VIOLENCE

N. BOUSTANY WASH POST The american university in Beirut is showing the strains of being under siege. Although its gates will remain open, the institution is certain to strip the university of its once envied standarts of education.

WALDHEIM PLAYS DOWN US MEMO ON NAZI PAST

W. DROZDIK WASH POST K. Waldheim dismissed as insignificant a recommendation by the US Justice Department official responsible for investigating Nazi war crimes that he should be banned from the US. Waldheim repeated his assertions that all accusations of wrongdoing on his part will prove unfounded.

MONDALE SAYS US SHOULD INDICT QADDAFI

D. ROTHBERG WASH POST Mondale said that if the US has evidence linkink Col. Qaddafi to terrorists killings of Americans, it should indict the Libyan leader and post a reward fpr his apprehension.

BRITAIN RESTRICTS LIBYAN TRAINEES

K. DEYOUNG WASH POST Between 200 and 300 Libyan pilots and aviation engineers training in Britain have been banned from flying civilyan aircraft and are expected to leave the country.

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Accused Tells Israel: Get Me Out, or Else

By T.J. Collins

As Israel continued to deny any part in a plot to sell American-made arms to Iran, the retired Israeli general accused of being one of the conspirators threatened from a jail cell in Bermuda yesterday to blow the whistle if Israel does not come to his aid.

"The defense establishment knows about this group, of which I was an adviser, and if the state of Israel does not help us I won't sit here for a month for nothing," retired Brig. Gen. Avraham Bar-Am, 52, told Israel Radio's New York correspondent and the daily newspaper Davar in a telephone interview yesterday.

The radio station quoted Bar-Am as saying that if Israel took no action to free him before he was extradited to the United States he would "tell them [Americans] everything."

"What we tried to sell was the state's equipment," Bar-Am said. "Let's say there are many people involved in this deal and in all of this

we are only a small part."

Davar quoted Bar-Am as saying, "The intention was first of all to interest the buyers and then to go to the authorities for permission . . . I'll give myself up to the United States."

Bar-Am's threat came as Reuter reported that informed sources in Jerusalem said the general was an authorized Israeli government arms dealer, but did not have permission to trade with Iran.

The informed sources also claimed Bar-Am had a letter signed by Israeli Defense Minister Yitzhak Rabin authorizing him to engage in contacts for official arms sales, but that he had not referred the Iran deal to Israeli authorities.

The wire service said Bar-Am retired from the army in 1980 after weapons registered to him were found in a house under police surveillance. He is a former military attache with the Israeli embassy in Turkey and a former commander of an armored division.

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ענין המסדה ופ"א ודו"צ

Wall Street Journal Pg 1 April 24, 1986

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A retired Israeli general indicated Israeli authorities were aware of an alleged plan to sell more than \$2 billion in U.S. arms to Iran, an Israeli newspaper reported. Sources said the ex-general, charged in the alleged conspiracy, was an authorized arms dealer for Israel's government, but didn't have permission to trade with Tehran.

Israel and Iran Deny Role in Weapons Plot

By Gerald McKelvey

Israel and Iran denied yesterday being involved in an alleged deal for U.S.-made arms that the Justice Department said was broken up Tuesday when 17 persons were charged with plotting to illegally sell the weapons.

Meanwhile, there also were indications that Cyrus Hashimi, a key figure in the alleged deal and the supposed buyer of the American-made arms for Iran, was a government informer or had perpetrated an elaborate sting. Hashimi, an Iranian, was not among the 17 arrested.

Justice Department officials said privately yesterday that much of the evidence for the cases would depend on Hashimi's credibility as a witness at trial. These officials expressed reservations about how compelling Hashimi would appear to a jury.

In Jerusalem, a Defense Ministry statement said, "Israel has no direct, indirect or tacit connection or involvement in the matter, and the individ-

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...
...
... apparently acted on their own."

However, Avraham Bar-Am, a retired Israeli Army general who was charged with trying to broker the sale of the arms to Iran for that country's war with Iraq, insisted that he had government approval to take part in the deal.

Israel Radio reported Bar-Am making his charges from the jail in Bermuda where he has been held since his arrest on Monday.

Reuter reported that it had been told by Israeli sources that while Bar-Am was authorized by the government to negotiate arms contracts, he had never referred the Iran deal for approval.

Iran's official Islamic Republic News Agency, in a broadcast monitored in Cyprus, denied involvement in the deal, saying the charges were "a hasty scenario by ruling groups in America," intended to distract attention from what it called the U.S. failure to bring down the government of Col. Moammar Khadafi in Libya.

Hashimi, an Iranian national with a history of negotiating arms deal for Iran, was identified as a key member of the arms ring in court papers filed with the arrests. In the past, those deals have been broken up before the arms actually were shipped, as was the case with Tuesday's charges.

Ten people have been arrested on the weapons charges. Authorities said they were still seeking seven. Each defendant faces a maximum of five years in prison and a \$250,000 fine if convicted.

Dennis Fagan, a special agent for the U.S. Customs Service which began the investigation, said that the probe began late last year when "we learned a group of individuals was seeking to sell war materials to Iran. We just made ourselves available as buyers," he said.

In one of the affidavits that supported the arrest warrants, another Customs agent stated that at a meeting on Dec. 3, 1985, "Hashimi advised those present that he was the authorized buying agent for the Iranian government."

The affidavits often cites Hashimi as a foundation for many of the charges and that suggests that Hashimi was the source of much of the government's information about subsequent meetings of the alleged conspirators. Other affidavits show that Hashimi at one point or another met with most of those arrested.

Fagan refused to comment on Hashimi's role.

U.S. Attorney Rudolph W. Giuliani, whose office is in charge of the prosecution, refused to explain why Hashimi was not arrested or where he is now. He did confirm that Hashimi is free on bail from a previous indictment.

In that case, Hashimi was indicted for attempting to illegally export \$500,000 in military gear to Iran. Implicated, but not indicted, in that plot was J. Stanley Pottinger, a former high-ranking official in the Justice Department now living in Mexico.

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News Summary April 24-25, 1986

Editorials

NYT 4/24 "The Bombs Bestir the Allies" It is regrettable but undeniable that it took America's unilateral military strike at Libya to persuade our European allies to take concerted action against Khadafy. Bombs alone cannot tame or bring down the Libyan Gov't. In the end, only ostracism and economic punishment can do that, while giving pause to other governments that sponsor and support terrorists. If America's violence drove home that lesson, it struck a blow for reason as well as deterrence.

NYP 4/25 "Terrorism is War, Pure and Simple" "State-supported terrorism is a form of warfare, and you just can't sit by and let someone else declare war on you and pretend that you're still at peace." Reagan, suggesting that Iran and Syria may be next.

NYP 4/24 "Safia Khadafy Should Share Her Pain With One Who Caused It" Safia Khadafy's pain is real. She lost one child and two are wounded. But her public denunciation of Reagan and of the pilots that dropped the bombs rings hollow. What of the tears and pain of all the mothers of all the victims of Libyan-sponsored terrorism--the world over?

DN 4/24 "Waldheim, Nazis--and 'anti-Germanism'" Waldheim is not a fit candidate for the presidency of Austria. Waldheim is typically Austrian though. He does not like to be reminded of his past. It's the Bitburg syndrome, the idea that it's time to close the book on the Nazis. But that's a profound error. Anti-Semitism survives: The Vienna police better guard the synagogues on election night.

Columns

NYT 4/25 Pilevsky (author-European politics) "When the Allies Won't Play Ball...Help Them Out of a Rut" Europeans are suffering from the "Stockholm Syndrome." What is perhaps most frightening is that Europeans are blind to their affection for, their empathy with, Europe's principle aggressor, the Soviet Union.

NYT 4/25 Krauss (senior fellow: Hoover Institute on War, Revolution and Peace) "Raise the Ante" This is not the first time the Europeans have thumbed their noses at the US. This calculus of accomodation is short-

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sighted. The Europeans fail to take into account of the increasing number of Americans who wonder if Europe is worthy of their support. The US can, and should, impose costs on its allies when they fail to support us.

NYP-Meyer "The Dangers Ahead in Libya" State Dept. officials concede that the Arab rulers who have been most cooperative with the US, like Mubarak and Hussein, will be under heavy pressure to trim their ties to Washington. Khadafy can be counted on widening his influence in the Sudan. The Soviets will also benefit. Some Arab ambassadors in Washington believe the US was encouraged by the Soviet Union. They cite the discreet removal of Soviet vessels from Libyan harbors prior to the US attack. The most obvious gain for the Soviets is on the propoganda front in Europe. The blunt instrument of aerial bombing is no substitute for the scalpel of effective covert action in dealing with the Khadafys of this world. 4/24

NYP 4/24 Anderson "Reds Prefer Khadafy's Top Aide" CIA reports indicate that the Soviets would like to replace the volatile Khadafy with the man who has been protecting their interests inside the regime. He is Khadafy's No. 2 man, Abdul Salam Jalloud. Khadafy is said to be anti-Communist and just needed their arms. It seems that the Soviets will oust Khadafy before the Americans get to him. They have far too much at stake in Libya to leave their fortunes in his hands. The Soviets are establishing a powerful beachhead in North Africa through Libya, the Sudan and Ethiopia.

DN 4/25 Nelson "Oil Companies & Libya" The 5 US oil companies in Libya go on pumping profits for Khadafy at a rate of \$500 million a year. No wonder the Europeans question US policies. When it comes to dollars and cents this country cannot afford to have any moral principles.

DN 4/24 Miguel Perez "A Death Over Libya: Pride, Anger, Questions" When a US plane was lost over Libya, it sparked a new dialogue in New York's Puerto Rican community. Regardless of how proud or shameful they feel, most Puerto Ricans make note of how little attention Ribas-Dominicci's death has received in the US news media. They say that if he was some Robert Redford type from Wisconsin, the media would have made him a true hero.

NYT 4/24-Flora Lewis "Austria, Look at Yourself" It says something about Austrians that the more evidence there is that Waldheim lied about his activities during the Nazi period, the more popular he seems to be. He succeeded U Thant because the Russians vetoed the likeliest candidate, Max Jakobson of Finland. Privately, Soviet officials spread the word to their Arab friends wouldn't understand if Moscow accepted a man with a Jewish father and wife. Waldheim contributed greatly to the deterioration of the UN but while he was in, his main concern was to curry favors so that he would keep being re-elected. As one senior European diplomat said of him: "He is so thick-skinned he doesn't need to worry about having a spine."

Press Reports

Bar-Am Indicates Israeli Authorities Aware of Iran Arms Deal

ND-4/24-Collins-As Israel continued to deny any part in a plot to sell US-

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arms to Iran, the retired Israeli general accused of being one of the conspirators threatened from a jail cell in Bermuda to blow the whistle if Israel does not come to his aid. "The defense establishment knows about this group, of which I was an adviser, and if the State of Israel does not help us, I won't sit here for a month for nothing," Bar-Am told Israel Radio's NY Correspondent and Davar. Bar-Am's threat came as Reuters reported that informed sources in Jerusalem said the Israeli Gov't authorized Bar-Am to be an arms dealer, but did not have permission to trade with Iran. (see WSJ-p.1 excerpts)

*** ND-4/24-McKeley-Israel and Iran denied being involved in an alleged deal for US made arms. Meanwhile, there were also indications that Cyrus Hashimi, a key figure in the alleged deal and the supposed buyer for the arms, was a gov't informer or had perpetrated an elaborate sting. Hashimi, an Iranian, was not among the 17 arrested. Justice Dept. officials said privately that much of the evidence for the cases would depend on Hashimi's credibility as a witness at trial. They expressed reservations about how compelling Hashimi would appear to a jury.

Israel Raid on Black Hebrews

Amsterdam News-p.1 4/26 Browne-Anti-Israel demonstrations are being planned in several key cities across the US to protest against an April 17 military raid on Black Hebrew Israelite targets in Rechovot. The predawn raid in which about 300 soldiers reportedly participated resulted in the arrests of 46 unarmed Afro-Americans including men, women and teenagers on charges of working without permission for the past 17 years, processing fruit for exportation to Europe. Some 1500 relatives and friends were to march from Dimona to Jerusalem to protest the arrests but were stopped. They were demonstrating against the "inhumane treatment of Black Jews by the Zionist Gov't of Israel." A spokesman at the Israeli Consulate justified the arrests, saying the Black Hebrew Israelites had been in the country illegally for the past 17 years and were not entitled to work. The Consulate denied that military personnel were involved in the arrests. A Black Hebrew spokesman said "We have simply returned to a land that was once owned by our forefathers...Therefore we don't consider ourselves intruders."

Israel Training Black South Africans

Amsterdam News-4/26 no biline-A group of Black South Africans are being trained in a program in Israel in social organizing and economic leadership skills as preparation for possible transition of power in the event that apartheid is abolished. The program is sponsored by Histadrut.

Missile Sale to Saudi Arabia Opposed by Key Congress Panels

NYT-p.1 4/24 Gwertzman-Two key congressional committees voted to prevent Reagan from selling \$354 million worth of advanced missiles to Saudi Arabia. The actions set the stage for a major showdown over the Administration's Mideast policy in the next two weeks. If, as seems likely, both houses

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of Congress oppose the sale by majority votes, it would be the first time that any arms sale was turned down in the 10 years that Congress had the right to do so. Reagan has vowed to veto such a vote. It is less certain that those opposed to the sale can muster up the two-thirds votes needed to overturn a Presidential veto. (see DN-Rehm)

Reagan Hints At Other Raids Linked to Terror/Shultz Says No Attacks Planned On Syria or Iran

NYT-p.1 4/24-Boyd-Reagan said he would not rule out military retaliation against Syria or Iran if they were linked to terrorist acts. He also confirmed his "readiness" to act again against Libya. (see excerpts of Reagan's remarks-NYT) (NYP; DN)

NYT 4/25-special-Shultz said that although the US reserves the right to use force against countries linked to terrorist actions, there were "no plans" to attack either Syria or Iran. Shultz was seeking to soften the impact of remarks Reagan made suggesting a willingness to attack those two nations, which like Libya, have been accused of sponsoring terrorist activity against the US. Administration officials said that an attack against Syria or Iran would carry high risks and would require considerable resources.

Khadafy in Control?

NYT-4/24-Schumacher-(Tripoli) Khadafy appears firmly in control of his country, despite suggestions by the Administration that the attack provoked significant dissension. But Western diplomats, although agreeing that Khadafy was in political control, said it remained uncertain whether dissent was in fact growing beneath the surface, particularly inside the military. A Western European diplomat said: "The colonel looks to be in the driver's seat but some things are strange."

WSJ-Rosewicz 4/25 Libya can't seem to shake a feeling of apprehension and Khadafy's failure to reestablish confidence is only one sign of his shaken position. His military was humiliated. He is isolated abroad. For once, the US has Libya frightened. Khadafy hasn't regained his composure. But even if there was a power shift, it could be weeks before any tangible evidence leaked out in the form of policy or personnel changes. Libya seems to be going out of its way to shunt blame for any future terrorist attacks that may occur, by alleging that the US or Israel might be planning a terrorist incident simply to blame Libya. The conclusion is that Libya can't stand another beating by the US, its depressed economy and strict regime are too brittle.

Barracks of Khadafy's Guards Survived Raid

NYT-Gordon-4/24-US jets failed to strike two buildings that serve as quarters for Khadafy's elite guard. The buildings were targeted.

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Administration: Different Responses to Khadafy and Assad

*** WSJ-Mayer 4/25-There are real differences in the way the Administration has dealt with the isolated state of Libya and the pivotal state of Syria, which is key to Mideast peace prospects and is also the Soviet Union's closest client in the region. Terrorism experts believe that Syria is the more serious and organized sponsor of terrorism and has been responsible for more US deaths than Libya. White House officials deny that Syria gets special treatment. But unlike Libya, Syria keeps a less provocative profile. And unlike Libya, US officials believe Syrian sponsored terrorism is largely limited to the Mideast. Syria also has the most control over radical elements of the Palestinian population and has demonstrated its ability to scuttle any US sponsored peace settlement. One high-level State Dept. official said kid-glove treatment on Syria has been ordered from the top. It is official policy to avoid mentioning Syria when discussing terrorism. US and Syria have some overlapping concerns. Both want Lebanon less volatile, and both want to stem the tide of Islamic fundamentalism. Syria may also provide some help in freeing US hostages. Syria is connected to the latest TWA bombing and the Rome and Vienna massacres.

Allies Reaction to Raids

NYT-4/25-Analysis-Markham-Although the US raid on Libya evoked flashes of sympathy--officials in several capitals said the chances for any joint NATO military cation appear to have been slim or nonexistent. Coalition governments must play to many constituencies. In West Germany, the weightiest ally on the Continent, the legacy of Hitler's aggression has left a profound allergy to military embroilment. Both Kohl and Craxi were said to be shocked when Reagan officials said they privately endorsed the raid.

NYT-4/25-Apple-Administration officials confirmed that France had suggested stronger action leading to the ouster of Khadafy, but they said that the French had proposed only that the two countries discuss such an operation, without committing themselves.

NYT-4/24-Dionne-Hours before the American bombing of Libya, Italy suggested that the US ask NATO to consider joint military action against terrorism, a senior Italian official said. The official, who represents Craxi's views said Italy had not endorsed NATO action but had just proposed that the US consult NATO members.

NYT-4/24-special Papandreou said it was "absurd" for the US to enter in a state of war with Libya to eliminate terrorism. He said the root cause of terrorism in the Mediterranean stemmed from the failure to solve the Palestinian problem.

NYT-4/25-AP-Cabinet Ministers from countries of the European Community agreed to step up their exchange of information on terrorism with the US and other non-member nations. The agreement reflected recognition that nations must work together to effectively fight terrorism.

NYT-Reuters-Libya criticized the European Community for its diplomatic sanctions and threatened to take "appropriate measures" in reply.

F-111 Overflight is Charged

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NYT-4/24-Reuters-The French weekly Le Canard Enchaîné said that contrary to US statements, the F-111's had flown over the Pyrenees Mountains on the French-Spanish border,

Prosecution Foreseen for Staying in Libya

NYT-AP-American who stay in Libya against Reagan's orders will be prosecuted when they return to the US, Vernon Walters said.

Arab Suspect in West Berlin Bombing Visited Libya

NYT-4/24-Markham-A Jordanian suspected of involvement in the explosion in a West Berlin disco made at least one visit to Libya after moving to Berlin. The discovery that Ahmed Mansour Hazi visited the country was one of several indications that he might have ties to Khadafy. (see photo of Hazi and girlfriend Heiderose Pohmer)

NYT-4/25-The police in West Berlin said that Hazi may have had a role in the bombing on a German-Arab friendship association last month.

Libyan Aides Order 200 Reporters Out, Then Change Mind

NYT-special-Libyan officials ordered more than 200 foreign journalists to leave the country. Hours later they retracted the order. The seeming confusion was widely seen as a result of differences within the Gov't and between Information and security officials on how to handle the foreign press. The retracted order said that only American journalists and those belonging to the European Community had to leave.

Captors in Beirut Said to Kill Another Briton

NYT 4/24-Hijazi p.1-A pro-Libyan group asserted that it had killed another British hostage in retaliation for the US air strikes. The hostage was identified as Alec Collett, a 64-year old journalist based in NY. The group that killed him, the Revolutionary Organization of Socialist Moslems, called on other organizations holding American and British captives to execute them. Collett was said to have been hanged at a mass rally. A videotape showing the body of a man dangling from a scaffold was delivered to a Beirut newspaper. (see photo made from tape-all NY papers)

British Airway Offices Bombed

NYT 4/25-AP-A pre-dawn bomb blast damaged a British Airways office and other stores on London's busiest shopping street. One passerby was treated for shock. There was no link to Libya said the Dep. Home Secretary.

Americans Leave Lebanon

NYP-Photo of Americans leaving Lebanon.

Reagan Says Sandinistas Seek to Build A Libya

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NYT-4/23-Weinraub-Reagan said that the Nicaraguan Gov't was seeking to "build a Libya on our doorstep." He said the Sandinista Gov't "provided a refuge for all sorts of international terrorists."

Fears for Reagan's Children

NYP-4/25-wire-Khadafy is seeking personal revenge and may have targeted Reagan's four grown children, State Dept. officials said.

Justice Dept. Official Wants Waldheim Barred From US

NYT 4/25 p.1-Shenon-Neal Sher, a senior Justice Dept. official has recommended that Waldheim be barred from entering the US because of his actions as a Wehrmacht officer, Administration officials said. Attorney General Messe would have to approve the recommendation before it could take effect. Sher would not comment on the Justice Dept. investigation of Waldheim. (see DN; ND)

UN Archives Bars Unlimited Access

NYT 4/24 Sciolino-The UN has refused to give Israel free access to files on 40,000 war criminals, suspects and witnesses in the UN archives, said Yochanan Bein. In light of this refusal, Bein said the Israeli Gov't would compile a list of suspected war criminals it believes are still alive. 17 Nations have the master list and Israel might ask one of those countries for access if there is no other way to gain information. Bein said the Waldheim file "raises very serious questions" but that the Gov't has not made a decision whether Waldheim should be prosecuted.

Austrian OSS Man Linked to Waldheim

NYT-4/25 Sciolino-Austria's first post-war Foreign Minister said he hired Waldheim as his personal secretary in 1946 on the recommendation of a member of his staff who had worked for the American Office of Strategic Services and who would later become son-in-law of Allen Dulles, head of the CIA in the 1950's. At that time, Austria was under allied occupation.

US Holds Man in Nazi Case

DN-O'Shaughnessy-Karl Linnaas, a Long Island man fighting deportation to the Soviet Union--where he is under a death sentence for Nazi war crimes--has been ordered detained by the Immigration Authorities because of fears that he will flee the US.

Book Review

NYT-4/25-Gross reviews "Terrorism: How The West Can Win" edited by Benjamin Netanyahu. The book is based on symposium proceedings of a conference on terrorism sponsored by the Jonathan Institute. Netanyahu's concluding reflections are the most substantial in the book. All the contributors agree that terrorism is directed, above all else, at democracy. Netanyahu argues for international cooperation in fighting an international disease.

649/169 8/8

Letters

NYP-4/24-13 letters on Libya raid and the allies.

ND-4/25-Writer will never speak of liberty and France in the same breath.

Cartoons

DN-Rigby 4/24-Waldheim, with a knife in his hand, uncovers a painting of himself in a SS Nazi uniform. "Nein, nein! Nothing like me! he says.

Jewish Star To Have Concert in NY

NYP-Bob Dylan will perform in Madison Square Garden in mid-July.

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D Chuck, does it look like the response from the Israeli government about all the query about involvement, direct or indirect, with the reported arms deal of two billion dollars from the Western alliance to Iran -- it looks like it's leaving a lot of space of speculation. The guy who was involved -- Bahram (?) - insists again and again that he has the full cooperation and knowledge of Mr. Yitzhak Rabin, and has a letter authorizing him to do that. And it's not the end of it. So what are you going to do? Are you satisfied with what the Israeli government told you, that they have no relationship whatsoever with that?

MR. REDMAN: The same scenario and set of questions were posed yesterday, and I have nothing beyond what I gave you then.

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מדינת ישראל
STATE OF ISRAEL

לשם ההגנה

הרצון לזיווג

*With the compliments
of the
Ministry for Foreign Affairs*

זכורתי

לשם זכורתי

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NEWS CONFERENCE BY SECRETARY OF STATE GEORGE P. SHULTZ
WITH PARTICIPANTS FROM THE SEVEN SUMMIT COUNTRIES

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1986

W Victoria English, AP Dow Jones. Mr. Shultz, I'd like to ask you in the context of the Libyan raid what the United States will be asking its allies specifically to do for a so-called Marshall Plan and could you site some figures please?

SECRETARY SHULTZ: Well, the Libyan action that we took is not related in any way but I'll just focus on the fact that we think that there are economic problems in the Middle East, particularly for countries that are not primarily relying on oil earnings. Countries in the Middle East that have sent many workers to work where the boom was occurring are now seeing the worker remittances from that effort dry up or decline substantially, and the workers themselves coming back home. So you have a kind of double effect, and the economic problems that that brings about may also cause political unease. At any rate, we think that there is a good case to be made for addressing those problems and trying to be helpful, and so we have called this to people's attention,

and in one way or another, I want to stimulate people to take action in the Middle East that is broadly helpful. The United States has a very large flow of resources going into that area, and we think that some of the other countries involved should look at their whole cards and see if they don't want to make a contribution to stability in that vital region.

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Q Mr. Secretary, Brian Keller, CBC Radio News. Is Col. Qaddafi still the sole and undisputed leader of Libya?

SECRETARY SHULTZ: I don't -- I can't give you a definitive answer on that. We see reports of more collective kind of leadership but those are reports and I assume he is the dominant figure. But I don't have any basis for making a judgment.

Q (Inaudible), French TV TF-1 in Paris. Mr. Secretary, after the statement of President Reagan, how close is the US to mount a military operation against Iran and Syria now?

SECRETARY SHULTZ: We are not -- we don't have any plans for such operations. But what the President has done and said is, first, it has been shown that the United States will use its military power in this fight against terrorism. Our action against Libya shows that. And second, as the President said, we regard terrorism in general as a very important problem. And when the terrorists have the support and connivance of a state, it's particularly ominous. And so you have to focus on that, and the President has set that out in clear and stark terms.

Q Secretary of State, John Simpson from BBC Television News in London. There was evidence even before your bombing that Syria and Iran were more involved in a practical way with terrorism, even than Libya was. That evidence now seems to have been accentuated by the revelations about who actually carried out the West Berlin bomb. Would you agree with that?

SECRETARY SHULTZ: I think the evidence in West Berlin is very clear that it was a Libyan operation. And they tried to disguise that fact by recruiting people and by the methods through which they carried it out. But our evidence of the fact that it was a Libyan planned and executed and supported operation is unequivocal.

MR. KONDRACKE: I'm sorry, but we've run out of time. In closing, I'd like to say thanks to Secretary of State George Shultz for being with us today. I'm Morton Kondracke, and this concludes today's edition of Worldnet.

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מצפ"א

בית הנבחרים: נשט לעודיה

1. ועדת החוץ אימצה ב-23 בהצבעה קולית אל החלטה אי התכמה שהציע המורשה מל לוינ.
2. הדיון, שהיה צפוי להיות ארוך, התאחר מסיבות נוהל ולכן, לסאת הסדר, החקצה. התבטאו: לוינ ולארי סמית בעד החייה, יוייר תת הועדה לאירופה ומזיית לי המילטון (נגדה) וגרי סטאדס (על כיצור הדיון בנושא כה חשוב).
3. נכון ל-23 הצטרפו 221 מורשימ, ובהם יוייר ועדת החוץ דנטה פאספל. לשיטבונ החלטה אי-התכמה. רשימה מצורפה.
4. ודאי שנמש לב שההצבעה בוועדה החוץ בבית התכימה במכביל להצבעה בוועדה החוץ בסנט (שלנו 627).
5. עדה צפויה החלטה אי-התכמה להיות מועברת למליאה ביה הנבחרים.

מועדים לשמחה
טובה היצל=

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| Alexander, Bill | Clinger, Bill | Edwards, Don (CA) |
| Anderson, Glenn | Coats, Dan | Edwards, Mickey (OK) |
| Andrews, Michael | Cobey, William | Evans, Lane |
| Annunzio, Frank | Coble, Howard | Fascell, Dante |
| Atkins, Chester | Coelho, Tony | Fazio, Vic |
| AuCoin, Les | Coleman, Ron (TX) | Feighan, Ed |
| Barnes, Michael | Collins, Cardiss Mrs | Fiedler, Bobbi Ms. |
| Bates, Jim | Conte, Silvio | Fish, Hamilton |
| Beilenson, Tony | Coughlin, Larry | Florio, Jim |
| Berman, Howard | Courter, Jim | Foglietta, Tom |
| Biaggi, Mario | Coyne, William | Ford, Harold (Tenn) |
| Bilirakis, Michael | Craig, Larry | Ford, William (MI) |
| Boehlert, Sherwood | Crane, Phil | Fowler, Wyche |
| Boner, William (TN) | Darden, George | Frank, Barney |
| Borski, Robert | Daschle, Thomas | Frenzel, Bill |
| Bosco, Doug | DeLay, Tom | Frost, Martin |
| Boucher, Rick | Dellums, Ron | Gallo, Dean |
| Boulter, Beau | DioGuardi, Joseph | Garcia, Robert |
| Boxer, Barbara Mrs. | Dixon, Julian | Gejdenson, Sam |
| Breaux, John | Dorgan, Byron (ND) | Gilman, Ben |
| Brown, George (CA) | Dornan, Bob (CA) | Glickman, Dan |
| Brown, Hank (CO) | Dowdy, Wayne (Miss) | Gonzalez, Henry |
| Bryant, John | Downey, Tom (NY) | Gordon, Bart |
| Burton, Dan (IN) | Dreier, David | Gray, Ken (IL) |
| Burton, Sala Mrs. (CA) | Durbin, Richard | Green, Bill |
| Bustamante, Albert | Dwyer, Bernard | Gregg, Judd |
| Callahan, Sonny | Dyson, Roy | Guarini, Frank |
| Carney, Bill | Eckart, Dennis (OH) | Hall, Ralph (TX) |

משרד המשפטים
 תל אביב

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Hall, Tony (OH)
 Hawkins, Gus
 Hayes, Charles
 Hertel, Dennis (MI)
 Horton, Frank
 Howard, James
 Hoyer, Steny
 Hughes, William
 Hunter, Duncan
 Johnson, Nancy
 Jones, Jim (OK)
 Jones, Walter (NC)
 Kaptur, Marcy (Ms.)
 Kasich, John
 Kemp, Jack
 Kennelly, Barbara
 Kindness, Thomas
 Kolter, Joe
 Kostmayer, Peter
 Kramer, Ken
 LaFalce, John
 Lantos, Tom
 Lehman, Richard (FL)
 Lehman, William (CA)
 Leland, Mickey
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 Levin, Sander (MI)
 Levine, Mel (CA)
 Lewis, Tom (FL)
 Lightfoot, Jim
 Lloyd, Marilyn Mrs.
 Lowry, Mike (WA)
 Luken, Tom

Lundine, Stan
 Mack, Connie
 Manton, Tom
 Markey, Ed
 Martin, Lynn Mrs. IL
 Martinez, Marty
 Matsui, Robert
 Mavroules, Nick
 McCain, John
 McCloskey, Frank
 McCollum, Bill
 McDade, Joe
 McEwen, Bob
 McGrath, Raymond
 McHugh, Matt
 McKinney, Stewart
 Mica, Dan
 Mikulski, Barbara Ms.
 Miller, George (CA)
 Miller, John (WA)
 Mineta, Norm
 Mitchell, Parren
 Moakley, Joe
 Molinari, Guy
 Monson, Dave
 Moody, Jim
 Moore, Henson
 Morrison, Bruce CT
 Mrazek, Robert
 Neal, Steve
 Oberstar, James
 Ortiz, Solomon
 Owens, Major

Panetta, Leon
 Pashayan, Chip
 Penny, Tim
 Pepper, Claude
 Pickle, J.J.
 Pursell, Carl
 Rangel, Charlie
 Reid, Harry
 Richardson, Bill
 Rinaldo, Matthew
 Robinson, Tommy
 Rodino, Peter
 Roe, Robert
 Rowland, John (CT)
 Roybal, Ed
 Sabo, Martin
 Saxton, Jim
 Scheuer, James
 Schneider, Claudine
 Schroeder, Pat (Mrs.)
 Schumer, Charles
 Sharp, Phil
 Shaw, Clay
 Shelby, Richard
 Sikorsky, Gerry
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 Smith, Bob (NH)
 Smith, Chris (NJ)
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מצפ"א

ביה"ג: נשק לסעודיה

ב-23 דנא קיבלה מליאה ועדה החוזצ הצעת החלטה של אי הסכמה
 לעיסוקה הנ"ל.
 ההצבעה נערכה ב-
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VOICE VOTE

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מדרון דובר ממנכ"ל ליום 34- 1986

STATE DEPT. -4/24/86

2-2

MR. FEDMAN: No, I can't do that either.

Q Do you have any comment on the today Washington Post story about the Israeli general taking that the defense minister of Israel is aware of the arms deal with Iran?

MR. FEDMAN: What I have is simply that the government of Israel has informed us through diplomatic channels and has stated publicly that it had no direct, indirect, or tacit connection in this matter and that the individuals acted on their own, but beyond that, I'd have to refer you to the government of Israel for any further comment.

Q Is the State Department looking into that further, Chuck, the connection between this general and the Israeli government? Are we accepting the Israeli response as the final word on this?

MR. FEDMAN: I'll stick with what I gave you which is that we have been informed through diplomatic channels of the same information that you've seen publicly. And to repeat what I said yesterday,

STATE DEPT. -4/24/86

3-1

US legal officials have said that Israel has not asked to take part in the investigation. Because the matter is before the courts, I really can't give you anything further.

Q Chuck, I'm not sure you answered the question. I asked you whether the State Department was going to explore with the Israeli government whether there was any Israeli government connection with this, or whether you're accepting the Israeli statement on this denial as the final word, the final chapter.

MR. FEDMAN: No, I'm not going to comment on this story at this point, beyond what I've given you already.

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MR. ANDERSON (UPI): Has the United States asked for the extradition of General Barram (?) and others who are now in Bermuda?

MR. REDMAN: I'd have to refer you to Justice. That's a legal question.

MR. ANDERSON: Well, extradition goes through the State Department, does it not?

MR. REDMAN: I won't argue with that, but in this case I don't have anything further to offer on the case at this point. We'll keep those things under advisement, Jim, and when we have something we can say we will.

MR. ANDERSON: Okay, well, can you also include in that those people who were named in the indictment and are now in Britain?

MR. REDMAN: As to whether we're requesting extradition? Okay.

Q Greece has said it could find no connection between Libya and international terrorism. Do you have a reaction to that?
(Inaudible.)

MR. REDMAN: There's some confusion?

Q What was the question again?

MR. REDMAN: Her question was, Greece saying that they lacked tangible proof, or no conclusive evidence --

Q -- that Libya is linked to any international terrorism.

MR. REDMAN: The President, as you all know, has made clear that we have irrefutable evidence of Libya's involvement. The pattern of Libyan support for terrorism, which has long been evident, has become even clearer over the past week. We applaud the measures adopted by the EC, which reflect widespread acceptance of the fact of Libya's role in terrorism. And in that connection, I'd refer you to the many steps that have been taken by the Federal Republic, the United Kingdom, France, Spain, Italy, perhaps among others.

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We find it difficult to understand how any country privy to recent discussions among allies and among other European nations could now fail to implement the agreed EC measures.

Q Greece had the information, the same information that was presented to the other allies?

MR. REDMAN: I can't comment in specific terms as to what information the Greeks have, but the information available to the EC is clearly available to them.

Q On that same subject, do you have any comment on the Austrian statement that Libya was not linked to the December bombings at the attacks of the Rome and Vienna airports -- to the Vienna airport, I mean.

MR. REDMAN: No, I don't. At this point I could only refer you to the record of that time period, at which point I think we indicated the nature of the evidence as it existed then.

Q The President yesterday said that there were Libyan links to the Baader-Meinhof gang in West Germany, and that the arms for the purported attack on the visa office at the American embassy in Paris -- grenades and small arms had already been distributed to a number of groups. Are we following up to find out which groups those are?

MR. REDMAN: Let me answer that simply in general terms, because I can't comment on your specific question. But of course we're following up on exactly those kind of questions wherever it's possible to do so. Who hasn't had a chance? In the back.

Q According to the BBC, the retired Israeli general who was arrested as part of this major customs bust of the arms transfers to Iran stated that people in the Israeli defense ministry were aware that this was going on. In fact, he said that basically if he was not -- if the Israeli government didn't step forward to come to his defense, that he was going to sing and tell a lot more than he already has come out about this arms operation. What is the United States doing to confirm or deny that the Israeli defense ministry had any involvement in this arms operation? And what would be the implications if they did?

MR. REDMAN: Did you come in late?

Q Yes, I did.

MR. REDMAN: Yeah, I answered that already.

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Q Chuck, I want to come back if I can to something else, the President used figures of 125 aborted anti-American terrorist incidents in the last year, and said that the United States had definite intelligence of 35 Libyan-sponsored plots against Americans. Is the State Department now saying that -- I know that you have been very careful about linking Libya to the Berlin bombing and to the French case -- that there was a worldwide Libyan effort to destabilize and assassinate Americans over the course of the last several months? Is the State Department prepared to make that kind of assessment? It seems to be what the President is indicating?

MR. PEDMAN: I think what we've already said in that context in reference to the 30 to 35, whatever numbers have been used, that that is a pattern of Libyan activity which has existed for a number of months. It existed on a number of continents. It's the kind of threat with which we were faced, and as a consequence in describing our actions with regard to Tripoli, not only were we taking into account what had happened in La Belle disco, but we were taking into account what the Libyans are planning to perpetrate or are in the process of perpetrating around the world.

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שומר / רגיכ

למדן - הרצל

דברי המורסה אובי בנושא סיוע החוץ.

לשלבם 440 מ-16.4-1-477 מ-17.4

1. בהערות שהשמיע אובי בישיבה ב-16.4 מהן עולה מכונה מכך שמדינות ק. דייויד לא מימשו הציפיות כי'היתה תקווה שהצדדים יסתדרו ביניהם אך זה לא קרה'ם ובמסקנותיו המדיניות נ'...אולי הגיע הזמן להפחיד מישהו... והתקציביות האפשריות יש כדי להדאיג יש לקוות שדעותיו הלא נוחות לא תובנה לאורך קשבת בקרב חברי הועדה.

2. לאור הדברים שהשמיע ולנוכח העובדה שאובי טרם גיבש עמדה מסודרת בנושא הסיוע מניחים כי בשיחה שתקיימו עמו תבהירו לו הסיבות לכך שציפיותיו לקידום תהליך ק. דייויד לא התממשו. מצפא.

ג.ט

תפ: שהח, דהמ, מנככ, ממנככ, מצפא, דרודי, סייבכ, קידר, מצרים,
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סניף נתקל בסניף

א ויעזר החוד הקדש היום (23) ב ער
- 11-11 קולות בעד מול 6 ער

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 שהצע הסניף קניסלון.
 (2) חל ציוע דע? מהרפוליקא - דולפוד
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 איגלסון וקרוי. המלציע נעז;
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(3) צעה מוצדקת הצעה ההצעה
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המשרד, בטחון

ממנכ"ל, מצפ"א, מע"ת, רמ"ח קטי"ח, ניו יורק

תדרוך דובר מחמי"ד ליום - 3 - אפריל - 86

Q Do you have any comment on yesterday's criminal complaint against a number of Americans and Israeli citizens in connection with the sale of weapons to Iran -- American weapons to Iran?

MR. REDMAN: What I have basically is the case that's before the courts, so I'm not going to have any comment on it per se. More generally, the Israeli government is fully aware of U.S. policy regarding supplying arms to the combatants in the tragic Iran-Iraq war. That policy has been set forth many times. We do not supply weapons to either side, nor do we authorize other countries to transfer U.S.-manufactured or licensed weapons to either side. Moreover, we oppose transfers to Iran of arms from any source because it is Iranian intransigence which is prolonging the conflict. Iraq has consistently indicated that it is willing to settle this dispute through a complete cease-fire and negotiations.

Q Have you received any assurances from Israel in connection with this specific case, that it was not involved?

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NEWS FOR THE NEWS MEDIA

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MR. REDMAN: I don't have anything concerning diplomatic exchanges, as usual. I would only note that Israel has officially denied any connection or involvement in this matter, and that U.S. legal officials have said Israel was not asked to take part in the investigation.

Q INAUDIBLE

4 14143 MR. REDMAN: The original statement?
האם זהו הטקסט המקורי?

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Q Yes.

MR. REDMAN: Yes.

Q But by saying Israel is fully aware of U.S. policy on this matter, are you implying some kind of knowledge on the Israeli part?

MR. REDMAN: None whatsoever. I said that I was not going to comment on the specific case, but more generally, Israel is aware of our policy as are many other countries.

Q Do you see any sort of investigation by the State Department, as there was for example in the Pollard(?) case, of this instance?

MR. REDMAN: I don't have anything on that at this point.

Q The anti-Khomeini Nuja-Hadim(?) people in this country have been circulating documents alleging that the Khomeini regime and its agents in Europe have made substantial purchases of arms in West Germany and other countries. I'm wondering if we have made any statements to our allies, trying to dissuade them from allowing such sales to be made?

MR. REDMAN: What I just went through is a general U.S. policy and that goes in the same sense of what I just said in response to Mike's question. Certainly the rest of our allies are aware of that policy.

Q At one time, Ariel Sharon, the former Israel defense minister and commerce minister at the present time, he admitted in certain circumstances or I think in interviews, that Israel sold arms to Iran and they transferred arms to Iran. And I think when they say that they denied any connection, it's sort of I think a two-way street. Can you be specific without even going with the, you know, diplomatic correspondent -- you, from public podiums, ask Israel to cease and desist from -- if you are concerned about transfer of arms to Iran? From allies and friends.

MR. REDMAN: I've already done that. I just reiterated our policy which is very clear on the question of transfer of arms to Iran, and I've said now several times that that's a policy which is known to all of the countries for which it's relevant.

Q Can I say that you are now addressing, including Israel -- have you addressed Israel directly since it -- INAUDIBLE -- involvement of what is to be shipped from Israel?

MR. REDMAN: I am not commenting on the specific case anyway.

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Q -- this question. There is a grave concern among Arab-American organizations that a wave of anti-Arab and anti-Muslim feelings surrounding in this country -- whether it's in the media, whether it's in the public appearances or statements from, you know, US officials -- what are the things that the United States government and the State Department can say to alleviate the fears among Arab-American organizations and people that they are being hounded, chased, after this Libyan attack? They are fearful for their safety, and they (inaudible) living this way.

MR. REDMAN: I don't have any specific answer to that. I simply haven't seen the kind of reports to which you're referring. All that I could say is -- along the lines of what I just said -- is that we have no quarrel with the Libyan people. There is nothing that is

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anti-Muslim. Our problem is with Gaddafi and his support for international terrorism. That's the problem we're trying to address, and that's the rationale behind the actions that we have taken. Certainly concerning statements by administration officials, I don't believe you'll find anything there which would go in the direction which you indicated.

Q I'm concerned about the Arab-American citizens of this country, Americans of Arabic heritage. I'm also concerned about the Libyan students and others, but two and a half million, three million Americans of Arabic heritage who feel that they now are increasingly investigated, followed, their phones wire tapped, their organizations being penetrated by all kinds of organizations and elements. And there is a fear even that a wave of anti-Arab discrimination is going to happen in this country in employment and other things.

MR. REDMAN: Once again, I simply don't have anything on that, and that really falls outside the domain of the State Department.

Q Well, can the US government -- could I ask you to ask the US government, whether the White House or State Department or anybody, to address this issue, because there is a fear, there is a wave of fear. To put it this way, there is a fear of being terrorized, to put it liberally.

MR. REDMAN: You're certainly free to address it to whomever. It's just that here in this particular building, that really isn't within our purview.

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News Summary April 23, 1986

Editorials

ND "Maybe Not Such a Great Chasm in NATO" Gorbachev said he was ready for a "simultaneous disbanding of the Warsaw Pact and NATO." The NATO allies do not seem to be buying his line. They've taken useful steps against Libyan terrorism since last week's raids. If Gorbachev really wants to impress the Western Europeans, he might do better by joining the fight against terrorism than by arming its patron Libya.

NYP "Airport Security Must be Tightened--Now" Security at NY's airports can be described in a single word: nonexistent. The time to get serious is now.

NYP "Passover: Time to Count Blessings" Passover is the occasion to think about the many Shcharansky's still trapped behind the Iron Curtain.

Columns

NYT Don Edwards (D-Calif) "Consult Congress" The US air strikes against Libya carried out without Congressional consultation or approval, almost certainly was an unconstitutional usurpation of the war-making power. Terrorism takes no precedence over the Constitution. In this unsettled world the Constitution is our only bedrock.

NYT-Micheal DeWine (R-Ohio) "Instead, Be Covert" If this were the 1950's, we might have awakened one morning to find Khadafy had been overthrown in a coup, or otherwise removed. Now, by contrast, he is still in a position to direct terror. The restriction of US covert activities caused the US to go in militarily. Covert action, judiciously used, can be an important tool of foreign policy.

NYT-Baker "They All Do It" A sarcastic column in which Baker imagines Khadafy will write a book.

WSJ-Pipes "Libyan Raid Didn't Employ Vietnam's Lessons" The American experience in Vietnam established that incrementalism will not dissuade a determined enemy. It drives the enemy into Soviet arms. Next time the US should go all out against Khadafy--destroying his air force, crippling his oil facilities, and so forth.

מס' עמ': 23-486

דו"ש ינגוסן 23-486

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DN-Nelson "Payments to Khadafy are a Taxing Dilemma" Five US companies are still doing business in Libya. Under law, they are required to put their profits into an escrow account. But the agreement does not bar them from paying taxes to Libya. And Khadafy's tax rates are high--92%. But, if the US pulls out, Khadafy gets 100%. This is the rational way to behave in a world of complex financial interrelationships.

Press Reports

17 Charged in Plot to Sell Weapons to Iran

NYT-Lubasch (section B p.3) Federal authorities charged 17 suspects with plotting to sell more than \$2 billion in American-made weapons to Iran, including fighter planes, tanks, missiles and other sophisticated armaments. One of the men arrested was a retired Israeli general. The Commissioner of the US Customs Service described the suspects as "brokers of death." The plots involved US made arms that were said to be in Israel and three unspecified countries. Avraham Bar-Am was arrested in Bermuda along with 2 other Israeli citizens, Israel Eisenberg and his son Guri, who were accused of obtaining false documents for arms shipments. The Federal authorities said there was no indication of any involvement by the Israeli Gov't. (see NYP-Dan; DN; ND)

NYT-special-Officials in Jerusalem said that the Gov't had absolutely nothing to do with a ring selling arms to Iran. "There's a big black market in arms, and we don't know what's going on there," said Avi Pazner.

Syrians Saved Khadafy

NYP-Latham (Headline "Syrians Saved Khadafy's Neck") Syrian pilots flying Russian-made fighter-bombers helped Khadafy crush a rebellion launched by members of the Libyan regular army in tense hours after the US raid. A high-ranking Administration official said that two units attempted a coup last Tues. and Wed. Scores of rebels were said to be killed by the Libyan Air Force. The use of Syrian pilots to put down the revolt against Khadafy highlighted the increased level of cooperation between two of the most dangerous men in the Mideast--Khadafy and Assad. However, there is evidence that the Syrian pilots refused to go up against US forces.

Britain Expels 21 Libyans

NYT-p.1-Thomas-Britain said that it planned to expel 21 Libyan students for suspected involvement in "student revolutionary activities." The 21, all of whom were arrested, included a pilot trainee who authorities said telephoned Tripoli radio last month with an offer to form suicide squads to bomb US military targets. Also, other Western European countries said they would proceed with plans to expel Libyans. (see ND-Page; NYP)

Libya Now Ruled by Junta

ND-AP-The London Times reported that Khadafy appears to have lost sole control of the Libyan Gov't after the bombing raid last week. He seems to be sharing power with four other military officers. Robert Fisk reported from Libya that "Khadafy now performs the tasks of a figurehead rather than sole political and military leader."

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French Say They Favored Stronger Attack

NYT-Bernstein-French officials, confirming a statement Monday by Reagan, said that the Gov't had favored a more ambitious attack against Libya than the one carried out by the US. The officials spoke out against a background of concern over what they see as strong anti-French reaction in the US for refusing the US Gov't to fly planes over France. The officials, who spoke on the condition that they not be identified, said they opposed the limited US strike and said that France was ready to support any US action that would have brought about a "major change" in Libya, meaning the removal of Khadafy. They said the limited action would just incite Arab extremists and weaken moderate Arab nations.

WSJ-Bray-France's refusal to allow US planes to fly across its air space has pitted a large share of public opinion against the French Gov't in a controversy over how to fight terrorism. The public favors a military response.

Watch on Libyans Stepped Up in US

NYT-Shenon-The Administration is tightening surveillance of Libyans living in the US, Federal officials said today. The step was taken after the Administration decided against a proposal to deport the Libyans who are thought to number 3500.

West German Question Suspect in Disco Bombing

NYT-Markham-The West Berlin police questioned a Jordanian who has been arrested on suspicion of involvement in the terrorist explosion in a disco on April 5. The suspect is the brother of the man who was charged in London with trying to destroy an El Al plane. Western intelligence sources said the attempt to blow up the El Al plane had characteristics of similar terrorist operations by a group known as May 15, an offshoot of the PFLP, which is led by Habash.

Fiat Owners Seek Libya's Big Stake

NYT-Dionne-The Italian owners of Fiat have offered to buy back the large minority share that Libya owns in the company, a Fiat spokesman said. Libya owns 13% of the company. Libya has shown no interest in selling its shares.

How Libya Message Informed US

NYT-Gelb-According to Administration officials, within a few hours of the disco bombing, the US intercepted two messages that clearly point to Libyan involvement.

NYP-Dan-At least five countries intercepted the Libyan cables. Britain, the US, East and West Germany and the Soviet Union all knew that an attack was coming. Three countries were powerless to stop it. The other two close to do nothing.

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US Rebukes Thailand Over UN Libya Vote

NYT-special-The Administration sharply rebuked Thailand for backing a UN Security Council Resolution that condemned the US air raid. Thailand is one of Washington's closest Asian allies and it allowed the resolution to go for a vote.

Americans Evacuated from West Beirut

NYT-p.1 Photo-Druse militiamen guarding bus with Americans evacuated from West Beirut.

Kuwait

NYT-p.2-Rifner-People in Kuwait are nervous about possible spillover of the Iran-Iraq war. Even more of a problem is the shocking drop in the price of oil. Kuwait has been supporting Iraq, fearful that an Islamic revolution will roll across its borders. Kuwaitis are a minority in their own country. Three-quarters of the work force is made up of foreigners.

Mediterranean Airports Stepping Up Security

NYT-Blumenthal-An indepth discussion about security, including El Al's.

Terrorism Insurance

ND-Access America, a NY Based travel-assistance corporation announced it would offer "peace of mind" terrorism insurance to nervous travelers. The company will reimburse deposits to travelers who cancel their plans because of terrorist attacks.

Reagan Has "Marshall Plan" for Mideast

NYP-Latham-Reagan is planning to ask America's allies to participate in a massive and far-reaching "Marshall Plan" to help improve the political and economic climate in the Mideast. The plan will be on the agenda in Tokyo. The idea was first advanced by PM Peres and has attracted the support of moderate Arab nations, including Egypt. Shultz pushed the plan.

Waldheim

NYI-Kamp-The President of Austria said that documents about Waldheim's activities showed he must have been aware of German reprisals against partisans in the Balkans. But he said the documents offered no substantiation for other charges, such as that Waldheim took part in war crimes or knew about the deportation of Greek Jews. Waldheim is favored to win the election. (see NYP; ND)

NYI-Scollino-Gerhard Waldheim, the son of Kurt, has taken an unpaid leave from his job in Vienna to counter what he calls a "manhunt" by the World Jewish Congress and others.

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WSJ-Column-Martin Mayer "Waldheim: Portrait of a Skilled Opportunist"
Waldheim's campaign posters said that he was "A Man the World Trusts."
That amused acquaintances in NY, for if there was one thing on which
everyone agreed, from Iranian mullahs to the Chinese foreign ministry,
to the cleaning help at the UN, it was that this fellow could not be
trusted.

OPEC

WSJ-Idrahim-OPEC won't try seriously to steady world oil prices unless
nonmember nations cut production substantially, according to Saudi
Arabia's oil minister.

Letters

ND-Until Austrians renounce their past, we in the West should not visit
the country.

NYP-Waldheim must have been very keen to join the Nazis.

Cartoons

ND-Lord-Group of people stand with Nazi salute. Caption reads "All those
in favor of Kurt Waldheim for President, raise your right hand."

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NEWS SUMMARY - WED. - APRIL 23, 1986

THE PRESS REPORTS

U.S. Indicts 17 In Plot To Sell \$2 Billion In Weapons To Iran

WASH. POST - Thornton - Seventeen people, including a retired Israeli general, were indicted yesterday in New York on federal charges of conspiring to sell Iran more than \$2 billion worth of American weapons -- including missiles, helicopters, tanks and fighter jets. At a news conference in New York, U.S. Customs Commissioner William von Raab described the defendants as "brokers of death who operated a terrorist flea market." Five of the suspects, including retired Gen. Abraham Bar-Am, were arrested Monday in Bermuda where they allegedly had gone to complete a contract. U.S. Attorney Rudolph W. Giuliani called the scheme, illegal under a U.S. arms embargo against Iran, "mindboggling in scope." Yossi Gal, a spokesman for the Israeli Embassy here said, "The government of Israel has no connection or involvement with the matter." At least two U.S. officials said there is "circumstantial evidence" that Israeli govt. officials may have known of the plot. (The story was also in the Washington Times, Wall Street Journal and The New York Times.)

Police Cooperation Led To Palestinians' Arrest

WASH. POST - Drozdick - The arrest of two Palestinian brothers suspected of involvement in the West Berlin discotheque bombing and the attempted sabotage of an El Al airliner is being attributed to such improved cooperation among European police agencies to combat international terrorism. Until Scotland Yard sent an urgent message to West Berlin police late 1st week, an intensive search for perpetrators of teh explosion in the words of one German investigator, "failed to turn up lukewarm clues let alone hot leads" as to who had planted the bomb that killed two persons and injured 230.

U.S. Testing Alliance Sentiment On A Middle East "Marshall Plan"

WASH. POST - Hoffman - The U.S. is taking "soundings" among its allies about prospects for a major economic aid package for the Middle East and

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is expected to push the idea at the Tokyo economic summit in two weeks, a senior White House official said yesterday. The official said such a "Marshall Plan" for the Mideast, in the wake of the U.S. clash with Libya, might serve to "satisfy some of the more moderate elements over there" among the Arab states who "have had nothing to point to now as an antidote to the violence that is there." The idea is being discussed in the administration as a way to dampen Arab concerns over last week's U.S. military action against Libya. It is also being viewed as one of the few options now available to the U.S., given the stalemated Middle East peace process.

Waldheim Acused By U.N. in 1948

WASH. POST - Coshko - The U.N. War Crimes Commission concluded in 1948 that there was sufficient evidence to prosecute Waldheim for the murder of Yugoslav partisans during WWII, and it put him on its top priority "A" list of persons who should be brought to trial, according to a secret U.N. file obtained by the Wash. Post yesterday. The file, based on a report prepared in late 1947 by an official Yugoslav war crimes commission, alleges that Waldheim was involved in "murder" and "putting hostages to death" from April 1944 to May 1945. The U.N. Commission said that after examining the facts, it believed that "a clear prima facie case had been presented" and that Waldheim "should be delivered up for trial."

Waldheim Defended By Son On Hill As Pressure Mounts

WASH. TIMES - (Wires) - Waldheim, called an "unrepentant liar" by Jewish groups, was defended by his son before Congress Tuesday where the younger Mr. Waldheim said charges his father took part in Nazi war crimes were "not true." Gerhard Waldheim also said he has suggested his father ask Yugoslavia to open its files on the elder Waldheim, said to contain allegations of war crimes. Several members were clearly not convinced the elder Waldheim had no first hand knowledge of Nazi atrocities in the Balkans where he served.

TELEVISION: NIGHTLY NEWS

The major networks focused their main stories on continued Libyan-U.S. tension, cooperation among European police agencies which led to the arrest of the Palestinians' responsible for the West Berlin bombing, the indictment by the U.S. of 17 people in a plot to sell \$2 billion in weapons to Iran (this report was a few minutes long on both ABC and CBS), and the economy.

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News Summary April 22, 1986

Editorials

ND "The Unthinkable Ways of the Terrorist" The incident at Heathrow provided a revealing glimpse into the depraved psychology of terrorism. The presence in the world of such people--and they are regrettably not rare--offers dramatic evidence, if any more were needed, of the horrors of terrorism and the international resolve required to combat it. The incident also dramatized once again the extraordinary vigilance needed at airports. If she were booked on any airline other than El Al, there would have been disastrous consequences.

NYP "US Must Bar Entry to ex-Nazi Waldheim" Waldheim, clearly an es-Nazi, perhaps an escaped war criminal--remains entirely unrepentant about the enormous deceit he practiced over a period of 40 years. The Administration should declare that, in accordance with Sec. 8 of the US Code--which bars entry into America of anyone who aided the Nazi regime.

Columns

NYT-Wicker "Facing Up To Terrorism" Americans should go ahead with their travel plans: to be scared into staying home is to give victory of harassment and intimidation to a terrorist before he pulls the gun. The present situation does suggest the possibility of greater effort against Americans by terrorists under the control or sympathetic to Libya, Syria and Iran. On the other hand, security will be increased.

ND-Edward Herman (author "The Real Terror Network: Terrorism in Fact and Propoganda") "Terrorism' As A Political Tool" It is an interesting coincidence that a major attack on Libya should come one day before a vote on aid to the contras. The same thing happened with the attack on the Gulf of Sidra. Is it possible that these raids were just plain news management?

ND-Kevin Phillips (Pub. of American Political Report) "Is the President Now Addicted To Use of Force?" A watershed line has been crossed.

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Psychologically, the raid consummates a five-year trend in which Reagan has abandoned the policy of hand-wringing so embarrassing to Americans during the hostage crisis. One can argue that the Rambo-like responses have received such public support that the Administration could become addicted to them. The raids were not part of a well thought-out policy. Terrorism and piracy have been recurrent afflictions of fading empires.

ND-Patrick Seale (London based journalist) "Why Americans Are Targets of Terror" America is now perceived as hostile in much of the Arab and Moslem world--not that they really care. The major reason for Arab attitudes stems from the green light that Haig gave the Israelis for its invasion into Lebanon and for the destruction of the PLO. About 20,000 Lebanese and Palestinians were killed in that cruel war. To most Arabs, the US, by its silence and arming of Israel, has totally committed itself for Israel and against the Arabs, especially the Palestinians. What is remarkable to Europeans is that the US does not see the connection between Arab terrorism on one hand and US support for Israeli policies on the other. Instead the US singles out Khadafy. Khadafy's terrorist network is dwarfed by those of the many Palestinian, Lebanese and Shiite groups who have their own reasons for wanting to hit back at Israel and the US. There are tens of thousands of Palestinians and Lebanese who are willing to risk their lives in what they see as a liberation struggle. They don't have to be bribed. A more immediate fear is a Syrian-Israeli war. Both sides are openly talking about the possibility. The fact that the Soviet Union did nothing to protect Khadafy has encouraged the Israeli hawks. Indeed, even though the Soviet Union has supplied Syria with sophisticated air defenses, the Soviet training teams have gone home.

ND-Ellen Goodman "Bombing of Libya Leaves War Jitters" The Americans have a lust for hitting back, a pleasure in shaking off usual restraints, in landing a good hard punch, even if it kills another baby. These feelings do not just arise out of Libya but they underlie the way the Gov't has dealt with Soviet arms proposals and with Central America.

NYP-Rodhoretz "Europe's 'Decadence' Perils NATO" Americans see that whenever we try to take action against a common enemy, we get resistance from our friends. In recent years, an increasingly influential body of Americans has been asking the question: with enemies like ours, who needs friends? The Europeans should understand this.

NYT-Morton "On Not Reclining at Passover" Due to the current world situation in connection to nuclear arms, the author finds it difficult to recline with ease.

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Press Reports

US Says Allies Asked For More in Libya Attack

NYT-Weinraub-Reagan said that before the raid, some allies proposed an "all out" attack against Libya. Mitterand was singled out for this view. One Administration official said Kohl and Craxi also "favored stronger military action" in private talks with Americans but said, in the officials words, that "we can't come out publicly for you." Reagan spoke in an interview with wire reporters and criticized France. (see NYP; ND; DN)

Brother of Arab in Heathrow Case Is Held in Berlin

NYT-P.1-special-A Jordanian was arrested in connection with the Berlin disco bombing, and authorities have identified him as the brother of the man seized in London last week on suspicion of trying to blow up an El Al plane. According to an unconfirmed report, Hazim Mansour's brother, Nezar Hindawi, had links to the pro-Syrian Baath Party in Jordan, a connection that pointed towards Syria rather than Libya, which the US has blamed for being behind the attack in West Berlin. Scotland Yard said that the police seized documents related to the El Al bomb plot heightening speculation that an Arab terrorist cell was behind the attempted sabotage. (see NYP; DN)

Messages Key to US Case

ND-Woodward (Wash Post) On April 4, the US intercepted a message from the Libya Peoples Bureau in East Germany to headquarters in Tripoli that said they "will be happy when you see the headlines tomorrow." A few hours later, early on April 5, a second message was intercepted that said an operation was "happening now" that would not be traceable to the Peoples Bureau. 10 minutes later the disco in West Berlin was blown up. These two messages were the key elements leading US authorities to believe that Libya was to blame for the bombing. (see NYP)

Europe Broadens Anti-Libyan Curbs

NYT-Bernstein-The 12 foreign ministers of the European Community agreed to a package of measures aimed at limiting Libya's ability to sponsor terrorist attacks. The steps include immediately reducing the number of Libyan diplomats stationed in Europe. The European effort has clearly been directed at persuading the US not to resort again to military retaliation. However, diplomats cautioned that the Community has virtually no enforcement power to insure that each member fully carries out the measures.

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Italians Arrest Libyan Aide in 1985 Plot Against Envoys

NYT-Dionne-A former Libyan diplomat has been arrested on suspicion of plotting at least a year ago to kill the US Ambassador to Italy and the Saudi Arabian and Egyptian Ambassadors, Italian authorities announced. The arrest coincided with efforts by Craxi to present a tougher image on terrorism.

The Japanese Sit on Fence on US Raids

NYT-Haberman-(Tokyo) Japan, rarely bold in its foreign policy, has been thrown into a state of virtual diplomatic paralysis for the last week by the American air strikes against Libya. Unlike every other major US ally, the Japanese Gov't has yet to issue any statement clearly stating what it thinks of the American action. The Japanese has to choose between its most important ally and an oil-exporting country that enjoys the support of other major oil-exporting countries.

Israel: No Coup Attempted in Libya

ND-Lustig (London Observer) Israeli military analysts discount reports that units of the Libyan army sought to overthrow Khadafy after last week's US raid. This assessment is at odds with the view from Washington. Officials in Jerusalem have acknowledged that Israel has been sharing its analysis of Libyan developments with the Administration.

Bomb Damage on Display in Benghazi

NYT-Schumacher-(photo of wreckage) Reporters visited Benghazi for the first time since the raids. Other stops produced evidence of greater US accuracy. Officials insisted that there was no military damage in or around Benghazi and that no servicemen were hurt. An airport worker said that several Soviet-made MIG's were damaged and that Libyan servicemen were hurt.

WSJ-Rosewicz-Libyan officials asserted that the US dropped cluster bombs designed to inflict heavy personnel injury, on civilian areas. Pentagon spokesmen confirmed that cluster bombs had been used in Benghazi.

Khadafy's Wife Speaks Out

NYT-AP-The wife of Khadafy vowed to kill the US pilot who dropped bombs on her house if she ever finds him. (see NYR: ND; DN-photo of Khadafy and his adopted daughter with the words "You adopted me, Reagan assassinated me" as a caption)

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Beirut Sees Exit of Foreigners As Blow to Cultural Institutions

NYT-Hijazi-Moslem political leaders are expressing increased concern over the flight of foreigners from Beirut. A newspaper in West Beirut that reflects Syrian thinking condemned what it called "hunters of foreigners" roaming the streets.

UN Resolution Vetoed

NYT-special-The US, Britain and France vetoed a Security Council resolution that would have had the Council "condemn the armed attack by the US in violation of the Charter of the UN."

US Dropping Effort to Indict Arafat in '73 Sudan Slayings

NYT-special-The US will not seek the indictment of Arafat in the killings of two American diplomats in the Sudan. The Attorney General's office said it had insufficient evidence to prosecute Arafat.

American Shot in the Sudan Is Out of Danger

NYT-AP-Hospital sources say the technician from the US Embassy in the Sudan is out of danger. Doctors removed a bullet from his brain. He is paralyzed on his right side.

New York Airports Are Not Safe

NYP-Ruffini-Arab terrorists could have a field day in Kennedy and LaGuardia airports. The most surprising security weakness was found at El AL, where a male and female guard were watching a restricted waiting area. When the man walked away and the woman began chatting with someone else, a reporter simply walked through the door. A massacre-minded terrorist would have found some 75 passengers.

US Embassy in Peru Damaged by Explosion

NYT-AP-A car bomb exploded outside the US Embassy in Peru. No one was injured. A pro-Cuban group said it planted the bomb in retaliation for the US raid on Libya.

Cuellar and Wiesenthal Deny Defending Waldheim

NYT-special-A UN spokesman denied that Cuellar has made a statement that the allegations brought against Waldheim are absurd. His spokesman said Cuellar "has not passed judgement on the Waldheim charges, nor will he." Wiesenthal was described as "absolutely furious" over remarks attributed to him that seemed to exonerate Waldheim from any wrongdoing in connection with his WW II activities.

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Moynihan Calls Waldheim a Liar

ND-Holmberg-Sen. Moynihan denounced Waldheim as a liar and said that the election of Waldheim would be a "symbolic amnesty" for Nazi war crimes. Moynihan said that as far as he was concerned, Waldheim was not welcome in the US. (see NYK; UN)

Austria Forced to Confront Its Past

ND-Marshall (LA Times) Austrians have clung to the vision that Austria was Hitler's first victim, not his willing accomplice. But in many ways, Waldheim's effort to gloss over what he did during WW II parallels what Austria has done.

Honoring Shcharansky

NYT-King-O'Neill and Dole reached a bipartisan agreement on honoring Shcharansky when he visits Washington next month. He will be honored in the Capital Rotunda, where by tradition, only heads of state are honored.

Magazine Editorials and Articles

The Nation-4/26 Editorial "Pre-Emptive Strike" However problematic the consequences of Reagan's raid for world peace and the Middle East, it must be counted as an unqualified success in the domestic political dimension. If the liberals collapse over Libya, they may never regroup to meet the foreign policy challenges Reagan has in store for Nicaragua, in East-West summitry, in Angola and in space.

The Nation 4/26 p.1 David Twersky (Tel Aviv) "Musical Chairs for High Stakes" All the recent political horse-trading, which only left the Israeli public dismayed, revealed the ongoing struggle for power between the two major parties. Israeli politics remain firmly democratic and full of possibilities. A renewed US commitment to the peace process, an agreement with Egypt on Taba, a serious ice-breaking move from Hussein could cause another pre-rotation crisis. Peace is good policy in Israel.

The Nation-4/12-Cockburn "Knock Knees" April 9 is the anniversary of the Dair Yassin massacre when Etzel and Lehi thugs massacred 250 Arab men, women and children. On that day, 90% of the stations in the public TV system will show a program called Flashpoint, a package of 2 Israeli films and one, the sort usually described as controversial, titled "Occupied Palestine." But not the PBS stations in New York and Washington. Both have denounced "Occupied Palestine."

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The Nation 4/12-Stanley Reed "The Perils of Hosni Mubarak" Mubarak has emerged from February's rampage in better shape than ever. But we should not be comforted. Egypt is emeshed in a political and economic crisis which will require US attention. The US already gives Egypt alot of foreign aid. Yet the disintegration of the Mubarak regime would threaten Egypt's-delicate peace with Israel, so it may be worth risking a few more billion to keep Mubarak in power. Abu Ghazala, who made many friends when he was posted in Washington, has impressed many US officials. He is likely to grow more powerful.

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April 21, 1986

MORRIS J. AMITAY COLUMN 8

Even though the United States is a superpower with "alliances" throughout the world, our country occasionally feels lonely. All of America's European allies, not just Britain, should have supported the air strike against Libya. And yet, neither morality, friendship nor logic could persuade our friends to do so, particularly France, who wouldn't even allow our flights in their air space.

For the past 10 years, a dependence on Arab sources (such as Libya) for oil has been cited as the explanation for the pro-Arab positions of these countries and for their refusals to sell arms to Israel.

While giving into the threat of Arab oil blackmail might be regarded as immoral, at least economic self interest legitimized the act. This was the rationale France used when it released a known PLO terrorist (one of the many "Abu's") Abu Daoud in 1977, despite West German and Israeli requests for his extradition.

But today, with a world oil glut and a relatively insignificant trade between France and Libya, France can hardly use economic self interest as a reason for refusing the U.S. request.

Neither can one discern a streak of pacifism in French foreign policy. Granted, France has suffered a series of military defeats dating back to Napoleon - nevertheless, she has shown great willingness to intervene militarily when overseas interests were at stake. Her use of force to prevent a Libyan takeover of Chad, and the French air strike on the Bekaa Valley following the bombing of the French barracks in Beirut clearly demonstrate the lack of compunction in the use of military means.

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Surely, then, there was ample precedent for cooperating if not participating in a retaliatory strike against terrorist centers in Libya, and ample justification also in that both French citizens and pocketbooks have been victims of Libyan-inspired terrorism. This, despite France's efforts to remain free of violence by permitting the movement of terrorists and weapons to transit French soil. Also, since the United Kingdom had permitted one of its bases to be used as a jumping off point for the U.S. raid, France would not have been alone in facilitating the strike.

Perhaps the basic reason for France's infuriating refusal to permit U.S. aircraft to overfly her airspace is an almost irrational impulse to demonstrate independence from the United States - sometimes at any price. This desire to somehow regain her former "grandeur" has been a thread running through French foreign policy since World War II. This contrariness has often paid off since "the squeaky wheel gets greased".

Examples of this spirit of going it alone and having France as the center of the universe abound. Whether it was President Charles DeGaulle's decision to pull French troops out of NATO in 1966, France's numerous flirtations with Moscow, or development of its own nuclear "force de frappe" - French actions have driven American Secretaries of State to distraction over the years. But now, with public opinion in our country so aroused as a result of this latest rebuff, France might inevitably have to come to the realization that she cannot continue to have it both ways. With thousands of American soldiers buried on French soil, France should not expect to continue to enjoy the benefits of U.S. protection, tourism and trade without displaying some gratitude as Britain did.

MJA COLUMN #8
PAGE THREE

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As for Italy and West Germany, the former enjoys a reputation when it comes to bearing arms of "surrender first and ask questions later". The latter, with the strongest military force in Europe, seems to have become enamored of the Arab world - as if to show that the new Germany need not feel any guilt over what happened forty years ago (since hardly anyone realized what was going on anyway).

Israeli support for the U.S. action against Libya has largely been taken for granted. With real friends there is never a question.

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THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON.

April 22, 1986

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Dear Mr. Chairman:

As your Subcommittee will be moving soon to consider the issue, I am writing to underscore the importance the Administration attaches to the proposed sale of missiles to Saudi Arabia. Our failure to complete this sale would greatly damage our national interest.

For more than three decades the United States has had a mutually beneficial security relationship with Saudi Arabia. In view of the recent disturbing developments in the Iran-Iraq war and in South Yemen, strong continued U.S. support for Saudi self defense is particularly important. This sale will send clear political signals: to Iran, to deter expansion of its war with Iraq; to Saudi Arabia and other moderate Arab states, to bolster their resolve and to reaffirm our reliability and credibility as a security partner. The missiles in this sale will enable the Saudis to meet threats that their country can face in the future.

We advance important U.S. objectives in the strategically important Persian Gulf region by helping Saudi Arabia defend itself. The Saudis and the other GCC states are the first line of defense in this area that contains 60 percent of the non-Communist world's proven oil reserves. We are committed to ensuring the free flow of this oil, to supporting the security of our moderate Arab friends, and to opposing the spread of radicalization and Soviet expansion into this area. A strong Arab defense capability will sharply reduce the chances that the U.S. would have to intervene directly to support these vital U.S. interests.

As Dick Murphy stressed in his testimony Thursday before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, the U.S. must be able to carry out a balanced policy in the Middle East. A fundamental commitment to Israel's security and well-being has

The Honorable

Lee H. Hamilton, Chairman,
Subcommittee on Europe and the Middle East,
Committee on Foreign Affairs,
House of Representatives.

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long been a constant in our Middle East policy. At the same time, throughout the post-World War II period we have maintained close ties with pro-Western Arab states. Efforts to block all arms sales to moderate Arab states, simply because they have not been perceived as totally supportive of our efforts in the peace process, can make that balanced policy impossible and the attainment of peace all the more difficult. This is neither in our interest, nor, I would submit, that of Israel. Particularly at a time when Qadhafi and Khomeini are trying to radicalize the Arab and Muslim world, our moderate friends in the area need our support, not our rejection.

I hope you will consider carefully our case, and decide to oppose a resolution of disapproval.

Sincerely yours,



George P. Shultz

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STATE DEPT. - 4/22/86

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MR. KALB: On the bombings -- we can confirm that there have -- we're talking about last week, bombings that were reported last week.

Q Yeah, do you have anything new on last week.

MR. KALB: Nope, I don't have anything new. We can confirm that there have been a number of terrorist bombings of transport vehicles in Syria. We don't have any other details to provide. We condemn any such acts of terrorism wherever they occur and regret any loss of innocent lives. Les?

Q. FAIZ ABURHAQNI, A LAWYER FROM THE WEST BANK -- HE IS A MEMBER OF THE PLO, A NOMINATED MEMBER TO THE JOINT JORDANIAN-PALESTINIAN DELEGATION TO THE TALKS WITH THE UNITED STATES -- MET HERE AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT WITH MR. WILLIAM KIRBY (?) AND A FEW PEOPLE FROM THE NEAR EAST BUREAU. MY QUESTION IS, IN WHAT CAPACITY DID HE MEET WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT PEOPLE?

MR. KALB: I DON'T KNOW; AND I'LL TAKE A LOOK AT THAT.

MR. KALB: What is that?

Q Since you are going to be checking on the seventeen indictment about sending arms to Iran --

MR. KALB: I said I have nothing on it.

Q No, no. I think you want to look into this possibly, I think --

MR. KALB: Well anyway, let me --

Q But I'm asking if -- has the State Department or has the United States Government asked Israel at the last three, four years, or maybe the last year or so, to cease and desist from selling arms -- INAUDIBLE -- to Iran?

MR. KALB: Okay, I've heard you. I don't have anything on it as I said at the very outset to Bill.

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NEWS FOR THE NEWS MEDIA

STATE DEPT. -4/22/86

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Q But you might look into this if you request it from them.

MR. KALB: Let me take a look, because Ralph asked some questions under that heading, and let me see whether it's in the realm of the possible without offering you any guarantees by way of a reply.

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המסרד, בטחון, ניו-יורק

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אל:הסברה, מע"ת, מצפ"א, ממנכ"ל, סמנכ"ל הסברה, לשי רוה"מ, לע"מ, דובר צה"ל, רמ"ח קטי"ח
News Summary - Tuesday - April 22, 1986
דע:ניו-יורק.

THE PRESS REPORTS

THE SUN - Ruby - Ivan Hacker, 79 and a leader of Austria's Jewish community, recently met with Waldheim at Waldheim's request to question him about his career in German army of WWII. The leaders of Austria's 10,000 to 12,000 Jews are conspicuously divided in their reactions to disclosures of Waldheim's membership in Nazi organizations as a student and his activities as a lieutenant in the German army during WWII. Leaders of the Jewish community express misgivings about the announcements about Waldheim's war record made by the World Jewish Congress and the organization's failure to consult with them before releasing documents.

Israel's Soldiers Help Make Some Tourists Feel Safe There

THE EVENING SUN - (AP) - Although Israel as the main target of Palestinian terrorists, some Americans say they feel safer vacationing in Israel than anywhere outside the U.S. While the sight of so much security often surprises American tourists, they say they soon appreciate it.

Arab Source Says Retaliation Planned

THE SUN - (AP) - Hard line Palestinians and other guerrilla groups met in Damascus last week and decided to escalate attacks against US interests to avenge the air strikes on Libya, a Palestinian source said yesterday. The source said the six Syrian backed guerrilla groups that make up the Palestine National Salvation Front met with representatives of seven "liberation movements," which he did not identify.

Brzezinski Backs Reagan On Libya But Worries About Broader Mideast Policy

CHRISTIAN SCI. MON. - Moffett III - Brzezinski says last week's bombing over Libya was a "necessary tragedy" required by firm proof of Libyan involvement in terrorism against Americans. He adds that by placing too much emphasis on military responses to terrorism and ignoring its social and political roots, the US could be risking diplomatic isolation and creating new opportunities for the Soviet Union in the Middle East. "I support the President" on the air strikes, but terrorism is a problem that can't be solved with by military action alone. We need to create the conditions in which support for terrorism is less justified and less attractive.

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581Prosecution Of Arafat Rejected

WASH. POST - Kurtz - The Justice Dept. notified Congress yesterday that it does not plan to seek prosecution of Arafat for the murders of two U.S. diplomats on May 2, 1973. Forty four senators asked the dept. in Feb. to consider such a prosecution, but Assistant Attorney General John Bolton told them in a letter that Arafat could not be prosecuted because the US lacks legal jurisdiction and sufficient evidence.

Kreisky Cites Waldheim Omissions

WASH. TIMES- (Wires) - Former Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky said in an interview that he was "horrified" to find that Waldheim had supplied him with an incomplete account of his military career. "When I supported Waldheim as candidate to be U.N. Secretary General, I had a quite different curriculum vitae before me than I have today," Kreisky said.

President Plans Appeal For Concerted Action Against World Terrorism

WASH. POST - Drozdiak - Twelve European nations decided today to impose specific restrictions on the size and activities of Libyan diplomatic missions to show displeasure with the regime of Qaddafi for its alleged involvement in terrorist acts. The decision, taken by foreign ministers of the European Community states, was intended to answer American appeals for coordinated punitive actions against Tripoli by the allies and to forestall the threat of further U.S. military strikes, diplomats said. It built on diplomatic sanctions approved April 14 at a community meeting in The Hague.

U.N. Criticism Of U.S. Attack Vetoed

WASH. POST - (wires) - The U.S., Britain and France today vetoed a resolution in the U.N. Security Council that would have condemned last week's American military attack on Libya. Australia and Denmark also opposed the resolution, which was submitted by a group of nonaligned states to the 15 member body. The resolution called on all parties to exercise restraint "in this critical situation and to resolve their differences by peaceful means in keeping with the U.N. Charter."

Terror Suspects May Be Brothers

WASH. POST - (AP) - A Palestinian man arrested in connection with the April 5 bombing of a discotheque may be the brother of a man held in Britain in the attempted bombing of an El Al jet, a West German security source said today. "We are investigating whether the two men are related

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and there are strong indications that they are brothers," said the highly placed source in a telephone interview.

Libyans Buy Message Coding Equipment

WASH. POST - (Boston Globe) - In an effort to thwart U.S. intelligence efforts to decipher messages to and from its agents in the field, the Libyan govt. is purchasing advanced cryptographic equipment from a private Swiss firm, a senior American official disclosed yesterday. "it's one of the prices we're paying for having revealed, in order to marshal support of our allies and public opinion, that intercepted communications traffic provided evidence that Libya was behind the bombing of the Berlin disco," the official said.

Israeli Theater at ANT

WASH. POST - (wires) - The American National Theater will bring the Haifa Municipal Theatre and playwrights Dario Fo And Franca Rame to the Kennedy Center as part of its 1986 Major International Companies Series. The Haifa Municipal Theatre will perform Yehoshua Sobol's "Ghetto" and "The Soul of a Jew" in Hebrew with simultaneous English translation as well as Athol Fugard's "The Island" in Arabic with simultaneous English translation for a six day engagement beginning May 13.

TELEVISION: NIGHTLY NEWS

The major networks focused their main stories on the continued Libyan-U.S. tension, terrorism and what the U.S. should do about it, the suspect of the London attempted bombing on El Al, and the economy.

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Reagan to Seek 'Marshall Plan' For Middle East

At Tokyo Summit in May, Washington to Ask West To Help in Providing Aid

By FRANK KEMP

WASHINGTON—President Reagan will encourage Western leaders at the coming seven-nation economic summit in Tokyo to participate in a multibillion-dollar economic aid plan for the Middle East.

By pressing its case for a Middle East "Marshall Plan" at the May 4-6 summit, the administration hopes to reverse some of the Arab animosity prompted by its at-

In other major international news:
-Most OPEC members agree in principle to restrain their oil production in hope of propping prices, page 3.
-U.S. dollar continues to plunge, setting a post-World War II low against the yen, page 3.

tack on Libya. It also is seeking to foster a better climate for peace in the region and to buffer friendly countries, particularly Egypt and Jordan, from the damage falling oil prices could do to their economic and political stability.

"We are looking for an economic framework because the political framework is broken up," a senior administration official said. "We have to provide initiative for future" progress in reaching a Middle East peace, he added.

U.S. officials said the plan is aimed partly at softening an economic downturn that would increase opposition to moderate Arab leaders, leaving them less willing to improve relations with Israel. "People are always less prepared to take risks when they are under domestic tension," one official said.

Details of the economic assistance effort haven't been worked out. The U.S. wants its allies, who would have to provide much of the money, to start working out specifics. Administration officials hope the allies could finance the effort with resources freed by lower oil prices.

However, it isn't clear whether the Western nations would come up with the needed money. Even if they do, it would take considerable time to arrange such an ambitious project. The immediate U.S. goal is to air the proposal for the first time at the summit in a bid to limit the public relations damage it has sustained in the Middle East following the Libya attack.

U.S. officials and lawmakers concede that the tight federal budget will leave little extra U.S. money for such a program. "A lot of people think we ought to have a Marshall Plan for the Midwest," said Robert Dole (R., Kansas) the Senate majority leader. "I just don't see anything that's going to cost a great deal of money happening right now."

An administration official said Secretary of State George Shultz is strongly committed to the idea of using economic incentives to regain the initiative in the Middle East and to convince moderate Arabs that the U.S. still has broad interests in the region that go beyond fighting terrorism.

WALL ST. JOURNAL
TUESDAY - April 22

"We think it's a damn good idea, but the running has got to be made by our allies," he said. "We won't have that much money to put into it."

The Marshall Plan idea was first outlined earlier this month by Israeli Prime Minister Shimon Peres. The Israeli leader argued that with political efforts for peace talks foundering, a development fund created by major industrial nations could bring about closer ties among the countries of the region through pragmatic economic cooperation.

Mr. Peres proposed a \$20 billion to \$30 billion fund. Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak has shown interest in it, although a Reagan administration official said European leaders have given the idea only "vague expressions of support."

Since suggesting the idea, Mr. Peres has said little about it due to concern the Arab countries would reject it outright if it is too closely tied to Israel. Officials hope that participation by European countries, besides providing more money, would make the plan more palatable to the Arabs.

It isn't clear which countries in the region would be assisted under the plan. One U.S. official said there might be an effort to offer Syria some aid in hopes it could be drawn into closer cooperation with more moderate Arab states and eventually with Israel.

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מצפ"א. ממ"ד.

מפי דון גרג, יועץ סגן הנשיא לבחון לאומי, בא"צ על המסע לסעודיה ומדינות המפרץ.
 א. גרג שבע רצון מן הביקור. אינו סבור שביקורת אוטו- (וושינגטון עוטט" 21.4) והתתייחסות לקרירות, כביכול, של קבלת הפנים הסעודית היא מוצדקת. (השיחה עם המלך אמנם לא הניבה חידושים יחריים, בנושא הישראלי לא היו החלטאות חריפות והסעודים הסתפקו באמירה כי הכרח לפתור את הבעיה הפלסטינאית.)
 ב. בוש הדגיש באוזני הסעודים כי פעולת מפרץ סידרה לא כוונה כלפי הלובים כלשעצמם, אלא בהקשר חופש השיט, ורמזה למיצרי קורמוז ולהתנהגות אפשרית של ארה"ב כלפיהם. למארחיו הערבים למיניהם מסר, כי (ארה"ב אינה רואה עצמה כאחראית לנסיון לתווך במלחמת איראן-עיראק, וכל תפקידה הוא לנסות למצמם את מימדי המלחמה לאיזור הישיר ולא מעבר לו; מה שאין כך בסכסוך הישראלי-ערבי, בו רואה ארה"ב את עצמה כבעלת אחריות ותפקיד.)
 ג. (השיח' ימני) הסביר באריכות את מדיניות סעודיה ובוש נכנס עמו לדיאלוג ער - שניהם כמומחים. ימני טוען כי ארה"ב אינה מבינה את שוק הנפט בהיותה בעת ובעונה אחת יצרנית וצרכנית. הסעודים, לדברי בן שיחי, התנהגו, במאזן הדברים, באורח סביר למדי.
 ד. (השליט התימני צאלח מוגדר בפי עמיתיו כ"נאצר" צעיר) ביקר במידה של מרירות ותקיפות כנגד הסובייטים.
 ה. אחד ממנהיגי בחריין התבטא בחקיפות נגד ערפאח שלא עשה באומץ לצעדים עם ירון אלא ממשיך לרחף ולחפש "קונסנסוס" בתנועתו, ועל ידי כך גורם לנזק. (לבל מ' לוי)
 ו. האמריקנים מודאגים מאד כידוע מכלכלת מצרים. הסעודים הבטיחו סיוע בנדיבות כסף, בנקאות ובצורות אחרות.
 ז. בן שיחי שאלני: התנגדתם לעיסקה מכירת F-15 לסעודים והנה רכשו טורנדו בריטי. מה יצא: (א) יקבלו את המטוס ב-1986 במקום ב-1987.
 (ב) לטורנדו שילוב של טילי אויר-אויר ואויר-קרקע שאין ל-F-15.
 (ג) לא יושמו הגבלות כאלה שהיתה ארה"ב מצייבה.
 (ד) ייגרם הפסד (בחישוב לאורך חיי מטוס) של 15-20 בליון דולר לארה"ב.
 האם איפוא הרויחה מכך ישראל? השבתי כי אנו רואים מטוסי ארה"ב כעדיפים ולכן חרף שלושת הגורמים הראשונים אנו מעדיפים כי לא יקבלו F-15. באשר לנימוק הכספי, איננו רוצים

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חלילה כי ארה"ב תפסיד, אך גם ניתן להניח שהסעודים יסקיעו בארה"ב - שבה גם מעוניינים -
 את שוה הערך הכספי (חזרנו לכך גם בהקשר אחר - ראה בנפרד) • הזכרתי עוינותם הקיצונית
 של הסעודים (אנג' שולח לו קטע אנטישמי מובהק מעתון סעודי - מהזמן האחרון) ותמיכתם
 באש"פ אויבנו.

רובינשטיין

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אלו המשרד/ תל אביב

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מזכיר הממשלה ד"ר. י.ביילין. שר החברות ח.קורטו

דע: ממנכ"ל. מצפ"א. כלכלית. עמוס ערן. אברהם אלון, מח' לקשרים בינ"ל של ההסתדרות, ת"א

אל - על

בעת פתיחת ועידת איגוד עובדי התקשורת של אמריקה (C.W.A.) פנה אלי ליין קירקלנד וביקש בכל לשון של בקשה שיעשה כל מאמץ כדי לסיים החודש את נושא אל-על. לדבריו, המרחק עתה הוא של אלפי המילימטר ובנושא בלתי כספי ומן הראוי שישראל תעשה מחווה ותותר בענין זה. במיוחד כאשר אין מחלוקת על כך שבעבר הייתה הבטחה בעניין זה. אחד היועצים המשפטיים של ה- AFL - CIO שנכח בשיחה ציין כי כמעט כל החקדימים מוכיחים שנושא הותק מעולם לא הורה טלע מחלוקת לסיים שביתה, אף ממושכת יותר, ומעסיקים אמריקאיים לא מעלים תביעות בנושא זה, כאשר גם לגבי עובדים שפוטר או הושעו במהלך השביתה או לרגל צמצומים אין מנכים את התקופה מחישוב הבכירות (Seniority) עם שובם לעבודה.

גם נשיא ה- C.W.A. מורטון בר, איגוד של כ-600 אלף חברים, יהודי ויושב ראש האגף לאיגודים של ה"בונדס" פנה בנפרד בבקשה דומה. לדבריו מתחילת מאי מתחילה שורה של ועידות של איגודים גדולים, וכן מתכנסת מועצת הפדרציה. לאף אחד מידידנו אין יותר כוח למאבקי בלימה של החלטות בעניין השביתה, ומצב זה גם מונע הגשת הצעות החלטה חיוביות בנושאים ישראלים או הקרובים ללבנו, כדי לא לפתוח ויכוח. לעומת זאת סיום השביתה עכשיו יאפשר ניצול התקופה הקרובה לתנופה למען ישראל גם בהחלטות, גם בחידוש וגידול קניות "בונדס" וגם בעזרה בפעולת "לוביינג" בנושאים החשובים לנו.

הבטחתי לכל הפונים אלי להעביר דבריהם לידיעת ראש הממשלה ושר החברות.

דני בלון

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משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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5:דני בכוך שגרירות ישראל ווסינגטון נדרך משהח
דע:ח. קורפו שר התחבורה
י. ביילין מוכיר הממסכה
משרד התחבורה
ס. דרורי כלכלית משהח
מנכל אל על
ב. לוי מנכל (נדרך ממסל)
ד. הרלב (נדרך משהח)

מאת: עמרם בלום

אני נמצא בקשר ישיר עם שרי נציג האיגוד
סובם על דעת המתווך הפדרלי שאביא לאשור בית המשפט הסכם כולל
לאחר שנציג האיגוד יודיע בכתב שההסכם מקובל על האיגוד.
מקווה שתוך זמן קצר נובל כגמור.

בברכת חג שמח

עמרם בלום

תפ: דהמ, ששה, מנכל, ממנכל, דרורי, כלכליתא', סייבול, משפמ,
שרהתחבורה, מנכלתחבורה, מצפא, בטמח

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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אלי: אחונה, בון, בריסק, לונדון, פריס, רומא, מילנו,
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הלסינקי, קופנהגן, שטוקהולם, ליסבון, ציריך, וושה,
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שמוד/בהול לקשר

כל הנציגויות באירופה + אומבה

דע: וושה. ני.

נסיון הברחת נשק מאדהב לאיראן

במידה ותשאלו בנושא הגיבו נא כי

ממישראל אינה יודעת אינה
מעורבת ואין לה חלק בדבר

דובר המשרד, בתשובה לשאלות הגיב באופן דומה
לשכת המנכ"ל

תפ: שהח, דהמ, שהבט, מנכ"ל, ממנכ"ל, סמנכ"ל, ממד, דס, אמן, מצפא,
אירא, אירב, מעת, הסברה

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מספר:	מספר 0550	מספר: 7
מספר:	מספר 142-811	מספר: 7

News Summary April 21, 1986

Editorials

NYP "Terrorists are "Just Like Us," Right? Wrong!" Terrorists do not have ordinary sensibilities and values. Terrorism will not stop if the "underlying causes" are addressed and remedied. Take the recent incident in Heathrow. It is necessary to search deep into the sewers of history to find anyone prepared to murder his own wife and child on behalf of any cause. Such people are to be found and crushed.

Columns

NYT-Anthony Lewis "Reasons for Doubt" We would do better to try and understand the reasons for European doubt on the Libyan raid. No one in Europe has any sympathies for Khadafy. Nor are they oblivious to terrorism. There are doubts about Reagan and his policies. They wonder what will happen if the bombing raids do not stop terrorism. They wonder if the US knows what to do next and Americans should have the same questions.

NYP-Latham "How US Twisted Thatcher's Arm" Reagan convinced Thatcher to cooperate by firmly reminding her that she had a debt to pay for US support during the Falklands crisis in 1982. Meanwhile, the Administration is deeply disappointed with Jacques Chirac. It was Chirac, not Mitterand who opposed Reagan.

NYP-Evans & Novak "New Iran Terror Threat May Spur Europe to Action" Shultz' private belief that Western Europe will in the end assist the US in its declared war against terror is supported by new evidence showing a build-up of Iranian terrorist networks in Europe, centered in West Germany, of breathtaking dimension. Khadafy may well seek a terrorist alliance with Iran centered in East Germany.

ND-Dave Broder "What American Should Watch Out For" It is important that we don't deceive ourselves about the difficulties and dangers of the course of action Reagan has chosen. Khadafy's terrorists will lash

מספר: 21.4.86

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back. The problem of the eroding alliance with Europe should concern us. Relations with the Soviets could get even worse. US foreign policy should not be consumed by Khadafy, to the detriment of larger issues.

NYT-Safire "Waldheim's Secret Life" Waldheim's entire post-war life has been a lie. The Waldheim candidacy is an outrage to Western values and a sickening referendum on nostalgia for Nazism. Jews should feel proud, not sheepish about their role in exposing his hidden past. Vienna could cease to be the city of our dreams.

NYP-Pope John Paul II-The Pope speaks of the value of non-Christian religions.

Press Reports

Attack on Libya Will Do Major Damage to US in Arab World

NYT-Apple-Several well-known experts believe the raid on Libya will significantly damage American interests in the Arab world. The Administration says the raids will have little effect. It is said that the damage will be subtle but may have long-term effects. For example, the experts believe that prospects for a new US peace initiative are not good.

WSJ-Kempe-Critics say that Reagan's foreign policy looks more like token interventionism than prudent activism. They say he picks easy targets that will be domestically popular while eschewing more difficult and complex foreign policy problems.

Libyan Commando Base Was Hit

NYT-Schumacher-American warplanes hit a Libyan Navy commando training center near Tripoli and badly damaged a high school near by, according to evidence collected in a visit to the school. The Gov't did not take reporters to the base. A delegation of countries espousing nonalignment arrived in Tripoli. There were officials from India, Cuba, Yugoslavia, Senegal, Ghana and the Congo. The group expressed support for Khadafy. (see ND; DN-AP)

Raid Called Military Success

WSJ-p.1-Carrington-US forces hit all designated targets, and only one plane was lost. The Air Force and Navy communicated during the operation without the failures that afflicted past operations. The

"smart weapons" paid off, or at least worked.

Khadafy Depressed

ND-Woodward (Wash Post) A reliable intelligence report says that Khadafy sank into a severe depression after last week's raid that wounded his two sons and killed his daughter. Khadafy displays the mood swings of a manic depressive, sources say. Sources also say that Khadafy uses excessive amounts of sleeping pills and stimulants.

Khadafy Recruiting Terrorists

ND-UPI-Libya is recruiting terrorist commandos from its prisons and advertising for mercenaries in foreign newspapers, a West German newspaper said. The Bild said the terrorists are being trained by East Germany and Cuban experts and by former CIA and FBI agents. According to Israeli, British and Lebanese intelligence reports, Khadafy is also buying weapons to ship to rebels in El Salvador.

Libya Frees Catholic Bishop

NYT-AP-Libya has freed the head of the Roman Catholic Church there.

Soviets Take US Plane

NYP-Standora-The wreckage of the US fighter-bomber is reportedly in the Soviet Union after being recovered by a Libyan salvage crew. The bodies of the crew members were taken to Tripoli. The Pentagon would not confirm the report.

Protests

NYT-AP-Rallies were held at 7 US and British military bases to protest the US raid. 154 people were arrested. Elsewhere in Europe, police used water cannons and tear gas to break up a demonstration of 1300 in West Germany.

NYT-Koehn-The tension between Libya and the US has not escaped Crete. The US bases there are big and important. Anti-American feelings on the island have been displayed.

Terrorists Trying to Kill US Ambassador in Paris

NYP-Dan-There are now terrorists stalking Joe Rogers, the US Amb. to France. The plot was uncovered last week by the French intelligence service. The terrorists are Libyans sent by Khadafy.

NYP-Sales of French wine has decreased in the last week in NYC.

US-Soviet Summit

DN-wire-Gorbachev indicated that a summit meeting with Reagan is still possible this year despite strains caused by the US attack on Libya.

Families of Americans Killed Talk

NYP-The relatives of the 33-year old Puerto Rican pilot killed in the Libyan raid said that they supported the US actions.

ND-Family members of Peter Kilburn condemned the US raid on Libya.

Westerners Evacuate Beirut

NYT-Hiaizi-32 Brits, an American and an Irishman were evacuated from Moslem West Beirut to the relative safety of East Beirut amid fears of further retaliation against foreigners.

Khadafy's Child in Hospital

DN & ND-photo of Kamis Khadafy in hospital with bandages covering his face.

Business Trip Go On

NYT-Salpukas-Business travelers say they are still making their trips and keeping their commitments in foreign countries, although many say they have become more cautious.

OPEC

NYT-Taqliabue-OPEC ministers remained at odds over proposals for new production ceilings to stop the oil price slide. Libya, Iran and Algeria are seeking to lower the limit.

Sudan

NYT-Rule-The Umma Party, a centrist political party whose leader has the approval of both Libya and the US, has won a plurality of Assembly seats in Sudan's first multiparty election in 18 years.

Israeli Banks

NYP-A judicial panel demanded the resignation of Israel's central bank chief and the heads of the four top banks in connection with the 1983 stock market crash. The panel said the bankers were "unfit for their positions."

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Hitler's Birthday Celebrated

NYP-Police and anti-Nazi protestors clashed with more than 200 right-wing extremists gathered to celebrate the birthday of Hitler.

Letters

NYP-11 letters on USraid. Most praise Reagan.

ITONUT
NYC

משרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

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שמו/רגיל

אל: מצפא, מצרים, דע: שאקהיר ()
מצרים בקונגרס (עוד)

1. הציר המצרי, אל סייד שלבי (המופקד על הקשר עם הסנט) החקיר סלפונית, התייחס לדברי מוס דיין ב- HEARINGS אצל ועדת המסנה לפעולות ורות ב-17 דנא בסנט (מברקנו 475), כאשר דיין (מן הסתם בתשובה לשאלה) ציין שדפוס ההצבעות של ישראל באוס מצויין בעוד שמצרים תומכת בעמדות ארהב רק בכ-15 אחוזים מתוך כלל ההצבעות בעצרת. למענה שלבי, לא היה מקום כלשהו להערה זו, במיוחד לאור זאת שמצרים מטולם לא התבטאה באופן שלילי בגבעה נגד מדיניות ישראל, מה גם ש'במידה ויש לנו הערות אנו דואגים לציין אותן בקונטקסט הרלוונטי'. ביקש ממני להעיר על כך לדיין ולהסביר שמצרים מצביעה בדכי יחד עם הבלמיות ומכוונת עיקר מאמציה למיתון ולריסון מדינות אלה בפורום בינלאומיים. לדבריו, אנשים במחמד ובממשל בכלל מבינים זאת היטב.
2. הערתי שלא נכחתי בישיבה, אך בהודמנות נאותה מוכן להזכיר את פנייתו לדיין. שאלתיו אם דיבר או מתכוון לדבר ישירות עם דיין, ובתשובה אמד שכפי שבעבר שוחחו גורבאל ודידי עם דיין, קרוב לוודאי שידצו לעשות כך גם בעתיד, אך בינתיים העדיפו לפנות אלינו כי לבטח ינבין את דאגתם. הפצרתנו בו לפנות לדיין ישירות, להערתי שאיפאקי גוף בלתי, העיד שלבי שהדבר מוכן לו לחלוטין.
3. הערה: 'דאגתם' של המצרים בדורה: הם חוששים מכל איכוור בגבעה שיש בו כדי להביא לצמצום הסיוע שלהם בעת שהכל מחפשים מטרות וקורבנות לקצץ. זו הפעם הראשונה (במשך השנה האחרונה) שראו לנכון לפנות אלינו בצורה כזו.
4. בתשובה לשאלותי, אישר שלבי שמחמד עבד אללאה ביקר לאחרונה

מושרד החוץ-מחלקת הקשר

בנושיו נגסון נמברק ממד' 608. לדבריו, קיים ענד אללאה פגישות
רבות בגבטה, וליחסי ישראל-מצרים חלק נכבד בשיחות. ענד אללאה
התנסא 'בצורה קונסטרנקטיבית', וצייין שמצרים שואבת עידוד
מהסינוב האחרון של שיחות מאבה כבי' נידונו היבטים רבים של
מערבת היחסים הדו-צדדים בין מצרים וארהב, חידוש תהליך השלום
וקטייה התקציביים של מצרים נוכח הירידה במחיר הנפט.
5. בהקשר האחרון שאל שלבי' באם העלינו אצל האמריקאים את
האפשרות של DEBT RESTRUCTURING.
הסביר שהחוב שנובע מהסיוע הצבאי נ FMS ז' רובץ עליהם
קשות ושהם מעוניינים בכל הקלה שניתן להשיג. השיבותי שאמנם בעת
ביקור רהמי הוצגה הצעה ליתכנית מרשלי, אך למיטב ידיעתי לא
בקשנו DEBT RESTRUCTURING
למדן

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אל:

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TELEVISION: NIGHTLY NEWS

The major publications focused their main stories on: Libya-U.S. relations, a summary of this morning news shows which were mainly focused on terrorism (state sponsored terrorism), a piece on Iran, terrorism aftermath in Texas and Libowitz's concert in Moscow.

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בסחון - נ.י.

המשרד

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ממנכ"ל, מצפ"א, מע"ח, רמ"ח קש"ח. ניו יורק

מדרוך דובר מחמ"ד ליום - (2) - APRIL - 1945

Q Bernie, do you have by any chance the identify of the Palestinian that the West Germans have arrested in connection with the Berlin bombing?

MR. KALB: Nope, I do not -- I do not.

Q Does the -- do we know who --

MR. KALB: I don't have anything additionally beyond what

RALPH BEGLEITER (CNN): I'd like to come back for a second to the Berlin arrest. I wasn't clear what you were saying you had no comment on. Do you have any comment on the German arrest of a Palestinian? And secondly, do you have any comment on the Germans drawing any connection between him and Libya?

MR. KALB: Just let me say the following in connection with the general thrust of your questions, and that is to say that without commenting on the details of this particular case, which is being investigated by the German authorities, we would note that in general, part of the pattern of Gaddafi's terrorist activities is to use non-Libyans such as individual Palestinians, or groups such as Abu Nidal.

MR. BEGLEITER: To do what?

MR. KALB: To carry out whatever they choose to carry out.

Q (Inaudible.)

MR. KALB: Huh?

Q The whereabouts of Abu Nidal.

MR. KALB: Do I what?

Q Do you know where is Abu Nidal?

MR. KALB: No, I don't have anything on Abu Nidal's whereabouts, Barbara?

Q On a related subject, Bernie, is there any American

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FEDERAL NEWS SERVICE 202-347-1400
NEWS FOR THE NEWS MEDIA

STATE DEPT.-4/21/86

2-2

reaction to the actions taken by the European Economic Community this morning?

MR. KALB: Well, my understanding is that there is not yet a complete readout of the decisions that were taken by the European Community. We understand that the Community agreed to a rapid implementation of the anti-terrorism measures decided at the foreign ministers' April 14 meeting, and directed at Libya. These are concrete measures and we welcome them. They send a clear message to Qaddafi that the Europeans, like the United States, will not tolerate this scourge.

Q Bernie?

MR. KALB: Yeah, Bill?

Q In an interview with the Associated Press this morning, President Reagan said that some of the US allies had suggested to the US that the attack should be a concerted all-out coordinated attack on Libya. That's one. And then two, the Washington Times reports this morning that the French President had suggested a much tougher attack on Libya. Have you got anything on that?

MR. KALB: I don't have anything at all on the first. Insofar as the second is concerned, I think my answer would be predictable

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NEWS FOR THE NEWS MEDIA

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from your point of view. I'm not going to speculate about that report, and I guess you'd have to get your ultimate information from the French president. It is not a surprise that insofar as any diplomatic exchanges are concerned these are not set forth. Insofar as the French decision not to allow overflights, I think you've heard the U.S. reaction to that, and I have nothing to add to it.

Q Bernie?

MR. KALB: Yes?

Q Will the U.S. participate in the ongoing investigation in Germany on the Palestinian chap who was arrested in connection with the Berlin bombing?

MR. KALB: I don't know the exact details as to the dimension of participation and so forth. Certainly the United States is following it very closely but this essentially to the best of my understanding is an investigation in the hands of Germany authorities.

Q However, since a good many of the victims were Americans, obviously, will that plan to pursued or will a request be made to the German government that there be American participants?

MR. KALB: I don't have anything on that. Obviously, they are following it -- the United States is following it very closely. As to the direct degree of American participation in any investigation, I simply don't have that.

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סווג בסחונני...סודי
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אל: המשרד

מצפ"א.

נשק לסעודיה

מפי מרשל בריגר בממשל קולטים רק עכשיו באילו מימדי התנגדות מדובר ולתוך מה "הכניסו עצמם". להערכתו, לאור ריבוי הנושאים הדחופים האחרים על הפרק, מבחינת הממשל

THIS WILL NOT BE ISSUE TO MAKE OR BREAK ANYTHING

טובה הרצל
טובה הרצל

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have -- I simply stick with what I said. And what we have said repeatedly is that these are innocent people, and these people should be released forthwith -- the hostages that we have referred to constantly, Americans and any others of any other nationalities that are being held hostage.

MR. BEGLEITER: But how about US reaction, if any?

MR. KALB: That's where I'm going to leave it at this point.

Q Was one of the intentions of the raid on Libya to overthrow the government?

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MR. KALB: The United States is not trying to kill or overthrow Qaddafi. As we have said many times, we are trying to stop Qaddafi's support for and involvement in international terrorism.

Q How do you square that with what Secretary Shultz said yesterday afternoon when he said that it would be good -- quote, unquote -- to take place in Libya? Do you make a distinction between a coup taking place independent of the United States?

MR. KALB: I think that the Secretary's remarks are an action, a reaction to what might be possible. But I don't see the connection that you're making with it, frankly.

Q You're saying the U.S. doesn't seek to overthrow Qaddafi. And the Secretary said it would be "good" if somebody overthrew Qaddafi.

MR. KALB: No, I think what he said was that a coup would be "all to the good."

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"We must try to find ways to starve the terrorist and the hijacker of the oxygen of publicity on which they depend." Many people, including some reporters in the US, share her view. Most of these observers call for voluntary restraint by the media in covering terrorist actions. But some go so far as to sanction government control-censorship, in fact-should the media fail to respond. I disagree. I am against any government-imposed restrictions on the free flow of information about terrorist acts. Instead, I am in favor of as full and complete coverage of terrorism by the media as is possible.

WHY WE SHOULDN'T ASSASSINATE MUAMMAR QADDAFI

Wash. Post, Johnson: Suppose Pres. Reagan had gone on television Monday night to tell the American people that instead of our bombing Libyan military and terrorist targets, an American assassin had fired a bullet through Muammar Qaddafi's head. Would we have cheered? As it happened, the US used air strikes and most Americans felt justified, even a bit noble, about attacking a regime headed by a man Pres. Reagan had called "this mad dog of the Middle East." This judgment seemed to hold despite the loss of two American airmen and the number of Libyan dead and wounded, including children. Many of us were perhaps even disappointed to learn on Wednesday that the bombs had not killed Qaddafi. By Friday, an unnamed U.S. official involved in planning the raid was being quoted in the Wash. Post as saying "We hoped we would get him but nobody was sure where he would be that night." Meanwhile, after a bill was introduced to expand presidential power to respond to terrorism, Alabama's Sen. Jeremiah Denton said he believed that had Qaddafi "become deceased as a result of our counterstrike, that would have been within the intent of this bill." So wouldn't we have cheered a presidential announcement of an assassination instead of the air strikes? After all, wouldn't it have been more efficient-and more moral-to solve this problem by killing one man than many? Isn't killing Qaddafi as one of many victims in a bombing raid worse than singling him out with a sniper's crosshairs? The answer, despite the power of this body-count logic, is no.

DEMOCRACY IN AN AGE OF SECRECY

L.A. Times, Durenberger (18.4.86): The air raid on Libya highlights a historic change in the circumstances under which the US commits its armed forces to combat. In the past, wars typically began in response to military assaults such as the German blitzkrieg against Poland, the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor or the North Korean invasion of South Korea. These events were unambiguous, tangible and visible to all. But times have changed. A few days ago we initiated major military operations against Libya

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in response to intelligence reports available only to a restricted number of government officials. Similarly, our current politico-military campaign against Nicaragua's Sandinista regime began in response to intelligence concerning its support for Marxist insurgencies elsewhere in Central America. The United States has justified its bombing of Libyan targets by referring to Col. Moammar Kadafi's history of support of terrorism. More specifically, Pres. Reagan cited Libyan culpability for the bombing of a Berlin discotheque frequented by Americans, and Libyan plans to mount other such operations worldwide. The fact of the Berlin bombing was, of course, undeniable. However, the "irrefutable evidence" of Libyan responsibility for this and other planned attacks rested entirely on intelligence reports. The public and the press have no independent means of confirming the accuracy of those reports or whether they were subject to other interpretations.

ARAB WORLD'S SILENCE REFUTES THE "EXPERTS"

L.A. Times, Mylroie: The US struck; 48 hours later, Col. Kadafi was in trouble. With near-unanimity the experts had said that it could't happen. Striking Kadafi, they told us, was self-defeating. It would only rally the Libyan people around him and mobilize Arab support behind him. Arab intellectuals said the same. Arabs, they told us, have a peculiar solidarity. No matter how much they despise the fellow, no matter how deserved his demise, U.S. action will only backfire, for they will be obliged to support him and condemn us. The fallacies were firmly asserted until, with astonishing quickness, the U.S. strike exposed them for myth. Fighting quickly broke out in the Libyan military, and Kadafi fled Tripoli. Does the US action pave the way for strikes against other terrorist states? No. Kadafi was weak. The other two members of the ungodly trinity of terror-Syria and Iran-are not. There the experts are probably right. Direct US action would be counter-productive. But let us understand why. It is not because the moderate Arab states possess a mindless solidarity and cannot perceive their own interest that they seem at times to applaud outrageous behavior. Rather, they fear the consequence to themselves of ineffective US action. They are too vulnerable to endure a long war against the terror of strong states. Kadafi was weak enough, and the U.S. action strong enough, that this time the Arabs were ambiguously silent. The "experts" may have heard anger; I heard applause.

THE SEEDS OF KHADAFY'S HATRED

Phil Inq, Geyer: By curious chance, I happened to be in this quintessentially American city the day the US attacked Khadafy's Libya. Curiously, too, I was speaking to that wholesomely American group, the YWCA. Was it the "right" thing to do? the women asked, at once morally concerned and intellectually curious. Would it stop terrorism, now or ever? A still larger consideration for a power like the US is: If we give in to our own utopians-who really believe that there should be "solutions" to

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would problems, without risks-and do not act, then we truly give a free stage to the Khadafys of the world. Given all of this, should we have acted in Libya? 'es. I guess what most surprised me was that anyone should have thought of the American raids as extreme or reckless. Actually, they were extremely cautious; the targets in general were pinpointed; and it appears as of this writing that there was also the longer strategic goal of bolstering the disaffected Libyan army to overthrow the fanatic and murderous desert prince.

PRESS RELEASES

EUROPEANS CRITICIZE US STAND ON TERROR

Wash. Post, Jenkins: The eruption of trans-Atlantic acrimony over the U.S. bombing of Libya early this week is rooted in deeply differing perceptions of terrorism between the US, where the problem is a relatively new and somewhat distant phenomenon, and in Western Europe, whose population has lived with it in one form or another for decades. Europeans generally feel that the US, lacking experience with widescale terrorism at home, is naive about the problem, unaware of its complex causes and overly simplistic about how it should be combated. Mirroring widespread sentiment among American allies who were critical of the U.S. air strike early Tuesday, Italian PM Craxi said at a press conference today that "Italy settled accounts with internal terrorism" in the 1970's when Italy fought the Red Brigades, using "patience, firmness and moral force before military force." Taking umbrage at those in the US who thought his disagreement with the US strike against Libya represented a lack of courage or national firmness, he said Italy intends "to face any form of terrorism that can involve us or our friends with all the determination and resolve necessary." But in an apparent allusion to the unilateral US decision, he said that such a confrontation requires that those pursuing the "same objective" work together against the terrorist threat. In short, many Europeans believe that the US has much to learn from them about the problem.

USE OF AIR FORCE PLANES RAISES QUESTIONS

Wash. Post, Hiatt: Almost as soon as Defense Secretary Weinberger described the U.S. bombing raid at a news conference Monday night, analysts inside and outside the military began questioning the use of Air Force planes. Why, it was asked, would the Pentagon choose to send Air Force Flaas 2,800 miles from Britain to Libya, subjecting them to the risk of multiple midair refuelings, when two aircraft carriers with 170 warplanes steamed a hundred miles from the targets? Did the Joint Chiefs of Staff approve a convoluted plan in order to give the Air Force a piece of the action or to demonstrate support for the raid by at least one ally? The questions echoed criticism that followed the four-service invasion of Grenada in 1983, and the Pentagon was quick to deny improper motives. Absolutely untrue," Pentagon spokesman Robert B. Sims said. "It is unfair to those pilots to make that kind of representation." Yet the debate continued during the week as some experts, especially in Navy blue, argued that the carriers could have done the damage with less risk to US pilots.

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Others-including Navy Secretary John F. Lehman Jr.-said the joint operation made sense, tactically and politically.

U.S. RAID SPARKS NEW REACTIONS

Wash. Post, Podesta:Shops reopened in Tripoli and airline flights resumed yesterday as Libya began returning to normal four days after it was attacked by US warplanes in an effort to discourage terrorism allegedly sponsored by Libyan leader Qaddafi. State television showed footage of Qaddafi visiting graves of the air raid victims and receiving the defense ministers of Burkina Faso and neighboring Sudan. but the repercussions from the largest US Air Force strike since the Vietnam War continued: Three passports believed to be forged were found in a jumbo jet's lavatory during a stop in Cairo, raising fears that terrorists might have been aboard; a bomb in Istanbul was defused outside a bank with U.S. connections, and anti-American protests raged in cities around the world, according to news agencies and correspondents' reports. A TWA Boeing 747 en route to New York from Bombay was delayed in Cairo for four hours yesterday after a flight attendant found three passports in a toilet. The passports contained no photographs but had visas for the US and West Germany, officials said. Airport officials said the passports, found as part of tighter security precautions, were issued by Bahrain to persons not listed as passengers on the flight. Officials speculated that they may have been tossed in the lavatory by terrorists or criminals who learned that they would be searched during a stop-over in Cairo. The 122 passengers on board were searched before the flight was allowed to proceed.

DAMASCUS BLAMES ISRAELIS FOR BOMBING OF BUSES IN SYRIA

Wash. Post, AP:Syria accused Israel today of engineering a wave of deadly bomb attacks this week on buses in Syria, and vowed "severe punishment" for the alleged Israeli agents in Lebanon it said were responsible. Christian-controlled radio stations in Beirut said at least 27 persons had been killed and about 100 wounded in bombings in several cities. But a Syrian government statement, released by the official Syrian Arab News Agency, spoke only of a "number of innocent victims killed and wounded" on Wednesday. In Tel Aviv, a senior Israeli defense source denied Israeli involvement in the bombings, which he attributed to "internal Syrian problems," Reuter reported.

BEIRUT KILLINGS MARK AN UNORTHODOX WAR

Wash. Post, Randal:The slaying this week of three kidnaping victims-two Britons and an American-in Lebanon was a sharp reminder that for many in the Arab world terrorism has become a recognized form of unorthodox warfare wielded by the weak against the powerful. But the deaths also testified to a growing perception in this region that governments are increasingly willing to risk the lives of individual citizens in the name of the higher interests of the state. Conversations this week with

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News Summary April 19-20, 1986

Editorials

NYT 4/19 "The Stakes in Israel's Squabble" Modai deserves much of the credit for setting Israel on a saner economic course. The question now is whether the economic reform campaign will survive his departure from the Finance Ministry: Modai lost his job because he refused to sanction subsidies to failing construction companies and a workers' health fund, both closely aligned with Peres's Labor Party. The sums involved were small but the precedent was ominous. Debate and dissent are among Israel's greatest strengths. Its friends must hope, however, that the partisan rough-and-tumble will not prevent a forceful attack against the common economic enemy. (cabled)

NYT 4/20 "To Save the Next Natasha Simpson" It's the unusual case when force is a sensible response to terror; Libya is that case. There is clear evidence that the disco bombing in Germany was directed by the Libyan Gov't. The raid was a last resort and the US tried other routes. The deaths of innocents in Tripoli followed attacks on military targets. Khadafy's terrorists aim at civilians. This is not an eye for an eye. It is a forceful punishment intended to discourage state-supported terror. That's not heedless violence but a justifiable policy.

NYT 4/19 "Don't Give Up on the Sudan" Even before the US and Libya traded blows in recent weeks, they were engaged in a contest for influence in Sudan. Libya has gained much. Ballots are being counted in the Sudan this week, the first time in more than a decade. The US has pursued its significant interest in a constructive way. Terrorists must not be allowed to thwart the effort.

NYT 4/19 "Kurt Waldheim Remembers" If Waldheim's memory is improving, his reputation is not. If Waldheim is not guilty of war crimes, then why did he cover up the simplest biographical facts for years? Probably because he thought the world would never have him as Sec. Gen. of the UN. Waldheim insists that his conscience is clear. Uglier than his attempts at deception is his new attempt to portray conqueror and

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conquered as guilty of equal crimes.

NYP 4/19 "American Must Not Heed the Voices of Recrimination" The US now faces the inevitable chorus of recriminations--the loudest coming from those European allies whose chronic failure of nerve has, as much as anything, helped make the world safe for terrorists. Wars cannot be won without civilian casualties. And after all, this war was started by others. The US must not draw back.

Columns

NYT 4/20-Ze'ev Chafetz "Questions For Arab Moderates" Predictably, Khadafy's fellow Islamic radicals have rallied around him. Syria, Iran, the PLO, Abu Nidal and others have all issued blood-curdling calls for vengeance against the US. Americans no longer tremble. OPEC has no oil weapon to use. Arab diplomatic and economic influence is on the decline. Most Arab radical nations pose a threat not to the US but to more moderate Arab regimes. Because of this, they have supported Khadafy. But they have tried to justify it as an understandable response to US support for Israel. This is an old trick, once taken seriously, but it no longer is. Clearly, Khadafy is a dictator out of control and this has nothing to do with Israel or US support for it. Mubarak and the Saudis know this. They would be happy to see Khadafy fall. To suggest that the Arab world can do nothing is demeaning. The Arabs may claim that their support for Khadafy is merely rhetorical. But in the Mideast, words often count more than deeds.

NYT 4/20-Flora Lewis "Time to Agree" The urgent need now is for a clear, public show of allied solidarity so that the peoples of the West and the opposing regimes can see that the dispute has been a limited one about methods, not about purpose and determination. It shouldn't be so difficult for the major Western states to agree on some sort of political and economic actions against Libya to show they can and do take a common stand. The immediate problem is weak governments in Europe. Leaders must stop dithering. The passions they have stirred can fracture the bulwark of the West on which they all rely.

NYT 4/20-Lis Anderson (Prof. Columbia U) "A Loss of US Influence" The US action in Libya was clearly designed to precipitate a coup. It showed a badly flawed reading of Libya's history and politics--a miscalculation that could weaken US influence in Libya and the Mideast for years to come. Most Libyans are uninterested in foreign affairs, but they are very sensitive to slights on their national honor. Libyans are now moving towards unity with each other. The strike is likely to have weakened, perhaps crippled the moderate pro-Western factions among the contenders for power. It is hard for any Libyan leader to imagine that he could renew close ties with the US in the aftermath of the raid.

NYT 4/20-Perdinand Mount (adviser to Thatcher '82-'84) "Why Europeans Are Angry" In general, the British are not against the US. But the Libyan operation was not self-defense in any sense of Article 51 of the UN Charter. Nor was it the kind of NATO operation Truman and Attlee had in mind when they came to an agreement on joint decision over the use of American bases in Britain. It is ludicrous to describe "carefully selected targets" in a list that includes a target in the center of Tripoli. The US knew civilians would die. In Britain, expectations of America remain uniquely high, and we are thus uniquely disappointed when they fall from grace. Thatcher could have said no and she should have.

NYT 4/20-Reston "Leave it to the People?" Whenever the President takes bold military action abroad, the people rally to his side. Reagan is supported by public opinion but not by informed opinion either at home or abroad. Nobody doubts his objectives but will they work? The Soviets are happy about this. It has diverted world opinion from Moscow's military aggression to Washington's.

NYP 4/19-Kerrison "Cowering of French Scariest Sign of All" France is the kind of country which condemns Reagan for striking at terrorists, but sups and fetes a man like Gorbachev whose troops are perpetrating the most hideous massacres of children on Earth in Afghanistan. The Europeans, with the glorious exception of Thatcher, seemed to have learned little from history. Appeasement of a madman led them into WW II.

Press Reports

Israeli Politics-Penchant for Melodrama

NYT-4/20-Friedman-In the past two weeks Israel's politicians have never appeared more insulated--and isolated--from the public. People were heard expressing resentment at the insult to their intelligence. In a way, Peres has been a victim of his own success. The Israeli public wants to hold onto this Cabinet at almost any price, even if Peres and Shamir have to switch jobs. Israelis have sacrificed too much--25% of their real wages--to get inflation down. In the meantime, the public has started to revolt against the "tyranny of the Orthodox." The issue is day-light savings time. There may be a constituency of Israelis who are beyond party politics, who are looking for a statesman to surface above it all. Until the last few weeks, Peres was rising to that level of statesman.

Syria Blames Israel for Blasts

NYT-Hijazi 4/20-Syria said that several people were killed and wounded in a series of explosions aboard buses last week. Damascus radio accused Israeli agents operating inside Lebanon of responsibility. A Syrian official was quoted as saying: "those responsible would receive their just punishment." A Western news agency said it had been

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contacted by a previously known group calling itself the October 17 Movement, which asserted it had carried out the attacks. An anonymous caller told the agency that the group represented the Syrian opposition.

One of Three Hostages Slain in Lebanon was an American

NYT 4/19-p.1-Norman-One of the three men found dead in Beirut was identified as an American, Peter Kilburn. A group identifying itself as the Arab Commando Cells took responsibility. The emergence of this relatively new group left the situation of other hostages in Lebanon somewhat confused. Meanwhile, the Voice of Lebanon reported that John McCarthy was executed. Police said a statement read to that effect was a hoax. Like Iran and Syria, Libya has long exercised influence in Lebanon. In the case of Libya, the principle means appears to have been political and financial support of several Palestinian and leftist groups. (see NYP; DN-AP)

NYP-Peter Kilburn was described by his nephew as being critical of US policy in the Mideast.

DN-4/20-Rehm-The fate of the other five Americans held in Lebanon is unknown. The US has "serious concern" for their safety. Intelligence officials say four of the Americans are held by Moslem Shiite fundamentalists, followers of Khomeini.

Heathrow Bomb Suspect Seized

NYT 4/19-p.1-Thomas-The police arrested Nezar Hindawi about the bomb found inside his pregnant girlfriend's bag at Heathrow. Hindawi is a Jordanian. The woman, Anne-Marie Murphy, who was arrested, told police she did not know she was carrying a bomb. The bomb was timed to explode while the El Al jet was airborne, after a stopover in Munich. Police say she was probably duped by her boyfriend but they could not rule out the possibility that she would have gotten off the plane in Germany. Hindawi said he would marry Murphy in Israel on Saturday. At the airport, Hindawi said to his girlfriend that he had second thoughts about taking an Israeli airline and said he would take another and meet her in Israel. The bomb was highly sophisticated. The bomb was found only because of the precautions El Al takes. Airport officials said if a similar policy was adopted to every flight, extensive delays would result. (see NYP-AP; DN-Burton)

Libyan Opposition

NYT-4/20-Miller-The plunge in oil prices has cut Libya's income by more

than two-thirds and has hindered Khadafy's grandiose plans. Until recently, shortages of food and other basics were endemic. Critics joked that Khadafy's "miracle" was that he transformed an oil rich Arab nation into an impoverished police state. The regime was jittery. Khadafy also faces opposition within Islamic circles. An even greater threat is the military. They have made no secret of their opposition to the leader's plans to replace them with an "armed people." Most diplomats in Tripoli believe Khadafy was in deep trouble. But they say that US sanctions and then the military raid only strengthened the leader. In foreign policy, there was little indication that despite the financial crunch, Libya was abandoning its international terrorist network.

NYT-4/20-Scolding According to several Libyan exiles, Western and Arab political analysts and diplomats, the US bombing of Libya is likely to stifle rather than fuel opposition to Khadafy. (see DN-Rehm)

Reagan Denies Raid Meant to Kill Khadafy

NYT 4/19-Gordon Reagan said "We weren't out to kill anybody," in Libya. A 1981 executive order forbids the assassination of foreign leaders. Congressional leaders said they were told that the aim of the raid was to attack the colonel's elite guard and to weaken his power. (see DN-UPI)

Where Will Raid Lead?

NYT-4/20-Shipler Whether a coup would have been desirable depends on what kind of new regime it would produce. The alternatives to Khadafy could be worse for the US. One alternative could be a solid, dependable pro-Soviet gov't. The other could mean an Islamic-fundamentalist regime similar to Khomeini's. Europe was hostile to the raid. Israel endorsed the attack, which resembled the Israeli tactic of holding neighboring Arab states accountable for the use of their territory by terrorists. The "return address" tactic has kept Syria, Jordan and Egypt at bay. All three have tried to prevent terrorists from using their soil. Consequently, Israel's frontiers have been quiet, except for the one with Lebanon, where the central gov't is too weak to police its border areas. The bottom line on the raid remains to be seen.

Britain Cites 'Evidence' of Libyan Role

NYT-4/19 Lelyveld Britain said it had firm evidence of "direct Libyan involvement" in the kidnapping of two British teachers who were killed last week in Lebanon. London remained on alert for terrorist incidents. For the second day in a row a terrorist attempt was foiled. A letter bomb was sent to Malcolm Rifkind, one of four Jewish members of Thatcher's Cabinet.

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Tripoli Buries Its Dead

NYT 4/19-Schumacher (photo p.1-funeral procession in Tripoli) Tripoli buried some of its dead from the US raid as the country's No.2 leader dismissed reports of internal dissension. The 20 people buried were given the attention of a martyr's funeral. (see NYP-AP; DN-Schmetzer) (photo-NYP-Libyan Amb. to UN holds up photo of 2 children killed in raid)

US Bombs Missed Targets

NYT-4/20-Schumacher-More than a dozen bombs and missiles appear to have missed an air base and hit two farms about 2 miles away, according to evidence seen by reporters on visits to the farms. The evidence raised questions about the accuracy of US pilots and the political benefit resulting from the raid. Libyans in the streets were outraged over the civilian deaths and it seems as though Khadafy has been strengthened.

Gorbachev Says Raid May Hurt US-Soviet Relations

NYT-Markham-Gorbachev characterized the air strikes on Libya as part of a "militaristic and aggressive" policy that he warned could damage relations between the US and Soviet Union.

DN-4/19-wire-The Soviet Union ordered its technicians to leave Libyan bases several days before the US attacked, a senior Israeli military officer said in Tel Aviv. He said that the Soviets wanted to avoid direct involvement.

Anti-US Protests

NYT-4/20-AP-Anti-American demonstrators clashed with police in London. 10,000 people demonstrated, and protestors across Europe denounced the raids. Britain, Canada and Israel have been the only Governments to voice public approval of the attack.

DE--photo of Members of Israel's small Communist Party demonstrating outside US Embassy in Tel Aviv.

Libya Thanks Greece

NYT-4/19-photo of the Dep. Foreign Minister of Libya with his country's Ambassador to Greece in Athens. They thanked the Greek Gov't for opposing the US air strikes and reportedly asked Greece to mediate in the dispute. Greece has been one of the more active supporters of Libyan political interests in the West.

Craxi Vows 'Severe' Response

Craxi Vows 'Severe' Response to Libyan Terror

NYT 4/20 p.1 Dionne-Craxi said that Italy would respond with "severity" to any new Libyan attacks on Italian territory, and a senior aide said this meant Italy would take military action. The Italian leader also disclosed the number of Italians in Libya had been cut in half in recent months to 4000. Craxi's statements were the toughest by a European ally since the US raid.

France to Expel More Libyans

NYT 4/19-Bernstein-France said it was expelling 4 more Libyans because their activities were likely to "trouble public order." The Interior Ministry provided no details. A spokesman said they wanted to keep the incident quiet to avoid the possibility of inciting Libyan reprisals. (see NYP-Dan)

France to Press Iran on Hostages in Lebanon

NYT-4/20 Bernstein-The French Gov't is ready to put pressure on Iran, through increased arms sales to Iraq, if the Iranian Gov't does not help to secure the release of 7 French hostages held in Lebanon, according to French officials. The officials said the new French strategy included a willingness to make some conciliatory gestures towards Iran but also to help Iraq if Iran is unresponsive.

Blast Twisted in Turkey

NYT-4/20-Gwertzman-Four Libyans were arrested in Turkey in connection with an apparent plot to attack a US officers club in Ankara. US officials said the four arrested men were linked to the Libyan diplomatic mission in Ankara. The US would like to avoid any highly dramatic actions in retaliation until after the economic summit meeting, a State Dept. official said.

US Public is Scared

NYT 4/20-Witkin-The head of the Federal Aviation Administration warned that terrorists could strike in the US. But he sought to assure the public that his agency was taking measures to counter new terrorist attacks.

NYT-4/19 Schmitt-Travel agents are pushing safe trips to the Caribbean and other areas outside Europe and the Mideast. (see NYT-James; Treaster)

Sandinistas on World Reaction to Raids/Jews of Nicaragua

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NYT 4/20-Kinzer-Sandinista leaders have expressed surprise and concern at what they view as insufficient worldwide condemnation of the US air raid on Libya. In the past, the Sandinistas have expressed fear of an American military strike. They say they believe world opinion can help prevent it and have repeatedly warned Washington that international condemnation would follow any US attack. This week, the Sandinistas have publicly linked themselves to Libya more closely than ever before.

NYT-Berger 4/20-Jews who left Nicaragua after the 1979 revolution disagree sharply with the handful that still live there over whether the victorious Sandinistas engaged in anti-Semitic acts and threats. Perhaps 6 Jews are left out of the Jewish population of 100-160. Several Jewish emigres interviewed said they fled because of harassment by the Sandinista Gov't. One elderly Jew in Nicaragua said there has never been any trouble with Jews but his son in Texas said his father was being used by the Sandinistas because it was concerned that the influence of US Jews not be used to its detriment. "The truth is we all left because we were Jews," he said.

Waldheim Called 'Liar' by Jewish Leader

NYT 4/19-special-Edgar Bronfman called Waldheim "a man who is a proven liar" in a letter to Shultz made public by the World Jewish Congress. Waldheim's son, Gerhard said: "We don't want to have a confrontation with the World Jewish Congress. My father has never lied once in this affair, and he will be vindicated."

Soviets In Favor of Extending UN Unit in Lebanon

NYT-4/19-The Soviet Union voted in favor of extending the mandate of the UN Force in Lebanon for the first time since the force was created 8 years ago. The chief Soviet delegate said: "Unifil acts as a decisive factor in impeding the plans of Israel in Lebanon."

Trial in Achille Lauro Hijacking to Start in June

NYT-4/19-Reuters-The trial of 14 defendants in the hijacking of the Achille Lauro will be held in Genoa starting June 18.

Maronite Church Picks New Head in Lebanon

NYT 4/20-special-A new Patriarch for the Roman Catholic Maronite Church of Antioch and the East was elected in Lebanon. He is Nasrallah Sfeir, a 66 year old bishop from the mountains of Lebanon.

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German Who Saved Jews From Nazis Died

NYT 4/19-Cook-Herman Graebe, a non-Jewish engineer who repeatedly risked his life to save Jews from the Nazis died in San Francisco. He was 85. Graebe, who joined the Nazi party in 1931, later renounced his membership and subsequently became the only German citizen to volunteer to testify for the prosecution at the Nuremberg trials.

Book Review

NYT 4/20-Cordesman reviews "A History of the Israeli Army" by Ze'ev Schiff. The book is given an excellent review. Schiff's treatment of Sharon and the PLO high command is devastating; it adds up to one of the best arguments against violence as a solution to the problems of the Mideast ever written. At the same time, Schiff provides a convincing warning to any Arab leader that the IDF is likely to be as effective in the defense of Israel in the future as it has been in the past.

Letters

NYT-DN 4/20-All letters are about Libya. Many attack the allies. Orin Hatch, Sen. from Oregon writes in the NYT that "Hospital beds filled with bloodied children are a strange definition of justice." He believes that US was wrong to bomb.

Cartoons

NYP-DN-NYT all have cartoon that poke fun at the allies.

DN-4/20-Hitler is talking to the devil in Hell. He says: "Waldheim? Did we know any Waldheim?"

DN 4/19-Waldheim looks into a closet with a Nazi uniform that bears his name and many skeletons. "Really, I can explain all this....," he says.

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SAT. APR. 19, 1986

PRESS RELEASES

LONDON POLICE HOLD MAN IN BLAS' ATTEMPT

Wash. Post, DeYoung: Police tonight arrested a man believed to be a Palestinian who attempted to plant a bomb aboard an El Al jet at Heathrow Airport yesterday. The bomb was concealed in the baggage of the suspect's girlfriend, who was to have traveled on her own to Israel. The man, identified as Nezar Hindawi, a 35-year-old Jordanian citizen, was arrested at a west London hotel where he was said to have checked in this morning. A terse police statement said only that Hindawi, who was being held without charge under Britain's Prevention of Terrorism Act in a high-security police station, had been located through "information received" in a tip, and had offered no resistance to arrest. Earlier today, Hindawi was reported to have been in Britain at least four years ago, leading to speculation that he may have been a terrorist long awaiting an opportunity to act. Additional concerns were raised by the suggestion that he may have been part of some extremist group whose other members remain at large. Police described the bomb, discovered under a false bottom in a piece of baggage she was carrying, as "viable" and timed to go off while the plane was in the air. They said that all aboard, including Murray, who is believed to be six months pregnant with Hindawi's child, would have been killed.

U.S.: DOUBTS DANGER RISING FOR FOUR HOSTAGES

Wash. Post, Goshko: U.S. officials said yesterday that despite the apparent murder of an American librarian in Lebanon they do not believe the danger to other American hostages there has increased because of this week's raid on Libya. The officials, while acknowledging that the chaos of the Lebanese civil war makes any prediction uncertain, noted that at least four of the missing Americans are believed held by an extremist Lebanese Shiite Moslem group hostile to Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi and said it would therefore seem illogical for their captors to harm them out of sympathy for Libya.

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ROME WILL EVACUATE ITS CITIZENS WHO WISH TO LEAVE LIBYA

Wash. Post, Jenkins: The Italian government today decided it would evacuate any Italian citizens in Libya who wanted to leave the North African country because of the continuing uncertainties about the political stability there after Tuesday's U.S. air attacks on Tripoli and Benghazi. The decision to provide planes to evacuate Italians who want to leave was made at a Cabinet meeting this afternoon and announced later by Transport Minister Signorile and Merchant Marine Minister Gianuario Carta. Within hours of the decision, a special Alitalia DC9 took off from Rome to Tripoli, since all scheduled flights to the North African nation were canceled after the US air attacks.

GORBACHEV SAYS US ACTS HURT TIES, BUT OFFERS "NEW INITIATIVE" ON FORCES

Soviet leader Gorbachev today accused the US of undermining East-West dialogue with its attack on Libya and continued nuclear testing, but he said Soviet proposals for arms agreements "are still valid" and offered what he called "a new initiative" for the reduction of military forces in Europe. In a speech to the East German communist party congress, Gorbachev said the fight against terrorism "does not give the American administration any right at all to behave as an international judge, to punish other countries arbitrarily and to replace the principle of international cooperation with the laws of the jungle." However, the Soviet leader appeared to restrain his criticism of the US attack on Libya and appealed to West Europeans not to believe "inventions about the aggressiveness of the Soviet Union. "We offer the West not the clenched fist but an open hand," he said.

ISRAELI: SOVIETS WARNED ITS ADVISERS BEFORE RAID

Phil. Inq, AP: The Soviet Union ordered its technicians to leave Libyan bases several days before US bombers attacked, a senior Israeli military officer said yesterday. The officer, who requested anonymity, said the Soviets had sought to avoid direct involvement in the US-Libyan confrontation. Despite the Kremlin's tough talk, he said, he believed that Moscow would try to moderate Moammar Khadafy's policies. "I don't think they have any interest in being involved," he said. The military technicians did not necessarily leave the country, the officer said, and there was no indication that any of them had been hurt in the raids. Libya has been increasingly dependent on the technicians for the maintenance and operation of sophisticated weaponry.

FRANCE EXPELS FOUR MORE LIBYANS

Wash. Post, Dobbs: France's conservative government, under political pressure to show that it is dealing effectively with terrorism, announced today it was expelling four Libyan nationals. Security Minister Robert Pandraud said that the Libyans were being expelled "because of actions likely to trouble public order." He refused to identify the Libyans,

